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NOVA DOBA
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Cleveland, Ohio
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NOVA DOBA

(NEW ERA)

URADNO GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLIŠKE JEDNOTE — OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE SOUTH SLAVONIC CATHOLIC UNION

Naša J. S. K. Jednota je samo bratska podporna organizacija brez vsakih drugih primesi, in kot taka uspeva. Ohranimo jo tako!

Entered as Second Class Matter April 15th, 1926, at The Post Office at Cleveland, Ohio Under the Act of March 3rd, 1870. — Accepted for Mailing at Special Rate of Postage, Provided for in Section 1103, Act of October 3rd, 1917, Authorized March 15th, 1925

NO. 35. — ŠT. 35. CLEVELAND, OHIO, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6th — SREDA, 6. SEPTEMBRA, 1939 VOL. XV. — LETNIK XV.

DRUŠTVENE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

Skupni piknik v Drenikovem parku v Strabane, Pa., priredita v nedeljo 17. septembra dve tamkajšnji društvi JSKJ, namreč št. 149 in angleško poslujoče društvo št. 236.

*

V Herminie, Pa., se bo v nedeljo 17. septembra vršil piknik tamkajšnjega društva št. 154 JSKJ. Prostor piknika: Keystone Grounds.

*

Slovenski delavski dom v Sharonu, Pa., bo v soboto 16. septembra obhajal 13-letnico otvoritve z domačo zabavo.

*

Federacija društev JSKJ v državi Minnesoti bo zborovala v nedeljo 24. septembra v Chisholmu, Minn. Zborovanje se bo vršilo v Community Building in se bo pričelo ob eni uri popoldne.

*

Federacija društev JSKJ v državah Illinois in Wisconsin bo zborovala v nedeljo 1. oktobra v mestu Milwaukee, Wis. Po zborovanju bo izvajan zabavni program bogate vsebine.

*

Plesno veselico za soboto 7. oktobra naznanja žensko društvo št. 230 JSKJ v Chisholmu, Minn.

*

Društva JSKJ v Chicagu, Ill., priredijo skupno veselico v nedeljo 22. oktobra.

*

V uredništvu Nove Dobe se je pretekli teden oglasil sobrat John Ujčič iz Barbertona, predsednik ohijske federacije društev JSKJ.

*

Operaciji za akutno vnetje slepiča se je moral 20. avgusta podvreči John Skerl, član društva št. 164 JSKJ v Helperju, Utah.

*

Dva nova kandidata za mlajinski oddelek JSKJ sta se nedavno pojavila v naselbini Bradock, Pa. Mrs. R. Bichsel je Morklja obdarila s čvrstim fantičem, Mrs. F. Blazetič pa z rdečelično deklico.

*

V bolnišnico Mercy v Pittsburghu, Pa., se je morala podati Mrs. Mary Hudale iz Braddocka, članica društva št. 31 JSKJ. Obiski so dovoljeni od druge do četrte ure popoldne in od sedme do osme ure zvečer, in sicer vsaki dan.

*

V Jolietu, Ill., je dne 30. avgusta umrl Rudolph Koleto, doma iz Račice, občina Loka pri Zidanem mostu. Zapušča ženo in otroke.

*

V Braddocku, Pa., je na posledicah mrtvouda preminil Martin Stipič, star 67 let, član in ustanovnik društva št. 31 JSKJ. Pokojnik je bil rojen v vasi Planina pri Kostanjevici na Dolenjskem ter ne zapušča nikakih sorodnikov.

*

S parmesečnega obiska v Sloveniji sta se pretekli teden vrnila domov v Cleveland Mr. in Mrs. Joseph Birk, oba člana društva št. 173 JSKJ. Pravita, da sta jo še ravno pravi čas pobrala iz razburkane Evrope.

*

Pozdrave s svetovne razstave v New Yorku pošiljata prijateljem in prijateljicam v Clevelandu Mrs. Mary Bradač in

(Dalje na 2. strani)

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

PROGLAS NEVTRALNOSTI

Predsednik Roosevelt je v svojem nedeljskem govoru na radio izjavil, da bo Amerika z ozirom na konflikt v Evropi ostala nevtralna in da bo administracija storila vse, kar je v njeni moči, da se ta dežela ne zaplete v vojno. Dne 5. septembra je bila formalno proglašena nevtralnost Zedinjenih držav.

LETALA TU IN TAM

Ob času, ko so nemški vojaški letalci začeli sipati bombe na poljska mesta, so se v Clevelandu, Ohio, vršile velike letalske tekme. Teh tekem so se udeležili najboljši civilni letalci iz vseh Zedinjenih držav in za večjo atrakcijo so bila navzoča tudi vojaška letala. Tisočglave množice gledalcev od blizu in daleč so se divile spretnosti in drznosti letalskih sokolov. Razpoloženje množic je bilo navdušeno in razigrano. Koliko lepši pomen ima letalstvo v Ameriki kot v Evropi!

PREDSEDNIKOV APEL

V zgodnjih jutranjih urah 1. septembra, ko se je zaznalo, da so se sovražnosti na poljsko-nemški meji že pričele, je predsednik Roosevelt naslovil apel na Nemčijo, Poljsko, Veliko Britanijo, Francijo in Italijo, da naj se dogovorno vzdržijo letalskih bombnih napadov na civilno prebivalstvo in na neutrjena mesta. Vse prizadete vlade je naprosil, naj mu odgovorijo, če so pripravljene njegov apel upoštevati, pod pogojem, da ga upoštevajo vse v sovražnosti zapletene države.

PRIPRAVLJENOST

Vlada Zedinjenih držav bo storila vse, da se dežela ne zaplete v evropsko vojno, toda istočasno z veliko naglico izboljšuje svoje obrambne sile, da je kak nesrečen slučaj ne najde nepripravljene. Tekom dolge predvojne krize v Evropi je vlada v Washingtonu tudi ukrenila vse, kar je bilo mogoče, da vojna v Evropi ne bo preveč pretresla ameriških financ in ameriškega gospodarstva v splošnem.

VETERANI IZVZETI

Zaradi varčevanja pri izdatkih za odpomožna dela, katera vodi WPA, je bilo zadnje čase začasno ali za stalno odpuščenih mnogo delavcev. Za ameriške vojne veterane pa velja izjema; oni ne bodo odpuščeni, ali pa bodo dobili delo nazaj, če so bili odpuščeni, pod pogojem, da se morejo izkazati z vojaško odpustnico.

VOZNIŠKE LICENCE

V državi Ohio mora vsak avtomobilist imeti vozniško licence (driver's licence) katero je treba obnoviti vsako leto 1. oktobra. Vozniško licenco za prihodnji termin je mogoče obnoviti od 5. septembra naprej, vse do 1. oktobra. V Clevelandu je v raznih delih mesta otvorjenih 35 registracijskih uradov. Vsak aplikant za novo licenco mora predložiti staro licenco, ako jo je imel.

POTRDITEV POGODBE

Nenapadalna pogodba, ki je bila nedavno podpisana med Nemčijo in Rusijo, je bila dne 31. avgusta po "vrhovnem sov-

(Dalje na 2. strani)

ZA OBRAMBO SVOBODE

V naslednjem je v prostem prevodu priobčen članek, ki ga je za Foreign Language Information Service napisal Herbert H. Lehman, governer države New York.

Načela državljanskih in verskih svobod, ki so bila navdahnila in omogočila našo ameriško demokracijo, so bila tekom zadnjega stoletja sprejeta od malone vseh narodov zapadne civilizacije. Izgledalo je, kot da je tradicijonalno naziranje Združenih držav postalo naziranje vsake prosvetljene dežele.

Ali svet je doživel bridko razočaranje.

Nov način vladanja z nasiljem je nadomestil stari način vladanja z razumom.

Brezobzirne vojaške vlade so pritisnile svojo železno peto ne le na svoje lastne državljane, marveč tudi na sosedne narode, ki so se zaman zanašali na zaupanje, da so stoletja civilizacije in človečanske kulture odpravila možnost takega počenjanja. Osebne svobode, ki jih je svet že smatral kot nekaj samoumevnega, so bile naenkrat izbrisane za stotine miljonov človeških bitij. V mnogih krajih sveta si ljudje več ne upajo reči in pisati, kar mislijo, moliti, kjerkoli hočejo, še celo čitati ali poslušati vesti sedanjosti ali kulturne preteklosti.

Kakorkoli različna naj bodo naša mnenja v tej deželi, je vendar gotovo, da vsak pravi Amerikanec odločno ne mara, da bi se take stvari dogajale tukaj pri nas.

Odločna volja pa ni še vse.

Naša neposredna naloga in odgovornost je, da uredimo svoje javne zadeve tako, da se take stvari ne morejo tukaj zgoditi. Za to nalogo in to odgovornost pa moramo zopet posvetiti same sebe, ne le v nadah in željah, marveč v dejanjih in neposrednih ciljih.

Ako drugi narodi zavržejo svojo svobodo in se povrnejo v barbarizem in temo srednjega veka, je tem bolj potrebno, da mi držimo kvišku bakljo svobode, tako da drugi morejo videti njeno svetlobo.

Ne smemo dovoliti razpora med našim ljudstvom, ako hočemo, da se demokracija ohrani. Sovraštvo poraja sovraštvo. Nestrpnost poraja nestrpnost. Zatiranje poedinca ali skupin neizbegljivo vede do zatiranja drugih poedincev in skupin. Kjerkoli je plemenska ali verska nesloga dvignila svojo grdo glavo, zadonel je mrtvaški zvon za človeške svobode. Ravno taka vrsta nesloge in razpora je dovedla do diktatorstva v nekih inozemskih deželah, kjer so razne skupine, ki so iskale protivne interese in delovale v protivno smer, nudile rodovitna tla za one ,ki so iskali moč za sebe.

Nihče ne more imeti polovičarske lojalnosti do te dežele. Veliki Amerikanec, Theodore Roosevelt, je zgovorno izrazil to resnico, ko je dejal: "Ne moremo imeti petdeset-odstotno lojalnosti v tej deželi. Ali je kdo Amerikanec in nič drugega, ali pa sploh ni Amerikanec. Sorodni smo po krvi ali potomstvu z večino narodov Evrope. Toda mi smo drugačni od vseh njih; mi smo nov in poseben narod."

Naš narod je nekaj več kot zemljepisna enota pod eno samo vlado. Naš narod je sestavljen od ljudi različnih pokolenj in mnogih veroizpovedanj, ali ujedinjeni smo po globoki ljubezni do svobode. Mi smo narod,

(Dalje na 2. strani)

VOJNA V EVROPI

Česar se je svet bal vsa zadnja leta, posebno pa vso drugo polovico letošnjega avgusta, se je zgodilo. Nemške čete so dne 1. septembra na več krajih napadle Poljsko in nemška vojaška letala so pričela metati bombe na poljska mesta. Vse kaže, da bo to vojna velikega obsega, proti kateri je bila krvava španska civilna vojna prava igrača.

Pred začetkom sovražnosti je nacijski vodja Albert Forster v Gdansku proglasil svobodno mesto Gdansk z okolico za del nemške države. Nemški parlament, ki itak nima nobene besede, je bil sklican k izrednemu zasedanju in je potrdil pridružitev Gdanska k Nemčiji. Adolf Hitler je v polurnem govoru pred parlamentom naznanil, da zdaj pride obračun s Poljsko in da se bo Nemčija borila na življenje in smrt. Dramatično je tudi določil maršala Goeringa za svojega naslednika, če bi se njemu kaj zgodilo. Formalne vojne napovedi ni bilo, ker to ni več v modi.

Vsa prizadevanja za ohranitev miru so bila brez uspeha, ker je Hitler stavil Poljski take pogoje, da jih ni mogla sprejeti. Zahteval je, da predno bi se sploh mogli začeti kakšni razgovori za poravnavo spora, mora Poljska dovoliti, da se Gdansk pridruži Nemčiji in da mora Poljska Nemčiji odstopiti tudi poljsko Pomorze, ki veže Poljsko z morjem in kjer je 90% poljskega prebivalstva. Šele po tej poljski kapitulaciji bi bil pripravljen se nadalje pogajati s Poljsko. Poljaki so videli, da jim Hitler pripravlja prav tako usodo, kakršna je zadela Češkoslovaško, in so sklenili, da se bodo branili do zadnjega moža. Anglija in Francija sta zagotovili Poljsko, da ji bosta pomagali, če bi bila napadena.

Splošno mobilizacijo so odredile Poljska, Anglija in Francija. Nato sta Anglija in Francija pozvali Nemčijo, da naj do določene ure preneha s sovražnostmi napram Poljski in da naj odpokliče svoje vojaštvo s poljskega ozemlja, sicer se bosta Anglija in Francija od tistega trenutka smatrali v vojni z Nemčijo. Nemčija je poziv odklonila in v nedeljo 3. septembra sta Anglija in Francija naznanili, da se nahajata v vojni z Nemčijo.

Med prvimi žrtvami te razširjene vojne je bil angleški potniški parnik Athenia, ki se je potopil blizu škotske obale. Na parniku je bilo 1100 potnikov in 300 mož posadke; v katastrofi je izgubilo življenje kakih 100 oseb, ostali potniki in mornarji so bili rešeni. Med potniki je bilo okrog 300 Američanov, drugi pa so bili Canadčani, ki so se vračali iz Evrope v Canado. Potop Athenie se pripisuje nemški podmornici, dasi Nemci to zanikajo.

Na Poljskem beležijo Nemci nekaj uspehov, toda zdi se, da se Poljaki dobro držijo. Angleški letalci so že posegli v akcijo in so poškodovali dve nemški vojni ladji. Tudi francoske čete so zavzele svoje pozicije in so prišle v kontakt z Nemci. Velikega obsega vojna v Evropi je v polnem zaletu.

POSET BELE HIŠE

Bela hiša v Washingtonu je bivališče vsakokratnega predsednika Zedinjenih držav. Hišna številka je: 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue. Bela hiša ni kakšno po-

(Dalje na 6. strani)

SELITVE RAZNIH DOB

Preseljevanje iz kraja v kraj je za ljudstva različnih rasnih in plemenskih skupin nekaj starega, tako rekoč samoumevnega. K preseljevanju so ljudske skupine ali pa posameznike silile gospodarske razmere ali pa enostavno želja po izpremembi. Nomadska ljudstva se še danes selijo iz kraja v kraj s svojimi čredami ovac ali druge živine; selitev v teh primerih zahteva pomanjkanje paše za živino v enem kraju in obilica paše v drugem. Nekaterim posameznikom pa je tako rekoč prirojeno, da ne morejo dolgo strpeti v enem kraju. Prav za prav je nagnjenje človeštva za preseljevanje koristno, ker brez tega bi danes ne bili vsi kontinenti naše zemlje obljudeni.

Zgodovinarji nam pravijo, da se je večina prednikov današnjega evropskega prebivalstva priselila iz Azije. Prejšnje prebivalstvo, če ga je kaj bilo, je na en ali drugi način izginilo v priseljencih. Slabe letine, politična in verska preganjanja in vojne poznejših časov so tudi povzročile preseljevanja večjih in manjših ljudskih skupin.

Ko je bila odkrita Amerika, je v teku stoletij privabila milijone priseljencev iz starega sveta, posebno iz Evrope. To priseljevanje pa je bilo kljub svoji celotni ogromnosti omejeno tako rekoč na posameznike ali posamezne družine. Velike in kolikor toliko kompaktne skupine raznih narodnosti so se priseljevale le zaradi kakih političnih ali verskih preganjanj ali zaradi močno poslabšanih gospodarskih razmer. Priseljevanje posameznikov na ameriški kontinent še vedno traja, usmerjeno pa je le bolj v Centralno in Južno Ameriko, ker Zedinjene države in Canada sta priseljevanje močno omejili.

Balkan je poznal raznih vrst preseljevanje že od davnih časov. Novejša zgodovina beleži, da se je po avstrijski okupaciji Bosne in Hercegovine mnogo tamkajšnjih mohamedancev izselilo v Turčijo. Mnogo večje preseljevanje pa je na Balkanu povzročil zaključek svetovne vojne. Stotisoče Grkov je namreč ostalo v mejah Turčije in stotisoče Turkov v mejah Grške. Ta problem sta omenjeni državi sporazumno rešili na ta način, da so se stotisoči Grkov preselili iz Turčije na Grško, obratno pa stotisoči Turkov iz Grške v Turčijo. S tem je bilo seveda združenih mnogo težkoč in tudi tragedij ,toda zdi se, da je bil na ta način problem mešanega prebivalstva zadovoljivo rešen na obe strani.

Zadnje čase prinaša ameriško časopisje vesti, da nameravata tudi Hitler in Mussolini na sličen način rešiti problem nemške manjšine v Italiji. V južnem delu Tirolske, ki je po svetovni vojni pripadel Italiji, živi kakega četrt milijona trdih Nemcev. Italijanska fašistična vlada jih skuša kar najhitreje poitalijančiti, pa ima pri tem še manj uspeha kakor pri Slovencih na Primorskem. Hitlerju to poitalijančevanje tirolskih Nemcev ni všeč, pa se je baje z Mussolinijem dogovoril za preselitev nemškega prebivalstva iz južnega dela Tirolske v Nemčijo oziroma v bivšo Avstrijo. Posestva Nemcev naj bi bila po primerni ceni odkupljena, nakar bi jih prevzeli Italijani. Nemška vlada bi šla na roke izseljencem, posebno v gospodarskih ozirih. Izselitev naj bi ne bila prisilna,

(Dalje na 2. strani)

ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

KONEC DIKTATURE

Ameriški listi so pretekli teden prinesli iz Jugoslavije razveseljivo vest, da je s posebnim odlokom bila ukinjena diktatura, ki jo je leta 1929 vpeljal kralj Aleksander in ki je tudi še po njegovi tragični smrti tlačila deželo, dasi v nekoliko omiljeni obliki. Po poročilih je v Jugoslaviji spet zajamčena svoboda tiska in zborovanja, sedanja skupščina bo razpuščena in volitve za novo skupščino se bodo vršile na demokratični podlagi.

SPORAZUM S HRVATI

Skoro dve desetletji trajajoči nesporazum med Hrvati in Srbi v Jugoslaviji je bil v glavnem likvidiran. Regent princ Pavle je podpisal sporazum, ki je bil sklenjen med voditeljem Hrvatov, dr. Vladimirom Mačkom in premirjem Cvetkovičem, nakar je bila Cvetkoviču naročena sestava novega kabineta. V novem kabinetu bo dr. Maček podpremir, od ostalih ministrov pa bo 11 Srbov, 5 Hrvatov, en Slovenec in en musliman. Hrvatska bo dobila obširno samoupravo. Podrobnosti o reorganizaciji države še niso znane.

POZOR PRED VOHUNI

"Narodna odbrana" v Sloveniji opozarja javnost, naj bo v teh resnih časih pozorna na delovanje raznih temnih elementov in plačanih vohunov. Med vohuni za tuje države so tudi domači ljudje, ki so za svoje izdajalsko delo plačani z denarjem, z raznimi koncesijami in zastopstvi, pa tudi z ničvrednimi odlikovanji in papirnatimi pohvalami.

GLAVA V OGNJU

V neki brivnici v Kranju se je 20-letnemu natakarju Milanu Humru pripetila nenavadna nesreča. Pri brivcu si je med drugim dal izprati glavo in si je pri tem brivčevem poslu prižgal cigareto. V mešanici za izpiranje las pa je bilo precej vnetljivih snovi in plamen od vžigalice je v hipu objel Humrovo glavo. Hudo opečenega so prepeljali v ljubljansko bolnišnico.

RAZBOJNIŠKA TOLPA

Celjskem orožnikom se je posrečilo zaslediti in poloviti razbojniško tolpo, ki ima na vesti celo vrsto ropov in tatvin, pa tudi umore zakoncev Ocvirkovih v Medlogu pri Celju ter zakoncev Janševih v Šeščah. Kolovodji teh zločinov sta bila neki Grebenšek in Žgank; med njunimi pomočniki je bila tudi neka ženska.

USODA IZUMITELJA

Že leta 1937 je v uradu za varstvo industrijske lastnine prijavil svoj patent privatni uradnik Danilo Pavlović iz Vareša. Mož je izumil nov sistem železniških tirov, pri katerih se ne more tam, kjer se en del tirnice dotika drugega, dogoditi nobena nesreča. Toda strokovnjaki v jugoslovanskem patentnem uradu so toliko časa proučevali Pavlovičev izum, da ga je s sličnim izumom prehitel italijanski profesor Castarna v Milanu in si zagotovil patent.

VAMPIRJI V ZAGREBU

Na Hrvatskem in v Srbiji je med prostim ljudstvom še močno razširjena vera v zle duhove, ki jih imenujejo vampirje. Vam-

(Dalje na 2. strani)

VSAK PO SVOJE

V vseh časih so se na svetu pojavljali preroki v večjem ali manjšem številu. V vseh časih pa se je tudi večina prerokov motila in le manjšina je včasih zadela pravo. Sedanja kriza v Evropi je pridelek prerokov postotisočerila. Skoro vsi smo postali preroki in prerokujemo kaj bo in kako bo. In vsi bi storili prav, če bi si vzeli k srcu besede tistega učenjaka, ki je pri neki priliki dejal: "Vem le to, da nič ne vem!"

*

V starih časih so preroke, katerih prerokovanja se niso uresničila ,prikrajšali za glavo ali pa so jim naložili težke denarne globe. Ako bi dandanes naša federalna vlada naložila samo po en dolar globe za vsako krivo prerokovanje, katero izustijo ameriški državljani, bi bil s temi globami v enem letu plačan ves naš narodni dolg.

*

Ako smemo verjeti poročilom iz Jugoslavije, so se vse tri veje jugoslovanskega naroda končno le sporazumele med seboj za mirno in bratsko sožitje. Ta poročila so toliko bolj razveseljiva, ker navajajo, da je v Jugoslaviji končno le ukinjena že precej obrabljena diktatura in je uvedeno spet ustavno življenje. Kaj lepšega že davno nismo slišali iz Jugoslavije niti iz Evrope sploh.

*

Kot slovenske Američane, ki ljubimo našo svobodo nad vse, nas veseli zmaga demokracije kjer koli na svetu. Še posebno pa nas veseli vstajenje demokracije v Jugoslaviji, kateri želimo vse najboljše kot naši rodni materi.

*

Morda je bila prav velika evropska kriza tista sila, ki je pripomogla k medsebojni spravi jugoslovanskih bratov. To bi dokazovalo, da nobena stvar ni tako slaba, da ne bi imela kake dobre strani.

*

Ko je nedavno ameriški predsednik Roosevelt apeliral na italijanskega kralja Viktorja Emanuela, naj deluje za ohranitev miru v Evropi, se je kralj potom ameriškega poslanika v Italiji prisrčno zahvalil za dotično noto. Nedvomno ga je pogrela kot požirek dobre rakije. Saj je bil prepričan, da je že ves svet davno pozabil, da ima Italija sploh kakega kralja. Pa je prišel predsednik velike ameriške republike in mu spet priznal staro saržo. Mali kraljiček je gotovo zrastel za par palcev.

*

Listi poročajo ,da so Slovaško zasedle nemške čete z izgovorom obrambe napram Poljski. S tem je dokončno pokopana tista "neodvisnost," katero je Hitler tako velikodušno "podaril" Slovakom, ko so mu pomagali raztrgati Češkoslovaško. Nemce bi mogla zdaj iz Slovaške pregnati le vojaška sila in tiste Slovaki nimajo. Tako se kaznuje izdajstvo slovaških voditeljev, ki so bili vse drugo prej kot Slovani.

*

V Mehiki sta se nedavno poročila 116 let stari ženin in 65 let stara nevesta. Dovoljenja staršev nista potrebovala, ker sta oba polnoletna. Pojavilo pa se je spet nerešeno vprašanje: Kdaj ljudje k pameti pridejo?

*

V Londonu se je sredi pasjih dni razšel eden vodilnih ženskih klubov, ki je imel taka stroga pravila, da se v kljubovih pro-

(Dalje na 2. strani)

"NOVA DOBA"

GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLIŠKE JEDNOTE

Lastnina Jugoslovanske Katoliške Jednote

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Advertising rates on agreement

Naslov za vse, kar se tiče lista:

NOVA DOBA 6233 St. Clair Ave. Cleveland, O.

VOL. XV. NO. 35

POTREBA NEGOVANJA

Vsak, ki ima vsaj nekoliko pojma o življenju rastlin, ve, da je treba novo posajene rastline nekaj časa kolikor toliko negovati. Ni dovolj, da se mlado rastlino posadi na odločeno mesto, potem pa prepusti usodi. Novo posajene sadike cvetlic ali zelenjave je treba vsaj nekaj dni nekoliko ščititi pred premočnim soncem in jih zalivati. Pozneje jim je treba zemljo rahljati in jih čistiti plevela. Ta nega je potrebna nekaj dni do nekaj tednov. Novo posajena drevesa pa je treba negovati ne samo nekaj mesecev, ampak par let.

Kdor enostavno posadi mlade rastline ene ali druge vrste na določeno jim mesto, potem pa jih prepusti usodi, ne bo imel z nasadi velikih uspehov. Morda bo rastline uničila suša, morda jih bo zadušil plevel, morda jih bodo uničili mrčesi. Le redke med njimi bodo same premagale vse zapreke in se razvile do popolnosti. To, kot že omenjeno, je znano vsakemu, ki ima vsaj nekoliko pojma o rastlinskem življenju, in je tukaj navedeno le kot primera.

Novo posajene rastline lahko v gotovem oziru primerjamo novim članov naše organizacije na splošno, posebno pa novim članom mladinskega oddelka. Ni dovolj, da smo v društvo vpisali večje ali manjše število novih mladinskih članov, ampak moramo skrbeti, da ti člani tudi ostanejo v društvu. To je posebno važno z ozirom na mladinske člane, katerih starši oziroma starejši bratje ali sestre niso člani J. S. K. Jednote. Pri nekaterih društvih je navada, da tisti odrasli člani, ki so vpisali nove mladinske člane, smatrajo za svojo častno dolžnost, da so asesmenti teh mladih članov točno plačevani. To navadno delajo na ta način, da sami te asesmente izkolektajo od staršev in jih prinesejo društvenim tajnikom. Ker so asesmenti mladinskih članov nizki, jih je v mnogih primerih mogoče izkolektati za pol leta ali za celo leto naprej. Na ta način je kolektorjem kot društvenim tajnikom prihranjeno mnogo dela. Ta sistem se je izborno obnesel pri nekaterih društvih, ki ga prakticirajo, in ni videti razloga zakaj bi se ne obnesel pri vseh.

Drugi način za obdržanje novih mladinskih članov v društvih je s pomočjo Nove Dobe. Glavni odbor je dovolil uredniku-upravniku Nove Dobe, da sme pošiljati po en iztis lista tedensko v vsako družino, kjer je vsaj en član mladinskega oddelka. To velja za družine, kjer starši ali starejši bratje ali sestre mladinskega člana niso člani naše Jednote in ne prejemajo našega glasila.

Poudariti je treba, da so v smislu pravil upravičeni do prejemanja uradnega glasila le člani in članice odraslega oddelka. Mladinski člani ne plačujejo za glasilo in niso upravičeni do njega. Toda v mnogih družinah imamo po več članov odraslega oddelka, ki so vsi upravičeni do uradnega glasila, pa se zadovoljijo z dvema ali tremi iztisi. Na ta način se morda prihrani nad tisoč iztisov glasila. Te iztise imamo na razpolago, da oglašamo našo Jednoto in njeno poslovanje tudi v družinah, kjer nimamo odraslih članov.

Ta sistem, namreč pošiljanje Nove Dobe tistim mladinskim članom, katerih starši oziroma starejši bratje in sestre niso člani naše Jednote, je v rabi že več let, in imamo dokaze, da se je mnogokje zelo dobro obnesel. Glasilo svoje organizacije čitajo na ta način mladinski člani, pa tudi nečlani družine, in to je dobra reklama za organizacijo. Mladi člani se polagoma zavedajo, da spadajo k dobri in močni organizaciji in želijo ostati v isti. Istotako spoznajo starši, da spadajo njihovi otroci k dobri organizaciji, pa jih obdržijo v isti. Mnogi taki mladinski člani pozneje prestopijo v odrasli oddelek. Pa ne le to. Tudi starši in drugi člani družine v več primerih vstopijo v našo Jednoto, ko so iz glasila spoznali, da je poštena in močna organizacija, ki pušča vsakemu njegovo prepričanje in se briga samo za bratsko zavarovanje.

Društveni tajniki, ki imajo v svojih društvih mladinske člane, v katerih družine iz prej navedenih razlogov ne prihaja Nova Doba, zamorejo, če hočejo, poslati uredniku-upravniku naslove takih mladinskih članov, in sicer po enega iz vsake družine, z navodilom, da se jim list pošilja. Naročijo naj list za take mladinske člane, za družine katerih sodijo, da bi se zanimale za naše glasilo in kjer bi bilo kaj upanja za uspešno reklamo. Vse to je prepuščeno razsodnosti društvenih tajnikov. Pri pošiljanju takih naslovov naj tudi pripomnijo, da so naslovi mladinskih članov, katerim naj se pošilja glasilo. Vse drugo je potem skrb urednika-upravnika.

Glavni odbor, društveni uradniki in uradnice ter vsi tisti člani in članice, ki so se trudili s pridobivanjem novih mladinskih članov v letošnji in v prejšnjih kampanjah, gotovo želijo, da ti novi člani ostanejo stalno v organizaciji. Vsled tega naj bi vsi prizadeti upoštevali gornja priporočila.

VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

storih ni smel prikazati noben moški, tudi če bi bil sam kralj. Število članic pa je zadnje čase tako naglo padalo, da je bil razpust neizogiben. To je logično, kajti dandanes so taki časi, da žensk absolutno ni mogoče dobiti tja, kjer ni moških.

*

Pravijo, da ima avtomobil več kot 2,000 posameznih delov, ki so sestavljeni iz 15,000 kosov. Ni čudno, da je nam plebejcem tako težko uganiti razne avtomobilske bolezni in betežnosti.

*

Na reki St. Lawrence so oni dan canadske oblasti ustavile nemški tovorni parnik Koenigsberg, ki je nameraval odpluti proti Nemčiji, predno je izkrcal neki canadski tvrdki namenjeni in že plačani tovor. To samo na sebi ni nič čudnega, izredno zanimivo pa je, da je parnik ustavila in aretirala skupina canadskih jezdečih policistov.

*

V mestu Randolph, Kans., je neznani uzmovič vlomil v pisarno železniške postaje, kjer je pustil vse drugo v miru, samo nihalo velike stenske ure je odnesel. Ura je seveda prenehala meriti čas, kar pomeni, da je tat, v prenešenem pomenu, čas kradel.

*

Nekateri sodobni pismouki so tako natlačeno polni učenosti in nezmotljivosti, da takoj zrogovilijo, če kak plebejec tudi le v šali zapiše neoporečno dejstvo, katero jim ni všeč. Ako na primer zapišem vsakemu znano dejstvo, da do sedaj se svet še ni podrl, pismouki ne bodo vzeli na znanje te trditve kot nekaj znanega in samoumevnega niti ji ne bodo pritrdili. Pač pa bodo kot razjarjeni petelini skočili na plot in zakokodajsali: "Fant se je prenaglil. Če se svet še do danes ni podrl, se pa lahko zruši jutri ali pojutrišnjem ali drugi teden ali čez milijon let!" Pa naj eden izmed nas, ki nismo pismouki, ugovarja takim argumentom!

*

Kaj bomo mi plebejski pisači počeli, če ne bomo smeli beležiti niti neoporečnih dejstev preteklosti! Prerokovati bodočnosti pa ne moremo in ne maramo. To spada v delokrog tistih pismoukov, ki so tako učeni, nezmotljivi in odlični, da se sami sebi odkrivajo ,kadar mislijo, da jih nihče ne vidi.

*

Na zadnjem pikniku našega društva v Girardu, Ohio, mi je vse ugajalo. Najbolj pa mi je ugajal pikniški prostor sam, ki je tako idealno skrit v idilični dolinici, da bi ga bilo težko najti celo z aeroplanom. Giradskim piknikom se tam ni treba bati niti vojne niti prohibicije.

*

S parmesečnega obiska v Jugoslaviji se je te dni vrnil v Cleveland rojak in sobrat August Kollander, ki ima svoj urad za prodajo parobrodnih listkov in za pošiljanje denarja v inozemstvo v S. N. Domu. Avtorju te kolone je prinesel iz Jugoslavije za "odpustke" lepo knjižico Prešernovih poezij, par jugoslovanskih cigar, fanta in punco "iz cunj" v narodni noši in majhen pipec mladinskega oddelka, ki je komaj dober palec visok, če se ga pokoncu postavi. Vse navedene "odpustke" sem seveda sprejel z odličnim spoštovanjem, toda najbolj sem vesel miniaturnega pipca. S tem se bom lahko branil pred sovražniki in kritiki.

A. J. T.

SELITVE RAZNIH DOB

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

toda vsak tirolski Nemec, ki je zdaj podanik Italije, naj bi imel v določenem roku priliko za izselitev. Ako pa se neče izseliti, potem pa naj se ne pritožuje nad strožjim sistemom poitalijančevanja.

Neki poljski list, ki komentira o tej zadevi, priporoča, naj bi se tudi problem Gdanska rešil na ta način. Gdansk je svobodno mesto, ki je kot tako potrebno Poljski za njeno gospodarsko življenje. V Gdansku živi kakih 400,000 Nemcev, v mejah Nemčije pa mnogo večje število Poljakov, in ti naj bi svoja mesta zamenjali: Nemci iz Gdanska naj bi se izselili v Nemčijo, Poljaki iz Nemčije pa v Gdansk.

Ideja take zamenjave ni slaba, toda ni verjetno, da bi Hitler pristal v tako rešitev. On hoče imeti Gdansk in potem še dober kos Poljske, če ne vse. Zato tudi ne želi mirne rešitve problema. Hitler in Mussolini sta (vsaj na videz) debela prijatelja, zato je verjetno, da skušata rešiti vprašanje južnotirolskih Nemcev na kolikor toliko pošten način. Napram Poljski in napram Slovanom sploh pa Hitler nima takih obzirov.

DRUŠTVENE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

Mrs. Genovefa Zupan, članici društva št. 137 JSKJ.

*

V zadnji izdaji Nove Dobe so bili priobčeni slovenski kandidati za councilmane v mestu Clevelandu, Ohio, in je bil pri tem pomotoma en slovenski kandidat izpuščen. Da ne bo zamere, navajamo tem potom imena slovenskih kandidatov še enkrat: George Travnikar v 2. vardi; Edward L. Pucel v 10. vardi; Vatro J. Grill, John M. Novak, Edward J. Kovačič, Benno B. Leustig, Ralph R. Butala in William J. Kennick v 23. vardi; Max F. Traven v 28. vardi; Anton Vehovec, Joseph Poznik in Rudolph Lokar v 32 vardi. Primarne volitve se bodo vršile 3. oktobra.

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

jetu" v Moskvi ratificirana. Zunanji minister V. M. Molotov je pri tisti priliki smatral za potrebno pojasniti javnosti, da je pogodba popolnoma v skladu s smernico Rusije. Na 18. strankinem kongresu da je bilo sprejeto načelo: "Mi smo za mir in za okrepitev trgovinskih odnošajev z vsemi deželami." Poudaril je dalje, da se Rusija ne namerava vtikati v notranje razmere drugih držav, toda ne bo pripustila, da bi se druge države vtikale v ruske notranje zadeve. Koliko bo ta izjava držala v praksi, bo pokazala bodočnost.

VOJNA MORNARICA

Vojna mornarica Zedinjenih držav šteje 561 edinic, vse od velikih vojnih ladij, do križark, rušilcev, nosilcev letal, podmornic itd. Večina vojne mornarice je koncentrirana na Pacifiku, del iste pa tudi na vodah Atlantika. H gori omenjenemu številu mornariških edinic, bo v kratkem dodanih še 16 novih ladij, namreč ena težka in ena lahka križarka, 9 rušilcev in 5 podmornic.

VOJNA V AZIJI

Medtem, ko o kakih večjih bojih med Kitajci in Japonci ni slišati, poroča iz Moskve agencija Tass, da so ob meji Zunanje Mongolije, ki je pod ruskim protektoratom, in državo Mančukuo, ki je privesek Japonske, mongolsko-sovjetske čete "likvidirale" mančukuansko-japonsko četo. Zmagovalci da so zaplenili nad sto topov in mnogo drugega vojnega materiala.

ITALIJA ZA PEČJO

Italija dosedaj še ni posegla v vojno na strani Nemčije in vse kaže tako, da bo sploh ostala doma za pečjo in prepustila Hitlerju vojno slavo, pa naj bo taka ali taka. Vsaj za enkrat Mussoliniju vojna ne diši.

Značilno je dalje, da je tudi Španija, prijateljica Italije in Nemčije, izjavila, da ostane v sedanjem evropskem konfliktu nevtralna.

IZ JUGOSLAVIJE

Sporazum med Hrvati in Srbi v Jugoslaviji je postavil deželo spet v demokratično vrsto. Proglašena je svoboda tiska in zborovanja in razpisane bodo volitve za novo skupščino na demokratični podlagi. Sestavljena je nova vlada, v kateri je šest hrvatskih ministrov. Ministrski predsednik je ostal Dragiša Cvetkovič, podpredsednik pa je postal hrvatski voditelj dr. Vladimir Maček. Minister za javna dela je Slovenec Miha Krek.

Za prvega bana avtonomne hrvatske države je bil imenovan in zaprisežen Ivan Čubačič, katerega je regent Pavle pri tisti priliki odlikoval z redom jugoslovanske krone prvega razreda. Avtonomna Hrvatska vsebuje 26 in pol procenta skupnega jugoslovanskega ozemlja ter ima 28 in pol procenta skupnega jugoslovanskega prebivalstva. Natančna razdelitev dežele v avtonomne dele še ni znana. Poročano je le, da bodo avtonomne edinice imele skoro popolno notranjo samovlado, federalni vladi bodo pripadale le zunanje zadeve, vojska, pošta in slično. Zdi se, da bodo posamezne države Jugoslavije do Beograda v sličnih odnošajih kot so posamezne države naše Unije napram Washingtonu.

Po vsej deželi vlada zadovoljstvo in veselje, da je bil končno vendar rešen spor med jugoslovanskimi brati. Ves narod je prepričan, da je doseženi sporazum velikega pomena za trdnost države na zunaj. Ameriški listi so prinesli simpatične članke o tej spremembi v Jugoslaviji. Da smo tudi ameriški Slovenci z iskrenim zadovoljstvom pozdravili preokret v Jugoslaviji, posebno z ozirom na sporazum med Hrvati in Srbi in z ozirom na odpravo zadnjih ostankov diktature, se razume samo ob sebi.

Poroča se, da si Jugoslavija prizadeva organizirati novo balkansko zvezo, ki bi vključevala tudi Madžarsko in Rumunsko. Taka zveza bi bila posebno v današnjih razmerah velikega pomena.

ZA OBRAMBO SVOBODE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

ki ga je porodil velik ideal. Ta ideal se more ohraniti in se bo ohranil za nas in naše otroke in otroke naših otrok le tedaj, ako ga čuvamo bojevito in brez poravnave.

Ta ideal je tako mogočen, da bi moral biti zarisan v srcu vsakega pravega Amerikanca.

Ljudje so se žrtvovali in borili ter umirali za načela državljanske in verske svobode. Mi, ki vsled njihovih žrtev sedaj uživamo blagoslove teh svobod, moramo pokazati prav toliko odločnosti, prav toliko pripravnosti, da se žrtvujemo za to, da se te svobode ohranijo.

Nikaka oblika diktatorstva—komunistična, fašistična ali nazistična — ne more uspevati v tej deželi, ako le mi kot narod obvarujemo one državljanske, verske in osebne svobode, ki jih nam naša oblika vlade zajamčuje in ki smo jih udejstvovali tekom vse naše zgodovine. Ako bi zanikale le eno izmed te pravic samo enemu izmed naših državljanov, bi to dosledno nas pritiralo v bedo despotičnih dežel v inozemstvu. Ena sama prekršitev naših svobod utegne odpreti vrata navalu nepravičnosti in zatiranja. Moramo se brezpogojno postavljati v bran proti vsakemu načelu, naj ga narekuje večina ali manjšina, ki bi v najmanjši meri utegnilo oslabiti načela svobode, na katerih je bil ta narod ustanovljen.

ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

pirji obmetavajo hiše s kamenjem ter preženejo prebivalce iz njih. Mnogokrat pa se je že izkazalo, da so vlogo vampirjev spretno igrali vlomilci, ki so se s tatvinami okoristili na račun ljudske lahkovernosti. Zanimivo je, da se vera v vampirje uveljavlja celo v velikih mestih. V Zagrebu, na primer, so policisti 9 dni in noči prežali na hišo v Gajevi ulici, katero so si izbrali vampirji ter jo obdelujejo s kamenjem. Policiji se dosedaj še ni posrečilo zasačiti nobenega vampirja.

SLEPARIJE S KOZMETIKO

Beograjska policija se ukvarja z veliko sleparsko afero, v katero so zapleteni voditelji in agenti kozmetičnega zavoda "Intercosma," ki je že dolgo časa delal veliko reklamo ter priporočal svojo centralo v Parizu, v kateri deluje odličen učenjak, ter svoje podružnice v Zagrebu in Beogradu. Zavod je ponujal plešastim moškim stoodstotno rast las ter povrnitev mladosti z nekimi hormonskimi preparati, ženam pa divno polt in grudi. Nedavno pa se je neki višji uradnik Narodne banke v Beogradu podal v Pariz, kjer je namestu velikega laboratorija in slavnega francoskega učenjaka našel v skromni sobici Zagrebčana Vilka Hegerja in njegovo ženo Antonijo. Ko se je mož vrnil domov, je haznanil vso reč policiji. Dosedanja odkritja p[illegible] so dognala, da so lahkov[illegible] poslali nad 600,000 di[illegible] "čudodelnemu" pariškem[illegible] vodu, ki ga sploh ni bilo.

ŽALOSTNI OSTANK[illegible]

V vrsto vsakovrstnih p[illegible] 20-letnic spada tudi tu[illegible] pošastno strašna zapuščin[illegible] re avstrijske monarhije v [illegible] dročju vasi Bršadina ob [illegible] Vinkovci—Subotica. Ta [illegible] ščina je žalostna, ravno ta[illegible] kor je bilo žalostno nekdaj[illegible] liko naselje v vojnih letih [illegible] je imenovalo "K. u. k. Eg[illegible] en-Spital in Bršadin." V t[illegible] likem naselju so bile člove[illegible] živalske žrtve najrazlič[illegible] epidemij, ljudstvo pa je [illegible] jem zdravem sarkazmu [illegible] valo to taborišče "leseni D[illegible] da se tako poroga pre[illegible] slavne monarhije. Tabor[illegible] žrtve nalezljivih bolezni j[illegible] cele četrti in je bilo v on[illegible] čeni za oficirje, seveda v[illegible] no simulantov ali "tak[illegible] jev," dočim so iz barak[illegible] bile določene za navadne [illegible] vsako uro odnašali mrliče[illegible] bolničarji pokorno "javlja[illegible] jim komandantom, da je [illegible] simulant umrl." Po prev[illegible] ogorčeno ljudstvo velik [illegible] selja razdejalo, pustošil [illegible] tam tudi nekajkrat požar [illegible] zadnjega, ki je pustošil p[illegible] kaj dnevi, so od "lesenega [illegible] naja" ostali samo še b[illegible] podstavki glavnega dela[illegible] prvega požara sem se je [illegible] čila med ljudstvom širše [illegible] popevka: "uti dukat [illegible] izgorio Bršadin, izgorio [illegible] malo — ni mi ga ni žal[illegible] nikomur ni žal "lesenega [illegible] ja," poleg njegovih zad[illegible] stankov pa je na lepi [illegible] ravnini nad 15,000 grob[illegible] nih žrtev, vrednih naše[illegible] bokega obžalovanja.

Jugoslovanska Katoliška Jednota v Ameriki

ELY, MINNESOTA

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Urednik-upravnik glasila: ANTON J. TERBOVEC, 6233 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

b). Nadzorni odsek:

Predsednik: JOHN KUMŠE, 1735 E. 33rd St., Lorain, Ohio.
1. nadzornik: JANKO N. ROGELJ, 6208 Schade Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
2. nadzornik: FRANK E. VRANICHAR, 1312 N. Center St., Joliet, Illinois.
3. nadzornik: MATT ANZELC, Box 12, Aurora, Minn.
4. nadzornik: ANDREW MILAVEC, Box 31, Meadow Lands, Pa.

GLAVNI POROTNI ODBOR:

Predsednik: ANTON OKOLISH, 1078 Liberty Ave., Barberton, O.
1. porotnik: JOHN SCHUTTE, 4751 Baldwin Ct., Denver, Colo.
2. porotnik: FRANK MIKEC, Box 46, Strabane, Pa.
3. porotnica: ROSE SVETICH, Ely, Minn.
4. porotnik: VALENTIN OREHEK, 264 Union Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Jednotino uradno glasilo.
NOVA DOBA, 6233 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio

Vse stvari, tikajoče se uradnih zadev, naj se pošiljajo na glavnega tajnika, denarne pošiljatve pa na glavnega blagajnika. Vse pritožbe in prizive naj se naslovi na predsednika porotnega odbora. Prošnje za sprejem novih članov, prošnje za zvišanje zavarovalnine in bolniška spričevala naj se pošiljajo na vrhovnega zdravnika.

Dopisi, društvena naznanila, oglasi, naročnina nečlanov in izpremembe naslovov naj se pošiljajo na naslov: Nova Doba, 6233 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, O.

Jugoslovanska Katoliška Jednota v Ameriki je najboljša jugoslovanska zavarovalnica v Zedinjenih državah in plačuje najliberalnejše podpore svojim članom. Jednota je zastopana skoro v vsaki večji slovenski naselbini v Ameriki in kdor hoče postati njen član, naj se zglasi pri tajniku lokalnega društva ali pa naj piše na glavni urad. Novo društvo se lahko ustanovi z 5 člani bolnega plemena, neozirajoč se na njih vero, politično pripadnost ali narodnost. Jednota sprejema tudi otroke v starosti od dneva rojstva do 16. leta in ostanejo lahko v mladinskem oddelku do 18. leta. Pristopnina za oba oddelka je prosta.

Premoženje znaša nad $2,000,000.00. Solventnost Jednote znaša 115.86%.

NAGRADE V GOTOVINI

ZA NOVOPRIDOBLJENE ČLANE ODRASLEGA IN M[illegible] DINSKEGA ODDELKA DAJE J.S.K.JEDNOTA NAGRA[illegible] GOTOVINI.

Za novopridobljene člane odraslega oddelka so predlag[illegible] deležni sledečih nagrad:

za člana, ki se zavaruje za $ 250.00 smrtnine, $1.25 nag[illegible]
za člana, ki se zavaruje za $ 500.00 smrtnine, $2.00 nag[illegible]
za člana, ki se zavaruje za $1,000.00 smrtnine, $4.00 nag[illegible]
za člana, ki se zavaruje za $1,500.00 smrtnine, $5.00 nag[illegible]
za člana, ki se zavaruje za $2,000.00 smrtnine, $6.00 nag[illegible]
za člana, ki se zavaruje za $3,000.00 smrtnine, $8.00 nag[illegible]

Za novopridobljene člane mladinskega oddelka pa se [illegible] lagatelji deležni sledečih nagrad:

za člana starega načrta "JA" — $0.50;
za člana načrta "JB" — $2.00;
za člana novega načrta "JC", s $500.00 zavarovalne [illegible] $2.00;
za člana novega načrta "JC" s $1,000.00 zavarovalne [illegible] $3.00.

Vse te nagrade so izplačljive šele potem, ko so bili [illegible] člane plačani trije mesečni asesmenti.

New Era ENGLISH SECTION OF Official Organ of the South Slavonic Catholic Union. Nova Doba

AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS

Attention Bowlers

Cleveland, O. — The bowling season will start very soon now that the baseball is almost at an end. Every year bowlers turn to the pastime of many and try their skill at striking the pins. Veteran and amateur bowlers compete for prizes by displaying their skill with the bowling ball. Various lodges organize teams and compete with other branches for titles. At the end of the season a Tenpin Tournament is held at which time the efforts of the champion bowlers are rewarded. With these thoughts in mind let me be the first to announce the approaching bowling season.

Ilirska Vila will go to town this year with a team as it did last year. Only this year we expect to be harder competitors since we have been in the league a year. That's right. Ilirska Vila made its debut in the bowling league last year and this summer it made its bow into the softball league. Now that we have put our first foot forward we are going to go to town with both, and show you other teams what our team can do at the alleys this year.

So you ILIRSKA VILA MEMBERS WHO MISSED THE LAST MEETING come to our coming meeting SUNDAY SEPTEMBER 10, AND HELP US MAKE PLANS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF A STAR BOWLING TEAM. Unless you come to the meeting yourself and voice your opinion we will not know whether you are interested or not in a team.

Joseph Uljan, athletic advisor of Ilirska Vila, started the stone rolling at the last meeting when he suggested that the Lodge start making plans for the coming tenpin season which is to open very soon. He emphasized the fact that the younger boys were as much interested in the bowling team as they were in the baseball team this summer. He told us that they were all willing to cooperate in making our Ilirska Vila team a success.

Joe Uljan as you may remember played the position of outfielder on our ball team. When he went after those fly balls he always got them. So we know when he says the boys are eager to bowl we know he is sincere in his statement and that the boys will give us some fine bowlers.

Ilirska Vila was thinking of organizing its own league this year. Nothing definite has been decided as yet however but it will be at this coming meeting. So come out to that meeting and help us decide. Possibly five teams will be organized if a sufficient number of bowlers can be obtained from our lodge. If five teams are organized two will be composed of men, two of women, and one of the young members, but this is all subject to change. It was merely a suggestion on the part of the few present at the last meeting. We want you all to come to the next meeting, *Sunday morning, ten o'clock in the Slovene National Home, St. Clair Avenue.*

Assisting Joe Uljan on the committee to organize a bowling team or teams as decided at the coming meeting is Joe Shubert, manager of our baseball team. When these two members tackle anything they don't leave it undone. So why not cooperate with them and the other members of the Ilirska Vila and attend that meeting, *Sunday, September 10* and help us settle the bowling question. How are we to know if you are interested in being on a team if you don't come out and tell us. It depends upon you to give us your opinion in this matter. Unless you do so how are we to know that everyone will be satisfied with the decision. Come on, a little cooperation and we will be ready to go to town when the season opens officially.

Another thing concerning the team is the place where the games will be held. A central location is most suitable and this too will be decided *Sunday, September 10.* Say if I could only impress the fact that the meeting is very important maybe we can have 100 per cent attendance. So remember, be on hand at that meeting to help decide the number of teams to be organized, the place to be selected, who is to play, and shall the lodge back up the team partially in way of outfits. We need you at that meeting, don't forget to be there. Yes, men and ladies are urged to attend the meeting. Even if you are just starting to bowl or if you have bowled for many years come to that meeting. There will be a place for every kind of bowler, young or old, good or fair.

And what better time could you get your friends to join the SSCU than now. Get them to join today so they can bowl with the team. Many people are looking for a lodge to join now so they can bowl with a team. Why not convince them to join our lodge and play with us. There'll be plenty of room. We'll make it. You just get them to join today before it is too late. Remember you must be a member of the SSCU to bowl with any team so why not contact your friend and make him join the SSCU today. Tomorrow may be too late. The teams may be already organized.

So for the last time, I hope, let me remind you to attend that *meeting of Ilirska Vila Sunday, September 10 at ten o'clock in the Slovene National Home, and help us decide the bowling question. Give us a little cooperation and exert yourself to be on hand for this important assembly. It is a good chance to work for the sports department of our Union. Come on, help us make our SSCU sports department the best.*

Anne Prosen
No. 173, SSCU.

Lodges 149-236

Strabane, Pa. — Everyone is invited to Strabane on September 17, when SSCU lodges 149 and 236 will hold a joint dance and picnic at Drenik's Park. All sorts of refreshments will be on hand for the thirsty, and tasty sandwiches for the hungry. The best music available has been secured to provide the rhythm for the dancers. Therefore, all you SSCUers, friends and acquaintances, come to Strabane on Sunday, September 17 for a day of fun and entertainment.

Veronica Barbic

Exact

Doctor: "Now, what's the most you ever weighed?"

Co-ed: "One hundred and twenty pounds."

"And the least?"

"Five pounds, six ounces."

Bits From Lodge 236

By BIG STAN

Strabane, Pa. — About a month back when your Rambler had the good fortune to attend the athletic conference as a delegate, he was also fortunate enough to meet Louis Adamic, the noted traveler, author and lecturer. The meeting took place during an early morning breakfast in the Vertin's cafe. Of course, it was natural for Mr. Adamic to inquire as to where his newly made acquaintance hailed from and when he heard Strabane, Pennsylvania mentioned, a very pleased expression lit up his very friendly face. "Oh yes," said Mr. Adamic, "I know Strabane quite well. I was there a few years back."

Then and there, your Rambler was almost floored for the count but as luck would have it, he had a firm grip onto the bench in which Mr. Adamic sat. For indeed, Mr. Adamic's announcement was very much so unexpected. Why should a noted traveler who has seen the greatest part of the world, one who traveled over seas and all over the United States, why should he remember a small town that is still to be placed on the map? Why should a small village where the noted traveler spent only a few days remain so vividly impressed in his mind? Why should a small village almost completely hidden away from the bright lights of life so completely overshadow the many, many cities, towns and countries that were more than glad to play host and entertainer for Mr. Adamic? Why?

All this traveled rapidly thru your reporter's mind as he was recovering from the shock of Mr. Adamic's announcement. He found the answer for Mr. Adamic was again talking. "Yes," he said, "I'll never forget Strabane for the people there are really swell. Tell me, are they still just as kind, friendly and considerate to strangers as they were when I stopped there? Do they still make friends just as easy and do they still have the habit of making you feel right at home."

'TIS TRUE

Of course, here in Strabane we are all more than glad to say that everything Mr. Adamic said about Strabane is true. Yes, Strabane's hospitality to strangers is real and genuine. Just as easy as it caught the attention of a world traveler, it too, does not escape the people that reside in the neighboring town, Canonsburg. Almost daily I'm told what a swell little village we have and how wonderful the people of Strabane get along together. Yes, that's why we can say without boasting, bragging or exaggerating that for genuine friendship and hospitality, spend a day in Strabane, the Slovenia of America.

FATHER-SON DANCE

For the most logical day to spend in Strabane, September 17, the third Sunday in September is the day. Yes, for then the Bratska Sloga lodge and the Sentinels lodge, father and son of the SSCU family, will combine and give for your enjoyment an all day picnic in the most natural playground, the beautiful and cozy Drenik's park. For dancing we have complied with your requests and will present Frank's Trio with Teeny as the vocalist. This will be the first appearance for the Trio and Teeny in Strabane and their many radio friends will be on hand to bid them a very warm welcome. Yes for Frank Sige and his boys, not to forget his lovely vocalist Teeny have won themselves quite a following by their playing of Slovene melodies over Station WHJB in Greensburg. So for a pre-picnic preview of Slovene and popular music as played by Frank and his boys and the vocalations of lovely Teeny Kumer, set your dials at 620 kilocycles every Saturday at twelve-thirty, E. S. T. You won't be sorry, so tune in and then come out to Strabane's most natural playground, the cozy Drenik's park and dance away your cares while Teeny sings. Oh yes, dancing starts when you arrive.

Stan Progar.

BRIEFS

In Strabane, Pa., a joint picnic and dance will be held by lodges 149 and 236, SSCU on Sunday, September 17. The program of entertainment will take place at Drenik's park.

On October 1, Illinois and Wisconsin Federation of SSCU lodges will meet in Milwaukee, Wis. After adjournment a program of entertainment is scheduled to follow.

Elimination series between the first and second place lodge teams of the Cleveland SSCU Softball League will be played during the week of September 10. Three games are scheduled to decide the championship team, the first game to be played on Monday, at Napredek's field, the second on Wednesday, at Grovewood, and the third, if necessary, on Friday at Kirtland.

In Chicago the United SSCU lodges will hold a joint dance on Sunday, October 22.

Of special interest to immigrants is the announcement that on August 7, President Roosevelt signed the amendment to the Registry Act, which permits aliens who came into the country illegally before July 1, 1924, or of whose admission for permanent residence there is no official record, to obtain a certificate of registry and proceed with naturalization. In the past this privilege has been granted only to aliens who entered the United States before June 3, 1921.

Simple

A farmer gave the new man an alarm clock and told him that he was expected to get up at four o'clock each morning. The first morning the alarm failed to ring, and the new man was nearly an hour late in rising.

"Why didn't you get up at four o'clock as I told you?" the farmer asked him.

"The alarm didn't ring," the new man replied.

"I meant to tell you about that," the farmer told him. "Sometimes it gets stuck, and won't ring; but you've just got to shake it a bit, and she'll ring all right. Now if she don't ring by five past four tomorrow morning, give her a shake."

Lodge 61

Reading, Pa. — Members of "Sv. Jurija," lodge, 61, SSCU are requested to attend in full numbers the coming regular meeting, which will be held Saturday, Sept. 9, commencing at 7 p. m. Many important matters will come up for discussion, therefore it is important that the members attend.

Attendance has been so poor at the regular monthly meetings that at the August meeting I was instructed to notify all members of the September 9th meeting through our official organ.

Our meetings are held the second Saturday of each month, a day that is available to the great majority to attend meetings. A half hour or hour a month can be devoted to the lodge by all members. We are somewhat dormant in our lodge. Other lodges hold picnics and dances for the benefit of the lodge treasury, while we are content to remain idle. Result: Our lodge treasury suffers. We are nearing the end of the year when it shall be necessary to pay the lodge officers, and if we do not obtain funds through the holding of dances, we shall have to impose a special assessment on each member. And this special assessment will not be small by any stretch of the imagination. To may way of thinking, a dollar special assessment from each member will not suffice. Therefore, let us think this situation over, for many members find it difficult even to meet the regular assessment.

Then, too, we are backward in the enrollment of new members. Since each member of the lodge is considered an organizer, we should show much progress in the way of new enrollments if the members would cooperate.

John Pezdirc, Sr., Sec'y

Lodge No. 198

Central City, Pa. — All members of lodge "Veseli Slovenci," 198, SSCU are hereby notified that the lodge will hold its regular meeting on Sunday, Sept. 10.

Vincent Maljevac, Sec'y.

Two Traffic Deaths

Two children have been killed by automobiles in Cleveland during the past few days. One child was nine years old and the other ten. Youngsters of that age can't realize or understand the dangers when they step from the curb. Parents must continually warn them and motorists must do their part by slowing down whenever a child is at the curb.

—Bureau of Public Relations, Cleveland Police Department.

Yeh, What Time?

A farmer who went to a large city to see the sights engaged a room at a hotel and before retiring asked the clerk about the hours for meals.

"We have breakfast from 7 to 11, dinner from 12 to 3, and supper from 6 to 8," explained the clerk.

"Look here," inquired the farmer in surprise, "what time am I goin' to see the town?"

Coll. Boosters

Cleveland, O. — By taking the long end of a 7-3 score from the Betsy Ross, the Coll. Boosters eliminated the flagmakers from the elimination series in the Cleveland SSCU Softball League. This defeat paved the way for the George Washingtons, who are holding second place. Several rooters were present at the game, including G. W. players, such as Tony Zak, pitcher, Kelly and the Merhar boys. Practically every team was represented on the sidelines.

"Patsy" Krall started hurling for the Betsy Ross, being relieved by Mike Krall; while "Lud" Laurich took the pitching assignment for the Boosters, being relieved later on by "Buff" Berzin, when the B. R.'s threatened. The flagmakers are recognized as the hardest fighting team in the SSCU league.

Next week the Coll. Boosters and the G. W.'s play for the league's championship, and the winner is to play the Cardinals of Struthers, O., who are the champions of the Barberton-Struthers territory.

I wish to thank all the rooters and spectators for their fine co-operation in making the league a success. The umpires too should be given their share of applause. I am also grateful to the Boosters for their splendid co-operation on our successful drive for first place in the SSCU league. Some of the Nova Doba readers have asked me when the following writers get a chance to get some "shut-eye": Little Stan, Stan Progar, Elsie Desmond, Anne Prosen, who are writing wonderful articles.

John Laurich,
No. 188, SSCU Publicity.

Skippies-Akron Game To Attract 8,000

Cleveland, O. — An anticipated crowd of 8,000 is expected to jam Thomas Edison Field when the Cleveland Skippies answer the opening football season whistle aaginst the Akron Yellow Jackets, Sunday, Sept. 10. The Skips, who hold one of the most remarkable football records in the country, with 57 wins out of 58 games, will be gunning for their 59th win at the expense of the Akron team.

The Skippies football machine, this year, will be centered around four All-American Bantams in Tony Nativio, half-back; Al Musachio, guard; capt. Jo-Jo Daugenti, end; and Evo Pedini, fullback. Akron has one All-Scholastic in Ralph Hannaman, half-back, from Akron East High, and three former star Akron Red Peppers.

Mayor Burton is expected to boot the opening kick-off with Coach Ray Ride and his entire squad of Case Riders looking on from the Skippies' guest bench.

Always

He: "When are you thinking of getting married?"

She "Constantly."

Candid Camera Shots By Little Stan

Little Stan and his candid camera caught the well known author Louis Adamic in a pensive mood, at the speaker's platform on Sunday, August 6, at the picnic which climaxed the juvenile convention and athletic conference. Left to right are: Mrs. Frances Marinsek, Mrs. Rose Svetich, supreme judiciary; Louis Adamic, author; Frank Vranichar and Janko N. Rogelj, supreme trustees; Joseph Mantel, 1st vice-president and Anton J. Terbovec, Nova Doba's editor-manager.

Signing autographs is Minnesota's Governor Harold E. Stassen, and Louis Adamic, author. In the background can be seen Mrs. Pauline Vogrich, secretary of lodge 225, SSCU, Milwaukee, Wis., and Rose Banovetz, delegate from lodge 88, SSCU, Roundup, Mont.

Governor Harold E. Stassen of Minnesota shakes hands with Jimmie Klobuchar, youngest juvenile delegate, from lodge 1, at the picnic on Sunday, August 6, at Sandy Point, Ely, Minnesota.

Rambling Chatter

By BIG STAN

Strabane, Pa. — And so dear diary, a new page all ready to record the new adventure and thrill awaits your rambling correspondent. Yes, if you'll remember correctly, we left you just as I was about to relate the special occasions that took place at the picnic at the beautiful and romantic Sandy Point Beach. But first you must know that we had the extreme pleasure of meeting the ever popular State Representative of the home office district, William A. Berlin. Yes, his autograph rests on the same page as that of our great novelist, Louis Adamic. And this meeting was due to the kindness of another friend of ours from away out Joliet way, Mrs. Frances Vranichar. And after a very pleasant but short chat with the lawmaker, we were all set for the picnic. And who do you suppose took us to the picnic grounds? Yes dear diary, it was none other than the hard working secretary of the Ely Commercial Club, Mr. Ray Hoefler. And by the way diary, he was the one that sent us the pretty booklets describing the beauty spots of Ely before we made the trip. So thank him for me will you diary, for it was very nice of him to take us down and especially since he stopped and picked up our good friend and able editor of our English page, Louis M. Kolar.

And in that manner dear diary, we made the trip to the scene of the conference picnic. And here dear diary was where the special occasions took place. First in order that happened along will certainly make you feel extra good, for we athletic delegates or most of us anyway got together and voted on the prettiest girl we saw in Ely to date. And I know that you will be very pleased when you find out our choice, for she is really charming and sure gave us many good favors during our stay in Ely. Yes, dear diary, I'm going to tell you the lucky girl. She is none other than Miss Ernestine Feroni. She's really sweet and I know that you are pleased with our choice. But you know what dear diary? A dispute arose as to just who would pose with her for the picture that may later appear on one of your pages. But I couldn't see just where there could be any arguments. I figured that it was no more right and proper that the chairman of the conference should have the privilege to pose with the winner. And sure enough, right then and there I thanked my lucky stars for such an idea. Oh yes, didn't I tell you that I had the honor and the extreme privilege of being chairman of the second athletic conference? Well, I did and also won my point as to who should be in on the picture with our choice as the most charming girl in the city of Ely.

And about this time we were due at the picnic bar to have a good look at the bartenders and the stuff they handled. Yes, we had to drink with our newly-formed friends for that's what the picnics are for. Here again we had the pleasure to chat and drink with Little Stan and John Somrock. And not to forget the very many friends that joined our party as time marched along. There were so many dear diary that I just can't for the life of me recall their names. I know that I should be ashamed of myself but what can I do. But one thing I'll never forget and this is it, everyone we did meet was of the first order or as they say in the tobacco land, "the cream of the crop." In other words, tops to you dear diary.

But before I mentioned the above occasion, I should have told you of the special occasion that followed and picking of Ernestine Feroni as Ely's most charming girl. Yes dear diary, it was a momentous occasion for who should be in our presence at the one and the same time but the Governor of Minnesota, Harold E. Stassen, the state representative, William A. Berlin, the honorable mayor of Ely, Ben Lambert and the most noted author and traveler, Louis Adamic. Oh yes dear diary, don't despair for I have each and every autograph mentioned above on the one and same page. Don't think I was sleeping all the time. And by the way dear diary, it may interest you to know that Little Stan proved very considerate and kind when he photographed me while I had the honor to shake the hand of Minnesota's able Governor. That is another favor I must return to Little Stan some day so please remind me of it dear diary. No, no, we all were presented to the Governor and you must admit that he sure was kind to stay and meet all of us. Especially since the Governor guys are all so busy. Yes dear diary, it was here that we completed our page of famous autographs for we had to return without seeing the Johnny Presents fella. But I have his scrall. You see, he turned up after we were on the way home and our friend Matt didn't forget us. He had Johnny sign a card and Matt mailed it to us. Another favor to square up, so remind me.

Oh yes, dear diary, I mustn't forget to tell you that my friend Frank Mekina and myself had the pleasure of having a sundae with our good friend from away out west. Yes, you remember the cute little Marie Stimac. Well, Marie, Rose Banovetz and Elsie Straus accompanied us on a sundae and we sure had fun. Fun that never should end but you know how it is. It must end so it will remain in our memories.

And so diary, that's about all for the grand picnic we had on Sandy Point Beach except to tell you that again we were in no mood to dance. Why was this? Were we so tired that our legs failed to respond to the music? Or was it because we are not dancers? Regardless, we had such a swell time that we didn't mind the lost dancing. Some day we will regain all that we lost, so don't despair. Anyhow, the sun disappeared and the sky lost its brilliant blue and everything got rather dark. At first we thought that a storm was about to hit us but when my buddie looked at his watch, we knew the answer. It was night and time to call it a day. Which we did. Again Matt proved the angel in need when he took us home and saved us a rather long walk. So it was to bed with us for the last time in Ely. Yes diary, we were to leave the following day. It had to end some day and everybody picked the Monday that followed the memorable Sunday in Ely. It sure was tough diary but what else can a fella do? Guests must leave some time you know. Which we did but that comes some twelve hours later. First before retiring, Eddie Mikec, Frank Mekina, Al Jelercic and myself adjourned to room 321 and had our last nightly session. This went on for a while and finally Eddie and myself stole quitely to room 319 and with lights out, called it finis to Ely at night. It was almost compulsory to sleep just a wee bit for we had to look our best the following morning. Yes, you see, it was payday at the home office and if we went there with rings under our circles or I mean circles under our eyes ,maybe our supreme secretary wouldn't know us and zowie, there went our cabbage. No, no, dear diary, we couldn't stand that for cabbage is our favorite dish, especially if it is green.

Yes diary, Monday we were up in plenty of time to have our breakfast and hurry to the home office where brother Zbasnik was generously handing out slips that meant plenty of cabbage for us. Everyone got his or hers and then for a while, last minute good-byes were said and final autographs were collected. Finally time for our last Ely dinner and train time. Time to say good-bye to all of our Ely friends and time to realize that the heavy pressure on the heart and the huge lump in our throat wasn't due to the atmosphere but because we were leaving. And believe me dear diary, it was tough to realize that we were actually leaving and before long, many miles would separate many of our good friends. That's why we said that distance would never erase the kind memories of loving friends that we had the good fortune to make while in Ely. We meant it dear diary.

So with a last handshake and a last heart-breaking good-bye, we all boarded the Ely Flyer and as it started on its journey, a last look out of the window found us waving to Anton Zbasnik, Angela Grahek, John Somrock, Little Stan, Joe Milkovich, Joe Kovack, Frank Tomsick Jr., Joe Mantel and many others that our blurred eyes failed to register clearly. That, dear diary, was our last moment in Ely, a moment chuck full of tender emotions.

But the clicking of the wheels over the rails and the choo choo of the train brought us back to our senses. Forget the farewell and get on with the fun. Sure that's the ticket. And believe you me dear diary, we did get on with the fun. You see, we had all the Eastern supreme board members with us and all the visiting delegates. So that gave us five hours to have our last fling and fun before most of us parted in Duluth. Which we did in fine style. Dr. Arch, Mr. Rogel and your friend borrowed Mr. Terbovec's typewriter and went to work. Sure we joined the staff of the Western Union for our delegates sure had a mess of wires busy with their last minute telegrams. And boy were they good! You should ask some of these that received them for by me, they will remain a secret.

But as all trains will do, our train reached Duluth and again parting was in order. But not before we had a long, lingering and belated supper with our western friends. One last supper to prolong the parting that was due in a few short minutes. But just before the dreaded hour arrived, who should pop up but our Pittsburgh friend, Mary Bodack. I'm sorry dear diary but I forgot to tell you that Mary accompanied Frances Skorjance on the trip to Chisholm and stayed overnight.

And so dear diary, time for another parting was near and this one was rather hard for it meant the end of my company with Marie Stimac. And with her went the rest of the western delegation. But dear diary, you know what happened? As we were about to board the Chicago train, who should we meet but our friends of Joliet. Yes diary, Henry Adamic and his brother Albert. They drove home in their family car and stopped in Duluth to see us off. Wasn't that swell, dear diary?

Then the hated call came. "All on. Train leaving for Chicago." There we were dear diary, aboard the train steaming out of Duluth in the darkness while our friends of the west stood on the dusk-enveloped station of Duluth waving their last farewell. Tough wasn't it diary. But things like that happen and we are no better than the rest. And so our party thinned out to just the Pennsylvania and Ohio group with a few of Illinois and one each of Indiana and Wisconsin. On we went and as the train increased its speed, so did our fun for this was about the last opportunity before we parted for our homes. Again the game of air mail made its appearance while a few artists took their lipsticks and found the proper subjects to practice upon. And boy oh boy, it was here that Joe Oblak really got the works. One of the men started and what was left undone, Theresa Macek and a few of the other girls completed. Dear diary, I'm not kidding but Joe sure looked pretty but it was all for the fun of the trip and no questions were asked.

Oh diary, please excuse me but here is something I should have told you away back. You see, Mrs. Arch, the very good wife of our supreme medical examiner opened both conferences with the singing of the Star Spangled Banner and believe you me dear diary, she has a voice to really be proud of. Honestly diary, I'd just as soon listen to her sing as any I've heard on the various radio programs. She can really sing and there's no kidding about this. Anyway, we all drew up a petition at the suggestion of Mr. Vranichar and each and every one of us signed to have Mrs. Arch sing a song or two. Anyway not less than five or six. She did and for about fifteen minutes dear diary, we had the pleasure of hearing our favorite songs sung in just as sweet a voice as you will ever hear. Please thank her for me will you Diary.

Of course we couldn't expect Mrs. Arch to sing all night so it was off to bed for the most of us. Ann Prosen of Cleveland kindly suggested that she would stay awake and offer any help that was needed for the kids. So it was to bed to capture as many of the forty winks as we could get our hands on. Which we did.

But not for long. Our Wisconsin friend was about to bid us so long so she was up at five for that was the time we were due at her station. Sure enough, just as I rubbed out the last trace of sleep from my weak but willing orbs, the trainman started to shout "all out for Milwaukee" and it was time to part with Eleanor Lange, much to the sorrow of a few of my buddies.

By this time dear diary, daylight presented itself and all got in readiness for Chicago. Faces were washed, many heads of hair were recombed and cloths were brushed to remove the telltale marks of traveling. Yes diary, you guessed it. The gang would again split in Chicago with the Pennsylvania gang leaving the Ohio group and the friends of Illinois and Joe Banich of Indianapolis. So it was. Our last look found the Cleveland and the Illinois group in busses going to their station while we headed for ours. Again sadness found its way in our midst but by this time we were stern. We were seasoned travelers by now and took the parting sequence as all part of the trip. But we still had one stranger with us. That is, till we arrived back to the Pennsylvania station. Yes, dear diary, there we left standing alone good old Joe Banich as our train left for the last leg of the return journey. And by the way dear diary, remind Joe to send us his address for that was some thing he forgot.

So there we were dear diary. Just us Pennsylvanians on the last leg of the home trip. Here fun had to be curtailed somewhat for we had company with us. But everyone found something to do. Some of us conferred with a traveling sailor who showed us marvelous snaps of the Fair in California. Now dear diary, we don't have to make the trip for we saw the fair. Then again, some of us played cards with a charming traveler and her daughter from Crafton, Pennsylvania. Yes, that is how we fiddled away the time except for just the dying minutes when again the game of air mail made its appearance.

Then too dear diary, I must mention here that Theresa Macek was in her glory in supplying every one with drinking cups and too, she was the one that invited me for dinner. I know it isn't leap year dear diary but it is in order for this is the modern age. So don't forget to thank her for the marvelous dinner diary.

That about brings us to Pittsburgh dear diary where we all parted company and started for our homes. It was tough especially when we had to leave such wonderful SSCUers as Theresa Macek, Frances Prah, the Arches, good old Bobby Jergel and Francis Sneler, the Export boys, William Kuznik, Louis Kuznik, Ralph Kovacic and Victor Scarton, the Conemaugh boys, Max Fink and Louis Omer. But that is that. It happened and you and I must admit that it was swell while it lasted.

And so dear diary, we are home again with memories that will last forever. We've made new friends, spend many happy hours with them and also our old friends. Now our meetings for the next few years must be limited to frequent meetings thru your pages and by letters or cards that will pass from one to another. Please help and keep these meetings going until such a time when we will all meet again and grab each others mitts and shout to each other, "boy isn't it swell to be SSCUers." So dear diary, until then it's just so-long from Big Stan Progar.

National S S C U Athletic Board

MINNESOTA

Joseph Kovach, 342 E. Sheridan, Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 1.

Stanley Pechaver, 648 E. Camp St., Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 2.

Joseph Bovitz, 316 W. Maple St., Chisholm, Minn., Lodge No. 30.

Stanley Louishin, Box 332, Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 114.

Fred Banks, 628 E. Sheridan St., Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 184.

Matt Stukel, 346 E. Camp St., Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 200.

PENNSYLVANIA

Frank Bratkovich, Box 69, Harrison City, Pa., Lodge No. 40.

Frank F. Pezdirc, 427 Schuylkill Ave., Reading, Pa., Lodge No. 61.

Kosmach Vencil, Box 641, Export, Pa., Lodge No. 116.

Frank Kuznik Jr., Box 254, Export, Pa., Lodge No. 138.

Stanley Progar, Box 245, Strabane, Pa., Lodge No. 149.

Stephen Lombardi, 321 Euclid Ave., Canonsburg, Pa., Lodge No. 205.

Nick Grubich, Box 628, Export, Pa., Lodge No. 218.

Paul J. Oblock, Box 105, Unity, Pa., Lodge No. 221.

Joseph J. Yohman, Cheswick, Pa., Lodge No. 228.

John Makar, Box 107, Export, Pa., Lodge No. 57.

OHIO

Vida A. Kumse, 1735 East 33 St., Lorain, O., Lodge No. 6.

Frank Mekina, P. O. Box 14, Barberton, O., Lodge No. 44.

Louis Sajovec, 21100 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, O., Lodge No. 132.

Joseph Ulyan, 1141 E. 66th St., Cleveland, O., Lodge No. 173.

John F. Kardell, 6011 Bonna Ave., Cleveland, O., Lodge No. 180.

Albert Jelercic, 15011 Westropp Ave., Cleveland, O., Lodge No. 186.

Joe Struna, 19515 Mohawk Ave., Cleveland, O., Lodge No. 188.

Stan J. Pogacnik, 32 Grace St., Struthers, O., Lodge No. 229.

ILLINOIS

Louis Rode, 930 Victoria St., Waukegan, Ill., Lodge No. 94.

MICHIGAN

Katherine Plenkar, 75 E. Dakota, Detroit, Mich., Lodge No. 234.

NEW YORK

John Voncina, Beech St., Gowanda, N. Y., Lodge No. 222.

We Reach Ely; Arrive at SSCU Home Office, Sign "Welcome Home"; News of Juvenile Convention; Big Dance

By ELSIE M. DESMOND

Cleveland, O. — Dear readers, here I am again this week as I promised you I would be. This week to continue on with my story as we arrived from Duluth and reached Ely, Minnesota. My conscience promised that it would not bother me, but after reading all the interesting articles I guess that not only mine bothers me, but also the other delegates too. Reading all the interesting articles sent in by the reporters brings me back the memories of the convention days in Ely, Minn. I presume that after the other delegates read the articles they too feel that pain . . . thinking of all the good times they had and all the people they met. Sure! It is a bright Wednesday morning and my typewriter seems to want to jump ahead so I'll proceed. In this week's article I'll give you the news of the arrival at Ely, of our wonderful boat trip across Lake Vermilion and to the Indian Reservation, reports of the juvenile convention and also news and the inside gossip of the dance.

I was the first one to step from the train. I had the great pleasure of greeting the supreme secretary. This I know will always remain a beautiful moment and memory in my heart which will not be forgotten. To have the pleasure of greeting the supreme secretary, I was honored. As I stepped from the train, I had to give a speech. Here it is: We, the delegates to the Third National Juvenile Convention of the South Slavonic Catholic Union greet you, Brother Anton Zbasnik, Father of our Juvenile Convention, with deep respect and sincerity. As a token of appreciation for the work you have done for us we wish to present you this bouquet of greetings." Many of the delegates knew I was preparing this speech all the way from Duluth. Mr. Zbasnik you must not be offended if I did not do so well, because I was a little nervous. Then I handed the secretary the flowers and then kissed him. (Little Stan told me to do this). I was just about in a daze. I recall that the band was playing, but I don't know which numbers. There were reporters on hand because they asked me my name and here I proudly showed my badge. I bet they had some swell writeups in the paper. Helen Okoren of Denver, Colorado carried the sign which read "Greetings Mr. Anton Zbasnik, Father of the Juvenile Convention."

Then after the four girls from Butte, Montana, stepped from the train the other delegates followed. Our baggage was taken care of at the depot. It was taken into a big truck and driven to the South Slavonic Home Office. Before a minute was up a little girl with blond hair and pretty blue eyes came up to me and how was I to know that for the next few days she was more my sister then she was Florence Dorothy Startz's. Yes, she announced herself as Margaret and that I was Elsie M. Desmond she told me, and I told her that was right. Sure I had the best of friends in Ely. Before I knew it Margaret was hugging me and kissing me that I was just fascinated to her. With the supreme officers and Little Stan the parade followed. I only know of the one street we went up and that was Sheridan Street. With yells, shouts and cheers the whole city was out to greet the delegates. The band was playing, everybody was in good spirits, it was just grand being here with all the brothers and sisters of the South Slavonic Catholic Union. I just felt that certain something run up my blood that gave me the chills and I'm not telling a fib either. If you could have have been there, you would have seen the fine welcome we had. It made you feel at home the instant you arrived there and all the people watching the crowd, some of them were watching from windows and some from stores. Others from their homes, others on the sidewalks and many even on the street. Some saw familiar faces, then hellos were exchanged. It was also thrilling. Can you see the vivid picture I am trying to give to you?

We had finally arrived at the Home Office and a big sign hung up above the entrance with the words, "WELCOME TO YOUR HOME." At this time I felt lost. I didn't know if I was in Ely or not. Honest I had to pinch myself. (You can ask Florence D. Startz). Brother Zbasnik told the adults that they were to go to the Forest Hotel as they had their reservations there. Then the juveniles were assigned homes. I was to bunk with Frances Prah of Uniontown, Pa. and Jacqueline Schimmel, "baby" of the juvenile convention. Mr. J. Kovach, president of lodge No. 1 and first qualified delegate to the Athletic Conference took us to the home where we were to stay. Our host and hostess were Mr. and Mrs. Omerza. Here I wish to thank them for their fine hospitality while I was staying there. I also had the pleasure of meeting their fine daughter, Rose, and the other members of the family. They were really swell to me. Mrs. Omerza had a lunch ready for us and I was really hungry. First thing to do was to wash up and I did feel much better after I did. Our hostess had two beautiful rooms ready for us and we girls exchanged sleeping with little Jackie. After our light lunch we had time to take a slow walk to the home office where we were to meet at 3:00 p. m. for a preliminary meeting of the juvenile convention.

On the way I met my correspondent for two years already, Florence Dorothy Startz. And as long as I'll be writing I will always have room in my heart to write to her and although my pen may get a little old for writing it will never dry out for my wonderful friend, Dorothy. I wish all my friends could meet her, such an alluring girl. I wish her all the success in her writing because I know that she is very interested in that as you can see by the splendid articles she writes and they are better then only splendid. They are magnificent. As the years go on and when 1941 comes around I do hope I can see my other sister scribe from Ely, Minnesota and also hope that this time she will qualify as a delegate to the convention. So dear readers, I wish to proudly present my pen pal from Ely, a future fine reporter with bouquets of happiness and admiration, Miss Florence Dorothy Startz. I also met her pal Angela Vertnik who wears her hair (Page boy) the best in Ely. She promised to wear it for me in that fashion and I hope she does. There also was another little boy with Florence and Angela by the name of Dick who gave me a souvenir on my first day's stay in Ely. I also wish to thank him and I promised him I would remember him.

Frances Prah, Jackie Shimmel, Florence D. Startz, Angela Vertnik, Dick and I arrived at the Home Office quite early. I was greeted by Mr. Janko Rogelj, of our lodge No. 173, who is the first supreme trustee. He introduced me to Mr. Frank Vranichar of Joliet, Illinois, and I was very thrilled to meet him as he is the second supreme trustee. Then I was introduced to Mr. Louis Champa, supreme treasurer, who spoke to me for a time; then I was introduced to Mr. Joseph Mantel, first supreme vice-president, and he told me to come to visit his family, and here my pal of Pittsburgh, Pa. stepped in and told Mr. Mantel that he would kindly offer his assistance and take me to his house since I didn't know where Mr. Mantel lived, and then the latter laughed. Well, I had quite a nice time talking to Mr. Mantel. It sure was a pleasure. Introductions were made to Dr. Arch, medical examiner from Pittsburgh, Pa. He and his wife certainly have what it takes, personality. Mrs. Arch has a fine voice and coming home on the train she sang for us. I'm glad I met both Dr. and Mrs. Arch. Mr. J. Kumse will always remain with me as a swell friend. He is chairman of the board of trustees. He is from Lorain, Ohio. Also went home with us. He also encouraged me to keep on writing. Incidently he was in Cleveland last week. I had the pleasure of meeting his wife who is a charming lady and also his daughter, Victoria. Victoria was vacationing with Dorothy Gruden, both of the girls were delegates in '37 and you should have heard them talk about the trip. They were sorry they couldn't make the trip now, but hope to in the near future.

Then I met Matt Anzelc of Aurora, Minn., who is the third supreme trustee. He, too, is a nice fellow. Then from Meadow Lands, Pa., I met Andrew Milavec and later met his beautiful wife, Mary. They took charge of our Jackie a few times. Both are swell. Then from Unity, Pa., I met Paul Oblock, who is the second supreme vice-president and the youngest on the supreme board. Then last but not least I had the pleasure of meeting Helen Okoren's father, Mr. Frank Okoren, who is the third supreme vice-president and a fine man to talk to. You know, dear readers, that I was honored to know all the supreme officers. So at the present time the only one I haven't been introduced to is Mr. Paul Bartel, the supreme president, but I am looking forward to meeting him sometime in the near future. So I wish to thank Mr. J. Rogelj for introducing me to all the members of the supreme board.

Mr. Zbasnik soon came from the home office and told us all to walk over to the Washington School, where we were to hold our meetings. And we did. Most of the juveniles were already there. A few of the adults were there. Big Stan from Strabane was there as was Little Stan and a few others. Mr. Zbasnik told us that this was a preliminary meeting before the one for tomorrow. All we discussed was the election of officers. Our meeting was soon closed. Frances, Jackie and I walked to the hotel with Andrew Milavec and the other members of the supreme board. We bought postcards and went to visit some of the boys. The next step that I knew was that I was a certain body's secretary, but since only the delegates must know the inside gossip I'll go on with my article. Mr. Milavec walked back with us to the home and believe it or not we got lost, but we soon found the house. I told Mrs. Omerza that I would be back within an hour, and so I started to walk back with Andy Milavec as I was to go and see my correspondent. Mr. Joseph Kovach stopped with his auto and picked us up. He took me to Florence's house and here I met her wonderful mother, a composer and her father. At once we got to talking. Mrs. Startz wouldn't allow me to go home until I had some dinner, so naturally I had to have some dinner. It sure was swell. Little Margaret walked me back so I wouldn't get lost again. She was a dear. Mrs. Omerza had a big dinner ready, but I couldn't eat much. That night I was very tired so I went to bed early. I'm glad I did because I didn't get much rest for the next five days.

Friday was a beautiful day. After having a good breakfast Frances, Jackie and I walked over to the school. We were greeted by Bob Jurgel, Hugh Kovarick, Florence Startz, Angela Vertnik and also other delegates. Our meeting began at 9:00 a. m. and was carried through wonderfully by Albert Adamich. Here I also wish to thank all who made it possible for me to be elected recording secretary. Our meeting was over with at 11:30. We three girls went home for lunch and after that we again met at the home office so it would take us to Tower, for our boat trip across Lake Vermilion. By the way I would like the readers to know that the first Slovene paper was published in Tower, Minnesota. It seems that a few of the delegates didn't make the trip, but all the others still seemed to be having a good time. The busses had arrived and we got aboard them. On our bus we had much fun singing and telling jokes. Bob Jurgel again was the official fun maker, but he was swell. All of the delegates got to calling Jackie "Toots." Goldie Miklaich was enjoying herself . . . Dorothy Kotchevar was kept busy in the rear of the coach by Kay Bessnar, Dolores Muhvich, Eleanor Lange and Francis Arch. Justine Korent and Amelia Korosec both of Ely, were continuously together. Fanny Koritnik seemed to have Anne Laurich of Eveleth, Minn., Margaret Bradach, Carolyn Kern of Hibbing, Minn., Veronica Barbic of Strabane, Pa., Roseline Mantel of Ely, Theresa Macek of Moon Run, Pa., and Rose Koprivnik also of Ely, all singing together. While in our group there were Rose Banovetz and Marie Stimac, both of Roundup, Montana, Frank Ambrozich of Chisholm, Frank Tanko of Cleveland and my pal Frances Prah. On our trip home Florence D. Startz and Angela Vertnik went with us.

We had arrived at Tower, got on our boat and took a trip across the wonderful Lake Vermilion that will never be forgotten. Here I made my acquaintance with more delegates. We told Al (Altoona) Jelercic to drown himself so he put on a life preserver. He did and he can't lie about it either, because I have a picture of him snapped in it which one of my pals sent me. Frank Mekina of Barberton, Ohio, kept lovely Irene Pavlich of Soudan company all the while. Jimmie Klobuchar of Ely, Minnesota, kept watch over Helen Okoren all the while. I wonder where the boys were? After a long boat ride we got to the Indian Reservation. Here I snapped pictures of the Indian children, the chief and also other delegates. The Indians were doing special dances for us with Little Stan's help. I also had the pleasure of beating on the drum with a "stick." Emil Zebre (the cowboy from Wyoming) was sitting with a few girls, just like him, right, Little Stan? Altoona was trying to dance. Bill Stavor was taking pictures. Joseph Mishmash informed me that the Indian chief, John Goodday, was 102 years old and his wife was 95. It seems that all the delegates missed Big Stan. We wonder what kept him? It was getting late and so it was time to get back to the boat. We all waved goodbye to the Indians and as we left and got our heading towards Tower we could still see the Indians in sight waving their hands. At Tower we got on the bus and we all were more quiet. I guess that is easy to explain. We were tired. When we arrived back in Ely we didn't need a clock to tell us what time it was. Our stomachs told us that it was about 5:30 and it was. We got home and Mrs. Omerza had dinner all ready for us. I believe we had chicken, vegetables, cake and ice-cream for dessert, no one can't tell me that she can't cook!

I guess that we were already for the big night to attend the dance at the Community Center. I'll tell you something about it from what I gathered at the building. This building has a manager on duty and an assistant all day. There is in the building a commodius commercial club room, Legion headquarters which is a very beautiful place, reading and writing rooms, ladies' rest room, a fine public library, having a children's reading room, bathrooms with showers, meeting rooms, auditorium and large cafeteria. Tourists are always welcome. Oh, of course this is only a little news of the Community Building, but I must continue on with Friday evening. Frances Prah and Jackie and I arrived at the hotel and went to visit some of our friends. We thought we would all walk over to the dance together. The delegates weren't quite ready so we had to wait for them. About fifteen minutes later they were ready and so we all walked to the dance. In the crowd was Big Stan, Frank Mekina, Francis "Babe" Sneler, Bob Jurgel, Hugh Kovarick, Florence D. Startz, Angela Vertnik, Frances Prah and myself. It was such a merry crowd. At the dance we were greeted by the other delegate. There was Justine Korent, whom I danced later with; her pal, Amelia Korosec; Irene Pavlich dancing with all the good looking boys . . . Rosaline Mantel also there . . . Frank Ambrozich sitting with Frank Tanko of Cleveland, William Mausar and Louis Shray of Denver, Colorado . . . Louis Omer, Victor Scarton, Francis Arch and Bob Jurgel (who has volunteered to learn to dance next year) all sitting together.

Margaret Lambert was seen dancing with all the boys . . . John Korosec not dancing . . . Carolyn Kern huddled with a few of her friends . . . Anna Laurich seemed to be enjoying herself . . . Frances Koritnik exchange her badge with someone from the venile Department? . . . Dorothy chevar also dancing . . . Dorothy dovich, Rose Banovetz, Irene Dorothy Ponach and Mary should be given credit for the so called "All around girls" . . . Okoren being occupied with Mr. nik's nephew, Fred . . . Her pal Ambrozich finding different com Joseph Oblak showing the people Ely how they jitter in Chicago . . . Jovanovich of Washington not ing . . . Eleanor Lange looking we wonder? . . . Katherine having a swell time . . . Our girls from Cleveland looking very tiful in their formals and many boys catching Cil Seme's young the other, Anne Prosen, reporter the Ilirska Vila. I had the pleasure having my first dance with our reporter, Big Stan. And can he

Then there were dances with Stan, Mr. Vranichar, Ralph Bill Stavor, Cil Seme, Frances Florence D. Startz and Angela nik and many others that I can't About 9:30 most of the boys were changing badges as were a few girls. It all seemed so surprising reason the exchanging of all was because this had something with the four people who ran just about all the rooms on the floor. Gee, even the reporters develish ideas, don't they Big Stan After the dance, the crowd walked to the hotel and according to the ports it seems that our editor's bed the worst one off. Now who would anything so naughty to our dear peron, Lou Kolar, from Cleveland Surely he was nice all the way wasn't he girls and boys? A few boys walked us home. Of course I tell their names because this is gossip and only the delegates must this. All who did walk us home it a pleasure, didn't you boys? I print this little message that one boys wrote. I wonder if he will pond to it. Here it is: "You told meet you down in front of the and you weren't there. If you do again I will pull you by the wig is if you have one. My but very fine this beautiful evening aqua blue dress you have on suits comes you. I certainly like that Thanking you in advance I remain loyal SSCU Friend. Affectionately yours, ???." You see reporters the news they can grab. I would see the expression on the person they read this note, heh, heh. Look the ole typewriter is getting rather after a hard days' work. So as other reporters say I guess it is bye until next week when again continue on with my experiences Saturday.

Did You Know That . . .

By Anna Prosen, Lodge 170

Allegory is a form of literature in which the words tell one thing in such a way as to suggest another, a story that has at least two meanings, the writer tells a good story and beneath the surface the narrative has a deeper figurative meaning, usually moral, religious, or political. Examples: Spenser's "Farie Queene" and Bunyan's "Pilgrim's Progress"?

William Caxton set up the first printing press in England in Westminster, in 1476?

A Pedometer measures the distance walked; a hodometer measures the distance traveled by any wheeled vehicle; a cyclometer is used on bicycles?

Manuel Quezon was elected first president of the Philippine Islands, September 17, 1935?

Pistole—the name given to certain gold coins, formerly current in Spain, Italy and Germany,—is now obsolete?

As early as 1570 a firearm was held and fired with one hand—that is, a pistol—was used by cavalry?

At Princeton University, the first building to be opened in 1756, was Nassan Hall, which was destroyed by soldiers in the Revolutionary War?

Quarrying has been known as early as 4000 B. C. Quarries from which stone for the Pyramids was cut are still to be seen near Cairo?

A Quire consists of twenty-four sheets of paper; twenty quires make one ream?

The popular game of Quoits is the direct descendant of the Roman discus, a ring of iron or stone from 10 to 12 inches in diameter?

There are more passenger cars registered in the U. S. than all the other types of vehicles put together?

Iz urada gl. tajnika

From the Office of Supreme Secretary

(Nadaljevanje)

PREMEMBE V ČLANSTVU MESECA JUNIJA 1939

CHANGES IN MEMBERSHIP DURING THE MONTH OF JUNE 1939

Mladinski Oddelek.—Juvenile Department

Novi člani načrta "JA" — New Members Plan "JA"

Dr. št. 1: LaVerne R. Ranta, Shirley A. Ranta.

Dr. št. 5: Janet M. Morin, John R. Morin, Bernard F. Pecha.

Dr. št. 9: Isabelle Beaudoin, Elizabeth R. Belanger, Barbara J. Bessner, Edward Bessner, Harold Bessner, William J. Bessner, Chester A. Charrier, Donald B. Frasier, David Gromalak, Frederick Gromalak, Mary J. Jarvi, Bernice J. Mills, Jean M. Picchiottino, Joseph R. Vaive, Victor G. Vaive.

Dr. št. 11: Robert J. Broderick.

Dr. št. 13: William Zabkar.

Dr. št. 15: Richard Kashak, Charlene F. Klune.

Dr. št. 18: Rose M. Kalan, Carmen R. Kragovich, Norma J. Kragovich, Andrew Rossetti, Angelina Rossetti, Catherine Rossetti, Patricia J. Slaughter.

Dr. št. 25: Frederick P. Pesola, Mary E. Salmi, Jeannette Skerjance, Marie A. Skerjance.

Dr. št. 26: Rosemary Balkovec, Edward Bergman, Elsie Bergman, James Bosco, Joseph Bosco, Francis Coghe, Janice Coghe, Joanne Coghe, Adelaide M. Grove, Helen M. Hardt, Gilbert Hrvatin, Josephine Hrvatin, Albin Jergel, Wilhelmina Jergel, Albert Korenich, Beatrice B. Korenich, Dolores Korenich, Robert Korenich, Lois A. Kornich, Ronald J. Kornich, James Kraus, Mary L. Kraus, Joseph E. Lerch, Genevieve Lovrencic, Alice Pavlakovic, Joseph Pavlakovic, Nancy M. Pike, Frank Satariano, John C. Satariano, Lawrence Satariano, Donald Schatzel, James R. Schatzel, Marianne Schatzel, Howard M. Simon, Jr., Kathleen M. Simon, Dorothy Skeva, Edward Skeva, George Skeva, Joseph Skeva, Margaret Skeva, Lois Coghe.

Dr. št. 28: Sally L. Holmes.

Dr. št. 30: John Antognozzi, Darlene J. Cardine, Shirley A. Cardine, Federico Cianni, Clara Krainik, Olga Krainik, Rose Krainik, Cosmo J. Libro, Isabelle Marcucci, Mario Marcucci, Gary V. Mlacnik, Angelo Petri, Ronald E. Prijatel, Henry Staffaroni, Betty J. Sushak, Frances D. Sushak, James K. Sushak, Jennie A. Shushak.

Dr. št. 33: Eugene K. Carothers, Vivian E. Carothers, Bernard W. Conti, Antoninette Gimeno, Elizabeth B. Gimeno, Mary J. Gimeno, John O'Connell, William R. Pekarek, Elaine C. Shanta.

Dr. št. 36: Jacob J. Gabrenya, Margaret L. Gabrenya, Robert A. Gabrenya, James Kobel, Robert V. Lesnak, William F. Lesnak, Anna M. Mele, Frank R. Mele, Louis E. Rovansek, Blanche Rykola, Edward Rykola, Betty Stermec, Ruby Stermec.

Dr. št. 37: Dolores M. Bokar, Frank Bokar, Louis E. Bokar, Millecent Koppitch, Katherine Menkel, Frank Prijatel, Paul Kopitch.

Dr. št. 39: Mildred Baich, Molly Baich, Walter Baich, Lawrence A. Davies, Terence S. Davies, Raymond Gasparac, Joseph S. Gregorich, Olga K. Gregorich, William G. Jacinich, Georgina D. Liboky, Swan E. Swanson, Jr., Theodore J. Swanson.

Dr. št. 42: Barbara A. Jacklovich, Frank P. Jacklovich, Patricia A. Okorn, Helen C. Rupar.

Dr. št. 43: Sharon L. Cummings, Keith L. Foster, Jack R. Smith.

Dr. št. 44: Delores J. Somerick.

Dr. št. 45: Jeanette K. Barker, Joan C. Barker, Theresa Bayt, Frank L. Hren, Patricia A. Pratt, James A. Velikan.

Dr. št. 50: Nicholas M. Lapolla, Marie Shager.

Dr. št. 54: Robert G. Witherow.

Dr. št. 55: Bernard J. Kobzowicz, Robert J. Kobzowicz, Mary F. Plevelic, Nancy Ponzuric, Patricia Rebish.

Dr. št. 66: Pauline H. Bajt, Dennis J. Capello, Carol J. Klancher, Aloysuys Machak, John Machak, John W. Morgan, Anton E. Nemanich, Mardel A. Nemanich, Raymond J. Popek, Diana Salopek, Rose Salopek, Joseph Sukle, Dorothy Svetlecic, James L. Talaga, Raymond L. Weese, Jr., Dorothy J. Zameic.

Dr. št. 70: Louise Godek, Margaret A. Gorenz, Walter Kardynalski, Earl R. Meditz, Mary J. Vrbanciz, George Warren, Jr.

Dr. št. 83: Frank W. Angeli, Austin Davis, Norman Davis, William Davis, Carma Robinson, Clifford Robinson.

Dr. št. 84: Marjorie Jo Jagodnik, Donald M. Kilpatrick, James H. Kilpatrick, Jernej F. Krek, John Krek, Patricia E. Tomazin, Barbara J. Zanconella.

Dr. št. 85: Edward F. Bradach, Elizabeth I. Bradach, Frank J. Bradach, George H. Bradach, Mary J. Bradach, Robert J. Bradach, Carl Ceglar, Leonard M. Janezich, Marilyn L. Janezich, Arnold J. Lassila, Lawrence J. Lassila, Mary A. Lassila, Philip C. Lassila.

Dr. št. 88: Norman G. Beadle, Robert J. Beadle, Sandra J. Elliot, Jean M. Evans, Letitia A. Evans, James A. Fetchik, Joseph A. Fetchik, Gerald Gavinsky, Helen Gavinsky, Marion Gavinsky, Myrtle Gavinsky, Charles R. Jenkins, Mary E. Joyce, Joseph T. Kruger, Margaret M. Kruger, Margaret L. Lawson, Marjorie J. Lawson, Thomas J. Lawson, Agnes L. McKenna, Elizabeth M. McKenna, John C. McKenna, Edward L. Mose, Concetta Perrella, Richard D. Petek, Rose M. Petek, Ruby L. Popovich, Sharon J. Popovich, Anton E. Rauch, Julianna J. Rauch, Mary T. Rauch, Wilbert M. Rinehart, Linda L. Rom, Nancy L. Rom, Raymond L. Rom, Donald A. Rom, Sharon Ruby, Welcom W. Shield, Robert Sos, LaVonne A. Thomas, Edward D. Uremovich, June M. Uremovich, Robert Wier.

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Dr. št. 99: Roy M. Macek.

Dr. št. 108: Mary A. Zaubi.

Dr. št. 114: Eddie R. Edwards, Patricia L. Edwards, Jacob J. Lindgren.

Dr. št. 116: Angela K. Santarela.

Dr. št. 118: Donald R. Atler, William E. Chambers, Yvonne Frabizio, John M. Quintano, Melvin E. Johnson, William E. Johnson, Albert Mattie, Joe Mattie, Jo A. Novarro, Elaine M. Saccommano, Leonard Tapia.

Dr. št. 120: Paul G. Lekatz, Richard A. Loisel, Rudolph Mayerle, Jr., Marie C. Schutz, Evelyn M. Untinen, Patricia M. Untinen.

Dr. št. 122: Frank Bekina.

Dr. št. 124: Frances J. Pohar.

Dr. št. 132: Marta N. Blatnik, Francis R. Cunningham, Antoinette J. Fabian, Helen L. Fabian, Victor F. Gribbons, John Hegler, Thomas Hegler, Virginia Hegler, Norene Kallmann, Kenneth J. Kaitenbach, Eileen Knific, Frank J. Knific, Robert Koren, Dorothy N. Levar, Pauline Mezgec, William Meznarsic, Freddie A. Mramor, Raymond C. Novinc, Jeanette Oberstar, Jean M. Orazem, John Skur, Roland Skur, Roland Skur, Esther Svetek, Ray Svetek, Robert Virant.

Dr. št. 133: Rose M. Botta, Martin T. Curnow.

Dr. št. 134: Angela Gosar, Jack Gosar.

Dr. št. 138: Emma Anthony, Bianca Bagozzi, Erminia Bagozzi, James Cappa, John C. Cappa, Rosalie Cappa, Rena DeZanet, Silvia M. DeZanet, Gloria Frescura, Andrew A. Kudray, Dorothy J. Kudray, John G. Kudray, Robert E. Kudray, Alia Oddis, Albert Tranchini, Della Tranchini, James Tranchini, John Tranchini, Tony Tranchini, Katherine M. Woatich, Mary R. Woatich.

Dr. št. 144: Doris M. Beauprey, Richard R. Beauprey, Dorothy J. Vidmar, Rudolph J. Vidmar, Frances J. Yuvan.

Dr. št. 148: Albert F. Sopko, Donna K. Sopko, Ronald W. Sopko.

Dr. št. 149: Heneler Popich.

Dr. št. 150: Goldie Cholish, Rose A. Hecimovich, Joseph Hren, Kathleen Jerman, Mary J. Jerman, Robert Jerman, Patricia E. Mihelich, George Radovich, LeRoy Radovich, William Radovich, Barbara J. Scander, Bernadine M. Scander, Dorothy A. Scander, Val M. Scander, Gretchen Starcevich, Kenneth Starcevich, Margaret Yuretich.

Dr. št. 166: Gertrude O. Lush, Willma E. Lush.

Dr. št. 168: Nancy A. Bryner, Barbara L. Cima, Mary M. Cima, Lawrence D. Davis, Robert D. Davis, Richard L Kosec, Lyn K. Porter, Melva J. Porter, Rose E. Porter, Vernon W. Porter, Dee A. Sterlekar, VeLoy Stewart, Jolene R. Toson, Sherry L. Toson.

Dr. št. 170: Robert J. Vesel.

Dr. št. 173: Rose M. Cergol, Corinne Coates, Marie Gerl, Antoinette Giameio, Lroy Golob, Esther Nagode, Edward Ogrin, Elizabeth Ogrin, Raymond Skocaj, Margaret Vesel, Edith Vicic.

Dr. št. 175: Raymon Melle.

Dr. št. 182: Elizabeth L. Burkhart.

Dr. št. 184: Thomas C. Wallace.

Dr. št. 185: Carlie J. Hrebar.

Dr. št. 186: Catherine E. Krall.

Dr. št. 188: Anton Strazisar.

Dr. št. 190: Gary C. Holliday, Catherine V. Spritzer.

Dr. št. 192: Patricia A. Kochevar.

Dr. št. 194: Nancy L. Zore.

Dr. št. 197: Richard J. Makela.

Dr. št. 211: John Kovach, William L. Zokal.

Dr. št. 218: Benny E. Bianco, Loretta Caldrer.

Dr. št. 225: Patricia E. Ambrosh, Joseph Basarich, Alice A. Bickler, Nancy C. Bickler, Sally Bickler, William Bickler, Allen E. Guenther, Terrence N. Guenther, Frank J. Kerzich, Dorothy Novak, Gwendolyn A. Reed, Barbara N. Sane, Roger K. Welnak, Wayne L. Welnak, Kenneth J. Wolfgram.

Dr. št. 230: Rita M. Fedrizzi, Patricia M. Samsa, Sharon J. Skramstad.

Dr. št. 232: Joan Bellino, Joseph Berola, Frank Bitonti, Marie T. Bitonti, Bernard Bizzack, Donald Bizzack, Nancy H. Bizzack, Regina Bizzack, Sally A. Bizzack, William D. Brewer, Robert L. Crosson, Arlene Dobrosky, Geraldine Dobrosky, Joan Dobrosky, Herbert L. Hoefler, John H. Hoefler, Thomas Kesneck, Louis Kobuchi, Kathleen Kuzy, Theodore D. Kuzy, Donna K. Lenassi, Laurence Oliveri, James Parrino, Lucille A. Parrino, John G. Piasente, John T. Taylor, Wayne A. Taylor, Marlene Urbanic, Wayne Urbanic, Bonnie A. Del Vecchio, Donald Zofchak, John Zofchak, Martin Zofchak, Thomas Zofchak, Thomas A. Zofchak.

Dr. št. 233: Charles Festi, Anna L. Haughney, Mary E. Haughney, Thomas J. Haugney, Adolph C. London, Betty J. Lynch, Iva M. Lynch, Marjory B. Lynch, Annie M. Provnza, Carol Salapich, John Salapich, Rose Scacco, Jean C. Shomer, Carol E. Sporcuh, Lois Sporcuh, Bertha F. Valencich, Kenneth Valencich.

Dr. št. 236: Gerald A. Groso, Geraldine A. Kwiatkowski, Rudolph L. Oklesson, Vincent Peternell, Jr., Marlene J. Popovich, Mary L. Tershel.

Novi člani načrta "JB" — New Members Plan "JB"

Dr. št. 149: Margaret J. Ducsay.

Dr. št. 166: Charles Abbatt.

Dr. št. 236: Mamie C. Balsama.

Novi člani načrta "JC" — New Members Plan "JC"

Dr. št. 3: Joanne C. Kastigar.

Dr. št. 9: Raymond J. Frasier, Agnes C. Sunich.

Dr. št. 11: Joan K. Ban.

Dr. št. 25: Delores M. Skerjance.

Dr. št. 26: Theresa M. Burns.

Dr. št. 61 Jacqueline D. Pezdirc.

Dr. št. 150: Mathew J. Kayfes.

Zopet sprejeti — Reinstated

Dr. št. 37: Frances Krasovec 16680, Jerry Krasovec 16681, Molly Krasovec 16682.

Dr. št. 39: Georgina D. Liboky 19436.

Dr. št. 40: Mary E. Stankewich 14051, Joseph L. Stankewich 18850.

Dr. št. 44: Ilene Flaker 17766, Mary Flaker 17767, Mike Flaker 17768.

Dr. št. 94: Dolores J. Terlep 13659.

Dr. št. 140: Frank Ciglar 11051, Joe Ciglar 11053, Anna Ciglar 19342.

Dr. št. 173: John Tramsak 15773.

Dr. št. 196: Robert Boberg 12617, Rita A. Boberg 12966.

Dr. št. 204: Anna Zimish 10918, Matilda Zimish 10919, Nick Zimish 10921, Mike Zimish 10923.

Dr. št. 218: Sara Rebick 13134.

Dr. št. 221: James F. Previc 15928, Ronald L. Kasper 20237.

Dr. št. 229: Raymond Evans 15341, Wallace Evans 15342, Donald Maizel 15768, Frank Maizel III 15769, William Maizel 15770, Angeline Habulan 17892, Josephine Habulan 17893, Marion Habulan 17894, Theresa Habulan 17895.

Suspendirani — Suspended

Dr. št. 9: Mary Banovich 9289.

Dr. št. 21: Adrienne L. Hughes 14915.

Dr. št. 25: William Nemgar 6320.

Dr. št. 26: Jerry Zivkovich 13188.

Dr. št. 30: Louis Ambrozich 7737, Peter Sentieri 16453.

Dr. št. 31: Jane F. Simcich 14923, Vilma L. Simcich 14922, Anna M. R. Simsick 17156, Robert J. Simsick 17157, James C. Otterson 18758.

Dr. št. 36: Greta Kaushek 16840, Gretchen Kaushek 16841, Lillian E. Widmar 13590.

Dr. št. 37: Frances J. Okorn 13594.

Dr. št. 39: Georgina D. Liboky 19436.

Dr. št. 40: Frank Regina, Jr. 8393, Mary Regina 7471.

Dr. št. 61: Bernice E. Vardjan 16426, Edith M. Vardjan 16425, Theresa Vardjan 12621.

Dr. št. 70: Ludvig Kosirnik 4726.

Dr. št. 71: John Spilar 11340, Katarina Obranovic 6505.

Dr. št. 75: Frances Valencic 15798, Frank Valencic 15797, Jennie Valencic 10305, John Valencic 10304, Mary Valencic 10306, Edward Boitz 17812, Helen Boitz 17813, John Boitz 17814, Sophie Boitz 17815.

Dr. št. 77: Marie Paulik 13452.

Dr. št. 78: Charles Glenn 17994, Mary A. Mehle 17455, Dolores M. Mahle 17454, Wilbur S. Scott 18259, Angela Mohar 13360.

Dr. št. 82: August T. Glazer 20284, Marie F. Glazer 20285.

Dr. št. 83: Jennie Frolich 8286.

Dr. št. 84: August A. Malizia 16955, James Malizia 16956, John Malizia 16957, Joseph Malizia 16958.

Dr. št. 87: Leonard Kelam 14077.

Dr. št. 88: Margaret J. Belinak 15652.

Dr. št. 136: Edward Hribar 11493.

Dr. št. 138: Carolyn L. Brohosky 19944, Patricia A. Brahosky 18921.

Dr. št. 148: August Terkaj 18313, Betty Terkaj 18314, Esther Terkaj 18315, Helen Terkaj 18316, Henry Terkaj 18317, Louis Terkaj 18612, Rudolph Terkaj 18318, Sylvester Terkaj 18613, Lois Framancheck 19304, Patricia Framancheck 19305.

Dr. št. 154: Ludvik Vozel 7323.

Dr. št. 173: William Petrovic 18332, Marylin Petrovic 19537.

Dr. št. 175: William H. Laurich 18417.

Dr. št. 176: Angelina Grubisa 9154.

Dr. št. 182: Joseph A. DeKleva 18654.

Dr. št. 190: Dan McKinnon 19877, Walter McKinnon 19880, Dolores McKinnon 19878, Orville T. Veague 19362.

Dr. št. 198: Ignac Crnich 13320, Joseph Crnich 13321, Milka Crnich 13322, Margaret Crnich 15828, Evelyn Fetzko 15998, Agnes Pollak 13317, Edward Pollak 13315, Frank Pollak 13316, Mary Pollak 13319.

Dr. št. 201: Dorothy M. Goff 19367, Joan D. Green 19172.

Dr. št. 203: Joseph Tomcich, Jr. 13323.

Dr. št. 222: Charles L. Andolsak 11733, Elizabeth A. Andolsek 12065, Raymond D. Andolsek 13477, William H. Andolsek 11732, Cecelia Veloski 18832, Dorothy Brezina 13577.

Dr. št. 225: William D. Starcevic 15066.

Prestopili — Transferred

Od dr. št. 184 k dr. št. 1: John S. Richards 19649.

Od dr. št. 1 k dr. št. 54: Donald D. Mayo 14587.

Od dr. št. 54 k dr. št. 112: Henry E. Magayna 14956, Bernard J. Magayna 14957.

Od dr. št. 233 k dr. št. 118: Esther M. Bradovich 19657, Joanne Bradovich 19658.

Od dr. št. 161 k dr. št. 149: Loretta M. Turk 19348, Margaret A. Murgel 14125.

Odstopili — Withdrawals

Dr. št. 3: Kristina Ajster 7919.

ANTON ZBAŠNIK,
glavni tajnik—Supreme Secretary

Iz urada gl. tajnika

Posojila na članske certifikate meseca julija 1939

Loans on Membership Certificates for July 1939.

Lodge No. Št. društva	Adult Odrasli	Juvenile Mladinski
2	34958	$ 228.90
2	40861	78.14
2	34715	180.85
3	42166	75.00
3	38667	210.44
21	41496	75.00
22	42167	125.00
26	42169	23.76
26	34483	43.52
26	42170	100.00
29	33673	80.09
29	40577	42.26
29	34488	453.83
30	33680	136.64
31	34176	444.32
35	33700	177.00
35	35002	94.75
35	35003	108.66
36	33472	81.69
36	40953	40.68
37	42176	75.00
37	34531	158.78
37	34532	388.00
37	36526	201.35
37	33720	322.20
37	33731	145.16
37	34527	298.23
39	40822	61.97
40	34797	110.28
45	42179	75.00
45	42190	150.00
45	42192	150.00
45	42195	175.00
49	34248	77.87
57	41119	75.00
85	35296	75.44
103	35040	103.61
118	35060	202.34
128	34878	124.49
132	33901	404.44
154	34900	223.13
158	36826	161.10
170	42225	17.76
171	33446	85.73
174	34079	79.48
174	40825	40.68
174	39110	24.72
233	33851	38.79
		$6,846.08

ANTON ZBASNIK,
glavni tajnik—Supreme Secretary

Pogum moža bo odločil

General Jose Miaja, vrhovni poveljnik bivše republikanske vojske v Španiji, je nedavno objavil v nekaterih uglednih listih zapadne Evrope svojo sodbo o tem, kakšna vloga pripade materialu in kakšna osebnemu pogumu vojaka v sodobni vojni.— Po švicarskem tedniku "Die Weltwoche" prinašamo njegova nadvse zanimiva izvajanja tudi mi.

Če naj bi več ko po dveh in pol leta vojne, v kateri so prišle vse vrste modernega orožja razen plina do veljave, svoje izkušnje strnil v en sam stavek, bi se ta stavek glasil: Moderno orožje je ofenzivo napravilo dražjo, defenzivo pa cenejšo.

Ta sklep kajpak ne pomeni, da moderno ofenzivno orožje ne zahteva tudi sorazmerno dražje obrambe, pač pa da nesorazmerje med efektom ofenzivnega in defenzivnega orožja rase v enaki meri, kakor se modernega orožja uporablja zmerom več. Tipičen primer nam nudijo tanki. Število tankov, potrebno za učinkovito ofenzivno akcijo, stane neskončno več denarja kakor ustrezajoča organizacija obrambe proti njim. To se pravi, da lahko zaustaviš napad tankov s sredstvi, ki so neskončno cenejša kakor tanki sami. V Španiji, kjer nismo razpolagali s specialnimi topovi proti tankom, smo se uspešno borili proti njim s starimi 7.5 centimetrskimi kanoni. Odpor lahko zastaviš — pod pogojem, razume se, da imaš prvorazreden človeški material — tudi z orožjem, dosti slabšim od napadalčevega. Za časa obmorske ofenzive so Italijani nekoč izstrelili na majhen grič 20,000 artiljerijskih izstrelkov. Vsa ta ogromna potrošnja streliva pa ni zadostovala, da nasprotnika prežene iz njegovih pozicij, ki jih je branil s prav siromašnimi sredstvi. Nazadnje so naši nasprotniki sprevideli, da tolikšno zapravljanje materiala, ki naj bi po italijanski taktiki strlo vsak sovražen odpor, ni samo čez mero drago, temveč tudi povsem brez učinka. Ta neuspeh je dal povod, da je vrhovna komanda spremenila svoje prejšnje metode. Spoznala je, da je napredovanje stalo armado tako ogromne količine municije, da bi utegnila vsa reč kmalu postati usodna za italijanske vojne zaloge.

Vse to kaže, da v bodoči evropski vojni v kateri si bodo stale nasproti države, založene s sorazmerno enakovrednim orožjem, še s tolikšno točo topovskih krogel ne bo mogoče obvladati nasprotnika. V Španiji Italijani niso imeli niti toliko artilerije, da bi se lahko ravnali po starem pravilu: Artilerija osvaja, infanterija zaseda. Izprva so bili poveljniki divizij, ki so artiljeriji predpisovali tempo in čas obstreljevanja. Pozneje pa je vrhovno poveljstvo omejilo intervencije artiljerije, da je morala napraviti prostor infanteriji. Danes, po dveh letih vojne, ki sem jih potrošil s tem, da sem se boril proti pomanjkanju materiala, proti preširokemu razporejanju naših bojnih postojank, proti ohlapni negibljivosti naših čet, sem prepričan, da bi bil naš nasprotnik kljub tehnični premoči, kljub svojim motoriziranim divizijam, kljub svoji ogromni artiljeristični opremi povsod prav tako pobit kakor v Madridu. Če bi povsod naletel na enako heroično obrambno voljo. Sovražnik je osvajal samo, kar so mu pustili osvojiti. Tako so Italijani lahko zasedli Malago in Santander, ker se tam sploh nismo spuščali v boj. Naš odpor se ni zrušil od ognja sovražnega orožja, temveč zato, ker je nazadnje zaledje začelo čutiti, da ta odpor na koncu vseh koncev ne bo mogel privesti do zmage. Armada in prebivalstvo Madrida sta prišla do prepričanja, da je ves heorizem zaman, ker mednarodni položaj ne daje več upanja na zmago. To je pomenilo konec vojne in zmago generalo Franca in njegovih zaveznikov.

Samo kakšno zmago? Inozemskemu vojaškemu strokovnjaku in opazovalcu bo pač težko, da iz nje zaključi kakšne strategične sklepe. Edini zaključek, ki ga lahko napravim jaz, je ta, da ni na svetu tako ogromnega arzenala vojnega materiala, ki bi zagotovil takozvano bliskovito osvojitev kakšne postojanke. Ljudje, ki trdijo, da bi mogla kakšna armada, pa naj bi bila najmočnejša na svetu, z bliskovito naglico napasti sovražnika in ga uničiti, niso resni ljudje. Naj bo materialna premoč napadalca še tako velika, nikoli ne bo velika dovolj, da uniči voljo tistega, ki se hoče braniti. Tam, kjer je ta volja dana, se prav lahko pripeti, da se vojaška promenada, ki jo nekdo podvzame proti slabejšemu nasprotniku, lahko spremeni v borbo od moža do moža na stabiliziranih frontah. Kar je bilo mogoče v najmanj ugodnih razmerah v Španiji, se po mojem mnenju lahko ponovi na kateremkoli koščku sveta. Tako sem prepričan, da bi se bila Češkoslovaška lahko branila. In če mi nekdo pripoveduje o možnosti podviga proti Gibraltarju, moram priznati, da se mi zdi to nesmiselno in groteskno. O tem se lahko debatira, ali je Gibraltar za angleške letalce in za angleško brodovje dovolj pripravna baza, a če bi sovražnik nastopil s še tako učinkovitim orožjem, ne bo mogel preprečiti, da se odločeni, hrabri možje vzdrže na gibraltarski skali tudi v še tako dolgotrajni vojni.

Če smemo iz načina, kako so se v Španiji uveljavile motorizirane čete, povzeti kakšne zaključke, potem drži, da ti zaključki ne bodo za mehanizacijo ugodni. Najbrž si nihče ne bo upal trditi, da so motorizirane kolone, letala in tanki, bili v Španiji kdajkoli odločujoč činitelj. Kolikor si upam soditi po svojih osebnih izkušnjah, moram reči, da je mehanizacija vojske pomenila neuspeh. Na drugi strani pa nočem te trditve posploševati, ker si ne morem misliti, da so Italijani in Nemci v Španiji do kraja izvedli svoj eksperiment. Slavne italijanske motorizirane kolone so v veliki meri povzročile poraz pri Guadalajari. Italijanske motorizirane kolone so napredovale v smeri proti Guadalajari. To je bila prva faza operacije, ki naj bi jim odprla pot v Madrid. Ker jim je uspelo obiti naše obrambne formacije, se jim je ponudila lepa prilika, da se okoristijo z maršem, ki se mu nihče ni stavljal po robu. Nato sem poslal 11. mednarodno brigado in brigado "El Campesino" z Listrom na Brihuego. Eden naših motociklistov je na cesti naletel na sovražnega motociklista, ki je rekognosciral teren. To je bilo prvo srečanje med obema armadama. Sovražnik je z velikimi upanji prodiral po cešti, ko se je na lepem znašel pred našo predstražo. Zmeda, ki je nastala s tem, da je sovražnik iznenada naletel na odpor, nam je dala časa, da razvijemo svoje sile, zasedemo tako važno postojanko, kakor je bil Castillo de Ybarra, in začnemo protiofenzivo. Prve italijanske čete so se potegnile nazaj, a ker je bila večina sovražne vojske v motoriziranih četah, ki se niso mogle gibati, so ostale na cesti kakor omrtvičene. Tako je bila prav proslavljana motorizacija tista, ki nam je omogočila, da pademo na Italijane, ki se niso mogli več prosto gibati in so bili našim letalom idealen cilj. Po kratkem boju je vsa sloveča motorizacija padla naši infanteriji v roke. Tudi pri Bruneti, kjer so se naši vojaki neprestanemu bombardiranju upirali 26 dni in 26 noči, se je izkazalo, da tehnična premoč sama ne jamči zmage.

V Španiji smo, kakor že v prejšnjih vojnah, vnovič spoznali, da še tako dober vojni material ne ovrže stare resnice: Mož sam, ne njegovo orožje, je odločilen. Razdiralno silo armade lahko stopnjuješ v neskončnost, a ko so izčrpane že vse obrambne metode, se zmerom v kakšnem kotičku, pod ruševinami trdnjav, najde možnost odpora, ki ga lahko zlomita samo ročna granata in bajonet. Gibljivost, ki jo daje motorizacija, pa je v zvezi z možnostjo, oslabiti zaledje, stvar, ki lahko trajno zlomi odpor armade, čeprav sama ne more odločiti boja. Dne 17. novembra 1936 je Franco poslal svoje bombnike nad Madrid, mesto je bilo zasuto z zažigalnimi bombami in v nekaj urah je na raznih krajih izbruhnilo 250 požarov. Ni dvoma, da bi v Madridu ne ostal kamen na kamnu, če bi italijanski in nemški letalci do kraja izvršili eksperiment. A niti ta akcija, ki bi terjala milijon življenj, ne bi mogla preprečiti, da bi bila za osvojitev mesta potrebna še neposredna vojaška akcija, da bi s tanki, puškami in ročnimi granatami zadušila ogenj iz strojnih pušk, ki je zapiral prehod skozi vseučiliški del mesta. Artiljerijski ogenj lahko spremeni strukturo tal. Toda v lijakih, ki jih kopljejo granate, v podzemskih kritjih se lahko branilec še zmerom upira in da doseže svoj cilj, mora tudi napadalec imeti moža, ki je branitelju dorasel v odločnosti in pogumu. Samo tak mož lahko branitelja vrže iz postojanke.

To osnovno dejstvo, ki velja že od kamene dobe do nas, bo ostalo v veljavi tudi poslej, čeprav je dandanes mogoče v 48 urah do tal razrušiti mesto z milijon prebivalci.

(Po "Jutru.")

Kdo je kriv ?

Stari zvezdogledi so trdili, da sta obračanje sveta in življenje od vsega početka določena ter da tega predpisanega reda nič ne more izpremeniti. Kdor zna, pa v zvezdah lahko bere, kako se bo razvijala usoda nas vseh in vsakega posameznika. Modernim astronomom, hladnim računarjem, ki so odkrili v primeri z zemljo neizmerno velike dimenzije zvezdnega sveta, seveda ni šlo v račun, da bi bila ogromna nebesna telesa kakor so sonce in zvezde stalnice, kometi in vsemirske meglice le zato tukaj, da bi s svojim položajem nakazovala, ali bo neko pritlikavo človeče umrlo jutri ali šele pojutrišnjem. Moderna astronomija je do kraja pometla s podmeno, da bi imela nebesna telesa kakšen vpliv na našo zemljo in na življenje.

Ali, kakor velja v mehaničnih pojavih zakon akcije in reakcije, tako se ponavljajo tudi v duhovni dinamiki zmerom reakcije proti strujam, ki so premogočno narasle. Tako je bilo tudi v primeru astronomije. Novi čas je odkril poleg svetlobnih žarkov, ki so nekdaj veljali za edino vez med našo zemljo in drugimi nebesnimi telesi, še mnogo drugih tokov, ki se prelivajo med vsemirskimi gmotami. Tu imamo v prvi vrsti v mislih kozmične žarke. Njih prave narave sicer še zdaj popolnoma ne poznamo, vemo pa, da zelo močno posegajo v dogajanja na naši zemlji. Odkod ti žarki prihajajo, kakšen je mehanizem njih delovanja, lahko samo ugibamo. Točno vemo le to, da se zmerom nahajamo v njihovem območju, ter da predstavljajo neko energijo, ki se po vseh naravnih zakonih nekako mora uveljaviti.

Poleg kozmičnih posegajo tudi razni žarki sonca z nevidno roko na naš planet. Naša zemlja ne prejema od sonca samo žarkov luči in toplote, ampak jo sonce neprestano obsiplje s sestavnimi delci atomov — z elektroni. Učenjaki so odkrili, da so prav ti elektroni, kadar prodirajo globoko v našo atmosfero, odgovorni za prelepe svetlobne pojave, ki jih opazujemo kot severni sij. Da je ta domneva resnična, so dokazali že v fizikalnih laboratorijih, kjer so na majhnem modelu zemlje umetno ustvarili severnemu siju podobne svetlobne efekte. Znanstveniki so dalje dognali, da so ti elektronski žarki v veliki meri krivi vseh motenj v radijskem sprejemu. In s temi žarki so v najožji zvezi magnetične motnje ki povzročajo zagonetni ples magnetne igle ter motnje v telefonskem in brzojavnem omrežju.

Bolj ko so fiziki študirali mesebojno zavisnost opisanih pojavov, bolj so prihajali do spoznanja, da morajo biti v nekakšni zvezi s pegami, ki se v gotovih razdobjih pojavljajo na soncu. Danes je že povsem dognano, da postajajo opisane motnje tem bolj izrazite, čim močnejše so pege na soncu, da mora biti torej v pegah njihov pravi izvor.

Sončne pege se pojavljajo na soncu periodično in dosegajo največjo jakost približno vsakih 11 in pol leta. Letos so spet žavladale v vsej svoji razsežnosti in jakosti, pa ni čuda, da nastopajo spremljajoče motnje z vso svojo močjo. Dočim pa so znanstveniki sprva dolžili te pege za motnje zgolj fizikalne narave za električne in magnetične motnje ter njihov vpliv na naše ozračje, torej tudi na vreme, se pa v najnovejšem času bavijo z njimi vse bolj tudi fiziologi in psihologi, ki skušajo najti neke zveze med spremembami na soncu ter med posameznimi karakterističnimi telesnimi in duševnimi reakcijami pri ljudeh in živalih.

To iskanje nekih odvisnosti med kozmičnimi dogajanji in življenjem na zemlji ni prav nič prisiljeno. Vse bolj se nam odkriva, da so vse reakcije slehernega živega organizma samo pojavi fizikalne in kemične narave, da igrajo pri njih poglavitno vlogo kemične presnove in fizikalne spremembe, ki se uklanjajo istim zakonom, kakor pri presnavljanju mrtve prirode. In kakor so svetlobni, toplotni, kozmični in elektronski žarki v stanju motiti redni tek presnov v mrtvi materiji naše zemlje in njenega ozračja, prav tako mora energija, ki jo prinašajo s seboj, na neki način vplivati tudi na ono drugo skupino zemeljskega sestava, ki ji pravimo živa priroda in ki napram mrtvi materiji ni ločena z nobeno ostro potegnjeno mejo.

Če danes astronomi in drugi znanstveniki ne zanikujejo, da utegnejo imeti zvezde neki vpliv na našo zemljo in življenje na njej, potlej je to močan dokaz, da smo sredi tiste velike reakcije, kakršna je morala slediti zgolj "številčni" znanosti, ki strogo odklanja vse, kar z računi ne more dokazati, čeprav človek instinktivno v tiste reči trdovratno verjame.

Kdo je kriv, da se na svetu v periodičnih razdobjih pojavljajo neke psihoze — kakor na pr. sedanja vojna vročica — ki si

(Dalje na 6. strani)

RADIVOJ REHAR:

SEMISIRIS

ROMAN

"Hvala ti, veliki Râ!" je vzkliknila favoritka sama pri sebi.

"Naj ti postrežem z jedili?"

"Prinesi mi jih in pripravi kopel!"

Po zajtrku in kopeli se je favoritka mazilila in oblekla v svojo najlepšo in najdragocenejšo obleko. Jedka razdojenost prestane noči jo je zapustila; bila je vsa vedra in vesela.

"Vse je bila resnica," si je odgovorila. "Divjakinje ni več in je nikoli več ne bo. Konec je zapostavljanja in ponižanja. Vračajo se prejšnji časi razkošja, vživanja in gospodovanja. Arikdinila je zares čarovnica. Pomagala mi bo še nadalje. Z njeno pomočjo postanem neomejena vladarica dvora, gospodarica Semisirisa in Atlantide."

Vzela je liro in odšla na izprehod v dvorni park. Bil je popolnoma prazen in zapuščen. Dvor je imel preveč opravka s pobegom princese Evalaste, da bi mogel misliti na izprehode in zabave na ribniku. Tako je brzela Nefteta čisto sama po s peskom posutih stezah skozi jesensko pobarvane nasade in dalje proti ribniku. Tam je sedla v čoln, ga sunila od brega in pustila, da se je sam zibal po gladini, mirni ko zrcalo. Položila je prste na strune, zabrenkala in zapela:

Bele in zrele ko sladke sigine,
grudi so moje,
moj dragi;
in kakor kače-igrače
roke so moje prebele,
kadar ovijejo bokov se tvojih,
moj ljubi;
vroči ko žarki poldneva
so moji poljubi,
kadar dotaknejo ustnic se tvojih,
moj mili . . .

Jata belih labodov, ki je dremala nekje ob bregu med vodnimi rastlinami, se je prhutaje s krili prebudila in veselo zaplavala po ribniku. Obkrožila je Neftetin čoln in iztegovala proti njej dolge vratove. Favoritka je odložila glasbilo in jih božala. Zagloblena v svoje misli, ni niti opazila Tatane, ki se je tiho približala ribniku in strmela z brega v vodo. Predramil jo je šele njen pozdrav:

"Ti igraš in prepevaš?" je vprašala ljubimka začudeno.

"Čemu ne bi?"

"Ko je ves dvor postavljen na glavo . . ."

"Bo že spet našel svojo pravo stojo."

"Tebi je menda prav, da je princesa pobegnila."

"Briga me."

"Sedaj upaš, da se vrne prejšnji čas, zato si razigrana."

"A tebi se ne vrne divjaški princ."

"Ne zbadaj!"

"Ti si začela."

"Povedala sem samo resnico."

"Jaz tudi."

"A motiš se, če upaš. Veliki besni in ne bo miroval, dokler se princesa ne vrne. Našli so že sled."

"Vem . . . In kaj potem?"

"Ničesar ne veš. Zasledovalne galeje se že odpravljajo na pot."

"Vem."

"Lažeš."

"Ne žali me!"

"Ne bojim se te. Veliki se ne vrne k tebi."

"Še manj k tebi."

"Briga me."

Nefteta je jezno pograbila vesla in odrinila čoln daleč od brega, da ni več slišala Tatane. Besede tekmice so ji pregnale razigranost in vedro vero v novo zmago. Odveslala je do svetišča pod drevjem in stopila spet na kopno. Po molitvi pred kipom boginje ljubezni se je vznemirjena vrnila v dvor in hotela k faraonu, a straže je niso pustile k njemu. Raztogotena in razdvojena se je vrgla v svoji sobi na blazine in se globoko zamislila. Zganila se ni niti na vabilo komornice h kosilu. Tako je ostala do poznega popoldneva, ko je zopet poskusila priti do faraona, a straža jo je zavrnila kakor prej. Tedaj je poiskala Amarazisa:

"Zaprl se je v svojo sobo in ne sprejme nikogar, razen glasnikov, ki mu jih pošiljajo s sporočili zasledovalcev pobegle princese iz dežele večernih gora," je odgovoril poveljnik.

"Hočem in moram k njemu!" je ponovila še odločneje Nefteta.

"Samo, če je tvoj obisk v zvezi s pobegom?"

"Je."

"V kakšni?"

"To povem njemu."

"Veš, kako je pobegnila in kam?"

"Dejala sem, da govorim o tem samo z velikim."

"Potem si ne upam k njemu!"

"Pojdi na mojo odgovornost!"

Amarazis je omahoval in se naposled vdal. Odšel je k faraonu in prosil, naj sprejme Nefteto.

"Dejal sem, da se mi nihče ne sme približati, dokler ne najdejo begunke!" je zarjul vladar. "Izgini!"

"Sprejmi jo!"

Faraon in poveljnik sta se hkratu zdrznila in ozrla proti kipu Râ, odkoder je prihajal skrivnostni ukaz, ki se je ponovil še bolj ukazujoče:

"Sprejmi jo!"

"Kdo si, ki mi ukazuješ?" je vprašal faraon preplašeno.

"Vladar nad vladarji, sončni bog Râ . . ."

"Milost, o Veliki, Najvišji!" je vzkliknil Semis Ofiris in padel pred kipom na kolena. "Ukazal si in poslušam te!" Potem se je obrnil k zapovedniku in velel: "Pripelji jo!"

Usmev zmagoslavja je obkrožil usta favoritke, ko je stopala mimo straž po mehkih preprogah v sobo velikega. Zgrudila se je pred njim, dvignila roke in vzkliknila:

"Milost, gospod moj in sonce moje ljubezni!"

"Kaj želiš? Čemu motiš mojo bolečino?"

"Ker ti ne pristoja in ker vem, da je zanjo le eno samo zdravilo . . ."

"Katero?"

"Moja ljubezen, veliki!"

"Ne ljubim te . . ."

"Ne trdi, česar ne veš, ker jaz vem, da me še vedno ljubiš in da ti moje ljubezni ne more nadomestiti nobena druga. Pusti mračne misli, pusti pobeglo princeso, bodi zopet velik in silen, kakor si bil poprej! Glej, bogovi so spregovorili, razodeli so svoj srd in zemlja se je stresla. Princeso večernih gora so odpeljali temni podzemeljski duhovi, kako naj bi bila sicer pobegnila skozi zaprta vrata in mimo vseh straž? Sužnje in evnuhi so nedolžni. Čemu si jih vrgel v ječo? Izpusti jih!"

"Temni podzemeljski duhovi?" je vzkliknil faraon.

"Ker je bila čarovnica . . ."

"Čarovnica?"

"Mar ti ni omrežila misli? Mar ti ni uklenila volje, da si postal pred njo slaboten kakor dete? Ne, to ni bila ljubezen, ki te je podrejala njeni volji, bila je čarovnija, igra zlobnih duhov, ki so te hoteli po njej ugonobiti, o veliki, najdražji!"

"Kdo ti narekuje te besede?"

"Jasna misel, rojena iz moje velike ljubezni do tebe."

"To še ni dokaz . . ."

"Dati ti ga morejo bogovi. Ustavi zasledovanje divjaške princese! Pusti njo, njenega brata in njuno spremstvo, naj zapusti Atlantido in se vrne v deželo večernih gora! Izpusti zaprte!"

"Izpolni njene nasvete!" je dejal skrivnostni glas in iz ust kipa sončnega Râja je švignil ognjeni plamen.

Faraon se je zdrznil, Nefteta je kriknila od groze in sklonila glavo nizko do tal.

"Izpolni njene nasvete!" je ponovil glas kipa. "Ustavi zasledovanje, ker ni je sile, ki bi jo ujela; izpusti po nedolžnem zaprte in mučene!"

"Kdo mi ukazuje?"

"Vladar nad vladarji, sončni bog Râ."

"Milost, o Silni!" je vzkliknil faraon. "Če sem ravnal krivo in proti Tvoji volji, odpusti mi! Poslušam Tvoj glas in izpolnjujem Tvoj ukaz."

"Govoril sem!"

"In jaz sem slišal . . ."

Semis Ofiris je iztegnil roko in udaril na gong. V sobo je stopil stražnik osebne garde in padel na kolena:

"Milost, veliki! Ukazuješ?"

"Pokliči Amarazisa, poveljnika mojih straž!"

"Pokličem ga!"

"Kaj boš storil, sonce moje, veliki gospodar mojega srca in telesa?" je vprašala plaho še vedno prestrašena Nefteta

"Slišala boš."

"Izpolni ukaz božanstva! Potolaži njegovo jezo! Odvrni od sebe in od nas Njegovo maščevanje!"

"Obljubil sem,", je dejal faraon in se ozrl proti Amarazisu. ki je vstopil: "Odpošlji najurnejše sle, hite naj za zasledovalci ubegle princese iz dežele večernih gora in naj jih odpokličejo! Vrnejo naj se v mojo prestolnico in naj puste ubežnikom prosto pot!"

"Ali naj jih več ne zasledujejo?" je vprašal poveljnik, ki ni mogel zaupati svojim ušesom, tako je bil presenečen.

"Ukazal sem!" je odgovoril ostro Semis Ofiris. "In še nekaj: izpusti iz ječe Ilajo, sužnje in evnuhe."

"Milost, veliki!" je zajecljal v zadregi Amarazis. "Tvoj ukaz je . . . je . . ."

(Dalje prihodnjič)

KDO JE KRIV?

(Nadaljevanje s pete strani)

jih nikakor ne moremo razlagati drugače, nego da so nastale pod nekim močnim vplivom od zunaj. Ta zunanji vpliv pa po naših prejšnjih preudarkih lahko pride k nam samo v obliki energijskih žarkov, ki nam jih pošiljajo sonce in druga nebesna telesa. Krog prastare ljudske vere v moč zvezd se s tem spet zaključuje. In od mističnih astrologov do današnje eksaktne znanosti smo samo toliko napredovali, da si znamo po nekih umetno skonstruiranih mehanizmih razlagati tisto, kar so naši predniki instinktivno domnevali.

POSET BELE HIŠE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

sebno impozantno ali razkošno poslopje; marsikatera novejša federalna stavba je lepša, toda skoro vsak posetnik hoče najprej videti bivališče predsednika. V teku štirih mesecev letošnjega leta je posetilo Belo hišo nad en milijon turistov in drugih posetnikov; v samem mesecu juliju se je oglasilo tam nad 335 tisoč obiskovalcev. Povprečno ima Bela hiša 10,000 posetnikov vsaki dan. Pazniki Bele hiše ugibajo, kaj je vzrok, da letos prihaja skoro še enkrat toliko posetnikov kot druga leta. Nekateri sodijo, da nekaj pomaga k temu svetovna razstava v New Yorku. Mnogi posetniki razstave si spotoma ogledajo tudi naše glavno mesto Washington in si hočejo pri tej priliki ogledati tudi bivališče predsednika Zedinjenih držav.

Vstop v Belo hišo je ob določenih urah prost vsakemu. Zgodili pa so se primeri, da so rakete tirji prodajali turistom vstopnice za Belo hišo. To je bila seveda navadna sleparija, kajti za poset Bele hiše se ne računa nikake vstopnine. Posetniki si seveda ne morejo ogledati vseh prostorov v Beli hiši. Nekateri prostori so privatni, samo za predsednika in njegovo družino oziroma za najožje prijatelje. Tudi park, na južni strani poslopja ni dostopen turistom. Posetniki Bele hiše navadno ne vidijo predsednika niti članov njegove družine. Saj je tudi človeško nemogoče, da bi se predsednik vsaki dan pozdravil z 10,000 obiskovalci.

DOPISI

Braddock, Pa. — Spet mi je poročati žalostno novico, da je neizprosna smrt iztrgala svojo žrtev iz vrst našega društva št. 31 JSKJ. Dne 26. avgusta smo na pokopališču v North Braddocku položili k večnemu počitku našega sobrata Martina Stipiča. Dne 1. julija ga je zadel mrtvoud po desni strani telesa in dne 22. avgusta je bolezni podlegel.

Pokojni Martin Stipič je bil pionir ali ustanovitelj našega društva in je bil član Jednote 37 let. Redno je plačeval svoje asesmente in redno se je udeleževal, društvenih sej, piknikov, veselic itd. Priljubljen je bil pri vseh, pri starejših in pri mladini, med našim in drugim narodom. To se je pokazalo tudi pri mrtvaškem odru in pri pogrebu, dasi ni imel nikakih svojcev ali sorodnikov niti tukaj niti v starem kraju.

Pokojnik je bil rojen leta 1872 v vasi Planina št. 10, fara Sv. Križ pri Kostanjevici na Dolenjskem. Pogreb se je vršil po cerkvenih obredih.

V imenu društva se lepo zahvaljujem vsem, ki so pokojnika obiskali na mrtvaškem odru, in vsem, ki so ga spremili na njegovi zadnji poti. Posebej naj bo izražena hvala družini Simčičevi v North Braddocku, kjer je truplo pokojnika ležalo na mrtvaškem odru, za vso izkazano naklonjenost. Hvala omenjeni družini tudi za okrepčila, servirana obiskovalcem. Ob takih prilikah se res pokaže, koliko je vredno bratstvo in prijateljstvo. Lepa hvala še enkrat vsem za vse, pokojnemu sobratu pa naj bo ohranjen blag spomin!

Člane našega društva opozarjam, da svojim asesmentom priložijo po 15 centov za nabavo venca, kakor običajno. Bratski pozdrav! — Za društvo Sv. Alojzija, št. 31 JSKJ:

Martin Hudale, tajnik.

Helper, Utah. — Dne 20. avgusta se je moral podvreči nujni operaciji zaradi vnetja slepiča, član našega društva Carbon Miner, št. 168 JSKJ, sobrat John Skerl. Člani mu želijo skorajšnjega okrevanja. Bratski pozdrav!

John Yalopich,
tajnik društva št. 168 JSKJ.

Center, Pa. — Tukaj v Pennsylvaniji se bodo 12. septembra vršile primarne volitve in pri tej priliki bo v kakih 40 krajih tudi glasovanje o prohibiciji, oziroma za suho ali mokro. Glede tega bo tudi naš Plum township prizadet. Tukaj pa ima volilno pravico precej naših članov in članic. Naj na dan 12. septembra ne ostanejo doma, ampak naj gredo do zadnjega na volišče. Po mojem mnenju ni med našimi rojaki nobenega, ki bi bil zato, da se povrne smrdljiva prohibicija. Torej, kdor je zato ,da se sme poštena pijača še v bodoče postavno lastovati in prodajati, naj napravi na tozadevni glasovnici križ v štirikotu pri obnačbi "yes." Vsak ve, da je prohibivija povzročila butlegarstvo, iz butlegarstva pa se je razvilo tako raketirstvo, kot ga dežela nikoli prej ni poznala. Kljub temu se suhači spet na vse kriplje trudijo, da bi nam vsilili tisto prohibicijo, ki se je tekom svojega 13-letnega vladanja tako žalostno izkazala. Bratski pozdrav!

Frank Schifrar,
tajnik društva št. 33 JSKJ.

Sharon-Farrell, Pa. — Tukajšnji Slovenski delavski dom bo v soboto 16. septembra obhajal 13. obletnico svoje otvoritve. Proslava se bo vršila v Domu. Vsi prijatelji dobre zabave so vabljeni, da se praznovanja te obletnice udeležijo.

Frank Kramar.

Chisholm, Minn. — Federacija društev JSKJ v državi Minnesoti bo zborovala v nedeljo 24. septembra v Chisholmnu, Minn. Zborovanje se bo vršilo v Community poslopju in se bo pričelo točno ob eni uri popoldne. — Za federacijo društev JSKJ v Minnesoti:

John Lamuth, tajnik.

Reading, Pa. — Člane društva Sv. Jurija, št. 61 JSKJ, pozivam tem potom, da se polnoštevilno udeležijo prihodnje redne seje, ki se bo vršila v seboto 9. septembra in se bo pričela ob 7. uri zvečer. Na tej seji se bo ukrepalo o važnih zadevah, zato je potrebno, da je članstvo kar mogoče polnoštevilno navzoče. Ako mala skupina članov, zbrana na seji, kaj ukrene, se lahko zgodi, da ne bo zadovoljstva na vseh straneh.

Članstvo se v tako malem številu udeležuje rednih mesečnih sej, da mi je bilo na seji meseca avgusta naročeno, naj potom glasila pozovem člane na sejo 9. septembra. To storim tem potom.

Naše seje se vršijo vsako drugo soboto v mesecu in za tisti čas se ne more nihče izgovarjati, da bi bil zaposlen. Pol ure ali eno uro na mesec bi pač lahko vsak član žrtvoval za svoje društvo. Sploh smo nekako zaspani pri našem društvu. Druga društva prirejajo piknike in razne veselice v korist svojih društvenih blagajn, mi se pa niti ne zmenimo. V naši blagajni je torej tema in pajčevina. Bliža se konec leta, ko bo treba plačati društvene uradnike. Če ne bomo s kako veselico do takrat dobili kakih dohodkov, bo treba naložiti izredni asesment. Ta izredni asesment pa ne bo nizek. Po mojem mnenju en dolar izrednega asesmenta na člana ne bo zadostovalo. Zdaj pa pomislimo, kako težko je mnogim članom plačati celo redni asesment. Pa naj k temu pride še naklada v znesku enega dolarja ali več!

Ako bi bili tekom leta priredili kaka dva piknika, bi bili vsaj nekoliko dvignili našo društveno blagajno, ker pri takih prilikah pomagajo blagajni tudi taki, ki niso člani, ampak se pridejo med nas samo zabavati. Pri društveni nakladi pa plačamo vse samo člani. Pa je naše zanimanje za društvo slabše od dne do dne. Tudi glede pridobivanja novih članov smo nekako brezbrižni. Včasi je bil pri vsakem društvu le en organizator, danes pa je organizator vsak član. Zato bi tudi društvo lahko vsaj nekoliko napredovalo, če bi bilo le nekoliko več zanimanja.

Torej, člani in članice, ne pozabite in pridite polnoštevilno na sejo v soboto 9. septembra ob sedmih zvečer, da rešimo važne zadeve, ki se odlagajo od seje do seje. Na seji 9. septembra pa morajo biti rešene. Če že mladi člani gredo ob sobotah po svojih potih, se jim zamore še nekako oprostiti, toda vsaj starejši bi morali priti na sejo. Na svidenje in bratski pozdrav! — Za društvo št. 61 JSKJ:

John Pezdirc, Sr., tajnik.

Canonsburg, Pa. — Člane in članice društva Bratska sloga, št. 149 JSKJ, vabim, da se gotovo udeležijo prihodnje seje, ki se bo vršila v nedeljo 10. septembra v navadnih prostorih. Za rešiti bomo imeli več važnih zadev, tikajočih se društva in Jednote, med drugim tudi zadevo piknika, katerega priredimo skupno z angleško poslujočim društvom št. 236 JSKJ v nedeljo 17. septembra. Želeti je, da pridejo na sejo vsi člani, da bomo mogli ukreniti vse najboljše v korist obeh društev. Posebno tisti naj bi prišli enkrat na sejo, katerih nisem videl niti na seji niti na kaki društveni prireditvi že več let in katerih niti osebno ne poznam, dasi sem že več let društveni tajnik.

Kakor je članom znano, plačujemo že od društvene ustanovitve, to je 15 let, le po 5 centov mesečno v društveno blagajno. To je seveda zelo malo, ker društvenih izdatkov bi prišlo mesečno na člana okrog 25 centov. V primeru kakšnega smrtnega slučaja med člani, kar stane društvo kakih 15 dolarjev, pa se mesečni izdatki še dvignejo. Potem pridejo na društvo kakšne prošnje, dalje je nekaj izdatkov za federacijska zborovanja, potem pridejo božična darila otrokom itd. Ako vse to skupaj vzamemo, pride mesečnih društvenih izdatkov na posameznega člana 30 centov, medtem ko plačujemo v to svrho mesečno le po 5 centov. Zato se razume, da mora denar v blagajno priti od kod drugod.

Zato, če hočete, da obdržimo nekaj v naši društveni blagajni, udeležite se seje 10. septembra in piknika 17. septembra. Ako se člani nečejo udeležiti sej, da se sprejme kake primerne sklepe v korist društva, in ako se nečejo udeleževati piknikov, naj pa kar računajo, da bo treba konci leta naložiti občutno društveno naklado. Pomnite, da se bi rad priporočal, da se naklada naklada v znesku $1.50 na člana.

Rojake in rojakinje tega okrožja vljudno vabim na poset našega piknika v nedeljo 17. septembra. Poskrbljeno bo za izborna okrepčila in dobro godbo. Bratski pozdrav! — Za društvo Bratska sloga, št. 149 JSKJ:

Martin Žagar, tajnik.

Central City, Pa. — Člane in članice društva "Veseli Slovenci," št. 198 JSKJ pozivam, da se gotovo udeležijo prihodnje seje, ki se bo vršila v nedeljo 10. septembra. Na zadnji seji je bilo sklenjeno, da priredimo veselico v soboto 23. septembra, zato je važno, da pridemo na seji 10. septembra vsi skupaj, da se vse potrebno dogovorimo in ukrenemo glede veselice. Na svidenje! — Za društvo št. 198 JSKJ:

Vincent Maljevac, tajnik.

August Kollander
6419 ST. CLAIR AVENUE
Cleveland, Ohio
v Slovenskem Nar. Domu

PRODAJA parobrodne listke za vse prekomorske parnike;

POSILJA denar v staro domovino točno in po dnevnih cenah;

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Kollander ima v zalogi tudi jugoslovanske znamke.

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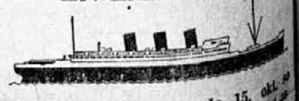

Za dobo od 7. avg. do 15. okt. so določene znižane cene return-kupon parnike. Ako ste namenjeni v kratkem času v stari kraj na kratek obisk, naročite takoj pišite za pojasnila o cenah in drugih zadevah.

Izkoristite nove znižane cene za denarne pošiljatve v stari kraj. Iste so:

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za 6.60	300 "	za 12.00	200 "
za 10.25	500 "	za 17.30	300 "
za 20.00	1000 "	za 29.00	500 "
za 39.00	2000 "	za 57.00	1000 "
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Te cene so podvržene spremembi gori ali doli.— Pri večjih zneskih se dela sorazmeren popust.

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Ker se cene sedaj hitro menjajo so navedene cene podvržene spremembi gori ali doli.
Pošiljamo tudi denar brzojavno in izvršujemo izplačila v dolarjih.
V Vašem lastnem interesu je, da pišete nam predno se drugje poslužite, za cene in pojasnila.

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