



Stanovanjsko naselje v Malmöju, Švedska (razstava Bo01)



Stanovanjsko naselje v Kopenhagnu, Danska



Stanovanjsko naselje v Helsingborgu, Švedska (razstava H99)



Projekt stanovanjskega naselja ob Ljubljani
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raziskava, research

povzetek

Ob vse večjem pomanjkanju zazidljivih površin v urbanih središčih se raziskujejo vse možnosti za izrabo še neizrabljenih mestnih površin: V ta sklop sodijo predvsem: degradirana območja "sivih con". Bregovi rek so nekoč predstavljali področje, kjer se je skoncentrirala industrija (izraba vodne energije; odplake), ali pa ostala nepozidana. Pojem bližine reke (predvsem izven mestnih središč) se je povezoval s smradom, neurejenostjo in obrobnostjo.

Kvalitetni primeri urejanja bivališč ob vodah po Evropi pa dokazuje široke možnosti za takšno gradnjo, ki lahko predstavlja višjo kvaliteto bivanja. Hkrati urejanje obrečnih površin ne predstavlja zgolj nove urbanizacije, ampak z dodatnimi rekreacijskimi površinami odpira reke (in njeno dostopnost) širšemu krogu meščanov.

summary

The insufficiency of construction sites in urban areas has given way to research on exploitation possibilities of unexploited city areas, such as degraded grey areas. River banks used to represent areas with a concentration of industry associated with waterpower, refuse liquids and waste matter, as well as construction-less areas. The vicinity of a river, especially outside city centres, was associated with disagreeable and unpleasant smell, untidiness and marginality. Quality examples of the introduction of water residences in Europe are a living proof that there is ample potential for such constructions, often associated with a better quality of life. The urbanisation of river banks oversteps the boundaries of urbanisation by the introduction of recreational areas accessible to a larger circle of city dwellers.

doseženi cilji, namen in rezultati

Naloga prikazuje izbor uspešno izvedenih projektov stanovanjske zazidave ob vodah v različnih evropskih deželah. Skozi študijske projekte skuša preveriti uporabnost tujih izkušenj na posameznih lokacijah v mestu Ljubljana. Le te pa kot oblika zgoščanja mestnega tkiva predstavljajo potencialno razvojno žarišče.

aims achieved, intentions and results

The research focuses on a selection of successful cases of water-residence-construction projects in various European countries. A possible application of European experiences is being tested through case studies concentrating on various Ljubljana locations which may in the process of city densification represent potential development zones.

problematika v arhitekturi, umestitev obravnavane teme v te tokove in njen pomen

Voda kot pomemben element v okolju je tesno povezana s človekovim bivanjem. Vpliv vode na človekovo bivanje in vpliv pozidave na prostor ob vodi je potrebno spremljati z vseh pozitivnih in negativnih vidikov. Posebna skrb se posveča ohranjanju ekološkega in kulturnega ravnovesja.

problematics, topic placement and significance in architecture

Water is an important element in the environment. As such, it has always been closely connected with humans. The influence which water may have on humans and which constructions in the proximity of water may have on space should be monitored in all their positive and negative aspects, while devoting particular attention to the preservation of the ecological and cultural balance.

ključne besede

arhitektura, bivanje, voda, reka, mesto

key words

architecture, residence, water, river, town