

NOVA DOBA

(NEW ERA)

URADNO GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLIŠKE JEDNOTE — OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE SOUTH SLAVONIC CATHOLIC UNION

Bratstvo, poštovanost in zasebnoma
ljubezen članstva do J. S. K. Jed-
note more isto uporabiti na častni
visini.

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CLEVELAND, O., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 6TH — SREDA, 6. FEBRUARJA, 1935

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DRUŠTVE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

Plesno veselico, združeno z maškerado, priredi društvo št. 32 JSKJ v Black Diamond, Wash., v soboto 16. februarja. Veselica se bo vršila v Morganville dvoranji.

Zveza JSKJ društev v zapadni Pennsylvaniji priredi skupno z društvom št. 12, 26, 182 in 196 veliko plesno in maškeradno veselico na Washingtonov rojstni dan, to je 22. februarja. Veselica se bo vršila v Slovenskem domu v Pittsburghu, Pa.

Zensko društvo št. 137 JSKJ v Clevelandu, O., priredi v nedeljo 24. februarja plesno veselico v Knausovi dvoranji.

Društvo št. 3 JSKJ v mestu La Salle, Ill., priredi plesno veselico v nedeljo 17. februarja. Veselica se bo vršila v cerkveni dvorani.

Slovenski Sokol v Clevelandu, O., priredi v nedeljo 17. februarja veliko javno telovadbo v avditoriju Slovenskega Narodnega Doma na St. Clair Ave. Telovadbi sledita ples in prosta zabava.

Slovenski Narodni Čitalnici v Clevelandu, O., ki ima svoje prostore v S. N. Domu na St. Clair Ave., je plačalo častno članarino v znesku \$3.00 društvo Jugoslav Camp, št. 293 WOW.

V Clevelandu, O., se mudi teden Mr. Louis Adamič, avtor zanimive knjige "The Native's Return," ki jo mnogi imenujejo pravo visoko pesem o lepotah Jugoslavije in vrlinah Slovencev, Hrvatov in Srbov. Omenjena knjiga, ki je izšla lani 1. februarja, je v teku enega leta dosegla 29 izdaj, in je sedno v vrsti knjig, ki se najbolje prodajajo, kakor zatrjuje Mr. Elrick B. Davis, literarni urednik lista "The Cleveland Press."

V Homer Cityju, Pa., je umrl rojak Frank Pohe, član društva št. 122 JSKJ, star 52 let. Zapušča soprogom Mary Pohe. Pokojnik je bil rojen v vasi Senoševi pri Leskovcu na Dolenjskem.

V La Salle-u, Ill., je preminil rojak Hubert Dular, star 61 let, član društva št. 3 JSKJ in društva SNPJ. Zapušča vdovo in več odraslih otrok. Star je bil 61 let in je bil rojen v vasi Senoševi pri Novem mestu.

V Clevelandu, O., je po kratki bolezni umrl John Avsec, star 68 let, član društva št. 37 JSKJ. Bil je član tudi drugih podpornih in kulturnih društav. Zadnja leta je bil brez dela in je živel v zelo skromnih razmerah. V Ameriki je bival 37 let. Tu zapušča tri polbrate in sestro, v starem kraju pa ženo, sina in hčer. Pokojnik je bil rojen v vasi Prelesje pri Št. Rupertu na Dolenjskem.

V Brooklynu, N. Y., je po 2-letnem bolehanju umrla rojakinja Josephine Orosch, starca ekrog 50 let, edina sestra Mr. Ivan Zupana, urednika "Glasila KSKJ" v Clevelandu, O. V državi New York zapušča sočaga, pet sinov, eno hčer in brata Louisa, v Clevelandu, O., brata Ivana, v starem kraju pa

(Dalej na 2. strani)

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

PRIHODNJI TOREK bomo v Zedinjenih državah obhajali praznik obletnice rojstva Abrahama Lincolnja, velikega človekoljuba in enega najslavnih predsednikov te republike. Lincoln je bil rojen 12. februarja 1809 in je bil 16. predsednik Zedinjenih držav.

PREDSEDNIK ROOSEVELT je ponovno posvaril kongres, da se nikar ne sme zvišati nad 15 mesečno prispevki federalne vlade za starostno pokojnino.

Njegov načrt za socialno varnost določa, da federalna vlada prispeva omenjeni znesek le, če posamezne države prispevajo v isto svrhu enake vsote. Na ta način bi znašala starostna pokojnina za posameznike največ \$30 mesečno, ker je dvomljivo, da bi posamezne države hotele prispevati več kot zvezna vlada.

PRAVILNIK za avtomobilko industrijo je predsednik Roosevelt podaljšal za nadaljnih šest mesecev. William Green, predsednik Ameriške delavske federacije, je izjavil, da je omenjeni pravilnik skrajno krivičen za delavce in da organizirano delavstvo ne bo pravilnika niti sprejelo niti priznajo.

POSLANSKA zbornica zvezga konгрesa je dovolila 4880 milijonov dolarjev za javna dela, da se odpomore brezposelnosti. V senatu pa se pripravlja močan odpor, posebno proti dolobi, da predsednik razpolaga z omenjeno vsoto po svoji razsodnosti.

O. ZVISANJU dohodninskih davkov se zadnje čase v Washingtonu vedno bolj pogosto govorji. Pričakuje se, da bo kongres pred koncem zasedanja primoran zvišati federalni dohodninski davek in da bo to zvišanje najbolj zadelo velike dohodke.

ZVEZNI SENAT je pretekli teden porazil resolucijo, po kateri bi se Zedinjene države pričrničile stalnemu mednarodnemu razsodišču. Za resolucijo je glasovalo 52 senatorjev, proti pa 36. Manjkaljo je sedem glasov do potrebnega dvetretjinske večine.

DRŽAVNI TAJNIK Hull je z brazilskim poslanikom Aranho podpisal posebno trgovinsko pogodbo med Zedinjenimi državami in Brazilijo. Po določbah te pogodbe bo Brazilija znižala ali odpravila carino na mnoge ameriške izdelke, istotako pa bodo tudi Zedinjene države znižale ali odpravile carino na znatno stvari brazilskih pridelkov. Karovo in enakem položaju kot brat ali sestra oziroma prijatelj ameriškega državljanja. Kdor se hoče potruditi za njihov prihod, mora potom affidavit dokazati svoje dobro gmočno stanje, da jo more primeroma vzdrževati. Zarocenec naj tudi pošlje garancijsko pismo, da jo poroči takoj po njenem prihodu. Ako ima zarocenka v Ameriki svojo družino ali prijateljico, je umestno, da taka ženska napravi affidavit, v katerem se obvezuje, da bo dotičnica stanovala pri njej od prihoda do poroke.

Pred letom 1924 so priseljenske oblasti poskrbovale za izvršitev poroke v priseljeniški postaji, ali te navade ni več. FLIS.

SENATOR BORAH priporoča, da bi senat dovolil vsoto \$10,000 za preiskavo glede zatiranja svobode v Mehiki. Cle-

PROBLEMI PRISELJENCA

Vprašanje: Ženska, rojena v inozemstvu, poročila se je leta 1920 z ameriškim državljanom. Razporočila se je od njega leta 1932. Ali je izgubila ameriško državljanstvo vsled razporoke?

Odgovor: Pred dnem 22. septembra 1922 je inozemka postala ameriška državljanica vsled poroke z ameriškim državljanom, in to avtomatično. Zato je ona postala ameriška državljanica. Razporoka ne pomenja v tem nič in ona je še vedno ameriška državljanica.

Vprašanje: Neki fant je prišel v to deželo skupaj s starši, ko je bil dve leti star. Oče je vzel prvi državljanški papir, ali ni nikdar postal ameriški državljan. Pred letom dni je umrl. Fant bo za eno leto polnoleten. Kaj naj storiti, da postane ameriški državljan?

Odgovor: Zakon od 24. maja 1934 je izrecno razveljavil predpise prejšnjega zakona, po katerem vdova in mladoleten sin incenzem s prvim papirjem sta mogla zaprositi za naturalizacijo brez svojega lastnega prvega papirja. Ta fant si mora prisjeti svoj "lastni" prvi papir in dve leti kasnejše more zaprositi za naturalizacijo.

Vprašanje: Nedavno sem postal ameriški državljan. Hotel bi dobiti sem ženo in dvoje nedoljetnih otrok, ki so še v Evropi. Kaj naj storim?

Odgovor: Pišite na U. S. Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization, Washington, D. C., na tiskovini 633. To tiskovino je treba pozorno izpolniti in poslati v Washington, po navodilih, natiskanih na tiskovini. Ako je prošnja v redu, priseljeniški komisar obvesti prisilca. On tudi obvesti Department of State, da imajo dotičnici pravico do izvenkovne vize. Department od svoje strani pa obvesti dotičnega ameriškega konzula. Umestno je tudi, da prisilec preskrbi svojce v starem kraju z zaprišenimi izjavami (affidavits), ki naj potrdijo dobro gospodarsko stanje prisilca. Poleg teh affidavits naj se priložijo tudi spričevala delodajalca, ki naj potrdijo, da je dotičnik stalno zaposlen, in izjava banke o stanju hranične vloge, ako ima hraniček kak denar v banki.

Vprašanje: Zarocen sem z dečkom, ki se nahaja v inozemstvu. Ali je mogoče dobiti jo v Ameriko kot izvenkovno priseljenko, ako se poročiva na Ellis Island? Jaz sem ameriški državljan.

Odgovor: Ameriški državljan ne more dobivati sem svojo zarocenko niti kot izvenkovno priseljenko niti v prednostni kvoti, marveč le kot običajno kvoto priseljenko, aka je to mogoče. V tem pogledu je ona v enakem položaju kot brat ali sestra oziroma prijatelj ameriškega državljanja. Kdor se hoče potruditi za njihov prihod, mora potom affidavit dokazati svoje dobro gmočno stanje, da jo more primeroma vzdrževati. Zarocenec naj tudi pošlje garancijsko pismo, da jo poroči takoj po njenem prihodu. Ako ima zarocenka v Ameriki svojo družino ali prijateljico, je umestno, da taka ženska napravi affidavit, v katerem se obvezuje, da bo dotičnica stanovala pri njej od prihoda do poroke.

MODERNI BABILON

Francoska Akademija znanosti poroča, da se na svetu govori 3000 živilih jezikov. Izumrli jezikov, ki so se nekoč govorili na svetu, zdaj pa se ne rabijo več, je akademija našela 3763. Najbolj so razširjena azijska narečja. V Aziji je najbolj razširjena kitajščina v raznih dialektih, splošno na zemlji pa zavzema prvo mesto angleščina. Za angleščino pride po razširjenosti najprej španščina, potem ruščina, nemščina, francosčina in po daljšem presledku še italijanščina.

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NOVI VIRI GUMIJA

Gumij ali kavčuk je sirovina, brez katere bi v sedanjem času težko izhajali. Največ gumija se porabi za obroče ali pnevmatične motorne vozil. Vsi vemo, da imajo Zedinjene države več motornih vozil kot katerakoli druga dežela na svetu, in že samo to kaže, kako važen je gumij za Ameriko. Vsi pa tudi vemo, da se iz gumija izdeluje še stoteri drugi predmeti, katerih skoro ne bi mogli pogrešati.

Sirov gumij se pridobiva iz narezane lubje gumijevih dreves, imenovanih heva, ki raste v tropskih krajih Južne Amerike in drugod. Zedinjene države so torej navezane na import sirovine. Države, ki kontrolirajo pridelek gumija, lahko dvignejo cene do take višine, da bi s tem olajšale to delo za več sto milijonov dolarjev letno. Prav za prav se je to že zgodilo med leti 1923 in 1927. To je vzpodbudilo poljedelski department ameriške vlade, da je začel resno iskati domačih virov gumija.

V Floridi goji zdaj zvezni poljedelski department okrog 30,000 gumijevih dreves, ki dobro uspevajo. V teku nekaj let bodo plantaze gumijevih dreves na našem jugu znatno povečane. Gumijevi dreves je najizdatnejši vir sirovega gumija, toda dreve mora biti staro 15 do 20 let, predno mu je mogoče gumijevi sek odjemati.

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Mnogo obetačo vir gumija je znana ameriška rastlina goldenrod, ki raste divja po vseh državah našega Unije. Znano je, da je rdečnji Thomas Alva Edison več let delal poskuse s to rastlino, po njegovih smrti pa s temi poskusi nadaljuje zvezni poljedelski department. Zgojenjem v krizanjem so vzgajili vrsto goldenroda, ki vsebuje do 12 percentov gumija. Eksperimenti se vrše še naprej in najbolj bo mogoče te rastline se izboljšati, to je, da bodo dajale več gumija.

Mnogo se je razpravljalo, da li je na drugih planetih tudi življenje, podobno življenu na naši zemlji, da-lj je poleg naše zemlje še kak planet obljuden. Točnega odgovora na to še nismo, vse je le ugibanje. Znanstveniki menijo, da na planetih našega sončev sistema bi bilo raznoliko življenje, kar se hudi snežni zameti v dušavski in drinski banovini predstavimo, če pomislimo, da svetloba do našega sonca do zemlje potrebuje za svojo pot le osem minut.

V vsemirju je neštete milijone zvezd. Izboljšani teleskopi jih vedno več odkrivajo. Te zvezde, ki so sonca, mnogo večja od našega, imajo najbrž tudi svoje planete, ki krožijo okoli njih. Teh planetov seveda je tako daleč od nas, da potrebuje svetloba od tam do nas 1500 let. Dotična eksplozija se je zgodila torej pred 1500 leti in še po tem času je ta svetloba dosegla našo zemljo. Kakšne daljave so to, si približno predstavimo, če pomislimo, da svetloba do našega sonca do zemlje potrebuje za svojo pot 1500 let.

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TUJSKI PROMET

Tujski promet v Ljubljani je bil lansko leto znatno manjši kot v letu prej. Leta 1933 je obiskalo Ljubljano 75,828 tujcev, lani pa le 58,908. Na Bledu pa je tujski promet z vsakim letom boljši. Leta 1933 je obiskalo Bled 17,376 tujcev, lani pa 18,628. Izmed posetnikov je bilo nad sedem tisoč Jugoslovov, nad tri tisoč Avstrijev in nad tri tisoč Čehoslovakov; Američanov je bilo 130. Tekom zadnjih štirih let je imel Bled skupno 67,618 letovičarjev.

V Trbovljah je z novim letom stopil v pokoj organist Michael Ličar, ki je tamkaj opravljal svojo službo polnih 42 let. Kot mlad človek se je iz Primorske priselil v Trbovlje, kjer se je takoj začel udejstvovati v kulturnem in narodnem delu. To ni bilo lahko, kajti takrat je v dolini še vladal nemški dun. Ličar je ustanoval prvo slovensko pevsko društvo "Zvon," ker je dobro vedel, da se z lepo pes-

ZEMLJA IN VSEMIRJE

Včasi, pred nekaterimi stoletji, so tudi najbolj izobraženi ljudje verjeli, da je naša zemlja središče vsega stvarstva. Sonce je bilo po njihovem mnenju manjše od zemlje in je bilo na nebu le zato, da je zemlja ogrevalo in razsvetljevalo. Zvezde so jim bili prijazne obice, ki so krasile nebesni obok v veselje zemljjanov.

Danes pa se že otroci v osnovnih šolah učijo, da je naša zemlja le majhen prašek v vsemirju. Zemlja in drugi planeti, kot Merkur, Venera, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uran, Neptun in Pluto, so tudi majhni otroci sonca. Zvezde, ki jih ponoči vidi na nebu, so po večini sonca in večinoma so ta sonca mnogo večja od našega sonca. Kakor male zvezdice se nam vidijo le vsled tega, ker so tako

"Nova Doba"

GLASILLO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLISKE JEDNOTE

Lastnina Jugoslovanske Katoliške Jednote.

IZHAJA VSAKO SREDO

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of the

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NO. 6

Poštenje in odkritost

Naš narod ima med obilico drugih dobrih lastnosti svetovno najbolj cenjeno čestnost: poštenost. V splošnem lahko trdimo, da ni bolj poštenega naroda pod soncem kot je narod slovenski. Izjeme so seveda povsod in kajpak tudi med nami; te izjeme pa ne izpremeni pravila. Da gornja trditve ni pretirana, so dokazali slovenski priseljenci v tej deželi povsod, kjerkoli so se naselili v kolikor toliko kompaktnih skupin. Američani in drugorodci, ki so imeli ali imajo kakršnekoli poslovne stike z našimi priseljenci, so to že nenetekrat potrdili.

Naši ljudje v splošnem uživajo v tej deželi kredit dobre plačnikov, kredit ljudi, katerih beseda drži, kakor od odvetnikov sestavljena in po pričah potrjena pogodba. Zahrbnost in hinavščina nimata domovinske pravice med nami. Kar je tega plevela med nami, je po večini tujega izvora. Pošten Slovenec, ako je izvan ali ako iz drugih razlogov čuti potrebo za to, pove prijatelju ali neprijatelju v obraz kaj misli o njem. Pravemu Slovencu je pod čast, da bi se posluževal takozvane šepečajoče kampanje. On ne iše niti ovinkov niti posredovalcev niti dvoumenga namaganja. Brani svoje pravice, obenem pa brezpogojno priznava pravice drugih ter da priznanje za dobre in splošnosti koristne čine tudi svojim nasprotnikom.

Taka je slovenska poštenost in odkritosrčnost, in s pososom lahko konštati ramo, da jo je še zelo visok odstotek med našimi rojaki v tej deželi. Izroke v nasproti smeri, ki se pojavljo tu in tam, pa jemljemo z obžalovanjem na znanje, v glavnem zato, da se moremo čuvati njihovi škodljivi vpliv. Poštenost in odkritosrčnost sta nam dragocena dediščina po naših prednikih. Ako ju bomo kultivirali, da ostaneta zdravi in sočni, bomo na najlepši način počastili spomin naših dedov in ocetov, obenem pa bomo prispevali neprecenljiv zaklad deželi, katero smo si izbrali za našo novo domovino.

Naša J. S. K. Jednota je produkt slovenskih priseljencev, je sad njihove skrbi za bodočnost, njihovega varčevanja in njihovega poštenja, katero ne mara izrabljana tuje dobrodelnosti. To poštenje nam je narekovalo, da smo si zasigurali pomoč za največje potrebe v fondu, ki je zrastel in se vzdržuje iz naših lastnih prispevkov, iz naših asesmentov. Skupno premoženje J. S. K. Jednote znaša skoraj dva milijona dolarjev in vse to je bilo zbrano po dolarjih in centih.

Vemo, da se to premoženje upravlja varčno in pošteeno. Veimo dalje, da dobri iz tega premoženja pošteno in pravčno podporo vsak, ki je po pravilih do iste upravičen. Naša J. S. K. Jednota je poštena napram vsem, napram svojim članom in napram zunanjemu svetu. Nikomur ne storji krivice vedoma in namenoma. Naša Jednota ne obljubi nikomur več, kakor more dati po svojih premoženskih zmožnostih. Pri nas ni nikakih zavajalnih obljub, nikakih zavith paragrafov. Pravila so tako jasna, kot pač morejo biti v danih razmerah.

Naša J. S. K. Jednota je tudi poštena in odkrita z ozirom na druge bratske podporne organizacije. Nobene ne podcenjuje, nobeni ne podpira sebičnih namenov, vsaki prizna, da je na svoj način dobra in potrebna za gotove skupine naroda. Živeti, rasti in prospevati hoče v dobrem in poštemen sosedstvu sestra med sestrami, ker se zaveda, da je za vse dovolj prostora, dovolj neobdelanega polja, dovolj plemenitega podpornega dela.

Končno je naša J. S. K. Jednota poštena in odkritosrčna v tem, da v svojih pravilih jasno pove, da je njen delo le podporno, brez vsake verske in politične primesi. V Jednoti smo vsi enakopravni bratje in sestre, izven iste pa se vsak lahko udejstvuje v katerikoli politični ali verski skupini, ali pa v nobenem. Nikogar ne protežira in nikogar ne zapostavlja zaradi njegovega prepričanja, pa bilo tako ali tako. Od svojih članov zahteva le lojalnost, zvestobo in poštenost, ter od svoje strani garantira lojalnost za lojalnost, zvestobo za zvestobo in poštenost za poštenost.

Bratje in sestre, ali ni ta dobra J. S. K. Jednota vredna, da v isto privabite vse svoje prijatelje in znance?

IZ UPRAVNIŠTVA

Člani, ki želijo točno prejemati list, naj vsako izpremembo v naslovu takoj sporocijo upravnemu Nove Dobe. To lahko storijo potom društvenega tajnika ali pa direktorja sami. Vsaka sporocena izprememba se bo takoj upoštevala. V vsakem takem naznalu naj se navede popolni novi in stari naslov, obenem s številko društva.

Društveni tajniki so prošeni, da upravnemu Nove Dobe sporočajo imena in polne naslove vseh umrlih, odstopnikov ali črtanih članov. Le na ta način jih more urednik v naslovniku najti in črati.

VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje iz 1. strani).

drugimi državami naše Unije. Nobena kolonija nudistov ali nagevcev še ni bila tam ustanovljena. Državne postave jih sicer ne prepovedujejo, toda one-mogočajo jih nepisane postave vremenskih bogov.

V Duluthu sem videl vrsto železniških voz naloženih s snegom in delavcev, ki so nakladali nadaljnje kare s snegom. To je menda v teh krajih najboljša industrija pozimi. Kam pošiljajo lepi beli minnesotski sneg, v Florida ali Californijo, nisem vtegnil poizvedeti.

Minnesotska zima vzbuja človeku prav domordne spomine, posebno zaradi tistih gazi, ki so na obeh straneh zavarovana z visokimi snežnimi nasipi. Pa tudi zelene smreke so letos zelo lepe, bogato obložene z belimi nebeskimi sadeži. In dresni štori so vsi v paradi: vsak ima belo škofovsko kapo.

V Minnesoti imajo v tem času največje zaloge snega in svezega zraka. Sneg je neprimereno lepi kot oni, ki smo ga nabajeni v Clevelandu, in se ne izpridi dolge meseca. Zrak pa je svež, kot da ni bil še nikdar rabljen. Kakor ostra nova metla doseže vse kote zunaj in znotraj. Moj dopoldanski ne-deljski izprehod je meril le tri bloke daleč od hotela in tri bloke nazaj, pa sem si nabral tako svežega zraka, da ga je bilo za ves dan dosti.

Nadzorniki, ki so šli v Minnesota pred nami, da pregledajo splošno poslovanje, so nam poročali, da so našli vse v redu, kakor mora biti. Knjige in računi so v redu, Jednota je solventna, pa tudi minnesotska zima je pokazala svojo solventnost, ko je registrirala 45 stopenj pod nič. Ko smo mi priti tja, je bila zima znatno po-pustila in mi ji nismo nič zamerili; glede njene solventnosti smo drage volje vzeli na znanje zatrdirila našega glavnega predsednika na naših glavnih nadzornikov.

To-le sem slišal v zasneženi Minnesota in se mi zdi vredno, da jo zapišem. Dragi rojak je dobil sinčka prvorjenca, na katerega je bil nad vse ponosen. Svojim tovarišem v rovu je vsak dan pripojedoval, kako medvedje moč je fantek in da komaj je zagledal luč sveta, je že z močnim glasom zajokal. Eden tovariš, kateremu je postal preveč te večne otročje hvale, je ponosnega očeta zafrnil: "Ni čuda, če se je fant bridko zjokal, ko je videl, kakšnega očeta ima!"

Naš ameriško-slovenski slikar Gregory Perusek ima rad zime in tako rad slika zimske motive. Zimsko pokrajino naslika tako realistično, da me pri pogledu nanjo začne miraziti. O tem sem se prepričal pred par tedni, ko sem ga obiskal na njegovem domu. V tem času bi nudila Minnesota našemu umetniku mnogo idealnih zimskih motivov. Vsekakor naj tega ne smatra, kot valjalo v Minnesota. Če bo preveč zimskih slik na njegovi prihodnjih razstavah, ne bo pojden gladat, razen, če se bo vrnila v vročih pasijih dneh.

Sicer pa naj povevam, da imam tudi jaz nekajko rad minnesotsko zimo. Če zaradi drugega ne, vsaj zato, ker mi je dala gradivo za to današnjo kolono.

Lepo Minnesota drži zdaj v objemu zimski zmaj kot zakleti princezino. Zala princeza spi pod belim ptom in le zeleni šopki smrek kažejo, da pod ptom tisto utripa življene. Včasih skrivnostno zašumijo, kakor bi ji pele uspavanku s pes-

zavi. Pred nekaj dnevi je ukazal enemu člunu svoje telesne straže, da je pretepel časniškega poročevalca, ki si je upal brez dovoljenja fotografirati njegovo Longovo "veličanstvo." Malo prej je bil na njegov učak kaznovan neki policaj, ki je ustavil prehitro vozeči avtomobil, v katerem se je vozil Longov sin. Zdi se skoro, kakor bi Louisiana ne bila več v Zedinjenih državah.

UPTON SINCLAIR, poraženi kandidat za governerja v Califoriji, je nedavno na javnem shodu izjavil, da mu je največje zagonetka leta 1934, kako bo živel pet do šest milijonov ljudi, ki ne bodo deležni podpor, niti ne bodo mogli dobiti zaposlitve. Predsednik Roosevelt je v svoji poslanici naglasil, da bo zvezna vlada preskrbila zaposljene za tri in pol milijona oseb, posamezne države pa bodo morale skrbeti za nadaljni poldrug milijon nezaposlenih ljudi. Ker je brezposelnih delavcev in dejeli 10 do 11 milijonov, je uganka, kako bo živila polovica teh. Sinclair je dejal, da ima Roosevelt sicer dobro voljo pomagati ljudstvu, toda ker hoče na vsak način obdržati profitni sistem, nikakor ne bo mogel uspeti. Privatni profitti pomenijo revščino tistih, ki producirajo.

DRUŠTVE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

(Nadaljevanje s prve strani)

tri brate in 80-letno mater. Rojena je bila v vasi Sela pod Kuumom na Dolenjskem.

V Detroitu, Mich., je dne 2. februarja preminil v Grace bolnišnici Harry Anžiček, staršel 16 let. Pokojni mladenec je bil med detroitskimi rojaki dobro znan, ker je kot dober umetnik na harmoniku dostikrat igral na slovenskih prireditvah.

Z Članica društva št. 149 JSKJ, Frances Smrekar, v Strabane, Pa., je prejela iz starega kraja poročilo, da ji je v vasi Lazje pri Crmošnjicah umrl njen oče Jakob Rothel, star 84 let.

ZEMLJA IN VSEMIRJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

Irena 25 trilijonov milj. Trilijon milijon milijonov.

Rimska cesta pa je le ena skupina zvezd ali galaksij; v vsemirju je neznano število drugih galaksij z nadaljnimi bilijoni sonč. To nam daje vsaj nekajko pojma, kako majhno je v vsemirju naše sonce s svojimi planeti vred in kako silno majhna je še le naša zemlja, ki spada med manjše planete našega sonca!

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

velandski dnevnik "Press" k temu pikro pripominja, da se senat ni nič zganil, ko so kuklukarsarji zatirali svoboščino ameriških državljanov, niti se ni pognal za civilne svobodščine ljudstva v Louisiana, Californiji in raznih drugih državah naše Unije. Daleč piše omenjenega lista, da će senat uvede preiskavo razmer v Mehiki, naj tudi preisce zatiranje židov in katalikov v Nemčiji, Mussolinijeve tiranije v Italiji, diktaturo v Jugoslaviji, angleško diktaturo v Indiji, razmere in civilne svobodščine v Rusiji, na Japonskem in drugod. Dalje omenja, da bi se na drugi strani Japonska lahko razburjala zaradi postopanja z Japonci na našem zapadu, Hitler zaradi Hauptmann, Rusija zaradi ameriškega postopanja s komunisti, Irska zaradi po nedolžnem zaprtega Toma Moreya in Mehika zaradi izkoriscenja mehiških delavcev na ameriškem jugu. Končno pripominja, da bo Amerika potrebovala precej veliko armado in mornarico, če se bo začela vmesavati v domače spore inozemskih držav.

RUSKA ARMADA se je počela od 562,000 na 940,000 mož in izdatki za armado so se zvišali za več kot tri tisoč milijonov rubljev v primeri z lanskim letom. Za vrok se navaja japonsko nevarnost.

PROHIBICIJA je bila dne 2. februarja letos odpravljena v Islandiji (Iceland) po dvajsetletni preizkušnji. Splošno glasovanje je dalo rezultat 11,624 glasov za nadaljevanje prohibicije, 15,884 pa za odpravo iste. Islandija je otok v severnem Atlantiku, meri okrog 39,000 kvadratnih milj in šteje nekaj nad 100,000 prebivalcev. Dežela je samoupravna monarhija ali kraljevina, ki ima z Dansko skupno le kralja. Parlamentarno vlado ima že nad 1000 let. Islandija je tipična dežela demokracije, ki nima ne armado ne mornarico in nikakih utrdib; dežela ne pozna deficita in ne brez posebnosti.

IZ UPRAVNIŠTVA

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Jugoslovanska Katoliška Jednota v Ameriki

Ely, Minnesota



GLAVNI ODBOR

a) Izvrševalni odbor:

Predsednik: PAUL BARTEL, 225 N. Lewis Ave., Waukegan, Ill. Prvi podpredsednik: MATT ANZELC, Box 12, Aurora, Minn. Drugi podpredsednik: LOUIS M. KOLAR, 6117 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Tajnik: ANTON ZBASNICK, Ely, Minn. Pomočni tajnik: LOUIS J. KOMPARE, Ely, Minn.

Blagajnik: LOUIS CHAMPA, Ely, Minn. Vrhovni zdravnik: DR. F. J. ARCH, 618 Chestnut St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Urednik-upravnik glasila: ANTON J. TERBOVEC, 6117 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, O.

b) Nadzorni odbor:

Predsednik: JOHN KUMŠE, 1735 E. 33rd St. Lorain, O.

1. nadzornik: JANKO N. ROGELJ, 6401 Superior Ave., Cleveland, O.

2. nadzornik: JOHN BALKOVEC, 5400 Butler St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

3. nadzornik: FRANK E. VRANICHAR, 1812 N. Center St., Joliet, Ill.

4. nadzornik: JOSEPH MANTEL, Ely, Minn.

c) Glavni odbor:

Predsednik: JOHN KUMŠE, 1735 E. 33rd St. Lorain, O.

1. odbornik: JOHN SCHUTTE, 4751 Baldwin Ct., Denver, Colo.

2. odbornik: VALENTIN OREHEK, 79 Union Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

3. odbornik: ROSE SVETICH, Ely, Minn.

4. odbornik: JOHN

New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF
Official Organ
of the
South Slavonic Catholic Union.

Nova Doba

AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS

CURRENT THOUGHT

Read the By-Laws

How many of our members have taken the time to read through the constitution and by-laws governing our Union? If this question were asked of the members and results tabulated it is not unreasonable to assume that a very small minority had taken the time to read the structure underlying the SSCU.

There are 527 sections incorporated in our by-laws which are printed and bound in pamphlet form. At the first glance the reading matter may discourage the average member from making a thorough study. But Rome was not built in one day and neither can a member intelligently peruse the 97 pages in one evening.

The simplest and easiest way to absorb the contents of our by-laws is to devote one hour each evening to reading the text. By following such a procedure the mind is given an opportunity to absorb ideas sets forth.

* * *

The most common error committed by individuals when attempting to study rules and regulations embodied by any organization is to spend one or two whole evenings in study. Such a method invariably turns out unfavorably. The person becomes tired of the study before he is even half through. There are exceptions where the mind is abnormally trained to grasp new ideas quickly. But such cases are few and far between.

The safest and most logical plan is to read and study a few sections of our by-laws at a time. In this way the mind has a chance to digest the contents and during the interval elapsing before the next reading the mind is literally regenerated and keyed up for another study.

Starting to read Page 1 of any book of rules and continuing until the last page is completed is a tedious process for any person to follow. The inherent motive is to complete the book in the shortest time possible. Too often such a method discourages the reader from going further than the third or fourth page, unless it is compulsory instruction.

With our by-laws the member can start with any sub-head; for example, the accident and indemnity fund covers about four pages. This can be read through in one evening, and the following day the member can turn to sick benefit, which covers about eight and one-half pages, and so on.

Although the reading of our by-laws will hardly appeal to members interested only in fiction, nevertheless several points of vital importance to the member shall have been discovered that will arouse more than ordinary curiosity. For instance, on Page 141, Sections 293 and 294, show the amounts assessable for sick, accident and indemnity, expense, disability and sports funds, while Pages 137, 138 and 139 show the amounts applicable to each person for the three types of death benefit certificates.

To many the simple process of determining the amount of assessments applicable to prospective candidates for membership will be amazing.

To the conscientious member willing to spend a little time each evening in the study of our by-laws the process will be a matter of pleasure rather than duty.

* * *

Bro. F. J. Progar of Lodge No. 203, Springdale, Pa., who conducts the weekly "Matter of Opinion" column, emphasizes the suggestion made by Sis. Peternel of Lodge No. 221, Center, Pa., for the need of discussing the by-laws at the monthly lodge meeting.

Bro. Progar points out the particular need for such discussions among the English-speaking members, many of whom are members of but a few years' standing.

Our English-conducted lodges would do well to follow this suggestion as well as subordinate clubs of SSCU lodges. However, it is strongly advisable that English-speaking members first read the by-laws at home; otherwise, there may be too many disinterested members compelled to listen to a discussion in which they are informed but superficially. Such a course would tend to keep many members from the meetings when a discussion of the by-laws was in progress.

CONCEITED MALE

No matter how great in your work you may be,
There's always a greater in form or degree.
This world is large, but that doesn't matter,
There are much larger worlds, theories to shatter.
The size of our universe makes our own thoughts succumb
To the knowledge of greater ones, ad infinitum.
But try to surpass, it would be to no avail,
The stupid, colossal conceit of the male.

Selma Marlowe.

Capital and Durable Goods

Capital goods are usually considered such things as office buildings, apartment houses, factories, production machinery and other things for production or investment. Durable goods take in those consumer goods which may be expected to last for some time, such as locomotives, automobiles, steel rails, refrigerators, stoves, etc.

FEZ IN TURKEY

This part of the national costume was abolished shortly after Turkey became a republic. Turks now wear hats. It is said that a large number of fez and turban manufacturers were compensated by the government for the loss of their business.

Results of Lodges Nos. 222-89 Tournament

BRIEFS

Western Pennsylvania Federation of SSCU Lodges along with lodges of Pittsburgh, Pa., namely, Nos. 12, 26, 182 and 196, will hold a big masquerade dance on Washington's Birthday, Feb. 22, in the Slovener National Home in Pittsburgh. The English-speaking element is expected to be well represented as several E. S. lodges are members of the federation.

Louis Adamic celebrated the first anniversary of his work, "The Native's Return," in Cleveland, where he is expected to remain the rest of this week. How "The Native's Return" was received by the American public is best illustrated by the announcement of Harper's, publishers of the book, that the classic is going to press for the 29th edition.

Mr. Adamic's "Grandsons," his latest book, is expected to be released soon and will be on sale to the public.

All Minnesota SSCU basketball teams interested in a Minnesota SSCU basketball tournament are requested to get in touch with Louis J. Kompare, assistant supreme secretary, SSCU, Ely, Minn., for arrangements to decide a state SSCU basketball lodge champion.

Cleveland SSCU Bowling League

Male members of George Washington Lodge, No. 180, SSCU, of Cleveland, O., will exhibit their prowess in baking after the lodge's regular monthly meeting to be held Friday, Feb. 8, in the Slovener National Home, Room No. 2. The girls held a baking contest following the last meeting and so successful was this venture that the boys decided to follow suit. According to advance reports, the committee in charge will provide enough aspirins to afford temporary relief to all who will partake of the boys' noble experiment.

Slovene Sokols of Cleveland will stage their annual exhibition of calisthenics and heavy gymnastics on Sunday, Feb. 17, in the main auditorium of the Slovener National Home. On the program will be included exercises performed by men, women, boys and girls. Dance will follow the exhibition.

Tony Blondell, the pride of Waukegan, Ill., scored his 13th successive bout victory when he outpointed John Whyte of Joliet, Ill., on Jan. 25. On Feb. 22 Blondell will appear in a return match against Bobby Freeman at Arlington Hotel. The Waukegan flash is a member of Comrades Lodge, No. 193, SSCU.

Josephine Orosch of Brooklyn, N. Y., passed away recently following an illness of two years' duration. The deceased was a sister of Ivan Zupan, editor of Glasilo KSKJ, official organ of the Grand Carniolian Slovenian Catholic Union.

Ely, Minn., high school debating teams are busy these days presenting arguments against high school teams situated on the range. Last week the Ely affirmative team was given the unanimous decision over the Eveleth negative com-

Flashes

Cleveland, O.—A thrilling bowling match was held between Betsy Ross Lodge team and the Grdina Furniture aggregation on Jan. 23, in which the Flagmakers came out on top by 170 pins. B. R.'s rolled 2696 against 2524 for the Grdinians. The writer had a nice evening with scores of 226, 184 and 221 for a total of 631, with Robert Riddle close behind with a 596 series. Joe Hisay's 533 series was the best for the Grdinians. Another match game is being arranged between the same two teams for the near future.

Louis Tolar has been seen drinking pop lately. What seems to be the trouble, Louis, are you growing weak or can't you take it anymore?

Members, let's go out and show our loyalty to the organization by going out and getting a new member. Many prospects are available if we would only go out and induce all of our friends to join our wonderful organization. So let us make all the efforts possible to make this one of the best years and put our Betsy Ross Lodge on top. There are many opportunities to do so.

Albert Jeleric,
No. 186, SSCU.

Cleveland SSCU Bowling League

Cleveland, O.—Two out of three games was the best any team could score last Sunday when the Cleveland SSCU Bowling League rolled on the Superior-E. 118th St. Alleys.

Chiselers made it two victories and one defeat at the expense of the Oke Dokes. W. Guzik paved the way for his teammates with a sizzling 215, while R. Paques' 197 was the best for the Oke Dokes.

Zephyrs won two at the expense of the New Fashions, who in the second game rolled 955 for the only victory. Team handicap of 52 pins helped the Zephyrs to snatch two games.

Bakers, led by G. Kovitch with games of 167, 205 and 193, came through with two victories, while the New Dealers snatched the last game with a score of 825 to the opponents' 798.

Despite the handicap of 47 pins for each game, the Ko-Ka-Mo-Les were able to win but one game from the Honky-Tonks, and this one by a margin of only four pins. J. Jaklich and C. Starman were the leading lights for the Honky-Tonks, while J. "Bub" Kardell and F. Levstek scintillated for the losers.

BANKRUPT

Bankrupt is derived from the Italian "banca-rota" meaning broken bench, for it is said that in Florence the money table or bench was broken when the money changer failed in business. None but a trader could be declared a bankrupt in England until 1861; nor in the United States until the national acts of 1841 and 1867 allowed the term and proceedings to be applied to non-traders.

bination on the subject, "Federal Aid for Education." Olga Poljanec is a member of the affirmative group and Julia Skule and Agnes Halamik are members of the Ely negative team.

Lodge Athletic Teams

The list of athletic supervisors comprising the National SSCU Athletic Board has been grouped into states and published in this form. Purpose of this setup is to enable supervisors of the same state to keep in close touch with each other and in this way formulate plans for lodge athletic competition within the state.

There are 27 athletic supervisors on the athletic Board. Minnesota leads with eight, six of whom are situated in the city of Ely. Pennsylvania comes next with six, Illinois five, Ohio four, Colorado two, New York one and Indiana one.

In answer to my inquiry as to what sports their lodges are interested in, athletic supervisors mention the four major sports: Bowling, basketball, softball or mushball, and hardball. The consensus of opinion appears to favor these sports and plans are under way to organize teams and decide state champions.

This does not mean that localities containing SSCU lodges who might be interested in other sports should not push their favorite games. The purpose of athletics in our Union is to arouse an interest in any sport that will attract the membership and outsiders into becoming a part of the organization.

Frank Govednik, athletic supervisor of Lodge No. 30, Chisholm, Minn., makes a very good suggestion when he writes: "We are somewhat handicapped in bowling because of lack of bowling alleys, but don't you think if we inserted a few more sports, such as tennis, swimming and winter sports, we would give many more members a chance to partake in some branch of athletics? Don't you think that each section could organize teams made up from the various lodges and go as far as sectional championship, purely for the sake of participation, sportsmanship and good-fellowship?"

The policy of our Union is to encourage sports in each section regardless of the part others may or may not take. If, for instance, Ohio is interested in tennis, then the lodges of Ohio can promote a tennis tournament and decide a state champion.

This season the only lodges organizing basketball teams are those situated in Minnesota, and particularly in Ely. For this reason there shall be only a Minnesota state tournament, the champions to be awarded prizes given by our Union.

On the other hand, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and Illinois have shown an inclination for bowling teams. Hence, bowling shall be featured, and a national SSCU bowling tournament will be held in Cleveland during the latter part of April, 1935. Our Union will award suitable prizes in this bowling tournament, details of which will appear in the minutes of the Supreme Board's annual meeting to be published in next week's issue of Nova Doba. It might be added that each participant in the bowling tournament shall defray his own transportation expenses. More will be published about the bowling tournament in subsequent editions following the publication of the Supreme Board's minutes.

Louis M. Kolar, Athletic Commissioner, SSCU.

With the Pathfinders

Gowanda, N. Y.—Members of Pathfinders Lodge who were absent from our January meeting certainly missed a treat. I

don't think I've ever been on such an exciting sleigh ride such as followed the regular meeting. Do all of you remember the thrill, or was it a shock, that we received when we hit a dry spot?

Coming back to actual facts, the dry spot was the cement floor in the basement of our lodge home, and the shock came when Tommy hid eight

and Johnny Batchen didn't have a pedro. There was only one setback. Between playing pool and playing cards I expected to see some of the members shuffling billiard balls and trying to shoot cards in their pockets.

The cooks found one hungry boy among the crowd when he stepped up and asked one of the cooks if she knew the kitchen was on fire. But there was no fire, just a lot of smoke from a couple of burned buns. A good cook always burns something once in a while. Ahem.

Even though we were unable to have our sleigh ride I am sure everyone had an enjoyable evening.

Members of Pathfinder Lodge extend their deepest sympathy to Mrs. Victor Cressier in the death of her father, Mr. John Hawkins.

Doris Sternisha,
No. 222, SSCU.

"What will the girl of eight be in ten years' time?" asks a critic.

Twenty-one.

National SSCU Athletic Board

MINNESOTA

Louis Zgone, 826 E. Sheridan St., Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 1. Stan Pechaver, Box 92, Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 2.

Frank Govednik, 215 Tamarak St., Chisholm, Minn., Lodge No. 30. Nick Popovich Jr., Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 114.

Katherine Peshel, c/o SSCU Home Office, Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 120. John Strukel, Box 1011 Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 184.

John Velaich, Gilbert, Minn., Lodge No. 192.

Anton Zaverl, R. 1, Box 68, Ely, Minn., Lodge No. 200.

PENNSYLVANIA

John Regina, Box 32, Claridge, Pa., Lodge No. 61.

Emanuel Pezdire, 361 River St., Reading, Pa., Lodge No. 61.

L. P. Boberg, 5414 Carnegie Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., Lodge No. 196.

Louis Polaski Jr., 539 Highland Ave., East Canonsburg, Pa., Lodge No. 205.

Theodore Kukich, Box 42, Export, Pa., Lodge No. 218.

Ignatz Oblock, R. D. 1, Turtle Creek, Pa., Lodge No. 221.

ILLINOIS

John L. Zortz, 1657 E. 31st St., Lorain, O., Lodge No. 6.

Victor Karlinger, 1086 Addison Rd., Cleveland, O., Lodge No. 180.

George Kovich, 364 E. 161st St., Cleveland, O., Lodge No. 186.

John Laurich, 15717 Saranac Rd., Cleveland, O., Lodge No. 188.

John L. Jevitz Jr., 1321 N. Hickory St., Joliet, Ill., Lodge No. 66.

Louis Dolmovich, 2003 S. Leavitt St., Chicago, Ill., Lodge No. 70.

Louis Rode, 930 Victory St., Waukegan, Ill., Lodge No. 193.

John J. Tabor Jr., 3000 S. Trumbell Ave., Chicago, Ill., Lodge No. 211.

Otto Spolar, 1921 Blue Island Ave., Chicago, Ill., Lodge No. 220.

COLORADO

Rudolph Sustersich, 16 Sand St., Denver, Colo., Lodge No. 201.

Albert Godec, R. F. D. Box 104, Salida, Colo., Lodge No. 224.

NEW YORK

Ernest Palcic Jr., 46 Palmer St., Gowanda, N. Y., Lodge No. 222.

INDIANA

Joseph Ivancie, 709 N. Holmes Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., Lodge No. 194.

Betsy Ross Social

Cleveland, O.—Regular monthly meeting of Betsy Ross Lodge, No. 186, SSCU, will be held on Thursday, Feb. 14, in the lower hall of the Slovene Workingmen's Home, 15333 Waterloo Rd. All members are requested to attend this meeting, which is scheduled to begin promptly at 7:30 p.m.

Another evening of entertainment is in store for the members and their friends, as a Valentine social has been arranged to follow the regular order of business. By coincidence Valentine Day falls on the same day as our meeting. The committees have gotten together and prepared this social. A good time is assured to all guests in attendance. It is up to all of us members to spread the word to all of our friends to attend this social, which, according to the people arranging it, will be one of the best affairs ever held this season. And judging by the last month's social, we can look forward to some real entertainment. So, let's get behind the committee and push this affair.

Fende and Petrich again will furnish us some excellent melodious music for the occasion, and dancers know what this means. Plenty refreshments also will be on hand for everyone. Social will begin at 9 o'clock.

Members and friends of

George Washington and Collinwood Boosters lodges are cordially invited to attend our Valentine social.

We are glad to see "Lefty" recuperating from his recent accident. We hope to see him back soon with us on Sunday afternoons to mow down the maples. We are also glad to learn that the wife of Bro. Louis Kovac is recuperating from her recent accident.

For the past four or five months we have been enrolling new members into our organization. Let us keep up that spirit and keep on enrolling new members into the lodge and organization at every meeting throughout the whole year.

At the SSCU Triumvirate meeting held on Jan. 31 it was decided to postpone the dance scheduled for March 2 until a later date.

I am urgently appealing to every member of Betsy Ross Lodge to attend the Inaugural Dance on Feb. 16, which is sponsored by the George Washington Lodge at the Twilight Ballroom. Tickets can be secured from your secretary. Reports are out that the G.W.'s promise all visitors a good time at the dance. So, members of Betsy Ross Lodge, let us give our fullest co-operation by attending the G.W. dance. Admission is only 25 cents.

John P. Lunka, Sec'y.

Andrica in Jugoslavia

(Reprinted from The Cleveland Press)

Parks, Museums, Music Halls and Fine Public Buildings Indicate Zagreb Citizens Great Interest and Love for Beauty

Zagreb, Jugoslavia, Nov. 6—This city, the pride of every Croatian, is a place to which I always return eagerly. In many respects I marvel at the Croatian's ingenuity in making Zagreb a truly great city, and furthermore The Cleveland Press has many friends here.

Acre after acres of flower parks, large museums, art galleries, music halls and dignified public buildings show the Croatian's love for the beautiful.

Wednesday Market Colorful

The Wednesday morning market in Zagreb is one of the most colorful events in Europe. The peasants arrive from near and far, bringing wood, wheat, maize, national costumes, vegetables, silver and gold pieces for sale.

You read in the papers that in some villages in Eastern Croatia half of the population suffers from goiter. Health propaganda work was started by authorities, which included free distribution of iodine salt. This had to be stopped because the peasants in their great hurry to rid themselves of goiter, ate iodine salt in great quantities, thus making themselves more ill.

Then you read the case of a football player in Novi Sad who refused to greet the onlookers with the regulation "Zdravo," as prescribed by sport laws, and shouted "He-dad" in Hebrew. He was fined 200 dinars (\$5).

It is almost unbelievable, the case of an old Croatian woman from the Dalmatian town of Olive who wanted to travel and paid for her ticket in old Australian paper crowns. She was told the money was no good. It was revealed that the woman never had heard of the political changes in the Balkans. During the war she was living in the mountains and did not know the empire of Austria-Hungary had fallen.

The Zagreb Theater is 100 years old. It was founded with the money won on a lottery by Christopher Stankovich, a Zagreb merchant. If lotteries were popular 100 years ago, they are

more so today, and Zagreb has several shops which sell lottery tickets exclusively.

Lodge No. 29 of Imperial

Imperial, Pa.—Time passes by so swiftly that it is a case of now or never. Just think of it, in the Aug. 15, 1934, edition appeared an article written by Ernest Palcic of Gowanda, N.Y., which I had intended to answer, but as I was traveling I didn't have much time to devote to writing. Apologies are in order.

We who belong to Lodge No. 29, SSCU, do not have an English-conducted unit in Imperial. Working conditions are unfavorable at present to go about organizing an English-speaking group, although we hope we can stir something up for the future as our lodge has been as active as conditions permit it to be.

Thank you, Ernest, for the pleasant evening spent talking about lodges and their good work. We hope to see you again this spring as a trip is being contemplated.

Did you hear that the George Washington Lodge, No. 180, of Cleveland is looking about for a new member? You have read stories of Cupid shooting his arrow. We want to congratulate our newly wedded couple, Bro. John Zupanc of Cleveland, Lodge No. 180, and Sis. Angelina Orel of Imperial, Pa., Lodge No. 29. All of us wish you many years of happiness.

I wish to thank George Washington members for the invitation to their dance Feb. 16. I'm afraid I can't be with you at this affair. I hope we can be together at your next dance, and I certainly hope your dance will be a big success.

It is with great interest that I read of the G.W.'s doings, for six years ago I was one of your members. We held interesting meetings then and some nice surprises followed each gathering. Keep up the good work.

Cupid certainly is busy these days. Sis. Josephine Yamnik of our lodge and Bro. Alford Deschner of McDonald, Pa., said "Yes," as did Bro. Joe Cherin and Sis. Susie Pollack, both of Imperial. We wish you newlyweds plenty of luck and all the happiness in the world.

I hope to appear in this column again.

Mary Yamnik,
No. 29, SSCU.

Napredok, No. 132

Euclid, O.—Members of Napredok Lodge, No. 132, SSCU, are hereby notified that our next regular monthly meeting will be held Feb. 8 at 7 p.m.

Members are requested to be present 100 per cent strong as a number of important matters must be decided. Every member will receive his receipt book so that it shall not be necessary to retain them. Again I wish to call to the attention of the members to make sure that their assessments are paid by the 25th of each month, as no further assessments are collected after the 25th that apply to the current month.

Lunch and refreshments will be served following the regular order of business at the next meeting.

John Tanko, Sec'y.

more so today, and Zagreb has several shops which sell lottery tickets exclusively.

Stands Standardized

Newsstands and hot chestnut stands are standardized in Zagreb for the purpose of making the city more beautiful. The

stands where you may buy 5-cent bags of hot chestnuts are painted in pastel green and duers and consumers are kept scrupulously clean. The tramping streets and additional newsstands are glass-enclosed.

Attractive Offer

Our SSCU offers the following cash awards for enrolling new members for the following death benefits:

- \$1.00 for \$250 certificate.
- \$1.50 for \$500 certificate.
- \$3.00 for \$1000 certificate.
- \$3.50 for \$1500 certificate.
- \$4.00 for \$2000 certificate.
- \$5.00 for each new juvenile member.

Who Pays Cost of 30-Hour Week

(Reprinted from The Cleveland Citizen.)

The most vigorous objectors to the six-hour day and 30-hour week as means to provide opportunities for work for upward of 5,000,000 people, or about one-half of those unemployed, are the editorialists and columnists, who are hired to "mold" public opinion—the intelligentsia to tell the rest of the population what's what.

The chief complaint of these gentlemen of the press is that the six-hour day is too expensive, would bankrupt industry, is too radical, impractical, ruinous, and so forth, whereupon they dismiss the subject and return to their hackneyed and wearisome standbys, viz.: the tariff, foreign exchange, gold standard, economy, balance the budget, inflation, deflation, reflation, irrigation and a lot of other hokum that has been tried in this and other countries and found wanting.

Recently, as a result of the persistent pounding on the part of organized labor and small groups of liberals and public spirited citizens, the "molders" have rather emphasized the alleged cost that would be imposed upon business and the consumers if the universal six-hour day were enforced and at the same time they sidestep comparisons and ignore the tremendous cost that society has borne and is being compelled to bear in keeping 10,000,000 people out of employment and supporting them through public and private relief agencies.

And yet the mechanism that would solve the unemployment problem—and with it the relief burden—is so simple that even editorialists and columnists ought to understand it.

One pay envelope after the universal six-hour day is inaugurated and 5,000,000 men and women have returned to work the rush to purchase things that they need would be so great that surplus consumers' goods would be swept off the market almost overnight, resulting in many additional unemployed being put to work to produce and distribute commodities of every description.

Instead of industries going bankrupt by advancing a week's or semi-monthly pay envelope, they would profit exceedingly by the increased wealth production and consumption.

In the so-called prosperous year of 1929 the national income was \$83,000,000,000, according to the U.S. Department of Commerce and the very conservative National Industrial Conference Board (and some statisticians placed the total \$6,000,000,000 higher), while in 1933 the national income was a little less than \$39,000,000,000, according to the same authorities.

In other words, wealth production was cut in half last year compared to 1929.

That \$40,000,000,000 of potential wealth is unavailable because 10,000,000 wealth producers—organized labor and its friends—will have to induce the government to club them into line or use its economic power—the strike—to achieve this necessary and sane objective.

National Fraternal Day

April 29 will mark the 10th annual observance of National Fraternal Day under the auspices of the National Fraternal Congress of America, the executive committee of this body having taken action at its December meeting to promote this project aggressively this year. The date was fixed to occur during the fifth week in April

One of the values achieved during these years through these joint gatherings of the memberships of our fraternal societies has been the development of a new concept of our fraternal relationships to each other and a new understanding of the idea that our strength as an insurance system lies in united effort and co-operation, not in isolation or unfriendly competition.

Judge John C. Karel, president, National Fraternal Congress of America, is personally interested in making this 1935 National Fraternal Day the most outstanding and widespread in our history. He solicits the active support of the affiliated societies to the end that every organization may have some part in these celebrations which it is planned will cover every section of the country and every center of fraternal activity.

Information about National Fraternal Day will be provided upon application to the Congress Publicity Bureau, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Mehan, Chairman, 425 N. 31st St., Milwaukee, Wis. We hope that our society may be listed as an active participant in many of the gatherings which will mark the occasion and we shall appreciate advice to the Nova Doba

team and this year to the Opera House. John and Frank Glavan, Johnnie Chelesnik, Big Arrow Miklausich and Kuzma

led the attack and played heads-up ball throughout the whole game. This puts the Gophers on a tie for first place in the 10-team league. Not bad! Somebody would think that

Little Stan is inclined to brag about this, but this isn't bragging, it's just the excitement and the idea.

ACCIDENTAL

"Did you make that face at me, my lad?"

"No, sir, you walked in front of it."

A woman writer is exulting over recently released figures showing that 11 per cent more men than women are crazy. Yeah, but who drove the men crazy?—Atlanta Journal.

part time.

Put the 10,000,000 men and women who are involuntarily idle into jobs and at least 40,000,000,000 of new wealth is added to the national income, the debts of our national, state and local governments that have reached an estimated \$45,000,000,000 will begin to decrease and the much discussed budget will be balanced.

Instead of industries going bankrupt by advancing a week's or semi-monthly pay envelope, they would profit exceedingly by the increased wealth production and consumption.

Re-employ the 10,000,000 workers to help shoot production of wealth up to probably \$90,000,000,000 or even more—taking into account the machinery we now have—and wages would be raised to minimums undreamed of heretofore.

It is scarcely probable that the captains of industry will agree to institute the six-hour day, and especially not if the "ideal" proposal, and, therefore,

the same authorities.

In other words, wealth production was cut in half last year compared to 1929.

That \$40,000,000,000 of potential wealth is unavailable because 10,000,000 wealth producers—organized labor and its friends—will have to induce the government to club them into line or use its economic power—the strike—to achieve this necessary and sane objective.

In the Sport World

WITH LITTLE STAN

Ely, Minn.—Huge crowds are taking advantage of the break in weather this week and all are trekking toward the Memorial High School gymnasium where the many games are being played every evening.

On Tuesday evening the local Rangers took on the traveling Chicago Circus Clowns, and after a fast contest which featured Jimmie Maddern in the leading comedy role were on the lower end of a 33 to 26 score. The Clowns played the whole first period in clown suits, but their antics were not considered half as funny as Jimmie's who, in a thrilling final period, put on one of the clown suits himself and showed the crowd a real exhibition in ball handling. Heh, heh!

And now for a few of the Gopher conquests. After trimming the St. Barbaras in the first game, the boys took on the Rangers No. 1, and after a tough battle finally subdued them by a score of 22 to 16. Then came the first defeat. Things were running along too smooth, and so the Italians came along and when the game was all over the Gophers were on the short end of a 18 to 11 score.

Then the boys had to take on the league leading Opera House team on Wednesday. Little Stan was not present at the game—and was he sorry, because our Gophers came through with flying colors in a nip-and-tuck game on the top end of a 22 to 20 score. The victory was relished because the Opera House team was the city champion for two years and again the Gophers were the boys who staged the upset. Last year they did the same to the Blackhawks, the year before to the mighty Ranger team and this year to the Opera House. John and Frank Glavan, Johnnie Chelesnik, Big Arrow Miklausich and Kuzma

led the attack and played heads-up ball throughout the whole game. This puts the Gophers on a tie for first place in the 10-team league. Not bad! Somebody would think that

Little Stan is inclined to brag about this, but this isn't bragging, it's just the excitement and the idea.

In the city league there are four SSCU teams: the Gophers, Arrowheads, Rangers and St. Barbara Hawkeyes. All are doing nicely, thank you, and Little Stan will tell you more about that next week.

But enough for sports. Don't forget the Lodge Slovenec presentation of the Range Tamburitz Orchestra of Gilbert on the 15th. And that Gopher meeting next Thursday. Come up and see us. Another nice time will be had.

Here's a little flashback. Saturday evening, Jan. 26, Little Stan was at the high school games where the Ely boys with four Slovene players on the first string won the Gold Brick from Biwabik, 29 to 25.

It was after the game, however, when Little Stan was on his way to bed, he saw lights burning in the National Home building. A party? We'll go in and see. To be sure, the Slovene ladies are sponsoring a party for the old-timers. All married couples and different members of the Supreme Board, Peppy Louis Kotzian, whom you have heard so much about, played the snappy music. Polkas, Pok-šotš, popular numbers—and no one can tell me that the old folks can't have a good time (even though Little Stan was the only single fellow there). Heh, heh . . . No, by gosh, there was the two fellows

I want to mention that I can't pay assessments for anyone as I have been out of work for four years and without

compensation. Hence, if one does not pay his assessments is suspended he should not bear ill feeling toward the secretary. I do not wish to hurt the feelings of anyone but it is my duty to call to the members' attention the fact and to inform them of the

status.

John Krainz, Sec'y.

The man who recently invented a lie detector tried

on a fisherman the other day. He hasn't decided whether to try to repair machine or build a new one.

Los Angeles Times.

FR. MILČINSKI:

MUHOBORCI

(Nadaljevanje)

Iu Krunoslav Batič je govoril: "Nemojte misliti, veleučeni gospod sodnik, da ne vem, da imate polno poslov; jaz to vem, jaš imam prijatelja, pa ne tukaj, daleč proč, štiri ure vožnje od tod, ta prijatelj ima službo na sodniji, zntate, ne visoko službo, skromno službo ima, ampak je pošten človek. Ta prijatelj mi je pravil . . ."

Sodnik ga je prekinil: "Vse to lahko tudi konfinu pripovedujete na cesti, gospod Batič; meni le to povejte, ali umaknete tožbo ali ne. Da ali ne — nič drugega!"

Gospod Krunoslav Batič je položil roko z odvetniško črno torbico na sreč in rekel: "Slavna sodnija! Jaz sem prekruto žaljen na svoji časti. To razdaljenje mi grize dušo, slavna sodnija, kakor da sem izgubil, pravim vam, petdesetak. Petdesetak ni mnogo za človeka, ki sedi v novih, za malega obrtnika, kašren sem jaz, je petdesetak denar: koliko dni je treba, da se ga prisluži!"

"Torej ne umaknete tožbe?" je nejevoljno vmes posegel sodnik. "Tudi prav! Se pa razprava preloži in se izostale priče s silo privedo."

"Slavna sodnica! Jaz predlagam, da se izostale priče ne privedo, čemu bodo priče! Jaz sem razdaljen in samoodsebe ne bi za nič na svetu hotel odpustiti razdaljenja. A ko mi slavna sodnija prigovarja, naj odpustum, pa bodi in odpuščam. Slavna sodnija, jaz umaknem tožbo, jaz sem dober človek. Slavna sodnija . . ."

Sodnik je naredil konec. "Postopek se ustavi," je rekel in pezval druge stranke.

Tako nekako je vsakikrat opravil gospod Krunoslav pri sciniku. Potem se mu je glčko priklonil, namignil zapisnikarju in šel. Teča ni šel daleč, le po hodniku do prvih risarniških vrat, potrkal je, pogledal noter, prijazno voščil dobro jutro, vrata zepet zaprl in šel k bližnjim, kjer je enako storil. Tudi pri pisarni gospoda notaria je ponovil to skrivnostno početje in slednji jo zavil v davkarijo. Na vse strani se klanjajoč je trčaval tam svoje korake naravnost in brez besedi v zadnjo sobo, kjer je stala želesna blagajna in kamor stranke niso imele pristopa. Tam je cdločil klóbuli in suknjo, cdpli je svojo podlegasto črno torbico, kakršne nosijo odvetniki s sabo po komisijah, in iz nje vzel obraščo, da, in britev, da, in tudi škarjev v glavnik, da, in milo, sploh vse, kar je treba za brivski cbrt. Pripravlil je stol, pripravlil je vodo v umivalniku in potem so polgama prihajali starejši in mlajši gospodje iz tega in onega urada — prvi je bil vsakikrat na vrsti gospod davkar — in vse je ostriigel ali obril ali oboje, kakor je nanesla potreba, v splošno zadovoljnost in za groš ceneje nego brivec v Lučah, gospoda davkarja pa celo čisto zaston.

Ko je vse svoje naklonjene naročnike obril, počesal in ostrigel, je šel v gostilno pri "Pošti" in tam jedel poparjene, z maslom zubljene žemlje. Poparjene žemlje je zelo ljubil, toda v Muhoboru se jih ni dobilo in Muhoborci so bili celo ponosni na to in so zaničevali Lučane zaradi poparjenih žemelj. Tako je pologoma prisel čas, da je sedel na počto in se zopet odpeljal v ljubljjeni domači trg.

Doma pa je potem v mogočnih besedah pravil Slavici, kako in kaj je bilo na sodniji.

"Bogami," je razkladal, "en mesec do šestih mesecev zapora bi dobil gospod župan na mojo tožbo, en mesec do šestih mesecev, tako je zapiseno v paragrafi! Pa sem rekel: "Slavna sodnija," sem rekel, "jaz vem, kako kazem ukazujejo parografi na razdaljenje časti, ali tožil sem jaz in zato pravim, župan ne bo kaznjan, jaz umikam tožbo!" Ko sem tako rekel, pa ni smel sodnik več oboditi gospoda župana in gospod župan je bil prost."

Gospodina Slavica ni drugače rekla nego "zs"; kar z grozo jo je navdajala moč gospoda Krunoslava.

Gospod Krunoslav pa je naprej razmotrival: "Jaz sem se že naučil polno paragrafa, bogami! Parografi zoper razdaljive besede: šest mesecev zapora! Ostra kazem za gole besede! Če se pa koga drugače razdalj, ne samo z besedo, ampak drugače, recimo z roko, onda je kazem še mnogo višja. Če bi me kdo razdalil z roko in bi ga jaz tožil, bogami . . ."

Kakor po naključju se je dotečnil roke gospodične Slavice in ker se mu ni umeknila, jo je pač še pobožal ali stisnil ali celo poljubil in vse to je trpel ugnana gospodična Slavica. Tako je prekanjeni gospod Krunoslav koval svoje želeso.

Izmed važnejših domačih vesti bi bilo še zabeležiti, da je med kočari, ki so izdelovali "klinice," vrelo.

"Reveža se že res vsakdo loti," so rekli. "Župan, ki v rešetih spravlja bankovce, bi nam revežem rad odjedel še tiste krajcarje, ki jih včasi zaslužimo za pot na luško sodnijo. Ne maramo sodnije v Muhobor, pa župana tudi ne takega!"

In so imeli svoje skryrne shode in pomenke.

Tako se je torej pletlo življenje po Muhoboru.

Tiste dni je bilo, pa je sedel v občinski pisarni tajnik Podržaj, kadil je pipo in obračal dopis luške sodnije s to vsebine: Občina nasvetuj sposobnega moža, kateri bodi za sovaruhu osmim sirotom ubogega gostača, ki ga je bila pretekli mesec pobrala smrt! — Koga bi nasvetoval? Vsak se bo branil. Da, če bi sirotki imeli kaj dedičine, potem bi jim ne bilo sile za varuh, tako pa-

Tačas so se po veči začuli krepki koraki. Tajnik jih je poznal, še pogledal ni proti durim, ko so se odprle in je vstopil župan.

"Zanikrna sodrža, bes te plentaj!" se je jezik. "Ali si videl tajnik, kako svinjsko so mi nočoj namazali hišo s kravjekom?"

"Dobro so jo namazali," je rekel tajnik, "prav gosposko!"

"Ce jih dobim v roke, sakramenske falote . . ." je rohnel župan.

"Ali jih ne poznaš?" se je začudil tajnik. "Glej, pa sem misli, da si jih sam najel! Veš, zaradi dviga sodnih opravil . . ."

"Šema, kaj bi norce bril," ga je nejevoljno zavrnil župan. Ustavl se je pred njim. "Ne vem, kaj me vedno špikaš s sodnijo. Maršti ni všeč, da dobi Muhobor sodnijo? Ali si občinski tajnik ali ne, ko takorekoč nasprotuješ očitnim koristim trga?"

"Župan, imej pamet!" je rekel tajnik. "Na tak način ne dobimo nikdar sodnije, razen če postane Krunoslav Batič pravosodni minister. Saj gospodje zgoraj, ki imajo stvar v rokah, niso tepeci."

(Dalje prihodnjič)

ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

(Nadaljevanje s pete strani) trgovci in obrtniki, ko se nahajajo v denarnih stiskah, zlasti pa da zahajajo v njegovo hišo kmetje od blizu in daleč, iščoči pri njem posojila. Vedenje se je, da njegovi denarni posli niso ravno preveč čisti, da zahteva ogromne obresti, da neusmiljeno izterjava posojila in da celo ni ravno preveč natančen, kar se tiče poštenja, toda na prste stopiti se mu pa vendar nihče ni upal. Kdo bi se hotel spoprijeti s človekom, ki sedi na milijonih! Toda se je naposled vendorje našel mož, ki ga je temeljito razkrinal.

Vlada Bogdanovič je povabil k sebi Trajka Andonoviča, brata veleškega trgovca Januša Andonoviča. Vlada je Trajka, ki ima pooblastilo, da podpisuje za svojega nepismenega brata, opijanil in mu nato dal v podpis menico na 10,000 dinarjev, češ, da je ta denar izročil njegovemu bratu. Trajko je v pisanosti podpisal, a Vlada je takoj nato izročil menico. Januš Andonovič, dasi nepismen, se na del kar tako zleplespariti in je proti Vladu "Inglizu," kakor mu pravijo, vložil tožbo finančnemu ministrstvu, vardarskemu finančnemu ravateljstvu in veleškemu sodišču. Pričela se je preiskava in v Bogdanovičevem stanovanju se je našlo več kot preveč dolazkov za njegovo oderuštvo, sleparstvo in brezpravno izvajevanje bančnih poslov. Našli so nepravljivih menic za več milijonov dinarjev in cel kup raznih dragocenosti, na katere je posojal denar. Tako je potem vardarsko finančno ravateljstvo odsodilo "Ingliza" na pol milijona dinarjev globe, s čimer pa stvar še ni končana, ker se že njegovim oderuštvom in sleparstvom bavi tudi veleško sodišči.

Preiskava je dosegla dognala, da je Vlada Bogdanovič jemal za posojila po 600, 800 in celo 1200 odstotkov obresti. In takih oškodovanec se je dosegel prisilno sedišču nad 300. Poleg tega pa ga obtožujejo tudi še zaradi cele vrste enakih meničnih sleparstev, kakor je bilo pri trgovcu Andonoviču. Kako neusmiljeno je ta ljudska pijavka izsesavala svoje žrtve, je preznačilno na primer dejstvo, da je neki Adam Ahmedovič moral za 4000 dinarjev posojiti vrniti oderuhi nič manj kot 45,000 dinarjev. Tako pač ni bilo nič čudnega, če so v "Inglezovi" hiši rasli milijoni kroglice.

Starejši Ijudje iz Vukovarja se še debro spominjajo na ugodno Paničeve trgovino. Pravijo, da je bila to nekaj zelo bogata in sreča koruze. Uradnica Majerjeva je vratarki dala kar po 20, 30 in celo po 50,000 Din ter mnogo zlatnine. Sleparka je Majerjevo popolnoma uklenila v svoje mreže ter izvabljala denar od nje tudi z raznimi grožnjami. Kakor domnevajo izvedenci, jo je spravila pod svojo oblast tudi s poslovno hipnoze.

Beograjski listi so obširno pisali o razpravi, ki je spravljala na dan tako kričeče primere praznovanja. V razpravnih dnevnikih so se razvile strašne zločine in morali znati, da je bila vratarka na morilcu, o katerem nihče ne vdomi, da je bil ljubosumnji Djouro Ivanov. Alarimirali so tudi obmejne straže. Neki okolični so potem pripovedovali, da so videli na vse zgodaj Djuru, ki se je s sanmi vozil proti mestu. Trupli obeh žrtev še tudi niso našli, krvave sledove pa je prekril snežni metež, ki je divjal vso noč.

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