

PROSVETA

GLASILO SLOVENSKE NARODNE PODPORNE JEDNOTE

Uredniški in upravniki prostori:
2657 South Lawndale Ave.

Office of Publication:
2657 South Lawndale Ave.
Telephone, Rockwell 4904

Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on June 4, 1918.

ZAVEZNIKI PRODIRajo v NOTRANJOST ITALIJE

Moskva naznani nove zmage na severni fronti

AMERIČANI SE STRELILI 51 JAPONSKIH LETAL

Zavezniški stan v Alžiru. 25. jan.—Zavezniške čete so prodrevalnjat milj daleč v notranjost Italije od obrežja Nettuno-Anzio, kjer so se izkrcale zadnjo soboto. Slovita apisksa cesta in glavna železnica, ki vodita v Rim, sta oddaljeni okrog 12 milj od invazijskega obrežja in možno je, da sta že pod dominacijo zavezniške sile.

Zavezniški stan v Alžiru. 25. jan.—Feldmarsal Albert Kesselring, vrhovni poveljnik nemške armade v Italiji, je zagnal devet divizij v naskoke na glavno fronto pete zavezniške armade, da popravi kolosalno napako, ki je omogočila izkrcanje ameriških in britiskih čet na ozemlju v bližini Rima skoro brez odpora.

Fronta pete zavezniške armade je dolga 30 milj in se razteza od Sant'Eliaja do Cassina, nemške vojaške trdnjave, kjer se odpira cesta v Rim. Tri nemške divizije so oklopne. Ameriške čete so zavojevane v ljutih bitkah z Nemci ob reki Rapido.

Nemško poveljstvo upa, da bo zadalo strahovite udarce peti ameriški armadi, katere poveljnik je general Mark W. Clark, na fronti pri Cassinu, nakar bo vrglo vso razpoložljivo silo v boj proti zavezniškim četam, ki so se izkrcale v bližini Rima. Te so zasedle Nettuno, pristaniščno mesto, 30 milj južno od Rima, in prodre štiri milje daleč.

London. 25. jan.—Ameriška bojna letala in bombniki so spet bombardirali mesta in industrijska središča v zapadni Nemčiji in nacijska oporišča na francoskem obrežju. To je bil že triindvajseti napad na te tarče v zadnjih 25 dneh.

Uradno poročilo pravi, da so Američani v spopadih v zraku sestrelili 21 nemških bojnih letal. Nadaljnja tri letala so sestrelili angleški letalci v spopadih nad Hollandijo.

Radio Berlin je naznani, da so zavezniška letala ponovno meta boma na Sofijo, glavno mesto Bolgarije, na ogrska in avstrijska mesta.

Moskva poroča, da je ruska armada pod poveljstvom generala Leonida A. Govorova prodri do železnice Krasnogorodješk-Narva in s tem zapri izhod nemški oboroženi sili okrog 250.000 v smeri Estonije. Ta sila je deloma obkrožena na ozemlju pri Smolkovu, 40 milj južnozapadno od Leningrada.

Marsal Stalin je sinoči naznani okupacijo Puškinsa, letoviščnega mesta bivših ruskih carjev, in Pavlovsk, železniškega centra, 18 milj južno od Leningrada.

Druga sovjetska armada pod poveljstvom generala K. A. Meretkova se vali naprej od padlega Novgoroda in drobi odpor nemške sile. Glavni del te sile je zbran pri Starici Rusi na južni strani Ilmenskega jezera.

Zavezniška baza na Novi Grivni. 25. jan.—Ameriški letalci so bombardirali Rabau in We-wak, japonski bazi na Novi Britaniji, in sestrelili 51 sovražnih letal, se glasi uradni komunikate. V operacijah nad Pacifikom so zavezniški letali v enem mesecu uničili čez tristo japonskih letal.

Drugi roji ameriških letal so bombardirali japonske baze na otokih Kaven, Maločap, Jaluit in Kwajalein v Marshallovi gruji in japonske parnike v bližini

Partizani presekali železnico

Kralj Peter bi se rad vrnil v Jugoslavijo

London. 25. jan.—Jugoslovanski partizani so presekali železniško progo, po kateri so vlaki vozili nemške čete v Tuzlo, mesto v vzhodni Bosni, in zasedli Gračanicu, se glasi komunikat.

Druge partizanske enote so izvršile sunke proti Sušaku na nasprotni strani Reke, na ozemlju ob Jadranškem morju, o katerem so Nemci trdili, da je "pošljeno". Partizani so prodri skozi Gračanicu, 22 milj severozapadno od Tuzle, in presekali železnico med Tuzlo in Dobojem.

Radiopostaja Svobodna Jugoslavija poroča, da so partizani razdejali železnico. Partizani so odbrili nemški napad na svoje pozicije na južni strani Jastrebarska, 20 milj južozapadno od Zagreba, glavnega hrvaškega mesta.

Radio Budimpešta poroča, da je 25.000 partizanov zavojevanih v ljutih bitkah z Nemci v krajih ob meji Bosne in Srbije.

Kairo, Egipt. 25. jan.—Kralj Peter je izjavil, da bi se rad vrnil v Jugoslavijo in se dejansko udeležil bitk proti nemški okupacijski sili.

Amerika ne priznava bolivijske vlade

Argentina bo pretrgala odnosa z osiščem

Washington, D. C. 25. jan.—Dnevni tajnik Cordell Hull je odpoklical poslanika iz La Paza in izjavil, da Amerika ne bo priznala bolivijske revolucionarne junete, ki je prišla na krmilo po uspešnem puču in prevzela kontrolo. Tuč je bil povezan z osiščimi napiromi za ustavitev bloka proti Združenim narodom v Južni Ameriki.

Formalna deklaracija pravi, da bo Amerika sledila vodstvu Urugvaja, Kube in Venezuela, držav, ki so odklonile priznanje bolivijskemu režimu. Brazilija je zavzela slično stališče kot Amerika. Hull je informiral vse ameriške republike z izjemo Argentine in Bolivije o tem konceptu.

Mednarodni delavski urad bo imel prvo polno konferenco v Philadelphiji, ki se prične 20. aprila. Vodilni odbor tega urada je izjavil, da izboljšanje delavskega standarda ni mogoče brez kooperacije sovjetske Rusije.

Državni tajnik je dejal, da je bil Pierre Boal, ameriški poslanik v Boliviji, pozvan, naj se takoj vrne domov. Poslaniški posle bo v Boalovi odstopnosti opravljal Robert F. Woodward, drugi tajnik.

Buenos Aires, Argentina. 25. jan.—General Alberto Gilbert, argentinski zunanjji minister, je informiral poslanika Amerike in Velike Britanije, da bo Argentina pretrgala diplomatične odnose z osiščem ta teden. Po konferenci s poslanikom je Gilbert obiskal Otona Meynena, opravljala poslanika iz Kina.

Pozneje je Gilbert naznani, da bo dr. Adrian S. Escobar zapustil Buenos Aires in odletel v Washington, kjer bo prevezel položje poslanika. Dalje je naznani, da je Enrique Ruiz Guinazu resigniral kot argentinski poslanik za Španijo, ni pa razkril vzroka.

Predsednik norveške vlade pri Hitlerju

London, 25. jan.—Radio Berlin poroča, da je major Vidkun Quisling, predsednik lutkarske norveške vlade, obiskal Hitlerja. Razpravljala sta o važnih vprašanjih glede evropske celine in bodočnosti germanih ljudstev.

Drugi roji ameriških letal so bombardirali japonske baze na otokih Kaven, Maločap, Jaluit in Kwajalein v Marshallovi gruji in japonske parnike v bližini

SOVJETSKO SODELOVANJE Z DELAVSKIM URADOM

Predsednik Roosevelt odobril prizadevanja

PRVA KONFERENCA V PHILADELPHII

Washington, D. C. 25. jan.—Predsednik Roosevelt je odobril sodelovanje, da se izboljša delavski standard in raztegne socialne zaščite v povojni dobi.

Storjeni so bili koraki, da Rusija spet postane članica mednarodnega delavskega urada, organizacije 53 držav, med katerimi

je tudi delegat na več konvencijah SNPJ in prav tako na zadnjih.

Nov grob v Kansusu

Pittsburg, Kans.—Na Fillerju je 3. t. m. umrl Martin Južnik, star 75 let in rojen v Ronkah na Primorskem, samski in član društva 411 SNPJ.

V Ameriki je bival okrog 40 let in tukaj ne za-

pušča nobenih sorodnikov.

Iz California

Los Angeles, Cal.—Pred dnevi je v Fontani umrl Peter Kraker, rojen v Albaniju, Minn., zet Jakoba Stoniča, znanega potovalnega trgovca v pokoju. Oženjen je bil s Stoničevom mlajšo hčerjo Rose. Tako je Jakob Stonič pred poldrugim letom izgubil sina, minule jesen ženo in zdaj zeta.

Iz Clevelandu

Cleveland.—Dne 23. t. m. je v bolnišnici umrl Mary Lewis, roj. Marinšek, star 41 let in rojena tukaj. Zapušča moža, dva sinova, štiri hčere, stare, dva brata in štiri sestre.—Istega dne je naglo umrl Jos. Jakše, star 39 let in rojen tukaj.—Dne 21. t. m. je umrl Jos. Vogrič, star 60 let in doma iz Št. Florijana pri Gorici. Zapušča sestro in druge sestrelne. Bil je član društva 26 SNPJ.—Dne 20. jan. je umrla Jozefka Kuhel, roj. Skufca, star 68 let in doma iz Visejea pri Hrncu na Dolenjskem. Zapušča štiri hčere.

Moskva je že prevzela vso odgovornost v političnem smislu na podlagi teheranskega sporazuma, v poljedelskem v smislu dogovorov, sprejetih na konferenci reprezentantov Združenih narodov v zadnjem poletju in finančnem smislu na podlagi zaključkov konference za obnovbo in pomoč, ki se je vrnila v Atlantic Cityju, N. J. Gibanje je v soglasju s petim členom Atlantskega charterja, ki pravi, da sta Amerika in Velika Britanija za popolno kooperacijo med vsemi narodi na ekonomskem polju v svetu izboljšanje delavskega standarda, socialne zaščite in pospešite ekonomskega napredka.

Ti cilji so tudi cilji mednarodnega delavskega urada, ki je bil tesno povezan z Ligo narodov od 1. 1919. Ko je bila Rusija izključena iz Lige v decembri l. 1939, je prenehala biti članica delavskega urada, s katerim je prej kooperirala.

Mednarodni delavski urad bo imel prvo polno konferenco v Philadelphiji, ki se prične 20. aprila. Vodilni odbor tega urada je izjavil, da izboljšanje delavskega standarda ni mogoče brez kooperacije sovjetske Rusije.

Hillman orisal politične cilje CIO

Apel na unije Ameriške delavsko federacije

Chicago, 25. jan.—Sidney Hillman, predsednik unije Amalgamated Clothing Workers in načelnik odbora za politično akcijo Kongresa industrijskih organizacij, se je posvetoval s štirimi pokrajinskimi direktorji odbora o strategiji v zvezi s prihodnjimi primarnimi volitvami.

Hillman je dejal, da bo odbor skušal mobilizirati javni sentiment v prilog zakonemu načrtu, da se vojaki udeleže volitv. Avtorja tega načrta sta senatorja Green in Lucas. Odbor bo skušal organizirati podružnice v volilnih distriktilih in preiskal bo rekord kongresnikov, ki bodo ponovno kandidirali pri primarnih volitvah.

"Politični odbor CIO ne bo nastopal proti kongresnikom, ki so bili izolacionisti pred japonskim napadom na Pearl Harbor, temveč le proti onim, ki so poznane volitve oponicijo proti Rooseveltovemu programu mednarodne kooperacije," je rekel Hillman. "Apeliral bo na unije Ameriške delavsko federacije in neodvisne sodelovanju.

Politični odbor CIO ne bo nastopal proti kongresnikom, ki so bili izolacionisti pred japonskim napadom na Pearl Harbor, temveč le proti onim, ki so poznane volitve oponicijo proti Rooseveltovemu programu mednarodne kooperacije," je rekel Hillman. "Apeliral bo na unije Ameriške delavsko federacije in neodvisne sodelovanju.

Odbor je pozval člane eksekutivnega sveta v Washingtonu, da razkrijejo vzroke opozicije proti postopanju potem, ko je Claude M. Baker, predsednik unije, svedoval uradnikom, naj ne predloži spornih zadev odboru v izbravnavo.

Kongresnica udarila po Rooseveltovi administraciji

Washington, D. C. 25. jan.—Kongresnica Sumner, republikanka iz Illinois, je okreala Rooseveltovo administracijo in jo obdelala, da podpira ciprinske in internacionale, ki vodijo agitacijo, da premier Stalin nasledi Hitlerja kot diktator Evrope. Ona je govorila v teku ostre debate o resoluciji glede udeležbe Amerike pri izvajaju programu pomoći v obnovi evropskih dežel, ki so prišle pod dominacijo Nemčije. Resolucija določa, da Amerika prispeva vsoto \$1,350,000,000 za pomoč in obnovbo.

Unija CIO zmaga pri volitvah

Chicago, 25. jan.—Unija United Office & Professional Workers of America, včlanjena v Kongresu industrijskih organizacij, je zmaga pri volitvah, katerih se je udeležilo 1412 agentov, uposlenih pri Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. Dobila je večino glasov in v tem postala predstavniki vseh agentov pri kolektivnih pogajanjih. Volitve so se vrstile pod nadzorstvom federalnega delavskega odbora.

Papež odklonil nemški predlog

Stockholm, Švedska, 25. jan.—List Afontidningen je objavil poročilo iz Curiha, Švica, da je papež Pij zavrnil predlog nemških vojaških avtoritet, naj začasti se, na kateri bo razprtva o vprašanju, zakaj se ni Woodruff Randolph, tajnik-blagajnik tiskarske unije in član eksekutivnega sveta, udeležil začasnega.

William H. Davis, načelnik vojnega delavskega odbora, je sklical sejo, na kateri bo razprtva o vprašanju, zakaj se ni Woodruff Randolph, tajnik-blagajnik tiskarske unije in član eksekutivnega sveta, udeležil začasnega.

Kompanija in uradniki obtoženi zarote

Seattle, Wash., 25. jan.—Parobrodna družba Moore-McCormack Lines in trije njeni uradniki so bili obtoženi zarote z namenom, da se zavre pošiljanje ameriškega orožja, streliva in druge vojne opreme v sovjetsko Rusijo na podlagi posojilno-najeminskega programa. Obtoženi uradniki so A. V. Moore, K. H. Donavin in L. F. Klein.

Domače vesti

Tajnik društva 134 umrl

Superior, Wyo.—Dne 12. januarja je v bolnišnici umrl Jakob Zajc, star 64 let in rojen v Učaku pri Kamniku (pošta Trojane), član in zadnjih devet let tajnik društva 134 SNPJ, predsednik. V Ameriki je bil 40 let in tukaj zapušča brata Lovrenca, v Rock Springsu brančanca Jakoba Podbevška, v starem kraju pa dve sestri in druge sorodnike, ako so še živi. Društvo 134 je z njim izgubilo aktivnega odbornika. Bil je tudi delegat na več konvencijah SNPJ in prav tako na zadnjih.

Nov grob v Kansusu

Glasovi iz naselbin

Še nekaj o polemiki v Prosveti

Bellingham, Wash.—Vidim, da nekateri vztrajajo, da gre rezolucija o smernicah Prosvete na splošno glasovanje iz razloga, ker je "pisanje urednika nasprotno idejam čitateljev." Količko je teh, ki tako misljijo, ne vem. Naj povem, kaj jaz mislim o tem sporu.

Ni treba, da raziskujemo, kaj je zadnja konvencija sprejela. Delegetaje so zastopali 99 odstotkov našega delavstva in samo po sebi se razume, da so sprejeli take rezolucije, ki so bile času in razmeram najbolj primerne, torej demokratične. Če pojdejo te rezolucije zdaj na splošno glasovanje, se bodo oni, ki hočejo imeti glasovanje, prav pošteno osmešili, kajti izvojevali bodo priznanje uredniku. Zmagal bo urednik in smejal se bo v brk svojini nasprotnikom.

To je moje mnenje. Preprični nastal zaradi demokracije, saj smo vse—vsaj jaz mislim tako—za demokracijo. Nasprote je nastalo zaradi urednikovega stališča glede sovjetske vlade in partizanov. O sovjetski vladji se trdi, da je le ena oseba: Stalin. Urednikovo pisane je bilo nasprotно z demokratičnega stališča, katero je, da komunistom ne smemo zaupati, ker so proti demokraciji.

Tukaj, bratje in sestre, je naš urednik v pravem in splošno glasovanje bi potrdil njegovo stališče. Vse drugo je osebno čustvovanje ali prikrita osebna mržnja, ki se ne da izravnati z nobeno resolucijo ali glasovanjem. Vsi imamo sočutje ali mržnjo do nekoga in necessa, kar so židimo po lastnih izkušnjah v življenju. Ker so naše izkušnje različne, zato tudi sodimo različno. To delamo ne samo mi, navadni delavec, ki gledamo na življenje vsak po svoje, temveč tudi takozvanzi izbranjeni.

Ako čitaš ameriške časnike, boš opazil dovolj kritike in neuglasja, pa naj bo predmet demokracija ali diktatura. Po radi siši razne komentatorje, ki tudi niso enakega mnenja, posebno kar se tiče Rusije. Rooseveltova poslanica kongresu tudi ni vsem ugodila.

Pisal sem že, da sta teorija in praksa dve stvari. Ekonomski demokracija na papirju še ni dejstvo. "Ako" in "če" bi neki sveti duh razvzel vse delavce in farmerje in vse druge, ki si žele ekonomski demokracije, da bi izvili Normanu Thomasu za predsednika ali Rooseveltu in vse člane kongresa na socialistični listi z gesmom: Vsakdo naj dela in vsakdo uživa, ki dela! — bi ekonomski demokracija postala kmalu meso in kri, ne bi bila več samo ideja, ki lepo spa-

V Ameriki čakamo na ekonomsko demokracijo, odkar je bila ustava sprejeta od prvih trinajstih držav, pa je še ni. Mi se varamo, če mislimo, da je politična demokracija vse. Kadar bo ekonomski demokracija (in socialna, ur.) uvedena, bo po mojem mnenju politična demokracija nepotrebna. Danes pa je osamljena politična demokracija v Ameriki neprestano zlorabljanja. Današnja vojna kaže to. Obvezno delo ni demokratično, vendar ju predlagano, dasi diši po diktaturi. Raznemre in potreba spreminja način gospodarskega življenja, ne pa tisto, kar je zapisano.

George Gornik, 493.

Razmere na antracitnem polju

Wilkes-Barre, Pa.—V dnevnih novicah čitamo, da je v prvih devetih mesecih leta 1943 doživljenje 173 premogarjev pri delu na antracitnem polju. To pomeni, da je bil na vsakih 254.399 ton nakopanega premoga ubit en delavec. Pri Glen Alden Coal Co. jih je bilo ubitih 31, pri Hudson Coal Co. 21, ostali pa so bili ubiti pri drugih manjših kompanijah.

Istočasno smo tudi čitali 6 listih v revijah, da so prej omenjene kompanije napravile več profita v prvih devetih mesecih preteklega leta kot kdaj prej v enakem času v zadnjih 14 letih. Torej velike živote delavcev še včasi profitarjev.

Koliko delavcev je bilo pobitih in za vedno pohabljenih, ta

poročila ne povedo. Vemo pa, da jih je veliko število. Pri našem društvu Kamnik 204 SNPJ imamo člana, ki je bil pred štirimi leti pobit na noge. Ta član je bil pri kompaniji na podprtju (compensation) nekaj več kot leta dni. Potem pa so ga prilegli nagovarjati, naj se podpiše, da bo poskusil delati, kar je storil. Poskušal je delati nekaj dini, toda ni mogel. Potem ga kompanija ni hotela več na "compensation". Pritožil se je na državni odškodninski departmam in zadeva je prišla pred okrajno sodišče. Tam pa je stvar izpadla, da je naš član izgubil vse. Zdaj komaj še rabi noge. Videl sem ga dan predno to pišem in siromak izgleda, da ne bo mogel več dolgo rabiti nog.

Poskušal sem, da bi tega člana kam odpremili, ampak naš okrajnina nobenega zavetišča za onesmoglo. Okraj Luzerne se živi 90% od premogarjev, toda nima nobenega doma ali zavoda za onesmoglo. Pred okrajnim soščcem je prav zdaj vprašanje, ali se Glen Alden Coal Co. oprosti ali zniža davke za \$15.000. Skoraj gotovo, da bo kompanija tudi zmagala, kajti denar govoril. Torej ni čudno, da je okraj tako "broke".

Od premogarjev pa vsako leto zahtevajo po \$10-\$15 za Community Chest. Nič ne vprašajo, če hoče dati ali ne, nego pravijo — "you must". Kadar pa kak delavec potrebuje pomoči — try and get it!

Zadnja leta, posebno pa v času te vojne je veliko delavcev zapustilo premogarove in šli so v druge industrije za boljšim kosom kruha. Veliko premogarjev še dandanes zasluži letoliko, da komaj preživijo sebe in svojo družino. To je tudi vzrok, da premanjuje premogarjev na antracitu.

Glen Alden Co. se hoče prikazati kot zelo patriotska in tako je izjavila, da bo uposila vojne ujetnike, če dobi dovoljenje od federalne vlade. Tukajšnji premogarji in njih unijski voditelji protestirajo proti tej nakani Glen Alden Co.

Nekatera poročila pravijo, da se delodajalci in federalna vlada precej uče iz te vojne glede vprašanja, če so moški in ženske, starci 65 let, "outlived their usefulness", to je če so že zmožni za delo. Poročilo od Old Age and Survivor Insurance, kakor tudi od Social Security Boarda pravi, da se je registriralo za delo 600.000 mož in žena, starih 65 let ali več.

Nobenega dvoma ni, da so ti ljudje še sposobni za kakšno delo. Veliko teh starčkov in starci se je prijavilo za delo iz patriotskih namenov. Nekateri so bili pred vojno odstranjeni od dela samo radi tega, da so delodajalci postavili na njih mesta mlajše in močnejše delavce, iz katerih so mogli izprešati več profita. Na antracitnem premogovnem polju ni pred vojno mogel dobiti dela, kdo je bil star 40 let ali več.

Zdaj pa nasprotinci starostne pokojnjine pravijo: Če so 65 let starci možje in žene sposobni za delo, tedaj je to dokaz, da ni treba znati starostne dobe za pokojnjino na 60 let ali še manj. Tako pravijo delavski nasprotinci, ki hočejo izrabiti to poročilo v svoj namen in so proti znjanju starosti v svrhu starostne pokojnjine.

Dolžnost delavcev je, da se organizirajo in zahtevajo znjanje starostne dobe v svrhu pokojnjine s 65 na 50 let, kakor tudi garancijo dela, dokler je človek sposoben za delo. Če tege ne, potem pa socialno zavarovanje, ki mora znašati najmanj 75%-delavčeve plače. Se danji sistem socialne zaščite je nezadosten.

Frank Vražarič.

SANS in vojna

Chicago, Ill.—V petek, 28. januarja, bo v klubu št. 1 v Slovenskem centru, 2301 S. Lawndale Ave., razprava o delu SANSA in skupnem jugoslovanskem žilku, ki ga skrajšano imenuje ZOJSA.

Uvod v razpravo napravil Frank Zaitz, član Sansove ekskurzive, ki bo podal svoje vtise o prvi seji Sansovega širšega odbora. Vršila se je 8. januarja v Chicagu.

Točke, ki pridejo v razpravo,



Kakšna so nesoglasja v Sansu in kako so nastala?

Kdo so povzročitelji, če sploh kdo?

Dve kritični strani—ena na katoliški, druga na napredni strani: Koliko je katera v pravem in koliko ima za svoje slališče somišljenikov prva in druga?

Kako se je pričela združena akcija, ki deluje pod imenom Združeni odbor jugoslovenskih Amerikanov? (ZOJSA).

Ako to gibanje dominira komunisti—kakšni so njihovi nameni?

Ali je prva konferenca Sansovega širšega odbora sporne duhove pomirila?

Za uspešnost tega gibanja bi bilo treba čim več soglasnosti, če se hoče delati skupno—toda kakšna naj bo ta soglasnost, če je idealna skupnost sploh mogoča v vprašanjih, kakšnih se to gibanje tiče?

Vstop vsakemu prost.—P. O.

Društvene prirede

Veselica društva All Americans

New York.—Udeležila sem se zadnje seje društva All Americans 580 SNPJ. Zdaj imamo novo predsednico Cecilio Maurin, tajnico je agilna Jennie Padar, zapisnikar pa je mlajši Padar. Imamo torej dobre odbornike in zato našo društvo tudi dobro na skupni seji.

Za to priredo bi dobili govornice od eksekutive Sansa. To bi bila velika manifestacija našega naroda, kar bi napravilo dober vtip, tudi na splošno javnost v tem mestu.

Tajnici je dana naloga, da po izdele v prihodnje seje, če se ostali dve podružnici strinjata z nami. Johnstown je bolj majhen, zato je treba skupnosti. Če se vse tri podružnice potrudijo, se lahko doseže velik uspeh.

V soboto zvečer, dne 12. februarja imeli društvo veselico, tako zvani "Valentine dance" pri Franku Arnezu, 68-91 Forest ave. Društvo vabi vse Newyorkane, Brooklynčane in iz vse okolice, kakor tudi iz Elizabeth, N. J. Jaz vem, da bodo naši Slovenci tudi zapeli, kakor na vsemi veselicami. Za prigrizek bo skrbel odbor, za ples pa naša godba, da bomo brusili pete. Torej ste vabljeni vsi Slovenci in Jugoslavi v Greater New Yorku, ob prilikl pa vam povrnemo. Več bo poročila Jennie Padar v angleški sekcijski Prosvete. Na svinjenje 12. februarja.

Mary Tursich.

Bodo imeli "pig roast"

Luzerne, Pa.—Društvo Kamnik 204 SNPJ priredil veselico v soboto zvečer, 5. februar, v Italijanski dvorani na 204 Oliver st. Imeli bomo "pig roast", na razglednički "Valentine dance" pri Franku Arnezu, 68-91 Forest ave. Društvo vabi vse Newyorkane, Brooklynčane in iz vse okolice, kakor tudi iz Elizabeth, N. J. Jaz vem, da bodo naši Slovenci tudi zapeli, kakor na vsemi veselicami. Za prigrizek bo skrbel odbor, za ples pa naša godba, da bomo brusili pete. Torej ste vabljeni vsi Slovenci in Jugoslavi v Greater New Yorku, ob prilikl pa vam povrnemo. Več bo poročila Jennie Padar v angleški sekcijski Prosvete. Na svinjenje 12. februarja.

Mary Tursich.

Veselica za starci kraj

Imperial, Pa.—Kot je bilo že poročano, priredi skupno veselico vso tukajšnja društva in gospodinjski klub v soboto zvečer, 29. januarja v dvorani društva 106 SNPJ. Ves preostanek bo šel v sklad pomočne akcije JPO-SS in Sansa.

Večerja se prične ob šestih in bo tako dolgo trajala, dokler bo kaj svinjine. Kot običajno, bo tudi mehka in trda pijača. Zagotavljamo vse, da ne bo nicesar manjkalo. Samo pridite ob blizu in daleč. Torej na svinjenje 5. februarja zvečer.

Frank Baloh, tajnik.

Veselica za starci kraj

Imperial, Pa.—Kot je bilo že poročano, priredi skupno veselico vso tukajšnja društva in gospodinjski klub v soboto zvečer, 29. januarja v dvorani društva 106 SNPJ. Ves preostanek bo šel v sklad pomočne akcije JPO-SS in Sansa.

Uljudno vabimo vse rojake iz bližnje okolice in člane društva. Pridite na to veselico, ker skoraj vsakdo ima svojce v starem kraju in je naša dolžnost, da jim pomagamo, kolikor moremo, kajti oni gredo skozi strašno trpljenje.

Zato upamo na veliko udeležbo s strani članstva in rojakov. Pobirali se bodo tudi protostoljni prispevki. Imeli bomo dobro godbo—slovenski trio iz Brownsville. Vstopnina bo 50¢ za osebo—za vse enako. Torej pridite od blizu in daleč. Odprti srce, odprti roke, otiraj bratovske sozne. Vabi—

Veselici odbor.

Maskerada društva 615

Los Angeles, Cal.—Našo društvo Gora Wilson 615 SNPJ predpripravlja maskeradno vabilo v soboto, 12. februar. Vršila se je 8. januarja v Chicagu.

Točke, ki pridejo v razpravo,

Hrvate. Oddane bodo tri nagrade. Najlepša in najpomembnejša maska dobi prvo nagrado in tako druga in tretja. Igrala bo najboljša godba. Za prigrizek in pijačo bo skrbel društveni odbor tako, da boste zadovoljni vse. Torej na svidenje 12. februarja v dvorani na 330 S. Ford Blvd.

Jacob Stomach, predsednik.

Veselica gospodinjskega kluba Midway, Pa.—Tukajšnji gospodinjski klub priredil veselico v soboto, 5. februar, v dvorani SNPJ.

Za ples bo igrala živahnna godba, ki je znana pod imenom Slovenian Swing Kings, ki ustreže starim in mladim. Vsa sednja društva in gospodinjski klubovi so ujedno vabljeni, kakovor tudi vse prijatelji, da nosi običajno na tej zabavi. Vabi—

Veselici odbor.

Iz gibanja SANSA in JPO-SS

Klic Johnstownčanom

Johnstown, Pa.—Na zadnji seji naših podružnic 4 Sansa smo razpravljali, kako bi v Johnstownu poživili delo za Sans. Na predlog tajnika je bilo sklenjeno, da dobimo stik z ostalima dvema podružnicama v svrhu skupne prirede, ki bi se vršila, kadar bi bilo vse pripravljeno. Čas in prostor bi določili na skupni seji.

Za to priredo bi dobili govornice od eksekutive Sansa. To bi bila velika manifestacija našega naroda, kar bi napravilo dober vtip, tudi na splošno javnost v tem mestu.

Tajnici je dana naloga, da po izdele v prihodnje seje, če se ostali dve podružnici strinjata z nami. Johnstown je bolj majhen, zato je treba skupnosti. Če se vse tri podružnice potrudijo, se lahko doseže velik uspeh.

Za to priredo bi dobili govornice od eksekutive Sansa. To bi bila velika manifestacija našega naroda, kar bi napravilo dober vtip, tudi na splošno javnost v tem mestu.

Tajnici je dana naloga, da po izdele v prihodnje seje, če se ostali dve podružnici strinjata z nami. Johnstown je bolj majhen, zato je treba skupnosti. Če se vse tri podružnice potrudijo, se lahko doseže velik uspeh.

Tajnici je dana naloga, da po izdele v prihodnje seje, če se ostali dve podružnici strinjata z nami. Johnstown je bolj majhen, zato je treba skupnosti. Če se vse tri podružnice potrudijo, se lahko doseže velik uspeh.

Tajnici je dana naloga, da po izdele v prihodnje seje, če

Glasovi iz naselbin

Še eno mnenje iz Cleveland

Cleveland, O.—Tudi jaz bi želel izraziti par misli o polemiki, ki jo imamo v Prosveti. Meni se zdi, da je popolnoma prav, da razpravljamo o teh stvareh, o partizanih, o naši zaveznici Rusiji, o demokraciji, diktaturi itd.

To so zelo važne stvari, ker danes se napaja zemlja s človeško krvjo po vsem svetu. Partizani so izšli iz ljudstva, oni ne marajo več starega reda, kateri bi moral biti že davno pokopan. Partizani ustvarjajo nov red in so proti ljudskim izkorisčevalcem, zato jih moramo mi podpreti in tudi naša Prosveta.

Mi smo delavci, naši sorodniki v starem kraju so tudi delavci, zato držimo skupaj. Za Rusijo imejmo lepe besede, ker ona je naša zaveznica. Ce ne bi Rusija tako močno tolka po fašistih, bi padlo mnogo, mnogo ameriških vojakov prej, ko bi bil Hitler poražen. Tega nikakor ne smemo pozabiti. Jaz mislim, da se ne bi toliko pričkali, ako bi urednik Prosvete sprejel voljo večine glavnega odbora, ki je sprejel resolucijo, s katero se jaz popolnoma strinjam in v kateri je napisano, da smo naklonjeni partizanom in Rusiji. Vsa debata pa se ne bi tako raztegnila, ako bi se brat Čok in clevelandski Barbič ne dela takto "brightha", da mislita, da vse vesta, kar pa ni tako.

Bratje, narodi se bude. Slovani prinašajo odrešitev in mi smo z njimi. Slovanska kri teče v potokih in ta kri bo prinesla odrešitev ljudstvu. Slovani ne pravi, kakor Nemec, da je on poklican vladati svetu, ampak da smo vsi bratje, vsi narodi enaki, črni in beli, židje in kristjani. Tako mislim jaz in še mnogo drugih.

Anton Švec,
podpredsednik 174 SNPJ.

O položaju prf nas in po svetu Davenport, Ia.—Urednik Molek in gl. tajnik Vider si tolmači resolucije zadnje konvencije vsak po svoje, jaz pa tolmačim te resolucije tako, da sta oba v pravem. Vse kaže, da tudi konvenčni resolucijski odsek ni razumel resolucij. Nekateri dopisniki jih tudi ne razumejo in se smejijo zaradi njih. Brat Molek je edini, ki ve pomen teh resolucij, kajti on jih je spisal in predložil odsek.

Izjava, katero je spisal Milan Medvešek in katero je gl. odbor sprejel na svoji zadnji seji z veliko večino, je tako nedolžna, da ne prizadene nobene konvenčne resolucije. Jednota tudi ne bi izgubila na svojem ugledu in principih, če je ta izjava upoštevana. Urednika pa tudi ne more nihče prisiliti, če je ne upošteva. Brat Molek ne verjame vsaki stvari, dokler ni z vseh strani prepričan, da je na pravi podlagi. Sveda bi svoje pisanje lahko predragačil, če bi hotel.

Konvenčne resolucije so "okej" in zaradi njih ni treba nobenega splošnega glasovanja; jednota bi imela le nepotrebne stroške s tem. Prihodnjem letu bo spet konvencaja in tedaj lahko obračunate z vsem, kar se vam ne vidi pravilno. Prihodnji mesec zboruje gl. odbor, kateri tudi lahko pogladi, kar se v javnosti ne more storiti.

Polemiko o Rusiji in partizanih pa tudi o ameriški demokraciji lahko imamo. Nikomur ni zabranjena. Ta polemika se lahko vodi brez kakšnih očitkov in namigavanj, kaj je kdo "dobil" in kaj je "delal" po Illinoisu in Wisconsinu. Tudi mi vemo, kaj je kdo delal. Nič ni bilo zoper jednoto, pravila in zakone. Če bi bilo kaj narobe, bi bil prizadeti brat že davno obtožen. Opustite take stvari! Vidi se, da ne bateri zelo prejšo na to, kaj in kako kdo zine, da ga potem dobro ošvirkajo. Nato pa jokajo: Sovražnike imam, same sovražnike, ki me napadajo! Oj, vi možganske medicine, kako cudno delujete!

Ameriške demokracije imamo tudi, kolikor smo je vredni. Če ne nam pa zdi, da je premalo demokracije, tedaj razpravljajmo, kako je doseči več. Tudi v Evropi še ne bo demokracije po-

ocetu in sestri, je razvidno, da je v tem času na Pacifiku že došlo prestal. Oče in sestra mu želite vse dobro in po zmagi srečen povratek. Enako mu želimo tudi ostali člani društva Devlava.

Od našega društva je do zdaj v oboroženi sili že 22 fantov, ki so raztreseni širom sveta na bojnih poljanah. Želimo srečnega povratka vsem. Zadnji, ki je šel 14. dec., je Joseph Kosich. Za mesec januar so vsi naši člani vojaki proti asesmentu — enako kot prejšnje leto.

Joseph Kosich, tajnik.

Še eno "tolmačenje" resolucij

Milwaukee, Wis.—Nekateri čitalatelji kritizirajo Prosveto že več let, ker se kot delavski list ne drži svojih delavskih principov in ker v svojih uvodnikih hvali kapitalistično administracijo in njene predstavnike, medtem pa kritizira delavsko ustanovitev in njihove voditelje. (Resolucija je odobrila ameriško zunanjopolitično politiko glede vojne in izrekla upanje, da bo Amerika še nadalje pomagala Rusiji z bojnim materialom za poraz Hitlerja, to je vse. Vse drugo je konfuzija br. Vidmarja. Resolucija nikjer ne govorji o kakšni sovjetski politiki. Amerika je zavojnik Rusije v orooju, ne pa v notranji sovjetski politiki. Konfuzija je tudi v tem, ker br. Vidmar v začetku dopisa piše, da Prosveta hvali kapitalistično administracijo in dalje piše, da je urednik na zadnji konvenciji že rečel, da je Prosveta pohvalila Rooseveltovo kapitalistično vodstvo, kadar naredi kaj dobrega za delavce, obenem pa tudi kritizira, kadar zasluži kritiko z delavsko stališčem; prav tako Prosveta dosledno podpira dobre delavsko vodstvo in ustanovitev ter kritizira le slabe. Ur.)

Nekateri pravijo, da je sedanj kongres slabši kot že dolgo let ne. Nič ni slabši, razlik je le, da sedaj očitno kažejo, kaj so. Ako je prejšnji kongres dal delavcem več svobode in ljudem na splošno nekaj finančne pomoči v brezdelju, je to storil zaradi tega, ker so prej kapitalisti doobili v vlade veliko pomoč. Količ milijard so dobili, ni znano, toda dobiti so jih in nikdar jih ne bodo vrnili. Če kapitalisti ne bi bili dobili, ne bi tudi delovno ljudstvo nič dobilo. Tukaj je bila tista prikrita hinavščina, da vlada nekaj daje zaston. Sedaj, ko so kapitalisti spet na konju in molzejo v polni meri, je tudi kongres pokazal prav velike robove delavcem in čez čas jih še podaljša.

Verjamem, da bi predsednik Roosevelt z nekaterimi drugimi vred rad vsaj malo pomagal revnemu ljudstvu, toda nima moči. Kdor upa, da bodo republikanski in demokrati krmilarji dali ljudstvu vso demokracijo, se kako moti. Kadar bodo delavci imeli močno politično organizacijo in iskrene voditelje, ne razdiračev, tedaj še bomo imeli pravo demokracijo, ki bo res vredna tega imena. Partizani zaslužijo priznanje, toda vprašanje je, če bodo mogli vzdržati toliko časa, da jim zavezniki pridejo na pomoč s svojo ofenzivo. Če ne bodo mogli vzdržati, pride spet v ospredje Mihajlovič in zavezniki bodo potem podpirali njega in Petra. Današnja politika je zvita na vse načine.

John Artach.

V službi Strica Sama

South Chicago, Ill.—Pošiljalnik Williama Rashina, člana društva 8 SNPJ, z željo, da jo priobčite v Prosveti. On je pristopil v mladinski oddelek leta 1927. Pri božičnicah je večkrat nastopil na odru s kitaro. V odru oddelek je pristopil leta 1942 v starosti 17 let in šest mesecov. Kot sin dalmatinskih staršev je takrat tudi šel prostovoljno k ameriški mornarici. Sedem mesecev se je nahajjal v Great Lakes Naval Training Station, potem pa je bil poslan na Pacifik.



Mlademu Williamu je mama umrla leta 1937. Tudi ona, Katice Rashin, je bila članica našega društva. Od takrat so oni, oče in sestra Sylvia naprej složili Rosevelta, in njegove administracije zelo naklonjena so-

vjetki vladu in ji stoji na strani, je ne samo potrebno, pač pa naravnost dolžnost Prosvete, da piše lepo in dostojno o Rusiji in njenih voditeljih. Vsako nasprotimo pisanje o Rusiji in njenih voditeljih, kakor je bil na primer članek "Težave prijateljstva s Stalinom," ki je bil priobčen v Prosveti 14. jan., je v konfliktu z omenjeno resolucijo in proti zadnji zadnji konvenciji. (Resolucija je odobrila ameriško zunanjopolitično politiko glede vojne in izrekla upanje, da bo Amerika še nadalje pomagala Rusiji z bojnim materialom za poraz Hitlerja, to je vse. Vse drugo je konfuzija br. Vidmarja. Resolucija nikjer ne govorji o kakšni sovjetski politiki. Amerika je zavojnik Rusije v orooju, ne pa v notranji sovjetski politiki. Konfuzija je tudi v tem, ker br. Vidmar v začetku dopisa piše, da Prosveta hvali kapitalistično administracijo in dalje piše, da je urednik na zadnji konvenciji že rečel, da je Prosveta pohvalila Rooseveltovo kapitalistično vodstvo, kadar naredi kaj dobrega za delavce, obenem pa tudi kritizira, kadar zasluži kritiko z delavsko stališčem; prav tako Prosveta dosledno podpira dobre delavsko vodstvo in ustanovitev ter kritizira le slabe. Ur.)

In da bo več pomot, priskoči še tiskarski škrat in ji še on prisojni nekaj pomot. Nekateri pomotoma izpuščeni so takoj v luft in ne morejo počakati, da se pomote izravnajo. Nekateri so tako pozabljivi ter ne vedo, da so vsoto darovali predno je bila tukajšnja podružnica po možne akcije ustanovljena ter da je bila njegova vsota poslana na gl. predsednika Cainkarja in bila tudi v Prosveti priobčena. Nekateri tudi pozabijo, da so darovali Sansu in ne pomoči v akciji. Ne vedo, da je tukaj postojanka za nabiranje prispevkov, da se bo nahranilo, oblikovalo in obulo siromake v staro domovino.

Druga postojanka z okrajšanim imenom je Sans, katera naša prostovoljne prispevke, da se jih, kot že rečeno, osvobodi v vrne njih zemlja, katera je sedaj razkosana in jim vzeta.

Kdor je v dvomu, da ni bila njegova vsota oddana, kamor spada, se naj obrne glede po možne akcije na mrš. Kraintz, 17838 Hawthorne st., glede Santa pa na tajnico Lio Menton, 1205 Palestine st. Kdor je daroval za pomočno akcijo predno je bila podružnica iste tukaj ustanovljena, se naj obrne na gl. predsednika V. Cainkarja in Chicago.

Glede delavcev je pa odločil gl. odbor, ker konvencija jih še ni poznala. Gl. odbor je imel v tem oziru vso pravico odlečati kot najvišja inštitucija med konvencijo in splošnim glasovanjem. V to je bil prisiljen zaznati novih razmer v Jugoslaviji in na podlagi omenjene resolucije. To, kar se danes dogaja v Jugoslaviji, kjer se skupina sužnjev bojuje za svobodo proti velikanski premoči razbojnnikov, nima para v zgodovini našega naroda.

Priporočilo nekaterih bratov, da je urednik pustil socialistično stranko, a le malo čitateljev je opazilo to spremembu. Večina kritikov se je pojavila še ob vstopu Rusije v sedanj vojno. Do vojne so zagovarjali stališče urednika, kadar naredi kaj dobrtega za delavce, obenem pa tudi kritizira, kadar zasluži kritiko z delavsko stališčem; prav tako Prosveta dosledno podpira dobre delavsko vodstvo in ustanovitev ter kritizira le slabe. Ur.)

Ravn tako, kdor želi nadalje prispetati omenjenim organizacijam, kar je seveda priporočljivo, se naj obrne in darove izroči gori omenjenima tajnicama, ali pa blagajnikom. Ne trosite kake sumnje na okoli ter se popreprečite in pronajdite, je li vaš dar prišel na pristojno mestu. Sumnje in refleksija metatih zahrbtno na nabiralca ali na nabiralko predno imati dokaz, je nepošteno in falotsko.

Nakam prijateljem se za poslane božične kartice s soprogom prav lepo zahvaljujeva. Mi nismo poslali nikomur.

K. Jun. 121.

Odgovor Barbilu

Herminie, Pa.—Ko sem zadnjih odhalil na pot, sem opazil in tudi površno prečital Barbilov dopis, tikajoč se "prodajala možganskih medicinov" in upornih bratov v Clevelandu. Ker sem bil od onega časa opozoren na mnogih čitateljev Prosvete, ali bom kaj odgovoril ali ne, torej ne kaže drugače, sploh pa radi tega, ker čitatelji ne vedo, za kaj gre v tistem Barbilovem dopisu z dne 7. jan.

Barbilove vrstice seveda dobro razumem. Tudi on lahko ve, da sem bil ves čas na zadnji konvenciji jednote, dasi ne kot delegat, marveč kot namestnik. Kot opazovalce sem imel boljšo priljubljot kot delegatje sami, da sem uvelj vse, kar je bilo zanimivega, ker mi ni bilo treba napolnjati možganov, kaj bi povedal, če bi bil delegat.

Moja pripomba, na katero mi br. Barbil odgovarja, ni bila žaliva za nikogar. Omenim pa naj, da ljudje v pretežni večini ne vidijo radi stalnega pikanja in zato sem to tudi javno povedal. Bratu Barbilu naj tudi omenim, da ni bilo treba napolnjati možganov, kaj bi povedal, če bi bil delegat.

Marsikateremu članu društva št. 121 ni znano poslovanje pri društvu v zadnjem letu. Ko sem že v prejšnjem dopisu omenila, se ne udeležujejo sej. Izgrevor je—prezaposlenost in različnih tiranov. Apelira se na vse člane društev in druge rojake, da se omenjene veselice udeleži.

Marsikateremu članu društva št. 121 ni znano poslovanje pri društvu v zadnjem letu. Ko sem že v prejšnjem dopisu omenila, se ne udeležujejo sej. Izgrevor je—prezaposlenost in različnih tiranov. Apelira se na vse člane društev in druge rojake, da se omenjene veselice udeleži.

Torej zakaj naj bi mi rinili naše izkušene in zasluzne ljudi iz službe pri naši organizaciji.

Alli oni, ki se vrednujejo, da so se v dobrih letih garancija? Prav gotovo ne. In kar ne želite sebi, tudi ne želite svojemu bližnjemu. In vsak nov uslužbenec ali uradnik se mora učiti predno postane dober delavec.

Torej bodimo toleranti napram našim uslužbenec in dajmo jim priznanje. Ako se pa kdo izneneri svojim dolžnostim, bo podpisani med prvimi, ki bodo zahtevali, da se ga na-

vam zasluge pri organizaciji. Ako komu ne morem dokazati, da zanemarja svoje dolžnosti in naloge do jednote in članstva, kakor mu jih nalagajo pravila, potem nimam razloga, da bi ga rinni iz službe. Kaj ste še videli, da bi kaka korporacija odslovila človeka, ki ji je zvesto služil? Navadno tega ne delajo.

Torej ali morete dokazati našim odbornikom, da se ne drže smernic jednote in dela, ki ga morajo opravljati? Ako ni tako, kajega dokaza, je moje mnenje, da jih ponovno izvolimo. Ali nismo Roosevelta volili že tri termina in mogoče ga bomo še četrтиč, in sicer zato, ker izpoljuje svoje dolžnosti.

Direktorice Margaret Petach in Wilma Kosem, ki sta lani povoljno vodili krožek, sta izjavili, da še prevzema za napred, toda le pod pogojem, da starši ne posiljajo otrok pod šolsko starostjo na mesečne seje.

V sledi tega prošimo prizadete starše članov mladinskega krožka št. 22, da to upoštevajo. Obenem jih tudi prosimo, da vsled tega ne zamerijo. Saj mali otroci so seveda tudi diktatorjev.

Apeliram na vse odrasle člane, da se v čim večjem številu udeležujejo društvenih sej, kajti s tem poživljamo zavest bratstva in društvene aktivnosti.

Louis Capuder, predsednik.

Zabava za vojake

Burgettstown, Pa.—Leta 1942 smo tukaj ustanovili slovenski Service Club, ki se danes obstavlja. S pomočjo tega kluba smo vsakega leta poslali lepa božična darila v vsoči \$10 vsakemu našemu fantu, ki služi pri vojnah. Ni treba omenjati, da so bili fantje veseli teh daril.

Prej smo še dobro izhajali, ker je bilo še precej fantov doma, ki so nam pomagali. Lani so pa vse pobrali, tako da smo zdaj ostali doma le starci. Kljub temu pa smo sklenili, da priredimo veselico v korist našim fantje veselih.

Torej zakaj naj bi mi rinili naše izkušene in zasluzne ljudi iz službe pri naši organizaciji. Ali se vi dobro počutite, ko vas družba odpusti po 20 letih garancija?

Prav gotovo ne. In kar ne želite sebi, tudi ne želite svojemu bližnjemu. In vsak nov uslužbenec ali uradnik se mora učiti predno postane dober delavec.

Torej bodimo toleranti napram našim uslužbenec in dajmo jim priznanje. Ako se pa kdo izneneri svojim dolžnost

PROSVETA
THE ENLIGHTENMENT

GLASILLO IN LASTNINA SLOVENSKE NARODNE PODPORNE JEDNOTNE

Organ of and published by Slovenske National Benefit Society

Narodnina za Združene države (izven Chicago) in Kanado \$1.25 na leto, \$1.00 za pol leta, \$1.50 za četrt leta; za Chicago in okolico Cook Co., \$7.50 za celo leto, \$3.75 za pol leta; za inozemstvo \$3.00.

Subscription rates: for the United States (except Chicago) and Canada \$1.25 per year, Chicago and Cook County \$7.50 per year, foreign countries \$3.00 per year.

Cene oglašev po dogovoru.—Rokopisi dopisov in zanesljivosti se ne vratajo. Rokopisi literarne vsebine (črlice, povesti, drame, pesmi itd.) se vranejo pošiljalcu le v slučaju, če je priložil poštino.

Advertising rates on agreement.—Manuscripts of communications and unsolicited articles will not be returned. Other manuscripts, such as stories, plays, poems, etc., will be returned to sender only when accompanied by self-addressed and stamped envelope.

Naslov na vse, kar ima stik z listom:

PROSVETA

2657-59 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 22, Illinois

MEMBER OF THE FEDERATED PRESS

125

"Prosveta služi pred vsem propagandi za SNPJ, nato pa izobražbi in kulturi v smislu politične, ekonomske in socialne demokracije ter svobodne misli." — Iz resolucije o publikacijah SNPJ, sprejeti na 12. redni konvenciji SNPJ v Pittsburghu, Pa.

"Z osirom na današnjo svetovno situacijo in še posebej na odnosu Združenih držav do zunanjega sveta ter z osirom na našo staro domovino, Slovenska narodna podpora jednota po svojih zastopnikih na 12. redni konvenciji v Pittsburghu, Pa., najstrože obsoja diktatorsko in barbarsko totalitarstvo vsake vrste in podarja svojo globoko vero v demokracijo in v končno zmago demokracije po vsem svetu." — Iz resolucije o starem kraju in svetovnem položaju, sprejeti na 12. redni konvenciji SNPJ.

Tedenke kritične misli

Osem društva naše jednote je, ki bodo prve tri mesece tega leta starata štirideset let. To so pionirska društva SNPJ, ki so se ustavili kot samostojne enote po zgledu čikaške Slavije in katera so potem s Slavijo vred zgradila novo jednoto v aprili 1904. SNPJ je bila ustanovljena iz devetih samostojnih društev, razstreljenih po Illinoisu, Pennsylvaniji, Ohiu in Kansusu. V štiridesetih letih so se ta društva pomnožila na 761, kolikor jih je danes.

Direktorji Kooperativne lige v Ameriki so zadnji teden inicitali ustanovitev Mednarodne kooperativne zveze, ki bo obsegala dežele vsega sveta, kjer koli posluje svobodno zadružarstvo. To bo prva zadružna internacionala, katere namen bo, da povspreje trgovino med kooperativami vseh dežel — kamen ogelog za zgraditev bodoče ekonomske demokracije sveta. Pravilno je, da je bil ta korak storjen v Ameriki. Ameriško zadružarstvo je med to vojno najbolj aktivno in napreduje z mogočnimi koraki.

Dva dni kasneje, 19. in 20. januarja, so se v New Yorku zbrali delegati zadružnih organizacij iz dvajsetih dežel na konferenci za mednarodno zadružno rekonstrukcijo. Zadruge vseh svobodnih dežel delujejo za tesno zbljanje zaradi velikih in nujnih nalog, ki jih čakajo po vojni. Pomagati bo treba na noge potlačenim zadrganem v osvoboden Evropi. Danes zadruge normalno poslujejo le v Švedski, Švici, Angliji in na ameriški celini. V Združenih državah je danes dva in pol milijona družin včlanjenih v kooperativah, ki posedujejo čez 7500 prodajalnic in čez sto tovarn, delavnici in refinerij.

Zadnji ponedeljek je Prosveta na tem mestu posvetila na "vest" moskovske Pravde glede "tajnega pogajanja med Anglijo in Nemčijo za separaten mir." Pravda je poročala, da je prejela to "governo" iz zanesljivih grških in jugoslovenskih virov v Kairu. Tri dni kasneje je sovjetski zunanjki komisariat obvestil angleško poslaništvo, da sovjetska vlada — ni odgovorna za tisto "vest." Vlada ni nicesar vedela o tem, dokler ni bila stvar objavljena. To bi pomenilo, da sovjetska vlada ne ve, niti se ne briga, kaj piše Pravda, glavno glasilo komunistične stranke v Rusiji, katere glavni vodja je premier Stalin.

S tem je ugotovljeno, da je bila Pravdina "vest" fabrikacija. Če bi bila resnična, se ne bi nihče v Moskvi branil odgovornosti zato. Nekdo v sovjetski diplomaciji je nasedel — nascijski propagandi, katera je že mesec silno aktivna. Bil je grd kozel, ki so ga ustrellili v Moskvi in naravno noče biti nihče odgovoren za kozle. Ampak odgovornost je kljub temu, moralna odgovornost, k. pade na one, ki izvajajo diktatorstvo. Pravda, katera se je vedno ponašala, da je resen list, ne pa list za zbabavo, je s tem dosegla, da je njen "resnost" še bolj obledela.

Mehiški predsednik Camacho, o katerem pravijo, da je katoličan, je ostro nastopil proti sinarhistom v Mehiki, kakor poročajo ameriški listi. Sinaristi so katoliška organizacija, ki je v temi zvezzi s španskimi falangisti (fašisti) in katera ima vse pritikline fašističnega značaja. Na primer ena med pritiklinami je, da jo podpirajo irske-katoliške organizacije v Združenih državah, katere se navdušujejo za španško diktaturo in še danes vodijo svojo pravljivo vojno z Anglijo. Vse kaže, da bo mehiška vlada zatrla sinarhim na svojih tleh.

Z obveznim delom v ameriških vojnih industrijah, ki ga pogojuje priporoča predsednik Roosevelt, najbrž ne bo nič. Ne samo, da so organizirani delavci odločno proti obveznemu delu in vsekakor so delavci v splošnem proti temu, temveč so tudi vsi liberalni in napredni elementi v Ameriki z malimi izjemami. Vsi dosedanji uspehi ameriške proizvodnje za vojno so bili dosegli s svobodnim, prostovoljnem delom! In takšnih uspehov še ni pokazala nobena druga država na svetu. Svobodno delo naj ostane do konca vojne! Roosevelt pravi, da Amerika lahko premaga Nemčijo in Japonsko brez obveznega dela. Pravilno!

Novo izkrcanje zaveznikov v bližini Rima je vsekakor začetek letosnjih ofenzivnih akcij, ki združi načiste. Odslej je pričakovati pogostejši in vedno večjih navalov v okupirane dežele, med katerimi je tudi Jugoslavija na vrsti. Stvar pojde zdaj hitro in z večjimi zamahi. Začetek konca je že za nami.

Vojnohranilni bondi so danes strelivo, ki prinese zmago. Čim več je bondov prodanih, tem več bo strelivo in tem prej pride zmaga. Ko pa pride mir, se to strelivo izpremeni v kruh, oblike, novo pohištvo in druge potrebujočine, ki nam bodo prav prisile. Kupite ekstra bond!

Ivan Molek.

Glasovi iz naselbin

Priredba za partizane

Detroit. — Tukajšnja podpora in kulturna društva prirede zavaro s primernim programom, od katere bo šel ves prebitek v pomoč osvobodilni fronti v Jugoslaviji. Priredba se vrši 20. februarja v Slovenskem delavskem domu na 437 S. Livernois.

Vse rojake širok Detroit uljudno vabimo, da se udeleže te priedbe v velikem številu, da s tem pomagamo nekoliko našim hrabrim borcem, ki se tako junašča bore proti okupatorjem. Imeli bomo lep program in dobre govornice — natancanje bo poročano pozneje. Po programu bo zabava. Tudi za posstrebo bomo poskrbeli, kar najbolj mogoče v danih razmerah. Gospodinjski klub na zapadni strani nam je že vnaprej obljubil, da bo nekaj takega, kar nas bo vse iznenadio. Vstopnila bo prosta. Torej na svidenje 20. februarja ob dveh popoldne. Za pravljalni odbor —

Michael Gregorič, 518.

Poziv Lorainčanom

Lorain. — O. — Vsi Slovenci in Slovenke v naši naselbini so vabiljeni, da se udeleže posebne seje v nedeljo zvečer, 30. januarja ob 7:30 uri. To seje sklicuje slovenska društva v tem mestu z namenom, da ustanovimo postojanko Samsa.

Vsem, katerim je kaj na tem, da zavladata svoboda in demokracija v naši rojstni domovini, klicem: Pridite na to sejo, ki se vrši v Slovenskem narodnem domu.

Za društvo Bled 17 SNPJ — John Bruce, tajnik.

Miha Čok analizuje

Canton. — O. — V času vojn in ekonomskih kriz se navadno pojavijo različni elementi različnih mnenj in delavci se razcepijo še bolj kot so bili prej razcepjeni. Mi Slovenci v Ameriki smo različnih mnenj in različnih prepričanj, ampak delavci smo skoraj vsi.

Marsikdo je danes doživel, da mu je njegov delavski drug, s katerim je občeval zadnjih 30 let in v katerem je vidiški iskrenega delavskoga sobojevnika, obrnil hrbot. Vsakdo ima pravico, da obrne hrbot svojemu staremu drugu, aka se z njim ne strinja več. Vojna, prevrati in druge homatije prinašajo nove in različne elemente, o katerih ima mali človek včasih korist, včasih pa škodo. V takih razmerah zavržeš prijatelja in se okleneš novega, s katerim se bolj razumeš. Večini slučajev pride potem razočaranje, življenje pa gre vseeno dalje, dokler se spet ne skuha kaj novega.

Ameriški Slovenci smo majhna skupina — le kapija v velikem morju ameriškega prebivalstva — a tudi med nami so nesporazumi, kakor pri vseh ostalih narodnostih. Nesporazumi so verske ali političnega značaja, nesporazumi pri naših ustanovah in nesporazumi med posamezniki. To nič novega in čudnega in znano je, da to škoduje nam vsem skupaj.

Tudi danes je prišlo med nami do malenkostnega nesporazuma — ceprav nesporazumi, ki so zelo občutljivi, delajo iz muhe konja. Bližnja bodočnost pa ne bo nicesar vedela o tem našem nesporazumu; vse bo izravnano in pozbavljeno.

Današnji dopisniki Prosvete so večinoma stari, že osivelj in izgarani ostanki nekdanjega živilskega slovenskega pridelovalstva. Še nekaj let in — ne bo nas več. Ko odidemo, vzamemo s seboj zadnji slovenski časopis v Ameriki. Vse bo šlo z namenom, le naše živilske izkušnje in morda naše prepričanje bo ševelo dalje pri naših potomcih. Stroj, ki danes tiska naša modrovranja, ki jih modrijuemo tako, kolikor nam naša skromna možnost dovoljuje, bo prenehal tiskati naše misli in besede v slovenščini — in takrat se bomo najbolje razumeli.

Razumeli bi se pa lahko že danes, če bi se hoteli, vsaj kolikor se tiče naših ustanov, prin-

cipov in pravil. Če ne bi le teh principov in pravil mešali v istem političnem kotlu, v katerem se danes meša vse Evropa! Nobena stvar pa ni večna in z dobro voljo se lahko izravnava.

Brat Jankovič je stal dolga leta trezen in neomajen svobodomislec in prid videnje v pridravcih za našo stvar. Brat Molek je bil vsa leta njegov steber, na katerega se je naslanjal in za tega Molka je bil pripravljen stepati se, če bi bilo treba — dokler se niso pojavili partizani v Jugoslaviji. Resnica pa je, da vse spremembne v naših pravilih in resolucijah ne bodo partizani nič pomagale, pa naj mi vsi simpatiziramo z njimi ali ne. Naša pravila in drugi sklepi imajo pomen le za naš doma, ne pa za politiko v inozemstvu. Michael Chok.

Umri v Avstraliji

Los Angeles, Cal. — Naše društvo 743 SNPJ je izgubilo mladega člena Rudolfa Miheliča, ki je umrl v Avstraliji v bojnični dne 5. novembra 1943, star 21 let. K vojakom je šel 26. marca 1943. Nahajal se je v taborišču Roberts, Cal., potem pa je bil poslan na južni Pacific v taborišče Stoneman, Avstralija, kjer ga je doletela smrt.



Pokojni Rudolf je bil rojen 23. novembra 1922 v Lokvi na Hrvaskem. V Ameriko je prišel februarja 1937 in tukaj pričel počati v šolo, kjer se je pridno učil misiljo, da si ustvari življenje v tej deželi. Meseca maja 1937 je pristopil v mladinski oddelek našega društva, novembra 1940 pa v odrasli oddelok. Bil je dober član društva, kajti je zelo rad pomagal kjer koli je bil.

V Jugoslaviji zapušča očeta in dva brata, tukaj v Los Angelesu pa strica in druge sorodnike. Mladega Rudolfa Miheliča bomo ohranili v lepem spominu. Počivaj v daljnji tuji zemlji, sodelnikom na naše društvo izkraj sožalje.

Frank M. Grachan, tajnik.

Pred počitnicami . . .

Cleveland, O. — Drugo nedeljo v januarju je bila seja društva V boji 53 SNPJ brez tajnika. Naš Jože Durn je bil takrat v Chicagu na zboru Samsa in njegovo delo pri društvu je vršil blagajnik John Kos. Naš zapisnik Louis Dugar se je po dveh mesecih bolezni vrnil in zoper nam bo pisal zapisnik. Upamo, da se mu ne priperi več kaj takega. Jože Siskovich, predsednik nadzornega odseka, je pismeno poročal, da je zelo zaposlen v tovarni in kot tajnik zadruge; druga dva nadzornika sta bila navzoča in knjige ter računi so bili v redu, kakor sta poročala. Lahko se zgodi, da bo na prihodnosti neko odotren predsednik, ker bo imel važen opravek.

Dne 18. januarja smo imeli sejo Samsa št. 39. Zoper je bil pregled računov. Jože Durn je pa obširno poročal z glavnimi seje v Chicagu. Sklenjeno je bilo, da se enkrat v marcu sklicuje javen shod. Za to bo skrbel odbor postojanke 39.

Ker je to moj zadnji dopis pred počitnicami dopisov, se le na rahlo dotaknem onega, kar je naš veliki pisatelj pisal v Prosveti o "hrabrem junaku." Večina je zame zakon, ne pa moje osebno mnenje ali mnenje katerega koli drugega posameznika. Brat Jankovič, ki je star društvenik, se je zadnje čase zapletel v takih protislovja glede pravil in resolucij 12. redne konvencije s splošnim glasovanjem; on misli, da te resolucije ne odgovarjajo več današnjim razmeram, to je političnim homatijam in inozemstvu.

Jaz pa sem nasprotnega mnenja, da ostanejo ti sklepi v veljavi in nedotaknjeni do prihodnje konvencije. Večina je zame zakon, ne pa moje osebno mnenje ali mnenje katerega koli drugega posameznika. Brat Jankovič, ki je star društvenik, se je zadnje čase zapletel v takih protislovja glede pravil in resolucij 12. redne konvencije, da se mu to nikakor ne pristoji. Njegova želja je, naj se Prosveta tiska v tonu, da bi neprestano ploskala partizanom in Rusiji, čeprav stano poroča o bojih prvih in druge. Nadalje je, da se splošno glasovanje, ker se ne

strinja s sklepom 12. redne konvencije in si želi nekaj novotvora, ki bi bilo po njegovem mnenju bolj partizanske in rdeče.

Brat Jankovič je stal dolga leta trezen in neomajen svobodomislec in pridravcih za našo stvar. Brat Molek je bil vsa leta njegov steber, na katerega se je naslanjal in za tega Molka je bil pripravljen stepati se, če bi bilo treba — dokler se niso pojavili partizani v Jugoslaviji. Resnica pa je, da vse spremembne v naših pravilih in resolucijah ne bodo partizani nič pomagale, pa naj mi vsi simpatiziramo z njimi ali ne. Naša pravila in drugi sklepi imajo pomen le za naš doma, ne pa za politiko v inozemstvu. Amen — brez mojega oceta!

Frank Barbič, 53.

Letna seja Doma SNPJ

Eveleth, Minn. — Vsa društva Slovenske narodne podporne jednotne v Evelethu bodo imela skupno in letno sejo prvo nedeljo, dne 6. februarja. Začetek seje ob 3. uri popoldne (tako po seji društva SANSa, katera se je vršila dne 8. januarja v Chicago). Pridite na to sejo vsi, ki se zanimate za bodočnost našega naroda v starem kraju.

Fran

Slovenska Narodna Podpora Jedinota

2657-59 So. Lawndale Ave.



Chicago 23, Illinois

GLAVNI ODBOR

Izviri odsak

VINCENT CAINKAR, gl. predsednik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
F. A. VIDER, gl. tajnik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
ANTON TROJAR, gl. pomočni tajnik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
MIRKO G. KUHEL, gl. blagajnik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
LAWRENCE GRADISHEK, tajnik bol. oddel	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
MICHAEL VRHOVNIK, direkt. mlađ. oddel	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
PHILIP GODINA, upravilni glasnik	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
JOHN MOLEK, urednik glasnika	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.

Podpredsednik

MICHAEL R. KUMER, prvi podpredsednik	Box 84, Universal, Pa.
CAMILUS ZARNICK, drugi podpredsednik	3587 W. 65th St., Cleveland 2, Ohio

Distrizkni podpredsednik

JOS. CULKAR, prvo okrožje	417 Woodland Ave., Johnstown, Pa.
JAMES MAGLICH, druge okrožje	R. D. No. 1, Oakdale, Pa.
RAYMOND TRAVNIK, tretje okrožje	7225 Middlepointe, Dearborn, Mich.
JOHN SPILLER, četrto okrožje	3979 Randall St., St. Louis 7, Mo.
URŠULA AMBROZIC, peto okrožje	418 Pierce St., Eveleth, Minn.
EDWARD TOMSIC, šesto okrožje	283 W. 7th St., Walsenburg, Colo.

Gospodarski odsak

MATH PETROVICH, predsednik	253 E. 15th St., Cleveland 10, Ohio
VINCENT CAINKAR	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
F. A. VIDER	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
MIRKO G. KUHEL	2657 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
JACOB ZUPAN	1404 So. Lombard Ave., Berwyn, Ill.
DONALD J. LOTRUCH	1927 So. Trumbull Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
RUDOLPH LISCH	700 E. 26th St., Euclid 17, O.

Porocni odsak

MATH PETROVICH, predsednik	Box 27, Arma, Kansas
VINCENT CAINKAR	315 Tener St., Luzerne, Pa.
F. A. VIDER	19611 Musko Ave., Cleveland 19, Ohio
MIRKO G. KUHEL	706 Forest Ave., Johnstown, Pa.
JACOB ZUPAN	772 E. 185th Street, Cleveland 19, Ohio

Nadzorni odsak

FRANK ZAITZ, predsednik	2301 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.
MILAN MEDVESEK	15013 Upton Ave., Cleveland 19, Ohio
ANDREW GRUM	17182 Snowden, Detroit 21, Mich.
JOHN OLIP	231 So. Prospect Ave., Clarendon Hills, Ill.
FRED MALGAI	25 Westclox Ave., Peru, Ill.

DR. JOHN J. ZAVERTNIK	2219 So. Ridgeway, Chicago 23, Ill.
-----------------------	-------------------------------------

POROČILO O NAKAZANI BOLNIŠKI PODPORI

Nakazani dne 13. januarja 1944

REPORT OF SICK BENEFIT PAYMENT

Payment of January 13, 1944

4 Anton Rudol \$26. Albert Osianovsky \$27.

5 John Slosar \$26.

6 Leonora Muze \$26. Blanche Chabassol \$12. Lovreca Kaucic \$46.50.

7 Elizabeth Costelle \$5.

12 John Selan \$28. William Puchar \$6.

John Sablich \$19. Anton Godnik \$10.

14 Dennis Valatits \$5. Jennie Valatits \$20.

Anne Zeleznič \$27. John Kaucic \$20.

Frank Polic \$44. Math Papesh \$38.

23 Joseph Pencik \$23. Joseph Ogrin \$14.50.

7 Rudolph Plasko \$14. Rose Rupnik \$10. John Svet \$14.

20 Johna Glinske \$25.60. Leo Mocnik \$27. Frank Sever \$40. Joseph Seliskar \$28. Cecilia Ferderbar \$14.50.

21 Stana Chucht \$14. Joseph Pecek \$14. Nick Radovics \$26. George Paulin \$26. Nick Chucht \$14.

26 Amalia Skocik \$12. Anna Svigiel \$14. Frank Grešek \$21. Erazem Gorske \$16. Matevž Isteñich \$28. John Udovic \$36. John Heccey \$6.

29 Antonio Gasser \$15.50.

31 Jennie Styduhar \$5.

34 Sylvius Lampert \$12. Rose Krefell \$19.

36 Frank Hogler \$28. Joseph Ambrozich \$22. John Udrick \$12. Anna Knafele \$40. Andro Lazarri \$27.

43 Frank Kastelic \$32. John Plevel \$36. Molite Nelson \$9.

46 Louis Zorza \$20.

49 Mary Lee \$5.

50 Mary Vrabich \$9.

54 Mary Turkoly \$37. Joseph Zibert \$31. Alexander Gromovsky \$28.

55 Rudolph Sarsen \$28. Marko Bilec \$51.

57 Tony Molenicik \$16. Tony Molenicik \$16.

60 Mary Pecanic \$16. Frances Znidarsic \$27. Matt Trninaček \$26.

65 Joseph Mikse \$54. John Rahne \$40. William Sedey \$2. Anton Kinkela \$19. Stefan Juršič \$22. Frances Andolek \$26.

79 Katherine Devereaux \$27.

12 Frances Debe \$8. John Dezelan \$26.

Joseph Derstvenek \$28. Martin Lollar \$25. Martin Logar \$14. Frank Zukun \$22. Joseph Grigar \$57.

12 Rosie Arko \$30.

67 Julia Preiza \$14.

80 Blaž Kovacic \$9.85.

79 Theresa Lukanc \$5.

91 Joseph Fitz \$14. Louis Oster \$24.

94 Marie Leskoč \$5.

Josephine Pohar \$6. Frank Spicmiller \$30. Adolph Hauptman \$26. Frances Kukuvic \$5.

105 Florence Banich \$5.

109 Joseph Cerin \$27. Pauline Redick \$14. John Mauser \$30. Louise Perpar \$12. Frank Blažec \$27.

114 Mary Pecanic \$16. Frances Znidarsic \$27. Matt Trninaček \$26.

118 Vera Hocevar \$5.

121 Olga Horbach \$14. John Bergant \$42. Jacob Zaic \$12. Anne Yelena \$5.

124 Frances Stimač \$20. Frances Stola \$24. Amalia Golob \$12. Anton Travnik \$12. Mary Hodnik \$16.50. Marie Perme \$24.

131 Frank Sifra \$5.

137 Elizabeth Bizjak \$5. Joseph Lustik \$4.

142 Hedvika Richardson \$5.

144 Frank Baraga \$31. Frank Baraga \$30.

147 John Nestec \$13.50.

154 Louis Bennett \$8. Olga Potocnik \$5.

157 Mary Turcan \$5.

162 Ante Princ \$16.

166 Ante Lipovec \$20.

174 Barbara Dvorak \$20.

178 Joseph Kubel \$14. Anton Jamnik \$12. Henry Arnold \$34. Josephine Yurcovich \$15.

182 Andrew Bogatec \$28.

184 Mary Burcin \$28.

187 Mary Bennett \$5.

190 Mathew Rapac \$25.

194 Anna Medie \$15.90. John Bozic \$16. John Jacob \$17. John Jakobe \$17. John Klajder \$26. John Klajder \$26.

200 Frank Metelka \$34. Frank Sraž \$28.

204 Martin Asman \$27. Mary Severo \$28.

208 Rose Garm \$12.50. Anna Slavic \$20.

212 Frank Sipek \$14.

216 John Shaga \$25. John Zgomec \$8. Matt Trifun \$40. Victor Novak \$26.

220 Mary Smelič \$5. Matt Primozich \$42.50.

224 Anna Gatz \$5. Margaret Kracjic \$5. Drago Grigorčič \$28. Dragič Kurzun \$40. Andrew Utnečić \$28.

228 Frank Lautar \$28. Frank Andolek \$28. Jozef Jelovich \$40. Frank Ne-

4th WAR LOAN
Let's All Back The Attack

Društvene vesti

De Pue, Ill.—Članstvu Društva Zavednost 59 SNPJ naznam sklep letne seje, ki se glasi, da mora vsak član in članica plačati poleg rednega asesmenta tudi dolar v društveno blagajno v prihodnjih šestih mesecih. Ta dolar lahko plačate kadar koli do 30. jun. 1944, v enem ali pa v treh obrokih. Ker nismo več imeli nobene priredebitve v blagajne, se ta bolj in bolj prazni. Radi tega je društvo sprejelo ta zaključek.

Za leto 1944 smo ponovno izvolili ves stari društveni odbor. Seje se vrše tretjo nedeljo v mesecu ob 10. zjutraj v Slovenskem domu. Članstvo naj se v večjem številu udeležejo društvenih sej. Društvo še v bodoče ostane pri Prosvetni matici.

Pri vojakih imamo do danes 20 mož in fantov, in sicer so slednji člani: Edward Omahen, Rudy Slatner, Rudy Kovacevich, Frank J. Stefanich, Rudy Banich, John Oberch, Vincent Omahen, John Marsek, Gilbert Koss, Stanley Spolar, Harold Banich, John E. Maloney, Frank Siska, John Kerzan, John Resnick, Henry Juvan, Daniel Kopina, William Siska, Joseph Jakse in James E. Brennan.

Od teh dvajset članov-vojakov je bilo že devet poslanih preko morja, nekateri nad Nemcem, drugi nad Japoncem.

Dne 13. dec. 1943 je družina John Slatner st. prejela uradno brzojavko iz Washingtona, da je bil ubit v akciji njih sin Rudy Slatner 24. nov. na otoku Makin v južnem Pacifiku. Družini Slatner izrekamo globoko ozajanje nad izgubo njih sina in našega člena.

John Zugich, tajnik.

Milwaukee.—V smislu sklepa društva 747 SNPJ, ki je bil sprejet na letni seji 12. dec., mora vsak član in članica plačati dolar izrednega asesmenta v društveno blagajno v prvih šestih mesecih tega leta.

PROSVETA

ENGLISH SECTION

For Members of Slovene National Benefit Society and American Slovenes

40th Anniversary of SNPJ
The Largest and
Safest Slovene Benefit Order

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 26

PAGE SIX

Our Two Slovene National Actions

Reports from our widely scattered communities indicate that our young people are interested in the future of the country or their parents' origin. Most of them, we are happy to say, are not only familiar with, but also active in the relief and political work carried on here in the interest of our oppressed people in Slovenia.

We have two separate organizations which today enjoy the support of the majority of Slovenes in America. We have the Slovene Section of the Yugoslav Relief Committee and the Slovene American National Council; the former was organized by our fraternal societies immediately after the invasion of Yugoslavia, and the latter was created by the Slovene National Congress late in 1942. As representative bodies these two organization are carrying on the work that has been assigned to them, i. e. JRC-SS the relief work and SANC the political action.

That initiative for our united relief action came from our fraternal societies was a logical step, for it is our fraternals which have been representative of our organized actions and identity in America. The great catastrophe which befell our people across the sea, along with the rest of the occupied nations in Europe, brought about a solid front among us here. All of us realized that the invaders struck against all of our people in Slovenia regardless of their beliefs and affiliations. In short: It was a time for unity and understanding if anything was to be accomplished.

That this united front for humanitarian work was so promptly organized, is to the credit of all Slovenes in America. Similarly, it is to their credit that they went further and met on common ground to form the political front.

Official reports pertaining to the JRC-SS action are being published at regular intervals in all Slovene publications. The latest official report released by the Relief Committee shows that a total or more than \$70,000 has been collected for this purpose. Impressive as this sum may seem, it is still far too small in view of the need that will present itself after the defeat of the invaders. Therefore, a much greater sum will have to be collected to at least partially cope with the situation.

Of course, we all know that the greater part of assistance will have to come from America and the rest of the United Nations. We also know that some of our people are wont to say that they will send their share directly to their relatives after the war. This is all well and good, but what will our people in their homeland say if we will be unable to show a more substantial sum donated collectively by the Slovenes in America?

Therefore, it is urgent that we continue to contribute for this worthy cause. Let us remember that we will be judged only by actual results. Good intentions will be a sorry substitute.

Turning to the political action conducted by the Slovene American National Council, we note that its successes thus far have been noteworthy.

According to the latest official report released by SANC, the total amount thus far collected for that purpose is more than \$33,000. Of this amount about \$12,000 has been expended for political work.

Immediately following the historic success of unity manifested at the Slovene National Congress in Cleveland in 1942, the Council went into action by sending a delegation to Washington and presented our problems before the State Department which gave an assurance that our cause shall receive proper attention. Thus official Washington took cognizance of the just claims of our motherland. Since then the Council has been busy informing official circles about our people's rights. Memoranda have been sent to all important Allied meetings: London, Quebec, Moscow, Teheran, and Cairo. Also, the Council carried out the instructions of the Congress by organizing a committee of the Croats, Serbs, Slovenes, Bulgarians and Macedonians. Only recently, on January 8, the first general meeting of all SANC committees was held in Chicago, which meeting gave a vote of confidence to the Council, unanimously endorsing its past undertakings and urging all concerned to continue the work as outlined by the Congress.

The Slovene National Council is worthy of our financial and moral support. We appeal to our young people to back both actions, the political action as well as the relief work.

Strabane Pioneers

STRABANE, PA.—The Pioneers have turned over a new leaf for 1944. The last year was not as active as other years were, so plans were made to start the new year off by holding a dance sometime in January.

In a previous article an announcement was made concerning news of a dance. It is now our privilege to state that the dance will be held Sunday, Jan. 30, at the local SNPJ hall featuring the music of a well known orchestra. People who have been accustomed to attending Pioneer affairs in the past know that an enjoyable evening is in store for them if they also attend this Pioneer event. We are extending a cordial invitation to all of our friends to be at the SNPJ hall on Jan. 30.

Another month has rolled around and it will soon be time for the regular monthly meeting. Setting an example to members of long standing who fail to come to meetings or when they do, fail to take an active part in the discussions, is Frank Miller, a new Pioneer member. Since his admittance Mr. Miller has attended every meeting and has taken an active part in the discussions on the floor. This is the type of member that helps a lodge to forge ahead. The members may profit by this example by taking into consideration that the next meeting will be held at the SNPJ hall Feb. 6 at 6:30.

Pioneer Pipe: Sgts. Rudy "Erl" Kruice and August Podboy have

been transferred from North Africa to Italy. Home on leave are Cpl. Max Senkine who is stationed in Florida and Sylvester Chesnic, member of the Coast Guard, who has been in Bermuda. Something different has been added to the SNPJ bowling alleys, it is the acquisition of Marcelle Ross as bowling alley manager. We believe that she is one of the first women to hold such a job. Seen at the Community Honor Roll dance taking admissions were two active Pioneer members, Frances Podboy and Frances Floran, secretary and treasurer of the Pioneers and also secretary and treasurer of the local Civic Club.

Letters of appreciation for the Christmas boxes are still coming in. One lately received is from Sgt. "Nanny" Krail who said that everything in the box came in handy and he especially enjoyed the nuts which he hadn't tasted since he left the United States. A recent WAC enlistee is Louise Ahacic, who has followed her sister Christine into the service, both of whom are Pioneer members. Congratulations to "Cubby" Sedmak, who is stationed in Hawaii, on his promotion to Sgt.

Applications for the singles and doubles tournament are being taken at the bowling alley. The tournament will be held on February 4, 5, 6. Pioneer Pip for the week—Attend the dance Jan. 30.

MARY PODBOY, 690.

Publicity Committee,

DOROTHY PODBOY, 690.

War bond purchases aid in the war effort by helping to hold down prices.

Sygan Is Scene of Western Pennsylvania SNPJ Bowling Tournament Sun., Jan. 30

VERONA, PA.—Although these lines bear the dateline of Verona, the 1944 bowling tournament of our SNPJ federation will take place at Sygan, Pa., which is the home of one of the largest lodges of our Society.

Ramblers Stage Valentine Dance

HARMARVILLE, PA.—The SNPJ Ramblers Lodge 713 is going to have a Valentine dance on Saturday, Feb. 12, at the Union Hall in Harwick. Music will be furnished by Frank's Trio. So don't forget Feb. 12.

We cordially invite all the neighboring lodges to be with us and help us make the dance a success. If you like polkas, we will guarantee you a good time; if you like waltzes, you shall have them; if you like modern tunes, Frank's Trio will see to it that your wish will be fulfilled.

We also urge all the Ramblers to attend the next regular meeting, on the fourth Sunday at 3 p. m. in the Slovene Home in Aemeton. PAUL KRANKER, Pres.

Two-Lodge Dance

Slated for Feb. 12

MEADOW LANDS, PA.—Flash! This is Guy Russo, your SNPJ and AFU reporter of Meadow Lands, bringing you the latest up-to-the-minute report on the outcome of the two-lodge dance held at the Bears Hall on Jan. 15.

The communities represented were Bridgeport, Ohio, Strabane, Cokeburg, Fredericksburg, Washington, Hermine, Vestaburg, Muse, and Midland. We wish to thank each and everyone for participating in making the dance a great success. We hope you all had a wonderful time, hoping to see you in the near future at our next dance at Bears Hall on Feb. 12. Music will be furnished by Les Faulk and his Trio. Everyone is welcome. All proceeds will go towards the building of a Slovene Home in Meadow Lands in the near future.

A meeting was held Jan. 9 at which the following officers were elected: Joe Murn, president; Frank Demshar, vice pres.; Stella Murn, treas.; Anthony Azman Jr., sec'y and rec. sec'y. Publicity: Mary Azman, Stella Murn, John Kovatch, Guy Russo. Trustees: Frank Ferlich, Guy Russo, Louis Unicek.

Our next meeting will take place at the home of Mary Azman on Sunday, Feb. 13, at 6:30 p. m.

Keep buying war bonds and stamps to lick the Axis.

Pub. Committee,

GUY RUSSO, 734.

"Hearts" Lodge

Give Hop Sunday

KANSAS CITY, KANS.—The Hearts of America, SNPJ lodge 690, are holding their first dance of 1944, on Sunday, Jan. 30, at the Slovene National Hall, at 5th and Elizabeth. "Hearts" members, let us all do our part to make this dance a great success!

The Lodge wishes to invite the members of Future Lodge 408 to come and enjoy themselves with us once again. You have helped us, in dances of the past, with your attendance, and we know we can depend on you in the future.

The Hearts have had a very successful year in 1943, and wish to thank all members and friends who helped to make it so.

Officers for 1944 are: Joe Rezin, president; Helen Rezin, vice president; Frank Rodina, secretary; Mary Rodina, treasurer; Mary Land, rec. secretary. Auditing committee: Martin Volk, Matilda Kovachoff, and Dolly Billaci.

Service News: Three more of our boys have gone overseas. They are Cpl. Tony Stoes, Pfc. Vincent Zemlock, and Pvt. Joe Volk. Good luck to you boys. The lodge received a nice letter from Cpl. Stoes who is somewhere in England. We also received holiday greetings from Sgt. John Gricher, Pfc. Vincent Zemlock, Cpl. John Raday, Pfc. Tony Stoes, and Pvt. Fred Groboshek.

Let's all work together, pay our dues on time, attend the meetings, buy war bonds and stamps, and write to the boys in the service.

MARY RODINA, 690.

War bond purchases aid in the war effort by helping to hold down prices.

ANTON RICHTAR, Sec'y.

Here, briefly, is all the information pertaining to our bowling tourney in a nutshell:

The Western Pennsylvania Federation of English Speaking Lodges of the SNPJ will stage its annual SNPJ Bowling Tournament this Sunday, January 30, at the Slovene Hall in Sygan, Pa. In view of the fact that wartime conditions do not allow us to stage a large-scale tournament, we, nevertheless, are trying to uphold the tradition of our annual bowling contest on a smaller scale as best we can.

The entries for all events will be taken at the Sygan Hall prior to the bowling time that is scheduled to begin at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The reason for this is—to give all members from the various lodges that have doubts as to whether they will have to work on that day, a chance for a late entry in case they are released from their war work.

The Athletic Committee has

promised attractive prizes for this tournament—a tournament that will see the reviving of the bowling sport again among our lodges in this section of the country.

Moreover, our Federation is also aiming to uphold the other well-established tradition among our lodges, namely, entertainment in the form of a dance and social.

Yes, our Federation is seeing to it that it is going to give us a double attraction, bowling and relaxation, because the latter is sorely needed by everyone of us in these times of hard work at long hours in which we are all engaged for our country's war effort.

The second part of the double bill, then, will be the dancing session that will feature the peppy tunes of Marty Kuk and his Musical Group. These boys really know their stuff when it comes to playing lively old-time as well as modern tunes.

The time for the music to begin its session is 8:30 in the evening to last until 11:30 that night. Do not miss our tournament dance that will follow the contest on the bowling alleys.

We extend a cordial invitation to all SNPJ lodges in Western Pennsylvania who possibly can take time out and come to Sygan this Sunday, Jan. 30, and participate at our Federation's 1944 bowling contest and dance. To one and all: Welcome!

For Pub. Committee,

MICHAEL LIPESKY.

Integrity Broadcast

CHICAGO.—The regular monthly meeting of Integrity Lodge 631 is Friday, Jan. 28, at 8 p. m. at 2436 Diversey Ave. Installation of officers will take place and entertainment will follow the meeting. All members who have time and are interested in the welfare of the lodge should attend.

The Frank Puglis are proud parents of a 7 lb. 13 oz. boy. Bro. Pugl is in the Navy but came home to see his infant son and already turned his application in. We wish the Pugl family lots of happiness and fun with the new born baby.

Sister Helen Heidenreich is on the sick list.

M. R. FLEISCHACKER, Sec'y.

Attention, Members of SNPJ Lodge No. 723

FONTANA, CALIF.—Attention, members of SNPJ lodge 723: It was decided at the regular monthly meeting on Jan. 16 to discontinue the 15c lodge assessment. All members who send their assessment by mail are asked to take this into consideration when they send in their regular monthly dues.

JENNIE PADAR, Sec'y.

There will be a Red Cross rally shortly at the Slovene Auditorium, watch this column for the exact date. If time allows a bond rally will also be held in the near future during the present Fourth War Loan drive.

Back the Attack. Buy war bonds or at least a war stamp a day.

JENNIE PADAR, Sec'y.

Official Notice

Official notice is given hereby that the time for the annual meeting of the Supreme Board of the Slovene National Benefit Society is set for the second week of the coming month. The first session will take place on Thursday, February 10, 1944, at 9 a. m. at the Society's Headquarters, 2557 S. Lawndale Avenue, Chicago, Ill. All members of the Supreme Board kindly consider this as official notice and try to attend.

AN APPEAL TO FEDERATIONS

In order to facilitate our business and perfect expediency it is essential that we have a complete record of the names and addresses of all executive officers of our lodges and federations. A compilation of such names and addresses has been printed in a small pamphlet called "Lodge Roser" and a copy or two of the same sent to each lodge and federation for many years. It is a useful little reference book and we are preparing material for such a roser for 1944. But before sending it to print we must get in also the reports from all federations on their elected executive officers for this year. This, therefore, is our special appeal to the secretaries of our federations for their loyal cooperation in the matter. Kindly forward to us a list of the names and addresses of your federation forthwith.

V. CAINKAR, Supreme President.

Comrades' Note Book

By J. F. Filolt

War Bond Dances Feb. 5-12

CLEVELAND, O.—Plans and general enthusiasm for the forthcoming Comrade War Bond Dances Feb. 5 and Feb. 12, are slowly growing. Vice President Pauline Spik will shortly issue cards requesting members for their cooperation at these particular events. The sign has been ordered; tickets and invitations at the printer.

We have been successful in securing sufficient points so that there will be plenty of food. Many members, including Marie Zak, called last week promising to do their share in the line of liquid refreshments. The local bank has been contacted and they will arrange for posters, etc., also War Bond application blanks. Either Pauline Ross or a member of the local War Bond Committee will take care of making out the application for the bond you'll purchase on these nights.

The SNPJ lodge 580 officers for 1944 were installed at the Jan. 16 monthly meeting which was attended as usual and many interesting and important subjects were discussed. The entertainment committee composed of Katherine Kirk, Ann Padar, Anthony Svet, and Frank Padar gave a complete report of the arrangements made.

The annual Valentine dance of the "New York All Americans" Lodge 580 of the SNPJ will take place on Saturday evening, Feb. 12, at 8 o'clock at the Astor Bar, 66-91 Forest Avenue, Ridgewood (at the Forest El Station). There will be good dance music to satisfy the young and old, refreshments, and a large quantity of comic valentines to be sent to your friends at the hall. A good time is assured all. Members are urged to attend and bring their friends; to make this annual affair of the lodge the most successful. Members of nearby lodges are cordially invited to attend and join the fun.

The membership of Branch 46 of SANC has been increasing gradually. Some of the latest additions are Joseph Bahor, Cecelia Murin and Mary J. Tursich. We are still striving for that 100% membership of all the members of Lodge 580. All the literature sent by SANC and the South Slavic Committee to insure this year's affair the same success as during the past four years.

If due to your work you are unable to actively participate in this worthy endeavor, contributions will be accepted. These can be mailed or dropped off at the Slovene Committee, Infantile Paralysis Fund Headquarters, 6403 St. Clair Ave.

March of Dimes
The Cleveland Slovenes this year as in the past will stage their annual President's Ball to be held at the SNH, Sunday evening, Jan. 30, to raise funds for the March of Dimes campaign for the Infantile Paralysis Foundation Fund. Committee meetings have been called to make plans to insure this year's affair the same success as during the past four years.

It was voted that the lodge start the Bond Application sale at the Feb. 5 dance with the purchase of a \$200 bond. The \$2 award went to one of our members in the service. Frank "Popeye" Modic; for the \$1 award Sophie Koren stepped forward. Pauline, entertainment chairman, appointed and requested volunteers for the dances. Contributions from members in the form of liquid refreshments will be required.

Transferred members: Anna Bachman from De Pue, Ill., and Mary Dergane from La Salle, Ill. We extend to them our welcome. We learned that John Perko was doing his bit in contributing generously to SANC. The financial report for the year was given by the Secretary and cheerfully accepted.

It was voted that the lodge start the Bond Application sale at the Feb. 5 dance with the purchase of a \$200 bond. The \$2 award went to one of our members in the service. Frank "Popeye" Modic; for the \$1 award Sophie Koren stepped forward. Pauline, entertainment chairman, appointed and requested volunteers for the dances. Contributions from members in the form of liquid refreshments will be required.

Tea and hamburgers were served by Albina after the meeting. Ghost recital stories during the refreshment period left the crowd in a nice mood on the way home.

In the Service

Our Front

By Louis Berger

It seems that the old Latin saying "errare humanum est" — to err is human—still holds. It sometimes happens that in our opposition to everything that is anti-labor we overlook things that are beneficial to labor.

For instance, last week we of the working class unanimously denounced the President's proposal for a national service act, and rightly so, but almost completely disregarded the other points in his proposal. He asked for the act on condition that Congress accepts four other specific measures. These include a tax law which would take all unreasonable profits, renegotiation of war contracts, a cost-of-food law which would put a floor under farm prices, a ceiling over consumer prices and a continuation of currency stabilization. The war cannot be won in the shortest possible time unless these four essential measures are carried out at once.

Certainly, no consumer can argue with the above four-point proposal. Congress has stubbornly refused to make war-fat corporations and wartime profiteers pay their share of taxes.

Then President Roosevelt went a step further in his third wartime message to Congress when he recommended an Economic Bill of Rights, which is not merely a wartime proposal but a postwar measure as well.

He stated the case for a better and happier and more prosperous nation in the following words: "It is our duty now to begin to lay plans and determine the strategy for the winning of a lasting peace and the establishment of an American standard of living higher than ever before known. We have come to a clear realization of the fact that individual freedom cannot exist without economic security and independence. People who are hungry and out of a job are stuff of which dictatorships are made. These truths are self-evident. We have accepted, so to speak, a second Bill of Rights under which a new basis of security and prosperity can be established for all, regardless of station, race or creed."

It is evident that the President's Bill of Rights offers the things that our soldiers and their families want, and will insist on getting.

What are the rights of which President Roosevelt speaks in his message to Congress?

The right to a useful and remunerative job in the industries or shops or farms or mines of the nation; the right to earn enough to provide adequate food and clothing and recreation; the right of every farmer to raise and sell his products at a return which will give him and his family a decent living; the right of every business man, large and small; to trade in an atmosphere of freedom from unfair competition and domination by monopolies at home and abroad; the right of every family to a decent home; the right to adequate medical care and the opportunity to achieve and enjoy good health; the right to adequate protection from the economic fears of old age, sickness, accident and unemployment; and the right to a good education."

Certainly, Congress will perform a great service to the nation if it realizes the significance of this proposal, if it adopts this Economic Bill of Rights as a basis for immediate legislative action.

Adamic Is Member of Historians' Society

NEW YORK, N. Y.—On January 17, Louis Adamic, author of "My Native Land," was elected a member of the Society of American Historians.

Integrity Meeting
CHICAGO—Members, don't forget to attend our regular monthly meeting, Jan. 28, Friday evening, at 2436 Diversey Ave. After the usual badge matters have been dispensed with, of which there will be a few important ones, refreshments will be served provided by the kind and generous outgoing and newly-elected officers so will each and every one of you try to be present? We'll be counting on you!

JULIUS ABRAM, Pres.

Midway Women's Club Planning Dance Feb. 5
MIDWAY, PA.—The Slovene Ladies' Club of Midway is sponsoring a dance on Saturday, Feb. 5, in the SNPJ Hall here. Music will be furnished by the well-known peppy Slovene Swing Kings which we know will please both young and old. We cordially invite our neighboring lodges, women's clubs, and friends to attend.

DANCE COMMITTEE

THE S.N.P.J.
is proud of its more than
4,400
members who are now in the service of our country

Buckeyes' Bits

By OH

BARBERTON, OHIO.—"He could see that the reserve was more extensive than he had imagined it to be. It was pocked all over with mud pots and steaming pools. Far out towards its eastern border he caught a glimpse of a delicate jet that spurted from its geyser and was gone. A lost world, he thought. He reflected that a man lying in one of the inky shadows would be quite invisible and decided that he had his climb for nothing. He looked at the slopes of the hill immediately beneath him. The short tufts of grass and brush were motionless. He wandered about a little and was going to turn back when he sensed, rather than saw, that beneath him and out to his left something had moved." And that's where this dept. decided to give in to conscience, put aside the book and get busy on a long delayed article.

It was a Monday night and the little group gathered in the small room waxed enthusiastic as for the first time in several months the Buckeyes showed signs of life.

The lineup of officials remains unchanged for 1944. We have at our helm Dot Miller as president and we anticipate a year of snappy meetings if she and the other officers get the proper cooperation from the membership. "Chuck" Dornish carries on as vice president while Mary Apchak continues as our efficient and trustworthy secretary.

Mrs. Mary Fidel remains as treasurer and Nelle Valencheck as recording secretary. This department hopes that this will be a successful year for these officers and now that the meetings will be changed to the 4th Sunday of each month there should be a better attendance at meetings since it won't interfere with war working members. So get hep, you all, and be at the next meeting which is Feb. 27.

But then we'll see you all before then as you're surely planning to come to the Buckeyes' Benefit Ball on Feb. 12. We've finally broken the spell that bound us in an awful inactivity for so many months! So we dreamed up the Ball, some of the proceeds of which will go towards doing something for our members in the service. This all takes place at the Slovene Center Hall (Domovina) on 14th street and Taffy and his orchestra will do the music. We're counting on seeing a few of our old friends from nearby towns and it surely will be a treat. We'll be looking for you all!

The action of the U.S. cooperatives took an additional significance as it was held just two days before the conference on International Cooperative Reconstruction which brought together representatives of twenty countries at the Hotel Washington here January 19 and 20.

Prior to 1939 there were more than seventy million members of cooperatives in thirty-nine countries throughout the world. Already co-ops in the Scandinavian countries, the British empire and America were carrying on a growing international trade in food stuffs, farm materials, and petroleum products.

Howard A. Cowden, president of the Consumers Cooperative Association, North Kansas City, Missouri reported in presenting the proposal to the board, that cooperatives in Sweden, England, Scotland, China, and Canada have already indicated their desire to participate in such an international organization.

First step proposed would be trade in feed, seed, fertilizer, and other materials essential for rehabilitation; food stuffs of all kinds and petroleum products. Purchase of shipping facilities, factories and refineries would be necessary to carry on this international commerce which should run into many millions of dollars at the close of the war.

Two and a half million American families are members of consumer cooperatives handling \$750,000,000 worth of goods and services. These co-ops own more than 7500 retail organizations and over 100 mills, factories and refineries.—CLNS.

TRIBUTE TO THE UNCONQUERABLES

"Young Louise Hodgeson wrote a letter . . . and the American people replied through the annual March of Dimes. Louise wanted a chance to make her own way, work for her own living. Now she will have that chance. Here she is shown on her way to the Georgia Warm Springs Foundation for treatments that will help her fight infantile paralysis."

Juvenile Circles of the SNPJ**Juvenile Circle No. 26 to Meet Saturday, Jan. 29**

CHICAGO.—Although Saturday, Jan. 29, is not our regular meeting day, a group of Perfect Circle members are going to meet at 10 a. m. at the SNPJ hall. We have been given a much larger space to keep all our Circle belongings, and as we collect them, we plan to take an inventory.

An hour or so is to be devoted to the smaller folks who will start making some decorations for our Valentine party. The older children will assist in this, and will also work on some ideas and plans for the coming party. Anyone interested in what we are going to do is invited to be present.

ANN SANNEMAN, Mgr.

Youth of America Circle Party Was Big Success

JOHNSTOWN, PA.—Our yule party which was held on Dec. 30 turned out to be a huge success. It really started with a bang, as will be seen from the following brief account.

Just as we were ready to start the party, fire whistles were suddenly blowing and everyone was running to the scene of the fire. Naturally, our members were quite excited and wanted to see what was burning. It was later discovered that only a small shanty had burned in our community. In less than twenty minutes our members were all back having a good time.

We opened our party by playing several games and afterwards distributed Christmas gifts. The prizes in war stamps were given out to the active members who write to the Mladinski List. Stanley Skidle, a member, played the accordion while the rest danced to his tunes. After dancing refreshments were served, then we played several more games. The party was over by 11:30 and all had a splendid time.

BETTY JANE DYBA, Pres.

Dawn of Youth Juvenile Circle Monthly Report

GIRARD, O.—First of all, I want to thank the SNPJ for the lovely prize I received in the Our School for Victory contest conducted in the Mladinski List in 1943. Thanks to the Circle for the point contest prize.

Good folks to have as Veronian members are the Convilles, Mr. and Mrs. Yep, you're right, Ted Conville is the fellow who is the caddie master at the Westmoreland Country Club. Anyone who plays golf can see my point why Ted is important to our club. Maybe some day a golf match can be arranged. How about it, Ted? Speaking of golf, Elmer Eiffler is the first Veronian of 1944 to play 18 holes. He and three others from the A. S. Foundries (your guess is as good as mine as to what you would call these four when you find out they played with the thermometer staying about 20 above) constitute the foursome.

The person of the week is Mrs. Helen Majacan, the Veronian who although has been kept very busy at her restaurant and grill at 236 W. R. Ave., volunteered to the great task of cooking and preparing that wonderful meal for the W. Penna Fed. members who held their meeting at the Veronian Club Jan. 16. Runner-ups to Helen, who took second place, were Frances Pavelko, Anne Lipesky, Jennie Eiffler, Josephine Sokoski, Steffie Krulac, Mary Krule, Lillian Majacan, Madge Cestnik, Mary Mehalich, and Nellie Gourn. When it comes to serving, these girls really know their oats as was demonstrated when they handled the trays with skill and finesse while serving the guests.

The Veronians and their friends join in expressing their sympathy and sorrow to the Czopar family on the passing away of their mother, Mrs. Amelia Czopar. Helen Czopar, a daughter, is the wife of Johnnie Kubala, a Veronian member.

Other servicemen who were on furlough that I forgot to mention in last week's article were Ernest Markovic, Tom Velentie and George Latin. There is a little incident in the case of George Latin. When he

Patricia Godec was called for the bank award and Bobby Reinhart for the insurance award. Both failed to be present and consequently were not entitled to the awards.

This 'n' That: Our sincere wishes for a speedy recovery are extended to our treasure, Freeman Hake, who is convalescing in St. Elizabeth's Hospital. Many thanks to Frank for his thoughtfulness. Rose Zauber, Joe Lakowicz, Mary Matekovich and yours truly received lovely certificates of award from the Society for their efforts in Circle work this year.

Generally Seen Dorothy M. with Wilma, Mina with a new b. f. Rose talking all the time. Molly with that cute smile. Billy R. talking about Anne Shirley. Circle meetings quite noisy. Mitzi and Frank S. and Freddie McGurgle. Did you ever spend a New Year's Day stranded on a lonely country road, out of gas? Well, I did.

IRENE ROVAN.

Tribute to the Unconquerables

Veronian News

VERONA, PA.—Only two more days in which to make up your minds as to whether you are going to attend the Western Penna SNPJ Federation Bowling tournament that is being held at Sygan this Sunday, Jan. 30, at the Slovene Home. The Veronians can and should make it a double event; first, by sending teams out to bowl in the matches scheduled to start at 1 p. m. and then, around about 7 p. m. leave to attend their Sunday nite social.

Some might say, why not cancel this Sunday night's social? An answer to this is this. The band that we have now has been hired to play at our Veronian Club every Sunday nite for the year of 1944. This band that features Louis Potochnik and Frankie Perov can really go to town playing any tunes you like, especially the Slovene polkas. Incidentally, while on this subject, the date to be announced in the future. Something else to look forward to. An invitation to Elmer's farm (by your new Prexy of the Fed.), yes, an invitation to have a good time and to compete in a golf tourney. Even before Elmer got through speaking Louis Kumer and Henry Previc seconded this invitation. Frank Opeka of Imperial gave us this information about the Imperial combined SNPJ lodges 106 and 716 and AFU 29 and the Ladies' Club of that same town, will be the sponsors of a benefit dance for the boys who are in the service. Saturday, Jan. 29, featuring the music of Les Falk's orchestra. Another dance on Sunday, Feb. 6, will be held by the J. Z. Jr.s at their Slovene Hall in Library. This affair should prove to be humdingar as Lodge 682 has engaged Marty Kuk and his Musical Group.

Other interesting things at the fed. meeting were the reports of how much money (\$219.45) was paid out in the juvenile campaign to the various lodges, and the compliments given to Anne (Chubby) Gostky on her wonderful work in winning second place by James Maglich who still is the sec'y of the fed. Jim tried hard to get someone to take his job due to the fact that he is so busy with his other work, but everyone at the meeting must have had this same thought, "What good would the fed. be without Jimmy?"

Mr. Ambrosio from Moon Run and Rednak from Braddock gave a good account of themselves when they explained why we should take part in helping the Slovene American National Council in every way possible.

The treas is Frances Dermott, the rec. sec'y and pub. comm. your scribe, and on the athletic comm. it's Larry Cassel, chairman; Frank Krule, Louis Kumer, and Henry Previc.

Get well soon, go our wishes to Mrs. Maglich who at this writing is at the Mercy Hospital in Pittsburgh; to Rudie Slosar and John Youk who are at home, and to Josephine Melle who is at the Cresson Penna hospital.

MICHAEL LIPESKY, 680.

FRANK POLSKA, Pres.

The officers for 1944 are: President, Frank Polsk; Vice Pres., Frank Bujok; Financial Sec'y, Leo Oet; Rec. Sec'y, Ward Compton; Treasurer, Jack Kerzan; Sergeant-at-Arms, Anton Lekse. Ward Compton, chairman of supervisory comm., Erna Hillerman, chairman of sick comm., Amelia Beide, chairman of entertainment comm., Circle Director, Leo Oet.

The officers sincerely trust that their program and efforts for your comforts and for the welfare of the lodge are going to be satisfactory.

In conclusion the writer wishes to say that the articles which appear in the weekly are interesting and hoping to see the English section enlarged. The articles of Frank Rezek, J. F. Fifolt, Donald Lotrich, M. Fleischacker, etc., remind me of the convention days in Pittsburgh.

Letters and cards addressed to prisoners of war held in camps in this country should be addressed direct to the camp where the addressees are held and should not be addressed "VIA NEW YORK," according to new regulations issued by the Post Office Department.

Letters and cards addressed to prisoners of war held in camps in this country, and both letters and parcels addressed to prisoners of war confined in enemy or enemy-occupied countries should be addressed "VIA NEW YORK."

Parcels, letters and cards, addressed to interred or detained civilians in camps in this country, may be addressed direct to the camp of detention.

Addresses of prisoners of war, etc., should always be placed in the lower right-hand portion of envelopes as near the lower edge as possible. When the name and address of the addressee is near the top the cancellation may obliterate the name, preventing proper delivery to the addressee.

NOTE: Letters to prisoners of war in Europe may be sent by air mail when fully prepaid at the rate of 30 cents for each half ounce or fraction, except letters for Italy, for which air mail service is not available at this time.

Assistant Auditor

Guest (after dinner)—Don't you help your mama with the dishes when she has company?

Small Daughter of Family—Not washing the dishes, but I help her count our silver spoons, an' knives & forks after the company's gone.

Close Shave

Sammy was courting Sophia, and last summoned up the courage to pop the question.

"Sophia, darling," he ventured fearfully, "there has been something trembling on my lips for months and months."

"Yes, so I noticed," answered Sophia heartily, "why not shave it off?"

Quile So

Teacher: "How many make a dozen?"

Pupil: "Twelve."

Teacher: "How many make a million?"

Pupil: "Very few."

HARMONY FROM HARMONIZERS

ROUNDUP, MONT.—The Harmonizers' (SNPJ lodge 700) last meeting was much shorter than some of us predicted. The writer believes that the weatherman was more or less to blame, as we are having sunny California weather; of course, we needn't be reminded that the mines are working six to seven days a week.

Ward Compton read his lengthy report, which covered, among other things, sick members, finances, donations, nomination for membership, and, by the way, we have six new names added to our adult roster. Needless to say, every member listening to the secretary's report of Harmonizers' activities.

We have only two members on the sick list, John Ravnikar Sr. who has been sick for a long time, and Theresa Zupan who has been confined to the hospital for several years.

Martin Meznarich Jr. was on the sick list a long time also. He received severe injury in a mine accident, and he appreciates the check of \$80 extension on his sick order, and wishes to express his gratitude to the SNPJ.

I trust that our members make and keep one 1944 resolution, that is to pay our sick members a friendly visit which, as you know, is a fraternal obligation as well as a friendly call.

Our fourteenth annual dance was very successful; we not only can boast financial success but also kept the name Harmonizers in the limelight. We have entertained the dancing public on that night for fourteen years and the public must be satisfied for them to come back every year. So let us keep it that way. As long as we have Amelia Beide heading the entertaining committee, believe me, we shall have results.

Our public card party is in the making. The exact date hasn't set, only that it will be sometime in February.

The officers for 1944 are: President, Frank Polsk; Vice Pres., Frank Bujok; Financial Sec'y, Leo Oet; Rec. Sec'y, Ward Compton; Treasurer, Jack Kerzan; Sergeant-at-Arms, Anton Lekse. Ward Compton, chairman of supervisory comm., Erna Hillerman, chairman of sick comm., Amelia Beide, chairman of entertainment comm., Circle Director, Leo Oet.

The officers sincerely trust that their program and efforts for your comforts and for the welfare of the lodge are going to be satisfactory.

In conclusion the writer wishes to say that the articles which appear in the weekly are interesting and hoping to see the English section enlarged. The articles of Frank Rezek, J. F. Fifolt, Donald Lotrich, M. Fleischacker, etc., remind me of the convention days in Pittsburgh.

Letters and cards addressed to prisoners of war held in camps in this country should be addressed direct to the camp where the addressees are held and should not be addressed "VIA NEW YORK."

Bro. R. Mihelcich**Killed in Action**

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.—Official notification of the death on Nov. 6, 1943, of Private Rudolph Mihelcich, member of SNPJ Lodge 743, has been received by his uncle, Kazimir Mihelcich of 715 South Hope St., Los Angeles, Calif. Following the telegram from the Adjutant General, came a card from General Marshall extending his deep sympathy to Kazimir for the loss of his nephew. Thus was closed the altogether too brief a book, covering the life of an ideal young American citizen.

Rudolph Mihelcich was born Nov. 23, 1922, in Lokve, Croatia, Yugoslavia. His Uncle Kazimir, who served in the United States Army in World War I, and who was making his home at the Los Angeles YMCA, extended an invitation to his brother back in Yugoslavia to have young Rudy come to the United States and live here under the guardianship of his uncle. He came to this country in February, 1937, a bright-eyed, winsome youngster, who saw in his new environment the kind of opportunities which he and other members of his family dreamed of back in Croatia. With no knowledge of the English language, his keen initiative and eager desire to become an integral part of his newly adopted homeland, made of him an apt student. Under the tutelage of his uncle, through his residence in the YMCA and his association with his friends at the "Y," he made rapid progress in establishing a real place for himself in the community. He carried many part-time responsibilities in the "Y" during the hours after school, and in 1942 was graduated from the Belmont High School, being awarded a diploma for meritorious character, citizenship and scholarship.

Immediately upon graduation, he went into the war industry with the California Shipbuilding Corporation and was drafted into military service in the United States Army on March 26, 1943. He had his basic training at Camp Roberts in California and embarked for overseas duty in the South Pacific area from Camp Stoneman. His dear took place at New Caledonia on Nov. 6, 1943.

Rudy was modest, friendly, clean, radiating in his everyday living, a quality of young manhood which won the affection and confidence of those with whom he came in contact. He was a versatile athlete and took the best of care of his physical wellbeing. He constantly sought to improve his mind and was a young man of rugged character. In all phases of his personal living, he embodied the ideals for which the YMCA stands, and members of the "Y" staff with whom he was associated are eloquent in their praise of him and have experienced a poignant sense of loss in his death.

In such a brief span of years, Rudy came from the land of his birth to a new country, where his faith and enthusiasm soon won for him friends and a worthy place in society. Then this bright spirit went on again to fight for that land and freedom which he had embraced and grown to love, and in so doing, he made the supreme sacrifice. However, he still lives in the hearts and minds of his friends and associates in the

United States, as they remember and recognize anew the enthusiasm, virtue and integrity of his life. Both his life and his death are a tribute to the true values upon which may come a better world.

Besides his Uncle Kazimir and many friends and relatives in the United States, he is survived by his father and mother, grandmother and two brothers in Yugoslavia.

When Rudolph came to the United States, he was a juvenile member of the Lodge and upon arriving here became a member of SNPJ Lodge 743 in Los Angeles. Upon reaching the age of eighteen, he became a full-fledged member and was active in its work. All members of the Lodge appreciated the contribution which he made, are grieved at his passing and wish to extend sympathy to his other friends and loved ones.

FRANK M. GRACHAN,
Secretary SNPJ Lodge 743.

SNPJ Ladies' Bowling League of Cleveland

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—Sparkplug bowlers of the various teams this week had to share honors with first and second year bowlers. Although the performances of the latter cannot be compared too closely with the others due to their inexperience, they made some very good showing.

Lee Hoyt of Comrades No. 3 bowled a 391 series, although her average so far is only 97. Easy does it, Lee. Frances Preseren of Comrades No. 1, a bowler of two years experience, came into the limelight with a 463 series. Fine work.

Mollie Koren, a veteran bowler of the SNPJ league sparkplugs, led her team to a three game victory over the Comrades No. 3. Her series of 513 was high for her team. Nellie Shine led the losers with 458. Keep it up, Nellie.

Fanny Svetina of Utopians came out of her slump and gave a fine account of herself with a score of 517 as her team took two out of three from Strugglers No. 2; her performance showed no trace of the slump she had been in. Keep going and bear in mind that every series consists of three games and each game ten frames.

Showing a nice display of teamwork, Comrades No. 1 gained a two game victory from the first place Strugglers No. 1. Concordians took two games from the last place Comrades No. 4 team. Consistent bowling of Mary Lunder did a great deal in bringing about these victories.

Frances Pucel was high for the losing team with a series of 338. Albinia Vidmar of Strugglers No. 2 has found the groove and is doing very well for herself. Same goes for the champ of Strugglers No. 1, Theresa Jeric; her game of 202 was top score for singles for the night.

SHE DOOD IT!—She sat there waiting, eager and tense, and looked like a boxer on the defense, and they all roared and shouted very loud, but she didn't pay attention to the noise from the crowd. Her head was bent forward and her eyes seemed to strain as though she were searching for something in vain. Her dress was quite high and her knees in the air, but none of these things was she in the least aware. Then over the crowd came silence and hush and they looked as though they expected a rush. Their eyes held a look of awe and surprise as they turned to the girl who was happy and they all seemed to like, she had finally managed to make her first strike.

"The Labor Front"—New World in Action

Manpower, source of all fighting strength in World War II, is the subject of the new WORLD IN ACTION film, "The Labor Front," which will be at the Telenews Theatre in Chicago from Jan. 14-20. Running time 20 min. The film is being shown also in other cities. Produced by the National Film Board of Canada and filmed in American and Canadian war plants, "The Labor Front" poses the question of the reemployment of current war workers and servicemen in postwar industries.

The film shows the growth, since the start of the war, of the new industrial democracy that is increasing production and offering workers an incentive to stay on their jobs. Labor and management are learning to work successfully as equals on joint committees to adjust industry to the changing needs of war. Communities are trying to make proper living quarters and medical care available to working families. Each worker is offered training to develop his special skills. New careers are opening to women. Heads of industry are realizing that good food for their workers is as necessary as good oil for their machines.

"The Labor Front" shows, as well, the causes of absenteeism and lost time, labor turnovers and labor shortages in war plants today. Inadequate housing is driving people away from defense centers and discouraging people from migrating from communities where there are labor surpluses. Overcrowded transportation lines exhaust workers before they clock in. A lack of child care centers prevents mothers from doubling as defense workers. Inadequate shopping facilities compel women to stay home to buy food for their families.

"The Labor Front" also contrasts the free labor of the United Nations with the slave labor imported into Germany that is now chief cause of sabotage in Nazi industries.

Stuart Legg is editor of "The Labor Front" which is being distributed by United Artists.

—E. G. Associates.

Mike Is Stuck

Mary: "Every time Mike's wife has a baby, he buys a new accessory for the baby buggy. First it was a new top, then new bumpers, then some fenders, then a pair of wind wings, and finally a new set of tires. Now they've got another baby and Mike is stuck. He doesn't know what else to buy for the buggy."

Sally: "I think he ought to get a stop light."

Meatless Tuesday

We nominate for the Hall of Fame the calm and cool Marine who, when temporarily captured by some cannibals on a South Sea island, said to them:

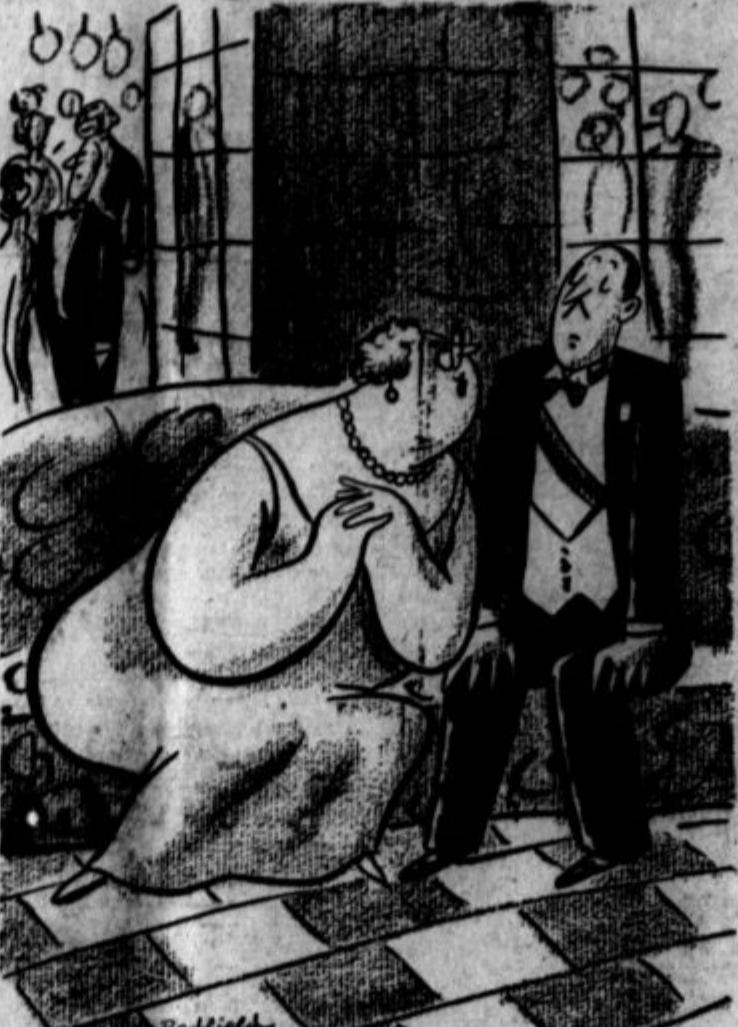
"Let me see your ration cards."

His buddies rescued him before the cannibals could use their point.

Anxiety is the poison of human life; the parent of many sins and more miseries. —Blair.

and the crowd cut loose with a mighty cheer as though they were ushering in a Happy New Year. For this girl who was happy and they all seemed to like, she had finally managed to make her first strike.

PAULINE ROSS, Sec'y.

The Upper Crust

Madame, we Spaniards are neutral in this war.

Books and Books

LOS ANGELES, CALIF.—I have just finished reading the latest book by Louis Adamic—"My Native Land."

What I think of the book? Well, there are books and books, lots of them. Of the many books I have chosen to read, there were many that I thought much of; others less so, and of some I thought not worth reading at all. A great majority of books in our great public libraries, I presume, belongs to the latter class.

But of the book "My Native Land," I think everything there is worthwhile to think, and this is a whole lot. Maybe this is particularly so because I am of Jugoslav nationality and reading in that book concerns mostly conditions of that country. Nevertheless, its implications are not local but global, especially today when the United Nations are fighting a global war with nazi-fascists.

The author tells us the stories of shortcomings and miscarriages of political and economic justice caused and brought to Jugoslav people from many past days on to this one because of personal greed for power and of ambitions of certain individuals in high places whose aim was not to foster democracy and freedom but corruption and dictatorship.

The author knew that what he says in the book was true, is still true, and it may remain true if democratic justice will not prevail when war is at an end and the people again will take up their daily pursuits. There is no court on earth, no church and institution anywhere on earth that can forever keep the

old line has-been truths and today's truths, because there are now being forged at the battle fronts—revolutionary fronts—new truths, new morals and convictions which shall serve the people of tomorrow.

Not a rule of lip service democracy; not a rule of economic or other royalists but a real rule of the people, by the people, and for the people.

In his book Adamic shows us these truths; yes, even to the point of committing himself to unpopular ideas, to something that without his deep belief and personal character and courage he could not do. But he is forced to choose—to choose under certain circumstances between the rule of German nazification and the Russian rule in Europe and maybe the world over. To these two rules, he prefers Russia; and wisely so. Is Russia not our Ally in this world war?

Of course, there are many reasons for different kind of people to hate Russia here and abroad. Germany's nazi-fascists hate Russia. But the time factor will take care of that.

Stuart Chase, once only a moderate liberal, says in an article in the Nation of October 23, of last year, among other things:

"Is a world revolution going on or is it not? I believe that it is. The masses can no longer be kept in their place, they are on the march. Those who really cherish democracy are glad to see that they are marching. Those who dislike democracy will continue to be afraid. I have arguments to give them, and no consolation to offer."

This almost coincides with the prophetic words of our great Ivan Cankar who said: "A prisel bo cas, ko je bodo majili beli gradovi v svitu krvave zore . . ."—"There will come a time when the white castles (i.e., dark forces) will crumble in the glow of a scarlet dawn."

Yes, democracy is on the march, and the book "My Native Land" is one of its prognosticators.

What else can I say of the book? Only one thing: Every socially minded global man or woman in general, and every Jugoslav man and woman in particular should buy and read this book. (Our SNPJ Lodge 743 has ordered a copy of this momentous book for our reference and keepsake.)

FRANK PETRICH, 743.

A Horrid Husband

Mrs. Small—My husband is a perfect brute.

Mrs. Short—You don't say.

Mrs. Small—Yes, since the baby began teething nothing would quiet the little darling but pulling his father's mustache. Well, yesterday he went and had his mustache shaved off.

A Little Tough

As they walked home together, Tom told Fred he was going to give his wife a serious talk on economy. When they met again next day, Fred asked:

"Well, did you give the missus that economy lecture?"

"I did," replied Tom.

"Any results?"

"Yes—er—I'm going to give up smoking."

Sad Mistakes

Mr. Brown—So your son had to leave college on account of poor eyesight?

Mr. White—Yes, he mistook the dean of women for a coed.

Stick Together

Passenger (to driver of old horse): Can't you go any faster?

Driver—I could, sir, but I wouldn't like to leave my horse behind!

Keep scrapping—America needs rubber, metals, rags, paper and burlap.

FLASHES

By DONALD J. LOTRICH

CHICAGO.—The Pioneers held a good meeting last Friday night. Among other things we accepted one new member and four transferred members, decided to hold the annual invitational handicap bowling tournament with its bowlers' dance and social and selected August 5 for the annual picnic at Pilsen Park. Frances and Joan Rak, mother and daughter, each won the monthly cash award. We have a new setup on these meeting awards. At each meeting a name is selected from those present to take the cash. We have a sure winner at each meeting. Bingo was played after the meeting under direction of Erma Vertnik.

The Pioneer bowling league is still rolling along very well. Dr. Zavertnik's squad is in first place; Don Lotrich's insurance team is in second, only one game behind; Nachman's dentists are third, only one game further down, while the Slovenc Center and Victorians are tied for fourth, three games out of first place. Zefran's team, Dr. Walter's and the Preseren Singers follow in the order named. John Pouhe and Fred Bennett are tied for the lead in the individual standings. They are followed by a triple tie for third place by Fred Svoboda, Emil Skubic and Joe Kosnik. Zefran's team has the highest individual score of 1022 and Preseren has the highest series, 2751. John Pouhe has the highest single game of 255 and Frank Lotrich the highest series of 621. Last week's good games included the following: John Petras 216, Fred Bennett 212, Larry Lotrich 208, Emil Skubic 204, John Pouhe 200, John Alic 197, Joseph Testen 195, Louis Zefran 195, Joseph Kosnik 195, John Collins 193, Robert Kovanda 192, and Frank Cart 190. John Alic is still in charge of the men's division and Anne Groser is in charge of the women's division.

Remarkable! But wait a minute, this is only half the story. The report continues with "17 votes for a 10% increase in the withholding tax.

In other words, the workers were apparently asked which they preferred, a 10% sales tax or a 10% increase in their withholding tax. Caught between the devil and the deep blue sea, most of them evidently decided that a devil of 10% more docked from their wages was worse than floundering in a sea of 10% higher living costs.

This incident is typical of the phony sales tax propaganda. Actually the choice is not between two alternative methods of soaking the lowest paid. It is between taxing the wealthy according to ability to pay, or making those least able to pay bear most of the burden through a sales tax.

If these workers had been asked if they preferred a 10% sales tax to higher taxes on upper incomes and war profits, we don't think the sales tax would have received a single vote.

How Many Learn It?

Young Mother—Nurse, what is the most difficult thing for a young mother to learn?

Nurse—That other people have perfect children, too.

A bricklayer working on top of a high building carelessly dropped a brick which landed on the head of his negro helper below.

"You-all betta be careful up dere," the helper shouted up. "You done made me bite mah tongue."

VICTORY VERSES

MANY A DRIVER GOES ASTRAY
BY BEING TOO PRESUMPTUOUS.
IF YOU INSIST ON THE RIGHT OF WAY
YOU MAY GET IT—in a hearse!
NATIONAL SAFETY COUNCIL

PROMPT PUBLICITY IN PROSVETA

When writing to the Prosveta, observe the following rules:

1. The deadline for ALL long articles is Monday of each week, and for short notices Tuesday forenoon of each week; time your mail according to distance, from destination.

Write legibly in ink on ONE side of the paper ONLY or, still better, typewrite your letter, double spacing it; use standard size paper—8½x11.

3. Give FULL name, address and lodge number; pen name may be used but the REAL name MUST accompany EACH letter; no anonymous contributions will be considered.

4. Unsolicited articles, manuscripts, letters and pictures will not be returned.

5. The editor reserves the right in accordance with the SNPJ by-laws to accept or reject any letter or article intended for publication.

6. Address all communications intended for the paper—NEVER to individuals—ALWAYS to:

PROSVETA
2557 S. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Ill.

Send your contribution with this coupon

The National Foundation for
Infantile Paralysis, Inc.

120 Broadway, New York 5, N. Y.

Here is my contribution to the fight
against Infantile Paralysis.

NAME _____