

RUSI BOMBARDI- RALI NEMŠKO VO- JAŠKO TRDNJAVO

Novi bombni napadi na
italijanske luke

ZAVEZNIŠKA OFEN- ZIVA V BURMI

London, 2. maja.—Rusi so iz-
višili masni bombni napad na

Brest-Litovsk, staro poljsko trdnjavo mesto, katero so Nemci zasedli 1. 1941. Brest-Litovsk leži 115 milj vzhodno od Varšave, glavnega poljskega mesta, in 80 milj severozapadno od Kovele, kjer so zbrane ruske čete.

Moskva poroča, da so bombe padače na želesniške proge, nemške vojaške vlake in skladischa otožja ter municije. Zanetile so najmanj sedemnajst požarov.

Rusi so izgubili samo eno bojno letalo v napadu.

Brest-Litovsk je zgodovinsko mesto. V tem je bilo podpisano premirje med Rusijo, Nemčijo in Avstrijo v prvi svetovni vojni. To je križišče petih želesnic in ceste Varšava-Moskva.

Sovjetski komuniči pravi, da je bilo čez tisoč Nemcev ubitih in ranjenih na fronti na severni strani Iasija, rumunskega želesniškega centra. Bitke divljajo tudi pri Stanislavu, stara Poljska.

Radio Berlin je naznani odmor v vojnih operacijah pri Sevastopolu, veliki mornarični bazi na Krimu ob Črnom morju, dokim Moskva trdi, da se položaj ni izpremenil na frontah.

Napelj, Italija. 2. maja.—Anglo-ameriški letalci so metali bombe na italijanska pristanišča mesta pod nemško vojaško kontrolo. Tarča bombardiranja iz zraka so bili Leghorn, Genova, Le Spezia in Tržič v bližini Trsta.

Prej so zaveznički metalni bombe na Milan, Turin in druga mesta v severni Italiji. Na italijanski fronti, ki se razteza od Cassina do Anzija, se situacija ni izpremenila.

Pearl Harbor, Havaji. 2. maja.—Ameriški letalci so izvršili nove napade na japonske mornarične in letalske baze na Kurilske, Maršalske in Karolinske otokih, poroča glavni stan admiral Chester W. Nimitz. Bombe so padale tudi na japonske parnike pri otoku Ponapeju, ki so potopile tri parnike, pet pa poškodovale.

Drugi roji ameriških letal so metali bombe na Rabau, japonsko bazo na Novi Britaniji, in otoku Truk. V spopadu v zraku so Američani sestrelili enajst japonskih letal.

New Delhi, Indija. 2. maja.—Ameriški tanki so v akciji v Burmi, poroča general Joseph W. Stilwell, vrhovni poveljnik ameriških in kitajskih čet na burmski fronti. Pozorišče akcije je ozemlje med Inkangom in Ahtawngom v bližini Kaminga, severna Burma.

Ameriške in kitajske čete so v ofenzivi v dolini Mogaung. Japonska sila je dobila težke udarce v zadnjih dneh.

Ameriška legija za obvezno delo

Washington, D. C., 2. maja.—Član eksekutivnega odbora Ameriške legije so na svoji konferenci sprejeli resolucijo, v kateri so odobrili načrt obveznega dela. Avtorja načrta sta senator Austin in kongresnik Wadsworth republikanca.

**Angleži ujeli
nemškega generala**

Kairo, Egipt, 2. maja.—Angleži "komandanti", ki so uporizovali držen naval na Kreto, grški ostrov, so ujeli nemškega generala W. Kriepa, se glasi uradno poročilo. Kdaj je bil naval izvzet, poročilo ne omenja.

Zatiranje svobode tiska v Argentini

List La Prensa
suspendiran

Buenos Aires, Argentina, 2. maja.—Vlada predsednika Edmunda Farrella je suspendirala list La Prensa zaradi uvodnika, ki je vseboval ostro kritiko vladnih dekretov. Vlada trdi, da je bil uvodnik zavajen.

Prej je vlada zatrla več drugih listov, ki so kritizirali njeno politiko in smernice.

La Prensa je vodilni list v Južni Ameriki in ima čez pol milijona naročnikov. V diskuziji mednarodnih zadev zavzema stališče, da so interesi Argentine povezani z interesi demokracije, ne z interesi Nemčije in Japonske.

Panama City, Panama. 2. maja.—List El Panama America je kritiziral suspendiranje La Prense in apeliral na izdajatelje vseh ameriških listov, naj protestirajo proti režimu predsednika Farrella. "Dekret škoduje vsem organom, ki izražajo javno mnenje, in vsi bi morali protestirati," pravi list. "Pot, po kateri koraka argentinska vlada, je sramotna. Dekret je udarec svobodi tiska ne samo v Argentini, temveč v vseh latinskih republikah."

Santiago, Čile. 2. maja.—Časopis El Siglo je apeliral na tisk, naj se zavzame za La Prenso. "Ta list je najbolj resen in upoštevan v Južni Ameriki," pravi El Siglo. "Mi smo vedno obnovili ta list in njegov način v diskuzijah argentinskih in mednarodnih problemov."

**Sunek proti
Filipinskim otokom**

Japonska se zaveda
nevarnosti

Washington, D. C., 2. maja.—Filipinski otoki, najvažnejše ozemlje izjemo japonske celine, bodo predmet prihodnjega ameriškega sunka v vojni proti japonski sili na Pacifik, je namignil vojni tajnik Henry L. Stimson na sestanku s časniki.

Stimson je dejal, da zaveznički te kontrolirajo Solomonove otoke in več drugih, kakor tudi skoro vso Novo Gvinejo. Na teh so važne mornarične in letalske baze, s katerih zaveznički uprizorajo napade na one otroke, ki so še pod kontrolo japonske sil.

Vojni tajnik je naglasil, da zavezničke operacije na Pacifiku zadovoljivo napredujejo. Zaveznički so zasedli japonska letališča na Novi Gvineji skoraj brez odpore s strani sovražnika.

"Metodične vojne operacije, ki demonstrirajo izvezbanjo poveljstvo in moštvo, oboroženo z modernim oružjem, se nadaljujejo," je dejal Stimson. "Popolna kooperacija je med bojno mornarico, letalsko silo in vojaškimi četami. Očitno je, da se Tocko zaveda implicirajo metodičnih operacij in takte, kakor tudi naraščanja naše udarne sil, ki drobi japonski imperij na Pacifiku in ograže tudi Japonsko.

**Italija prosi za vstop
v delavski urad**

Philadelphia, Pa., 2. maja.—Italijanska vlada premierja Baldoglia je vložila formalno pritožbo na ponovni vstop v mednarodni delavski urad, ki ima konferenco v tem mestu. Italija je izstopila iz Lige narodov 11. decembra 1. 1939 in iz delavskega urada štiri dni pozneje. Urad je bil oddelek Lige narodov, katere glavni stan je bil pred izbruhom vojne v Ženevi, Švica.

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ADF ZA USTANO- VITEV SVETOVNE ORGANIZACIJE

Odprava zaprek pri iz-
menjavi blaga pred-
lagana

VPRAŠANJE POVOJ- NE UPOSLITVE

New York, 2. maja.—Ameriška delavska federacija je predlagala, naj komisija Združenih narodov ustanovi splošno mednarodno organizacijo, kakršno omenja moskovski dogovor, ali pa naj komisija sama začasno izvršuje funkcije v tej kapaciteti.

Priporočila vsebuje program, katerega je ADF osvojila in objavila po debati na zborovanju v New Yorku. Na tem so nastopili kot govorniki vodilni representanți delavskih organizacij, industrijev, farmarjev in profesionalcev. ADF je zastopal predsednik William Green, industrije Robert Gaylord, predsednik Zveze ameriških tovarnarjev, farmarje James G. Patterson, profesionalce pa dr. James T. Shotwell, profesor na univerzi Columbia. Program, osvojen na konferenci, določa:

Transformiranje vojne zveze Združenih narodov v mirovno organizacijo.

Skupno akcijo Združenih narodov za preprečenje izbruhova nove vojne.

Odstranitev zaprek, ki ovirajo izmenjavo blaga med državami.

Ustanovitev organizacije, ki naj bi po ustroju sličila federalni zivilski administraciji. V področje te naj bi spadali problemi zdravstva in socialne blaginje.

"Verujemo v svobodna podvetja in osebno svobodo," se glasi deklaracija. "Svobodna podvetja in svobodno delavstvo so povezana in ne morejo eksistirati drug brez drugega. Svobodna ekonomija temelji na splošnosti interesov in vzdržuje se s kooperacijo, ki ščiti interese vseh."

Problem preureditve industrijev, ki so zdaj udeležene v produkciji oružja, za produkcijo civilnih potrebnosti in upošteviti drug brez drugega. Svobodna ekonomija temelji na splošnosti interesov in vzdržuje se s kooperacijo, ki ščiti interese vseh."

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Domače vesti

Oblaki

Chicago.—Na povratku v svoje taborišče je obiskal gl. urad SNPJ in uredništvo Prospective nadporočnik Eugene Barbič, sin Franka Barbiča, člana gl. porotnega odseka SNPJ. Drugi obiskovalci je bil Pfc. Robert L. Macek iz Moon Runa, Pa. On je premeščen iz taborišča Chanute Fielda, Ill., v Clovis, N. M. Robert ima dva brata, ki služita v ameriški armadi na splošni morji.

Da se ne pozabi!

Milan Medvešek

Listi Američka Domovina, Američanski Slovence in Obzor so polni rev. Ambrožičeve kraljeve propagande. V ozadju mu pomagata rev. Gabrovšek in velikodušni in radiodarni poslanik Pater Bernard Ambrožič.

Pater Bernard Ambrožič se je potrudil, da je pozdravil kralja, ko je bil na obisku v Ameriki. Tako je tudi on govoril o poteku slavnosti kraljeve rojstnega dneva dne 6. septembra 1942 v katoliški cerkvi sv. Cirila in Metoda v New Yorku. Njegov govor je bil o četu hvaležnosti do kraljeve vlade. Rekel je: "In taka vez je brez dvoma kralj Peter II., ki ni morda le kralj Srbov, ali kralj Hrvatov, ali kralj Slovenev, ampak je in ostane kralj Jugoslavije."

Tega stališča napram kralju danes še ni spremenil. S takim patrom Bernardom Ambrožičem imamo opravka danes.

Po uradnem poročilu jugoslovenskega informacijskega centra z dne 28. julija 1942 je operacijam v Sloveniji povlejval preizkušen starešina, general Draža Mihajlović. Razdiral je prometne zveze, pota, železniške proge, vodovodne cevi in mostove. Danes so tega krivi komunistični partizani. Tako trdi pravični in nezmotljivi pater Ambrožič.

Isti čas je ljubljanski škof Rožman poročal v pastirskem pismu, da je duhovništvo bilo pregnano iz 148 župnij, da je 14 cerkevih domov zaprtih, njih člani izgnani in da je zavod sv. Vida, glavna slovenska srednja šola, v kateri je stanovalo 600 dijakov in 38 članov učiteljskega osebja, pretvorjen v koncentracijsko taborišče.

V letosnjem letu je škof Rožman izdal drugo pastirsko pismo, kjer je obsodil partizane in dejal, da je komunizem največja nesreča za slovenski narod. Ob istem času je prisostoval ustoličenju slovenskega kvizlinga, generala Kvaternika. Američka Domovina ga je oprostila tega dejanja takole: "Ako bi škof Rožman ne bil storil svoje višjepastirske dolžnosti, bi ga obsojali nič manj njegovi politični in verski nasprotniki narodno zavednih krogov v Sloveniji, kakor bi ga obsojali njegovi lastni verniki, zavedni katoličani in obenem narodnjaki."

Patri Ambrožič, Jager in Slaje mu sledijo; častni kanonik ljubljanske škofije, rev. John J. Oman, je tudi ž njimi. Patri Ambrožič, Jager, Slaje in Oman ponavljajo za Rupnikom: Komunisti, komunisti . . . !

Zaveznički—Amerika, Anglija in Rusija—jim pravijo: Osvobodilna fronta in partizani.

Kdo ima prav? Zaveznički Amerika, Anglija in Rusija, katere so posiale v Jugoslavijo svoje preiskovalne odbore ali komisije, katere gotovo niso prinesle lažnjivih poročil.

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Društvene vesti

Cleveland, Ohio.—Redna mesečna seja našega društva Narej št. 5 se vrši kot običajno prvo nedeljo v mesecu, torej prihodnjo nedeljo, 7. maja. Pričetek točno ob 9 dopoldne v dvorani št. 1 v novem poslopju SS Doma.

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Cleveland, O.—Članstvo društva Vodnikovega vence št. 147 SNPJ je pozivljano na prihodnjo sejo v nedeljo, 7. maja, čas 9:30 dop. v SND.

Jubilejni kampanja pri jednoti je v polnem teknu naše društvo hoče sodelovati v tem slavnostnem letu in če le mogoče doseči določeno mu kvoto. Da pa bomo uspešni, se moramo temeljito pripraviti in sistematično vršiti delo in rezultat bo govor.

V preteklem letu smo znatno ojačili mladinski oddelek — pri-

Razni mali oglasi

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Med 8 A. M. in 6 P. M.

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Leo Poljsak, tajnik.

—(Adv.)

Toronto, Ontario, Kanada.—

Po zaključku zadnje seje društva 648 SNPJ pozivam vse člane, ki niso bili na seji, naj se udeleži skupne seje treh društva v Torontu v nedeljo, 7. maja ob dveh popoldne v Macedonski dvorani na 366 Ontario st. Skupno sejo bomo imeli z društvom Edinost v Zvezdu kanadskih Slovencev. Razpravljalj bomo glede skupnega dela za pomoč trpečim narodom v starem kraju.

Joseph Petrich, tajnik.

Member of Associated Paint Stores

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Ob detričkih in sobotah večer odprtje do 9. ure zvezci.

—(Adv.)

Novi Bleščiči

UMETNI ZOBJE

SVETOVNO NAJVEČJA
IZDELovalnica ZOB

Potrebujumo

ročne delave in prevažalce, pomočnike pri strojih in pri topiljenju kovine ter tovarniške delave. Izkušenost ni potrebna.

Dnevno, nočno delo.

Dobro delovno stanje.

Dobra hrana po zmerni ceni.

Med 8 A. M. in 6 P. M.

—(Adv.)

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ANTI SPY PLATE

Glasovi iz naselbin

NEKAJ ZGODOVINSKIH PODATKOV

Arma, Kansas.—Po naključju je prišla v roke prva smrtninska knjiga bivše centralizirane podporne organizacije ASB-PD v Frontenacu, Kansas. Ta organizacija je bila ustanovljena 1. januarja 1892 in razpuščena mesec avgusta 1931. Knjiga je torej stara 52 let in bo, zarači podatkov o naših prvih tukajšnjih naseljencih, kolikor toliko važen prispevok slovenskega muzeju v Clevelandu.

Podatki se nanašajo na prvih 10 let njene poslovanja, to je od 1. januarja 1892 naprej. Dasi so podatki v marsičem precej površni, vendar knjiga nudi precej jasno sliko glede poslovanja prvih let, v kolikor se tiče raznih smrtninskih in drugih izplačil s tem v zvezi. Pisana je v bolj slabih nemščini, kar je bilo pač odvisno od sposobnosti tajnikov. Tajniki prvi 10 let so bili: Leopold Krušič, Frank Drečnik, Karl Starlin in Blas Mori.

Iz knjige je razvidno, da je bilo prvo društvo te organizacije ustanovljeno v Frontenacu v januarju 1892 s 27 članimi, ki so plačali prvi mesec v smrtninski sklad po 50c. Enako so plačali tudi drugi mesec. Ker so sprva nameravali plačevati le pogrebne stroške za umrlični člani in njih ženami, so naslednje mesece pobirali prispevke samo od novo pristopilih članov, istotako po 50c.

Prve račune so pregledali in podpisali: Fr. Podbregar, Fr. Selak in Josef Tramte. Naredili so sledičo opazko: "Pregledano 12. sept. 1892. Rečnungsrevisor." Torej nekaj v slovenščini, nekaj v nemščini. V blagajni je bilo \$47.00.

Ob koncu leta so pregledali knjige: Jakob Klausar, Fr. Selak in Josef Tramte. Blagajnik je bil Anton Roitz. In v blagajni so imeli \$56.50.

Izmedgor imenovanih sta živela Šek Jakob Klausar, star 80 let, in Anton Ritz, še par let starejši. Oba živita v Frontenacu. Prvi smrtni slučaj je imelo društvo meseca marca 1893, ko je John Selak v Litchfieldu izvrnil samomor. Stara naselbina Litchfield je bila nekaj milij vzhodno od Frontenaca in danes ni o nji duha ne slaha. Pogrebni stroški za Selaka so bili slediči: "Pogrebni za svečanosti in potrebsčine \$19.00, za žalne trakove in rokavice \$8.00. Štirim livery stable za pogrebne vozove \$24.10. Skupaj \$53.50." V blagajni je ostalo še \$8.00. Izracuna je razvidno, da je večji del stroškov šel lastnikom "livery stables" za pogrebne vozove.

Drugi smrtni slučaj je bil meseca julija 1893, ko je umrla Magdalena Laidni, soprona Franca Laidnija. Skupni stroški za pogreb so bili \$54.50. Potrebnosti knjiga ne navaja.

Tretji pogreb so imeli, ko je meseca oktobra 1893 umrla soprona Jakoba Rudolfa. On je bil eden izmed prvih Slovencev, ki so živeli v bližnjem Pittsburghu. Pogrebni stroški so bili \$50.50.

Prava leta niso imeli nikakih rednih prispevkov za smrtninski sklad, pač pa so člani plačali za vsak smrtni slučaj po 50 centov.

Pogrebne stroške so bili \$50.50. Prečitan in sprejet je zapisnik zadnje seje. Prečitana je korespondenca, ki je vzeta na znanje. Po poročilu tajnika-blagajnika je bilo od zadnje seje \$15 dohodkov, stroškov pa \$66.44. V blagajni je \$368.48 v gotovini in \$170 v bondih.

Poročilo zastopnikov. Za št. 13 poroča Joseph Snay, da društvo napreduje, da so lani od 1. aprila do 31. dec. pridobili 40 novih članov v mladinskih sedanjih odraslih oddelkih, v sedanji

jubilejni kampanji pa že tri v mladinski in enega v odrasli oddelki. Društvo pomaga pri vseh dobrih stvarach, tako tudi za SANS in JPO-SS.

Od društva 258 poročajo, da ne nazadujejo, toda napredka ne morejo beležiti; člani delajo v dobrobit društva in jednote po svoji moći. Društvo 283 je poslalo pismeno poročilo, da se seje ne morejo udeležiti, upajo pa, da se bodo prihodnje. Od društva 333 poročajo, da jih tarejo finance radi Doma, ker ne morejo imeti priredb; vendar gredo naprej in podpirajo dobre stvari.

Od društva 407 poročajo, da upajo, da bodo dobili nekaj novih članov v tej kampanji; zbirali so prispevke tudi za SANS in JPO-SS. Pri društvu 538 imajo potežkoče, ker se je naš narod izselil v industrijska mesta; kar jih je še, delujejo z drugimi narodnostmi v prid vojnih namenov in za SANS. Od društva 562 poročajo, da jih je malo po številu, vendar pa delujejo, kar je v njih moči v prid SNPJ in drugih dobrih stvari.

Predele se na diskuzijo glede proslave 40-letnice SNPJ. Ker so potežkoče radi vojnih zaprek, je sklenjeno, da ima odbor polno moč, in kakor hitro vidi priliko, da bi mogli dobiti potrebsčine, naj sklice svojo sejo in ukrene vse potrebno. Sličen sklep ima društvo 13, ki bo v septembri staro 40 let. Predsednik br. Kolenc in br. Snay gorovite o važnosti, da pridobimo čim več novih članov v tej kampanji, da nadomestimo vrzeli, ki so nastale vsled vojne.

Nato se preide na diskuzijo o resignaciji br. Molka in o zadružnih dopisih in protestih. Debata se so udeležili vsi navzoči in prišli do zaključka, da ne odobravajo postopanja gl. odbora v Molkovi aferi, zlasti ne, ker so nekateri posegli celo v družinske razmere. Bolje bi bilo, ako bi bil gl. odbor sprejel Molkovo propozicijo glede urejevanja Prosvete. Molku damo vse priznanje za njegovo delo, ki ga je vršil v prid SNPJ, delavske maše in na kulturnem polju. To je bilo soglasno sprejet.

Br. George Vucelich je izvoljen, da zastopa federacijo na konferenci Prosvetne matice, ki se vrši v Yukonu v Slovenskem domu četrto nedeljo. Povabljeni so bosta dva govornika od SANSA. Odborniki federacije imajo polno moč, da uredijo in pripravijo vse v zvezi s to priredbo. Tajnik federacije br. Anton Zornik je predložil resolucijo v protest proti gl. odboru, ki je tako rekoč prisilil prejšnjega gl. urednika Prosvete Ivana Molka, da je resigniral. Br. Molek je delal za jednoto 28 let, se ravnal po pravilih in smernicah jednote in v tem duhu pisal, zbrane pa je napisal mnogo podudarnega čtiva. Zdaj, po tolikih letih pa je bil prisiljen odstopiti radi ruvanja nekaterih gl. odbornikov proti njemu, kar se smatra, da ni bilo demokratično.

To je vsebina resolucije, ki pa ni bila sprejeta iz več razlogov. Nekateri so bili mnenja, da je resolucija itak prekasnata, drugi, da je preobširna, tretji so zagovarjali stališče, da bi bilo dobro, da bi se prej o tem pogovorili pri društvinah in da bodo na prihodnji seji federacije poročali mnenje članstva. Nekateri so bili tudi za sprejetje resolucije in da se pošteje na pristojo mesto. Odložena je bila na prihodnjo sejo federacije, ki se vrši četrto nedeljo v juliju v Slovenskem domu v Yukonu.

Mary E. Fradel.

ZAPISNIK BRIDGEPORTSKE FEDERACIJE

Bridgeport, O.—Seja okrožne federacije društev SNPJ se je vršila 23. aprila v dvorani na Boydsville. Predsednik br. Kolenc je otvoril s posebnimi besedami. Navzoči so vsi uradniki razen tajnika-blagajnika br. Louis-a Pavliniča, ki ga vselej bolezni zastopa Joseph Snay.

Prečitan in sprejet je zapisnik zadnje seje. Prečitana je korespondenca, ki je vzeta na znanje. Po poročilu tajnika-blagajnika je bilo od zadnje seje \$15 dohodka, stroškov pa \$66.44. V blagajni je \$368.48 v gotovini in \$170 v bondih.

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izdaji vsak dan?

Stella Murn. tajnika.

V PROSVELI SO DNEVNE SLOVENE IN DELAVSKE VESTI. ALI JIH ČITATE VSAK DAN?

IZ GIBANJA SANSA IN JPO-SS

SEJA SANSA IN JPO-SS V DETROITU

Detroit. — V nedeljo, 7. maja ob 2. popoldne bo seja SANSA in JPO-SS v Slov. del. domu na 437 S. Livernois. Ker imamo važne stvari na dnevnem redu je potrebno, da se seje udeleže vsi zastopniki društev in posamezniki, če je le mogoče.

Od društva 258 poročajo, da ne nazadujejo, toda napredka ne morejo beležiti; člani delajo v dobrobit društva in jednote po svoji moći. Društvo 283 je poslalo pismeno poročilo, da se seje ne morejo udeležiti, upajo pa, da se bodo prihodnje. Od društva 333 poročajo, da jih tarejo finance radi Doma, ker ne morejo imeti priredb; vendar gredo naprej in podpirajo dobre stvari.

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Na strašino se dela ne žrtev, zavedajmo se v polni meri, da smo del, po številu malega, a po junashtvu in odpornosti silno velikega naroda. Ni hčer ne sme manjkati v seznamu onih, ki so doprinesli svoj del k rešitvi v boljši bodočnosti naših herojskih bratov in sester.

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Naša naselbina je preveč raztresena, da bi bilo možno osebno zglasiti se pri vseh. Dolžnost vsakega zavednega rojaka je, da sam prinesi ali pa pošlje svoj narodni davek, da bomo v resnicu dosegli, kar je naš namen: enotno, demokratično Jugoslavijo z enakimi pravicami in dolžnostmi za vse. Vsi lahko žrtvujemo nekaj, ne bo nas bilo. Zavest, da nismo ostali nemni, ko je bila kupljena gorja na vrhuncu, bo najboljše plačilo. V zgodovini bomo živeli večno, naš rod ne bo pozabil, kdo mu je nudil pomoč v največji sili.

Skupni prispevki \$155.50.

Na tem mestu se želimo zahvaliti vsem društvtom in posameznikom, ki so darovali v takó plemenit namen: za naš tlačenec narod v starem kraju. Nabranava je bila poslana gl. blagajniku HBZ Martinu Krasieku v Pittsburghu. Nabralci so: Marion Korach, Marko Krmpotich, John Padjan, Mile Butarac, Mary Plut, Ivka L. Perpich, Louis Drazenovich, Cristo Cristof, Marko Butarac, George Matkovich, John Grguric ml., Joe Krapan, Joe Adam, George Perpich; po 50c; Frank Vukelich, Matt Biondich, Andro Bolf, Kata Perpich, Ivana Lekat.

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PROSVETA
THE ENLIGHTENMENT

GLASILLO IN LASTNINA SLOVENSKE NARODNE PODPÓRNE JEĐNOTE

Organ of and published by Slovene National Benefit Society

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MEMBER OF THE FEDERATED PRESS

-138-

Datum v oklepaju na primer (May 31, 1944), poleg vašega imena na naslovu pomeni, da vam je s tem datumom potekla naročnina. Ponočite jo pravočasno, da se vam lost ne ustavi.

Nekaj uprašanj glede konvencije—I

Po zadnji konvenciji SNPJ je bilo v Prosveti veliko razprave in kritike na račun konvencije in delegacije. Pri nas je to pač star običaj, da radi udrihamo po razbeljenem—in tudi po mržljem želenju. Da smo dobri kovači, je nam priča jednota, na katero smo lahko vsi ponosni. In kujemo navadno pred konvencijo in po konvenciji, ko je železo že mrzlo.

Prihodnja konvencija sicer še ni pred urimi, je pa pred vsem članstvom zelo važno uprašanje, katero bo treba rešiti pred volitvijo delegatov, ki se prične čez eno leto—od 1. maja do 30. junija 1945. In ta problem je uprašanje reprezentacije in konvencnega skladu.

Po zadnji konvenciji smo tudi o tem precej razpravljali, toda prišlo ni do nikake iniciative za znižanje delegacije. Dasi je br. John Shular iz Kansasa že pred par meseci zopet sprožil to uprašanje, do zdaj ni bilo skoraj še nobenega odmeva. Tudi zadnja seja gl. odbora se je temu uprašanju izognila, ne bo se mu mogla pa prihodnja, kajti problem je važen za članstvo in jednoto in treba ga bo rešiti, dokler je čas.

Vprašanje je, kako kriti stroške prihodnje konvencije, kajti obeta se velik deficit, če ne bo drastično znižana delegacija. Tudi z drastičnim znižanjem delegacije je dvomljivo, če bo konvenčni sklad mogel kriti stroške prihodnje konvencije.

Konvenčni sklad bo do prihodnje konvencije znašal le okrog \$30,000, kar bo komaj ena tretina predvidenih stroškov. Da ne bo več v konvenčnem skladu, je vzrok deficit zadnje konvencije—okrog \$20,000—ki je šel na račun prihodnje konvencije, kajti gl. odbor na razpisal izrednega asesmenta za kritie primanjkljaja v tem skladu.

Zadnja konvencija je stala \$75,000. Konvenčni sklad je znašal \$56,217, kar bi bilo zadostovalo za navadno konvencijo. Toda zadnja konvencija je bila zdržljivana in nastali so izredni stroški—približno toliko kot je znašal deficit. In brez izrednega asesmenta se je ta deficit kril na račun prihodnje konvencije.

Na zadnji konvenciji so znašale dnevnice po \$12. Na prihodnji konvenciji skoraj gotovo ne bodo manjše—prej večje. Vozni stroški so bili po pet centov od milje, kar uključuje tudi potovalne dnevnice. Lahko računamo, da bo ta sistem veljal tudi za prihodnjo konvencijo, toda delegacija bo na slabšem kot je bila zadnjic radi preejšnje podražitve voznine na železnicih.

Zadnja konvencija je štela 338 delegatov in gl. odbornikov. Pri slednjih je bilo nekaj duplikacije, kajti zastopana sta bila dva gl. odbora—SNPJ in SSPZ. Ker pa je bil gl. odbor povisan za šest članov, bo v tem le za okrog deset članov razlike na prihodnji konvenciji.

Kar se delegacije same tiče, po številu ne bo nižja od zadnje; prej bo večja, ker so od tedaj skoraj vsa društva narasla v članstvu. Torej smemo računati, da bo prihodnja konvencija štela ne manj kot 330 delegatov in gl. odbornikov.

Ce računamo enake dnevnice kot so bile na zadnji konvenciji, bi znašali ti stroški \$3900 na dan—v resnicu bodo prej večji kot manjši. Ce bi konvencija zborovala osem dni, bi skupne dnevnice znašale na tej bazi \$31,680—330 oseb po \$12 dnevno za osem dnevnic. Transportni stroški delegacije v Eveleth, Minn., po pet centov od milje, kar uključuje tudi potovalne dnevnice, bi znašali okrog \$25,000. Drugi stroški konvencije tudi okrog \$5000.

Vsi ti stroški so konservativno ocenjeni. Vendar bi pa že po tej konservativni oceni znašali blizu \$62,000. V konvenčnem skladu bo pa samo okrog \$30,000. In ce pomislimo, da nas je stala zadnja konvencija okrog \$75,000, smemo računati, da bo stala prihodnja konvencija z enako veliko delegacijo več, ker bo daljava za pretežno večino delegacije veliko daljša kot pa, če bi se vrnila med Chicagom in Pittsburghom.

Torej po najbolj konservativni oceni moramo računati, da bo konvenčni sklad po sedaj predvidevani delegaciji precej več kot polovico prekratek—lahko dvakrat prekratek. Ker se mora po pravilih in zakonih vsak naš sklad sam vzdrževati, to pomeni, da bo po prihodnji konvenciji precej velika doklada v ta sklad, ali pa kritie deficitu z znižanjem asesmenta v konvenčni sklad za par centov mesečno na člana.

Druga alternativa je precej drastično znižanje delegacije. Ampak je dvomljivo, da bi bilo članstvo pripravljeno toliko znižati delegacijo, da bi se izognili deficitu v tem skladu. Tudi ce bi število delegatov znašali za polovico, bodo stroški prihodnje konvencije se vseeno večji kot bo denarja v tem skladu...

Torej ce se hočemo izogniti večjemu glavobolu: večji dokladi v konvenčni sklad, tedaj je treba v bližini bodočnosti podvzeti korake za znižanje delegacije z amandiranjem pravil z referendumom. Referendum lahko iničiatira vsako društvo ali pa gl. odbor na način kot je to predpisano v pravilih.

Predno pa je kakšno društvo ali gl. odbor upravičen do iniciatiranja referendumu, je potrebna članstva diskuzija na sejah in v Prosveti. Ta problem je dovolj važen za jednoto in čas, ko je o njem treba razmisliti, da pridemo za dobrega zaključka. To razpravo bomo nadaljevali prihodnjo sredo.

Glasovi iz naselbin

ŠE O DRUŠTVENI DVORANI

Madison, Ill.—V zadnjem dopisu sem podal mojo sugestijo glede društvenih domov. Znano je, da je težko najti dve osebi, ki bi bili istega mišljjenja. Svoje sugestije sem podal na podlagi tega, kar vidim pri drugih naših domovih in kar čitam v Prosveti. Po dopisih vidim, da vselej zmrjav bolje uspejo tam, kjer imajo svojo dvoranu, kakor pa tam, kjer je nimajo. Evo vam primere:

Slovaki v Granite Cityju in Madisonu imajo samo 38 članov, ali imajo svoj dom ali dvorano. Tista dvorana je bila že dvakrat grajena, oziroma enkrat povečana. Zgradili so jo po zmerni ceni. Društvo ima tam svoje seje in zabave in mladina svoje zbirališče.

V mestih, kjer je delo stalno v industrijskih, bi gradnja dvorane ne bila nobena riskirana stvar. Ako ima društvo na primer zemljišče in tisočak ali dva gotovine, si lahko postavi dom za pet tisoč dolarjev za začetek. In sedaj je dosti denarja, ker se dobro dela. Sicer sem že videl velike skupne dvorane, ki se niso mogle vzdrževati, ker so bile preveč zadolžene. Ampak velikost dvorane je odvisna od velikosti naselbine. Gotovo je to, da naselbina in društvo brez svoje dvorane ne more napredovati, ker ne more pritegniti mladih v svoj krog.

Pravi in glavni fundament so narodni domovi ali društvene dvorane, okrog katerih se zbirajo članstvo. Moje mišljene je, da se dvorana lahko izplačuje, ako je vodstvo dobro in pravo. V naši okolici je bila dobra prilika, da bi društvo za \$10,000 lahko kupila poslopje, ki bi ga ne mogoč danes zgraditi za \$40,000. Tako prilike mogoče ne bo zopet kmalu. Vendar sem mnenja, naj bi vsaka naselbina imela svoj narodni dom, aki društvo šteje le 50 članov. Samo volje je treba in gre.

Joseph Yambrovich

Conesus, O.—V smislu zaključka seje društva 237 SNPJ pozivam vse članstvo, da se udeleži prihodnje seje, ki se vrši 13. maja ali drugo soboto v mesecu ob 7:30 zvečer v Log Cabin Grovju, Dorman rd.

Vzrok za premestitev seje je, ker se člani sploh nečejo ali ne morejo udeležiti seje kot je določeno. Na matično seje jih ni prišlo niti toliko, da bi jo mogli odprieti. To zelo slabo vpliva na tistih priliku, ki pridejo, potem pa čakajo, kdaj jih pride se par, da bi imeli kvorum. Tudi takoj je tako kot so rekli v starem kraju, da zima in gospodarstvo ne šenkata. Ker ni bilo zime takrat, ko je bil čas zanjo, je pa sedaj. Bati se je, da bodo naše žitnice zopet ostale prazne v jeseni kot so lani, ko smo imeli tudi skozi vso pomlad deževno vreme.

Bom še malo povedal, kako smo tukaj organizirani. Farmarji imamo Rar dve uniji, toda bi se ena ne bila velika, če bi bili vsi skupaj. Že leta 1929 smo ustanovili lokal s 165 člani in ga pridružili Farmarski uniji. Imeli smo tudi Live Stock Shipping Association in tudi "feed" za živilo smo skupaj naročali, kar je bilo veliko ceneje. Tudi za živilo smo dobili dosti boljšo ceno.

Vse to je bilo živilskim prekupevalem in našim trgovcem trin peti. Kadar smo dobili vagon žita, so trgovci znižali ceno pod vrednost, kadar ga je nam primanjkovalo, so pa spet dvignili ceno. Farmarji pa so bili toliko neprevidni, ako so videli, da je pet centov ceneje v trgovini, so raje kupili tam kot od nas. Pri trgovcih so lahko dobili na kredit, a tudi mi smo prodajali na kredit, kar je bila največja napaka.

Zatorej ta spremembra dneva in prostora za prihodnjo sejo. Dolžnost vseh je, da pride na sejo brez izgovora. Na tej seji povejte, kje in kdaj naj društvo zboruje, ali pa naj se enostavno opusti, posledice naj pa vsak član sebi pripši.

Da ne boste mislili, da je Log Cabin kak narodni dom, kakor jih imajo po drugih naselbinah. V resnicu je ta prostor le zemljišče, ki je bilo kupljeno za piknik, kar pa vso slovensko naselbino v Moxhamu, ker bil je povsod priljubljen. Ko te vrstice pismem, truplo še ni doseglo domov.

V nedeljo, 23. aprila, sem šel malo na obisk v Kraynu. Tam sem izvedel novico, da si je br. Andrej Milavec pri padcu zlomil noge kar v dveh krajih. Andrej Milavec je star naseljenec in pionir ondotne, nekoč zelo napredne naselbine. Pred kakim štirimi leti ga je močno pobabil. Bil je dolgo po bolnišnicah in ostal je invalid. Pri malem sprehodu okrog doma je spodrsnil. Ze prej poškodovan na nogi, kot sem omenil, se je zlomila v dveh krajih. Najbrže bodo revežu sedaj nogo amputirali.

V Kraynu si ljudje v Slovenskem domu še vedno napravijo kratek čas. Ni je nedelje, da ne bi imeli svoje godbe. Kolikor je še tam mladine, zna vsakodobnoigrati kak instrument, tako da muzikantov nikdar ne manjka.

Tokrat so se sešli fantje, ki so slučajno prišli na dopust od vojakov in večinoma muzikanti, in jih je bilo kar prijetno videti, čeprav so imeli vsak drugačno uniformo, in poslušati njih poškodne melodije.

Res je, ti slovenski komadi so se tako priljubili tudi drugorodenec, da jih vsi radi poslušajo in jih skušajo ponavljati. "Moja dekle je še mlada" zna negle na narodnost. Tako je prav, bo

NOVICE IZ SHELDONA

Sheldon, Wis.—Najprvo bom poročal, da smo se tudi tukajšnji Slovenci (farmarji) malo zdramili in darovali za reveže v starem kraju in za SANS. Darovali so sledi:

Lucas Dernovsek \$10 za JPO-SS, \$5 za SANS; Frank in Agnes Krasovec \$3 za JPO, \$2 za

pristopili k Lewisovi uniji United Dairy Farmers, District 50. Kakšen ravn in kavši smo imeli nekaj časa, ni ovredno opisati. Kolikor vem, imajo 18 članov, mi pa tudi ne dosti več. Prinjih je dolar asesmenta na mesec, pri nas pa pet dolarjev na letot.

Naša Farmarska unija je v resnicu že veliko storila za farmarje. V zadnji depresiji bi bilo na tisoče več farmarjev izgubilo svoja posestva kot so jih, aki ne bilo več. Ona se bori tudi za Rural Electric Association, za AAA, za farmarska posojila po nizkih obrestih. Vedno obvesti svoje člane, kadar je treba prisjetiti v Washington na kongresnike in senatorje, da glasujejo za kako dobro postavo ali proti slabemu. Se ni dolgo, ko so hoteli uničiti REA in Farm Loan Administration, kar je v resnicu velike koristi za male farmarje.

Naš program je: "Organization, Cooperation, Education." Ako bi se ljudstvo oprijelo teh treh stvari, bi ne bilo treba nič jamrati ali se jeziti nad kapitalisti in postavljajalcem, ker s tem bi dobili vso moč v svoje roke in kapitalisti bi bili kmalu na kolennih. **Lucas Dernovsek** 273.

V SPOMIN DOBRI ČLANICI

Cleveland.—V dobrih dveh tednih je v Clevelandu umrl več zavednih v zvestih članov in članic SNPJ. Vsi ti so bili aktivni na kulturnem, delavskem in društvenem polju in jih bomo zelo pogrešali. Radi omejenega časa bom v tem dopisu omenil le eno članico, in sicer Anno Švigel, rojena Baleš, ki je umrla po dolgi in mučni bolezni 6. aprila v starosti 68 let.

Pokojna Anna je bila rojena v vasi Sturmec, fara Log in prislonjajoči Martinji vasi pri Cerknici na Notranjskem, kjer zapušča več sorodnikov. V Ameriki je živila 35 let. Bila je članica društva Lunder-Adamiča št. 23 SNPJ (prej št. 20 SSPZ), krožka št. 2 Progresivnih Sloven in klubu št. 27 JSZ. Tukaj zapušča žalujočega moža Jakoba, doma iz Martinjaka pri Cerknici, sina Franca in hčer Mary Marn, pet vnukov in dva pravnuka in zelo veliko sorodnikov. Pokopana je bila civilno ob lepi udeležbi na pokopališču Highland Park pod vodstvom Želetovega pogrebnega zavoda.

Pokojna Anno in vso družino sem poznal čez 30 let. Vsa ta leta smo skupaj delali za naše delavsko, kulturno in društveno stvar. Posebno se je pokojna, kot sploh vsa družina, udeleževala pri Lunder-Adamiču tista leta, ko je društvo še gojilo dramatično, dalje pri pionirskemu društvu Napreju št. 5 SNPJ in pri soci klubu št. 27. Veliko je pomagala tudi klubovemu zboru Zarji. Zelo delovna je bila tudi v direktorski stobi, star poslopje, 6409 St. Clair Ave.

Nadzorni in pritožbeni odsek: Frank Turek, predsednik, Anton Zupan, Chas. Koman, John Pollock in Louis Zorko.

Gospodarski in gradbeni odsek: Frank Česnik, predsednik, Andrej Tekavc, Chas. Vrtovšnik, Vinko Klemenčič in Frank Vičant.

Prosvetni odsek: Joseph Skuk, predsednik, mrs. Josephine Zakrajšek, podpredsednica, Erazem Gorsche, tajnik, Vatro J. Grill, Anthony Tomšič, Frank Oglar in Anthony Zakrajšek.

Seje direktorija se vršijo vsak drugi torek v mesecu ob 8. uri zvečer v direktorski stobi, star poslopje, 6409 St. Clair Ave.

Prve dni v marcu letos je poteklo 20 let, odkar je bil SND slovensko odprt za promet. Kdo se spominja velikega navdušenja, ki je kipelo v srečih ponosnih rojakov in rojakinj ob tistem času! Saj se je z velikim trudem in požrtvovanostjo mnogih delavcev dogradila in odprta največja slovenska narodna stavba v Združenih državah in bila posvečena izobrazbi in načrtovanju.

Njo in sploh vse njene ljudi smo videli povsod, kjer je b

Slovenska Narodna Podpora Jednota

2657-58 So. Lawndale Ave.

Chicago 23, Illinois



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DR. JOHN J. ZAVERTNIK

Odločanje večine

je naš princip!

F. A. Vider, gl. tajnik

V momentih, kadar v Prosveti presojamo važna vprašanja organizacije, konvenčne sklepe, sklepe glavnega odbora ali zaključke izvršnega odboka, bi se pričakovalo vsaj od razsodnejših članov več resnosti in doslednosti v argumentih, ako so namenili takih razprav koristiti ter razčistiti probleme, ki so močne na dnevnem redu.

Kritika v takih okoličinah mora biti konstruktivna le tedaj, če bazira na resnicni in konkretno utemeljenih argumentih. Vsaka javna razprava, v kateri čitatelj opazi, da iz nje ne govorijo zdrav razum ali razsodnost, pač pa strasti, predskodi, ali celo osebnost, izgubi svoj pomen in vrednost. Zato je vedno dobro, kakor tudi priporočljivo, da važna vprašanja in zaključke ene ali druge jednotne instante temeljito premislijo vsi oni člani, ki se mogoče z njimi ne strinjajo, preden jih javno obsojajo.

Mi, bratje in sestre, smo ter moramo zagovarjati principe odločevanja večine o vseh vitalnih jednotinih vprašanjih, pač tudi se mogoče katerikrat napravi zaključek, ki ni stootstveno povoljno posameznemu članu. Nobe na konvencija, glavni odbor ali izvršni odbok ni zmožen napraviti zaključkov, s katerimi bi se vedno strinjali vse člani. Zadovoliti se je treba pač s tem, kar je mogoče dobiti in storiti v okoliščinah ter časih, v katerih so zaključki storjeni in dokler veljajo za vse članstvo enako in ne kršijo naših principov.

Ne pozabite, bratje in sestre, da imamo v tem letu kampanjo za pridobivanje novega članstva. Dolžnost slehernega člana je, da stori kolikor je mogoče v svoji naselbini za povišanje številna članov v društvu, kakor tudi jednoti!

POROČILO O NAKAZANI BOLNÍŠKI PODPORI

Nakazana dne 13. aprila 1944

REPORT OF SICK BENEFIT PAYMENT

Payment of April 13, 1944

3 George Banda \$102, Bertha Bukovec \$59, Anna Tomazic \$37.

4 Carl Dernac \$10, Joseph Reich \$34, Mary Shubat \$28.

5 Frank Kucer \$6.

6 Frank Grohs \$10.

7 Clementina Mason \$13.50, John Mafrek \$8.

12 Frank Shober \$70.

13 Lazo Zatezalo \$19.

14 Anna Zeleznic \$16, Joseph Ogrin \$15.50, Mary Ark \$40, Casimir Kranc \$24, Agnes Dukich \$42, Joseph Podboj \$124.

20 Alice Rupert \$20, Cecilia Ferderbar \$8.50, George Muhić \$28, Joseph Crep \$30, Leo Moenik \$29, Joseph Selmar \$50, Josephine Močnik \$28, Frank Goran \$42.

21 George Paulin \$11, Nick Radovich \$22, Anton Zadarsic \$2, Nick Chuchi \$4, Anna Perme \$54.

24 Louis Grile \$30, Louis Grile \$30, William Stucin \$28.

26 Mary Korocin \$32, Frank Muzic \$60, Anthony Metzger \$6, Frank Kern \$14, Joseph Markovic \$27, Frank Grebenec \$17, Anna Svigelj \$12.50, John Horcvar \$35.50.

27 Antonia Gasser \$15.50.

34 Frank Turc \$29, Joseph Radi Sr. \$28, Mary Krueger \$4.

50 Geo Gurie \$44, Mary Topolovsek \$27.

51 Ivana Grohar \$23.

53 Frank Blaznik \$29, Francis Bostic \$9.

56 Josephine Kovacic \$16, Anton Ivanic \$32, Anton Ivanic \$32, Mary Oblak \$22, Mary Lipovce \$39, Katherine Milianich \$28, Frank Picman \$25.

59 Marko Bilic \$60, Henry Knes \$9.

57 Thomas Zumek \$16, Jacob Richter \$24, Jacob Richter \$24, Anton Tomasic \$22, Tony Molenic \$22, Tony Molenic \$22, John Primovic \$22, Frank Orehek \$20, Frank Orehek \$18.

66 Frances Znidarsic \$17.

75 Thomas Majnar \$21.

79 Mary Mataja \$5.

82 Robert Swaney \$6, Gregor Zgonec \$56, Charles Korwoski \$9, Martin Logar \$38, Frank Logar \$38, Frank Strazic \$58, Louis Beve \$36, Joseph Derstavac \$38, John Kubal \$6, Mollie Andrykovich \$30.

85 Anna Unetic \$27.

87 Andrew Ficakowski \$9, Fabijan Cividini \$32, Thomas Kosalec \$17, Matt Jurekovic \$28, Joseph Turk \$6.

88 Victor Butta \$26.

91 Adolph Ruzich \$30, Joseph Fitz \$14.

93 Anna Kamnikar \$22, John Barbic \$13.

98 Sophie Stor \$20, Frank Drobne \$42, Anton Klopčič \$12, Joseph Urban \$56, Antonia Homan \$22, Antonia Homan \$22, Frank Spicmiller \$28, Mary Urchin \$22, Anton Dolanc \$58.

99 Mary Hill \$32.50.

100 Frank Blazic \$14, Joseph Cerin \$28, Anton Pavlovic \$10.50, Mary Ergen \$38, Nick Bastovich \$20, Rose Vidak \$28.

108 Mary Zgonc \$33, Louise Pollmayer \$19, Jennie Tekavec \$14, Mary Vesel \$37, Mary Gradisher \$28, Margaret Juzina \$25, Frances Perme \$29, Barbara Gerzin \$17.

111 Margaret Fugina \$28, Katherine Krize \$16.

114 Rose Plum \$18, Rose Baloch \$31, Louis Kausek \$14, Anna Zupancic \$28, Louis Sofran \$12, Joseph Terbovec \$81.

119 Louis Ahlin \$27, Valentine Turk \$28, Anton Božič \$12, John Nisan \$36.

125 Marian Tratinik \$20, Mary Doljack \$20, Maggie Taneck \$31, Mary Kole \$20, Elizabeth Smidek \$18, Theresa Zilber \$39, Frances Stolfa \$35, Margaret Tratinik \$43.

163 Charles Bratchun \$14.

165 Paula-Cheek \$55, Ignatz Fluss \$26, Mary Lencek \$28.

174 Esther Kitt \$20, Frank Zalar \$18, Joseph Zakrasek \$19.50, Joseph Zakrasek \$20.

177 Ivana Poljanec \$23.

180 John Kunzel \$58, Mary Krmotich \$19, Rose Kastelic \$14, Anton Krizelj \$28, Frank Rogina \$13.50.

183 Robert Bozanic \$28.

185 Frances Beric \$28, Mary Zupancic \$18, Mary Zupancic \$16.

188 Anton Oberstar \$30, Mae Svetic \$40, Frank Horvat \$2, Frank Zivec \$14, Joseph Rakar \$26.

196 James Peterrel \$36.

200 Mary Novak \$20.

202 John Koz \$42.

208 Sophie Karpuska \$20, Sophie Karpuska \$20, Steve Cvetkovic \$40, Frank Colarie \$28, Martin Gosensca \$22.50, Matthew Jaksic \$26.50, Frank Kopar \$20, Matt Sepas \$50, Mary Turk \$11, Helen Zalc \$13.50.

212 John Kunstelj \$58, Anton Majetic \$21, Anton Petrac \$22, John Dolsina \$39.

214 Carl McCoy \$15.

216 Anna Beronich \$15.50.

218 Joseph Pleše Jr. \$29, Anton Bergoe \$33.

223 Anton Bolitic \$46, Charles Lipinskis \$11.

226 Daniel Obed \$32.

228 Mary Marchand \$8.

247 Elizabeth Kohlhagen \$32, Helen Ambrizic \$9.

SKUPAJ - TOTAL \$11.054.00.

Lawrence Gradisiek, taj. bol. odd. Sec'y S. B. Dept.

Društvene priredbe

VESELICA DRUŠTVA 180

St. Michael, Pa.—Končno spet

prihaja lepa pomlad, ki preredi

in prebudi vso naravo. Tako se

je zdoblido tudi članstvo društva

190 SNPJ, ki so pogledali v na

šo nekdaj debelo blagajno in vi

deli, da se je precej posušila. Pa

sa tako sklenili, da priredimo

veselico v soboto zvečer, 6. ma

ja, začetek ob osmih. Igral bo

izvrstven orkester. Vrši se v klub

ovi dvorani in vstopnina je

50c.

Torej uljudno vabimo vse pri

jatelje plesa in ljubitelje prist

nih domačih mesenih klobas,

kakor tudi vsakovrstne pijace in

prijetljivih družbe. Pridite, da

se malo pozavabimo. Vabileni

ste tudi iz drugih naselbin, ob

prikliki pa vam vrnemo.

Kakor drugod, tudi tukaj de

lamino kolikor moremo, da pom

gamo finančno Stricu Samu do

zmage. Vsak Amerikanec, ki

imata srce na pravem mestu, želi

skorajšnje zmage in konec tega

strašnega klanja. Tudi mi v

premogarskih naselbinah smo

dal na tisoče sinov in bratov,

mož in četrtov Stricu Samu, do

pomagajo steti ta reparski in

tiranski nacijašizem, ki je po

vzročil toliko gorja in trpljenja

tudi našemu krvavečemu narodu

in v starci domovini.

Se enkrat, na svidenje na na

ši veselici v soboto zvečer.

Antonia Pirce.

PROSLAVA DRUŠTVA

NAPREJ

Cleveland.—Zakaj se vršijo

različne proslave med nami? Na

to vprašanje ne morem dati po

polnega odgovora. Odgovori so

različni in ti so: "Dā se proslavi

spomin ustanovitve društva ali

jednote", "da se oživijo spomini na

ustanovitev in na delo, ki je

bilo izvršeno takrat, ko se je

društvo ustanovalo." Lahko bi

našel še precej vzrokov različi

nih proslav, kar pa mislim, da ni

potreba.

Za mojo osebo imam tako sod

bo, da edino društvo ali ustano

va, ki je upravičena da pro

slavlja svojo obletn

PROSVETA

ENGLISH SECTION

For Members of Slovene National Benefit Society and American Slovenes

PAGE SIX

40th Anniversary of SNPJ
Largest, Safest
Slovene Fraternal Society

WEDNESDAY, MAY 3

The 1944 Fraternal Week

Next week—May 8 to 13—is Fraternal Week so designated by the National Fraternal Congress of America. Most of the fraternal societies are affiliated with the NFC, and our Society has been a member of the congress for more than thirty years.

This year Fraternal Week will assume greater importance as the NFC has decided to celebrate it with special radio programs and meetings. For this purpose radio scripts have been prepared dealing with different phases of fraternalism. Past achievements in the fraternal field will be reviewed, with special emphasis on the future prospects of fraternal work.

In addition, special radio scripts have been written dealing with such vital subjects as—fraternal services, fraternal financial strength, fraternalism in the war effort, fraternalism in democracy, and fraternal publications. Questions and answers about various features of the fraternal system will be brought out in "Information Please" style.

Also, a one act playlet, "On the Road to Victory," suitable for any lodge contemplating a celebration, has been written for this purpose. The playlet is typical of the average family of today and is obtainable from the National Fraternal Congress office, 35 E. Wacker Drive, Chicago, without charge.

Our lodges will find this material suitable for their use as it is adaptable for any anniversary occasion, but it might be especially useful this year in connection with our Society's anniversary celebration.

This year Fraternal Week can have a double meaning for our Society and its lodges. We can utilize it by promoting our jubilee campaign and thus observe our Society's anniversary and at the same time observe Fraternal Week.

The observance of Fraternal Week will be meaningless unless we can translate its importance into actual results by securing new members and thus insure our Society's future growth and progress. This will be the best way to celebrate the occasion; in fact, we can make every week during the current jubilee campaign a Fraternal Week of the SNPJ. Mere celebrations, without a definite aim in view to fortify their significance, will not aid the organization materially. All our celebrations must be combined with the object in view of adding new life to the organization.

We all know that there are all types of "week" promotions, some of which are totally meaningless as they have no particular purpose. However, Fraternal Week is not one of these; on the contrary, Fraternal Week has a great meaning for all the people who need fraternal service.

Another important factor in this year's Fraternal Week celebrations is the fact that, as announced by the sponsors, the observance will be along educational lines rather than merely meaningless celebrations. This fact is likely to have a popular appeal among the people.

The 1944 Fraternal Week Committee reports an unusually enthusiastic response from various fraternal societies for this year's celebration, and it is believed that there will be a wider celebration of fraternalism this year than ever before. Why?

The answer is found in the fact that today more people are interested in fraternal protection than ever before. Working conditions are more favorable and people have more money to invest in worthwhile institutions. They want to invest their earnings in safe and sound protection which will pay handsome dividends. And certainly, there is no better investment than the investment in fraternal insurance such as is offered by the Slovene National Benefit Society.

The history of fraternalism is an interesting one. Our own Society's history in fraternal work has been an outstanding contribution to the cause of mutual help based on cooperative benefit. Let's observe Fraternal Week in connection with our Society's 40th anniversary.

Strabane Pioneers

STRABANE, PA.—With the feeling of spring in the air what could have been better for "spring fever" than a dance given by the Pioneers. It was held at the local SNPJ hall featuring the music of Jackie Martinec and his orchestra. As is the Pioneer tradition the affair was a success both financially and socially. The Pioneers were well pleased with the crowd and wish to thank all those who attended and helped to make it an enjoyable evening. Watch this column for news of further Pioneer activity.

While on the subject of dances we would like to mention that our Juvenile Circle is having a dance on May 7, featuring the music of Jackie Martinec. This is their first dance and they would be pleased to see you older members there giving them a little moral support. Don't forget the date—May 7 at the local SNPJ hall.

Publicity Committee,
DOROTHY PODBOY, 589.

Lucky Stars Give Dance May 6

IMPERIAL, PA.—The Lucky Stars wish to remind you once again about the dance they are giving Saturday evening, May 6, at the local Slovene Hall, Imperial, Pa.

The music for the occasion will be Marty Kukovich and his Musical Group. These boys do a wonderful job when it comes to music. The admission will be 50¢ per person. So come out, we know you will enjoy yourself.

The Lucky Stars appreciate very much that the Moon Run Fire Department canceled their dance for the same evening.

The next regular meeting of the Lucky Stars is on May 14. So members, give a little of your time and bring a new applicant. See you all at the dance. Buy an extra war bond.

Pioneer Pipes: Home on leave recently were Ludvik Germovsek, S1/c and Joseph Holsey, Coxswain, Pres.

Lauds Prosveshta, Colorado Scenery

WALSENBURG, COLO.—Since I've been a member of the SNPJ all my life, I decided it was time to write to the Prosveshta; better late than never. The Prosveshta is a wonderful paper, relating news about our people and telling of the doings of our fellowmen in various lodges and organizations. It sort of tightens the bands of all the Slovene people in the United States.

Recently, we had a visitor from Library, Pennsylvania, Jack Zupancic, who came out to see his cousin, Joe Zupancic, whom he hasn't seen for thirty years. Naturally, it was quite a reunion for the two cousins. As an aside to Jack, I would like to mention that I am a Belokranjita, not a Hrvatska. However, I've learned to talk a little of each language, Slovene and Croat. We hope you enjoyed your stay out here.

We here in Colorado have wonderful scenery; in fact, I am not bragging in saying that it's the best in the West. Spanish Peaks in our background; to the west, the San De Cristo Range, not to mention Rye, where we have held our many lodge picnics in the past years, good old-fashioned picnics, with all the songs of the old country, polkas and waltzes, potica and home-made klobase. What a time!

We are surrounded by mining camps, and ours is a small mining community doing its best in helping the production of coal to win this war and Victory.

Rye is located 25 miles northeast of our town. We usually had our picnics there. I remember quite clearly in my mind on one particular picnic when Bro. Ed Tomsic, for being such a good SNPJ'er and a real sport, received a black eye for his pay—when he forgot to duck. We had picnics at Sulphur Springs at the foot of La Veta Pass, with a spring running the year round. The different mineral wells and the Rocky Cliff called the Lion's Den or Fat Man's Squeeze. We have wonderful fishing, good old mountain trout; deer hunting and all...

In other words, we are proud of our community and its beautiful surroundings; we are also proud of our SNPJ lodge, and especially of Bro. Ed Tomsic, who has done wonders for our organization; and of his wife, Mary Tomsic, who sponsors the Juvenile Circle No. 1, which has made a hit with our younger set.

I am living with Mr. and Mrs. Joe Zupancic. Mrs. Zupancic is secretary of our SNPJ lodge; she also was delegate at the 1941 SNPJ convention in Pittsburgh. Mr. Zupancic, or Stric, as I call him, was secretary of the former SSPZ lodge, which office he held for 25 years. I have lived here for the past few years.

We are proud of being a small lodge and of having quite a few members in the armed forces who are stationed all over the world. Incidentally, Mr. and Mrs. Zupancic have two sons in the service. The third was about to embark for the army, but the stork held the winning hand. He is now a proud father of a baby girl who is going to be a new SNPJ member.

Mike Morosa, a member of the lodge, is here on furlough visiting the Urban family. He makes a handsome sailor, being a flying Navy Cadet. We were all mighty glad to see him.

That's all for this time.

KATHERINE GORNICK, 299.

SNPJ Lodge No. 627 Has Memorable Day

PORLTAND, ORE.—Sunday, April 23, will be a memorable day for some of the members of lodge 627 SNPJ, as on that day Mrs. Frank M. Ambro, President of that lodge, sponsored the launching of a large infantry landing craft LCI (L) 755. (Mrs. Ambro is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Struznik.) Mrs. E. C. Wagner was matron-of-honor, and Marilou Ambro, flower attendant. The official party consisted of twenty friends. All officers of the lodge were present, and a luncheon was served to the official party.

Mrs. Ambro received a \$25 war bond enclosed in a leather bond folder, also \$5 in stamps which made up a part of her corsage. She also received a sterling silver compact from the Navy Department with her name and complete data on the sponsorship of the ship.

We are very proud that such an honor was given to Mrs. Ambro.

Publicity Committee,

LOUISE STRUZNK, 627.

Advice to the Lovelorn

A spinster received and accepted a proposal of marriage. Then she began worrying about her false teeth—she hadn't mentioned them to her future husband. So she asked her doctor what she should do—to tell him or not.

The doctor replied: "Get married and keep your mouth shut."

The Lucky Stars appreciate very much that the Moon Run Fire Department canceled their dance for the same evening.

The next regular meeting of the Lucky Stars is on May 14. So members, give a little of your time and bring a new applicant. See you all at the dance. Buy an extra war bond.

FRANK OPEKA, Pres.

Pioneer Parade Lodge 540 Will

Meet on May 14

EINZEBETH, N. J.—Hello, members everywhere from Lodge 540. Our last meeting date fell on Easter Sunday, April 9, so therefore, no meeting was held. All members wanted to spend their holiday at home.

But be sure to attend the next meeting on Sunday, May 14. Most of the members are looking forward to it as among the important discussions that will be held, will be our final plans and details for our 20th Anniversary Party to be held Sunday, June 11, starting at 2 p. m. and to be held at Skar's residence.

All committee members are especially urged to attend this meeting. To make this party a great success, every member's cooperation should be acquired, and one member from each family should attend at least with all the ideas and suggestions from that family. The committee will get in touch with each member after this meeting and let's have 100% attendance.

On our sick list we have Lottie Skar, who is a mighty sick girl. We all wish her a speedy recovery and members are asked to visit her.

The following boys were home on furlough and leave: Tony Skar, Theodore Cipoth, and Joseph Pasarich. Joe has since been sent to another Air Base, this time at Maxton, N. C. John Pasarich is on his way to a battle area and his family is anxiously awaiting a word from him. Good luck, John, and to those PT boats.

Theodore Cipoth came home after a year and his family certainly was glad to see him. The aircraft carrier he is assigned to has been in eight major battles, and Theodore himself has received some decorations. He has been in the Pacific area most of the time and he flew in from San Francisco. Good luck to you on your future trips.

Congratulations to our SNPJ on its 40th anniversary. We are all proud to be members of this great Slovene organization and wish it all the luck in the world.

It will grow greater and stronger as the years go by because each member who belongs will want to see it that way.

A great membership drive is on and every lodge has its quota to fill. Every member of Lodge 540 should try to acquire one new member. How about it, folks?

Don't forget the date, time and place, members. Sunday, May 14, at 2 p. m. Let us all come early.

MARY PEZDIRC, 540.

Lodge 89 Holds

Dance Saturday

MIDWAY, PA.—SNPJ Lodge No. 89 cordially invites all members and friends to attend our dance which will be held Saturday, May 6, at the local hall. A fine evening of entertainment is in store for you, so we'll be expecting you.

Music will be furnished by Paul Dolinar and his orchestra, and admission is 40¢ for gents and 40¢ for ladies.

We also ask our neighboring lodges to remember Saturday, September 23, as on this date we are sponsoring a dance with all profits going toward buying Christmas gifts for our members in the armed forces.

ANNA PIKE, Treas.

Meadowlands Lodges Give Dance May 20

MEADOWLANDS, PA.—Members of Meadowlands lodges will be glad to hear that our last dance was very successful and that we thank every one who helped to make it so. The winner of the bond was John Martinic and of the stamps, John Zitko. Our next committee meeting will be on May 7 at 10:30 a. m.

We have another dance scheduled for May 20 at Bears' Hall and this time Jackie Martinic will furnish the polkas and waltzes for both young and old. So once again we ask all our members, friends and neighboring lodges to come and make merry with us and make this dance another big success.

I am happy to announce that Mary Pelah, a member of Lodge 259, has signed up with the Wac. She is our first woman member to join and we congratulate her and wish her success in her new assignment.

See you all at the dance on May 20 at Bears' Hall.

STELLA MURN, Sec'y.

Alice Up-to-Date

"Tell me, dear fairy," said Alice, "how do you manage not to be seen by people, even though they walk right past you every day?"

"I lend them money," replied the fairy.

CHRISTINA KLEMENCIC, 166.

The Question of Lodge Mergers

Recently, there appeared an article in the English section of the Prosveshta, written by Brother A. Kerzic Jr., dealing with the question of consolidation or merger of the three SNPJ lodges in Waukegan, Illinois, into one unit. If such an undertaking can be materialized, a great accomplishment will have been achieved, according to his opinion, and "new services to our community and in the continuation of a liberal and progressive fraternal organization." He also points out the financial advantages by abolishing three sets of officers, lodge meetings, rents, etc.

We do not in the least doubt the sincerity of Bro. Kerzic's contention; nevertheless, we cannot sustain his argument for several good reasons. Perhaps Bro. Kerzic is correct in assuming that there would be some financial advantages for our members through such a merger in Waukegan-North Chicago, but would the advantages outweigh the disadvantages created by such a merger? Let us consider the following:

1. Organization of the English speaking lodge, as many charter members of Lodge 568 will agree, required much hard work, unyielding perseverance and sacrifice on the part of our loyal members in Waukegan. Should the Little Fort Lodge presently merge with the senior lodges, there would be an immediate end to most, if not all, activities among our youth in your community. And not only that; consider also our members in the armed forces when they will return home and no longer find the lodge for which they have so faithfully worked all these years. Don't you think that they, too, will be disappointed?

2. Today you have three lodges in your Waukegan-North Chicago community, three sets of local officials who eagerly solicit new members. If you are going to have only one lodge, your activities will diminish two-thirds. This fact has been proved time and again. The same holds true about the meetings. Now you have a score of members in attendance; then you will have proportionately equal number at only one lodge. Today, in the process of a membership campaign, there is competition for prizes among three lodges, whereas with the merger, competition of this sort would cease. Anybody who believes that the same results will be obtained by one lodge alone, shall be disappointed.

These convictions are based upon our past experiences with similar problems. In view of these, we do not think further analysis on this subject is necessary. Advocating merger of the Slovene speaking lodges in Waukegan would be more practicable, but combining all three would not at all, in our opinion, warrant satisfactory results.

We should like to suggest, therefore, that members of the English speaking lodge 568 give this matter serious thought and put aside the merger proposition at least until the war is over. In all fairness, the opinion of those members now serving in the armed forces should also be considered.

Don't forget about the campaign now under way and try to do your part by securing as many new juvenile and adult members as possible.

F. A. VIDER, Supreme Secretary.

Veronian News

VERONA, PA.—Saturday, May 13, the day before Mother's Day, is the date on which the Veronian three hundred dollar (\$300) grand drawing will take place.

Because we have only 500 tickets, the board of directors in charge of this affair urge all members to contact them if they haven't as yet received their supply. As the drawing is scheduled to take place at exactly 10 p. m. that Saturday night, a nice turnout is expected.

Just a month ago, the SNPJ anniversary campaign for new members began. How have you so far helped to celebrate it? Reports have it that there are many prospects around, so let's not miss out on a good chance in helping ourselves acquire a little extra cash on the side, which our SNPJ is willing to give you as an award for that new member. Then there is no use in reminding you what a good deed you are doing for your country, for every new member means more Stamps and more Bonds.

First, congratulations to all having birthdays and anniversaries this month, and then a review of last month's happenings.

A day that will live a long time in our memories was "Commando Kelly Day." Yes, the Pittsburgh people turned out by the thousands to see and cheer their hero in that gigantic parade a week ago. Getting a glimpse of our hero while waiting patiently in line along the parade route were Dickie Bill Kaus, his Mom and Mrs. Young (former Fantasy Luizer).

Pictures of Johnnie Strama and Frank ("Porky") Bouma are already up. Whose picture will be next? A nice snapshot would be most welcome.

Our Veronian congratulations to Mr. and Mrs. John Krulc (former Josephine Sokoski) who were joined in wedlock this past month. Many Veronians helped celebrate with this couple at the bride's home in New Kensington where the reception was held following the ceremony.

On the Veronian sick list in April were Frankie (Pepper) Mohar, the little one of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Vrbanc

Our Front

By Louis Beniger

Very little has been said here in recent weeks about the Slovene American National Council (SANC), which was created at the first Slovene National Congress in Cleveland in December of 1942.

Just for the record, it is well to repeat here that the congress was a great success, especially so when we consider the various shades of opinion represented at the assembly. The delegation numbered more than 400 duly elected representatives, and all resolutions submitted were adopted unanimously. In the main, the resolutions stated that the Slovene Americans want a free and united Slovenia within the framework of a democratic and federalized Yugoslavia. Of course, it goes without saying that the assembly went on record in vigorous support of the United Nations' war effort to crush our common enemy.

This, in a nutshell, is the gist of the program entrusted to SANC to be carried out here in behalf of our people across the sea; this, in brief, is the political action as it was agreed upon by the above-mentioned assembly.

At this point we might ask ourselves what has been done thus far by SANC to justify its existence? Has it followed the course set by the congress? Or has it failed in its mission?

There is no doubt in my mind that SANC has fully understood its trust and that its work has thus far been well done. Likewise, the moral and material help given by our people to SANC has been enthusiastic from the very beginning and there is no sign of any decrease in popular support.

Our people throughout the country as a whole, and particularly the members of the SNPJ, have responded most favorably. They did this because they know that it is their duty to help their motherland in the gravest crisis in all history.

All this, too, is just for the record and it is a record, indeed, when the people unite into a solid bloc to help their brothers who are now enslaved by the most inhuman tyrant in history.

However well this may speak for our record, there is another side to the picture. Recently, our clerics, lead by a few fanatic priests, have become violent opponents of SANC over its policies concerning Marshal Tito's Partisans.

The most violent of these is one Rev. Bernard Ambrozic of Lemont, Ill. Another is the Rev. Oman of Cleveland, and the third is the Amerika Domovina which is lending its space to the attacks against SANC and its leaders, notably against Etbin Kristan and Louis Adamic, president and honorary president of SANC. They want SANC to support the Slovene quisling in Ljubljana, General Rupnik, who was put in power by Adolf Hitler and who was given the blessings of Bishop Rozman of Ljubljana. They are trying to justify their maneuvers by branding the Partisans as Communists. They are brazen enough to do all this-here in a democratic country which is today engaged in a deadly struggle against the very enemy with whom their partners in Ljubljana are collaborating!

The best answer to the vicious attacks of the clerics was given in last week's Proletar, for which its editor, Frank Zaitz, should be commended.

War Profiteers Claim "Windfall"

Some idea of the extent to which war contractors will profit from tax rebates after the shooting stops was indicated by a Treasury Department disclosure that 30,000 claims for refunds are already on file.

The applications ask for tax refunds of approximately \$3,000,000,000 for the years 1940 to 1942, when tax collections on war-swollen profits aggregated \$10,500,000,000.

In an article written for the "Quarterly" of the Pennsylvania Bar Association, Assistant Secretary John L. Sullivan estimated that post-war rebates of war taxes may run between \$15,000,000,000 and \$30,000,000,000 and will "present a grave problem of national financing."

Under the law, all corporations may claim a draw-back of 10 per cent of their war taxes. Concerns which can show they are losing money in the post-war period can claim refunds equal to their normal peace-time profits.

Encouraged by these generous provisions, the tax experts of Big Business are preparing for a "killing."

BEST CURRENT FILMS

For Family: Happy Land, Hit the Ice, Lassie Come Home, Madame Curie, My Friend Flicka, This Is the Army. Thousands Cheer.

For Mature Audience: Action in the North Atlantic, The City that Stopped Hitler, Claudia, Corvette K-22, Destination Tokyo, Guadalcanal Diary, Gung Ho!, Holy Matrimony, Sahara, The Song of Bernadette, Watch on the Rhine, The Young Mr. Pitt.

No Offense, Guy! Columbia, Tenn., which claims to be the largest outdoor mule market in the world, not long ago held a mule parade, headed by the gov-

MIDWEST TOURNAMENT SAT. and SUNDAY, MAY 6-7

This coming week-end, May 6-7, Chicago will be the scene of the annual Midwest SNPJ Bowling Tournament and Dance. The events are scheduled to start early Saturday evening and will very likely be concluded late Sunday afternoon. The main attraction is the big dance on the opening night and this will take place in the SNPJ auditorium. All present indications point to a large and representative attendance mainly from the lodges in the midwest area. The Victorians' (632) Committees have worked hard these past several weeks and promise to have every detail in perfect working-order when the day and the hour arrives to serve. A really good time is in store for everyone, so let's all emerge from our wartime shells and make this an event worthy of the Society's 40th Anniversary year.

A lot of good bowling can be looked for when the "elite" of SNPJ bowlers from Milwaukee, Chicago, Waukegan, Cleveland and Detroit start blasting the maples at Bennett's Bowl next Saturday and Sunday. No doubt many old marks will be threatened, if not broken. . . The Little Fort (568) five-woman team of Waukegan, Ill., champs of the Midwest in 1943 and this year's Pioneer Invitational Turney winners, will return seeking to repeat their winning performances of the past. . . Joseph Fifolt, Secretary of Comrade Lodge 566, Cleveland, Ohio, writes to let us know that two women's teams have been entered in the tournament, which is reason enough to believe there is going to be an abundance of action and excitement in this division. The Comrade bowlers have the reputation of being good, so look out, Little Fort, Pioneers, Badgers, Integrates, etc. . . A letter from a couple of active Pennsylvania SNPJers, Frances and Helen Dermott, informs us they expect to be present at the Midwest doings—and that's really good news.

A last minute news flash from John J. Spilar, District No. 3 member of the National Athletic Board, reports that Cleveland SNPJ Lodges will be represented in the Midwest tourney by at least four teams—besides the Comrades, a team from Lunder-Adamic (28) and another from the Spartans (576) will furnish competition for the Midwesterners. . . So far, one team entry is from the Detroit Young Americans (564).

The exact number of teams entered in the tournament is not known at this writing, but with Cleveland bowlers participating and Detroit expected to come through with at least a couple of teams, the Midwest Turney begins to take on the appearance and color of a miniature national event. . . The Milwaukee Badgers (584) are sending four teams to Chicago and on one of the squads will be our nationally prominent bowler, Rudy Pugel, who only last week was named on the nation's All-Star team by the National Bowlers' Journal. As a member of the Badgers, Rudy has participated in many tournaments of the Society, including softball, bowling and even golf. In the SNPJ National Bowling Tournament two years ago, he bowled a 717 series to cop the Singles title and finished a close second in the All-Events with a nine game total of 1924 as against 1949 by Elwood Blake of the Detroit Young Americans.

Since then Pugel has traveled far up the ladder against the very best competition in the country. With Ned Day of West Allis, Wis., who, incidentally, is married to a daughter of Anton Tratinik, a long-standing member of the SNPJ, he holds the National Doubles Match Game Championship. And so it's going to be a real treat to see Rudy again, bowling along with the rest of us this coming week-end. Here's hoping he brings along his accordion for it's almost as much a pleasure to listen to his playing as it is to watch him roll a string of strikes. Arrange to be at the alleys and give this bowling "great" of the SNPJ the kind of welcome he deserves.

BOWLING IN 1945 . . . The main discussion at the recent National Athletic Board meeting centered around the possibilities of staging a National SNPJ Bowling Tournament in 1945. Because of wartime conditions, there is no intention, as yet, to conduct a national tournament on the same basis as in the past, but, if present plans and ideas materialize, and it is believed they will, the next national bowling tournament of the SNPJ will be run-off sectionally, and where necessary—locally, all over the country on the same day. Instead of having one huge centralized affair and social celebration, there will be numerous smaller scale tournaments and socials or dances going on at the same time in the various cities and towns.

Under the proposed plan, there could be a couple of tournaments in Pennsylvania, one in Cleveland, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Indianapolis, and anywhere else where bowlers wish to participate. Lodges located too far from a sectional tournament could arrange to bowl on some nearby alleys. All entries and as much of the fees as are intended to be used for prizes would have to be forwarded to the Athletic Director in Chicago, and as soon as the results of each tournament were known, the names of winners and scores would be telegraphed to him or sent by special delivery. This, in general, is the plan proposed for the 1945 tournament. Of course, special rules and regulations will have to be drawn up and this will be done only after the plan is thoroughly studied from every angle. Bowlers are invited to express their opinions in the Prosvesna or by letter to members of the National Athletic Board.

JUVENILE SPORTS . . . The outlook for sports activities among the Juvenile Circles of the SNPJ has brightened considerably in recent weeks. Already a half dozen Circles have applied for financial aid from the Society's Athletic Fund for the promotion of softball and baseball teams in the 1944 season, and more are expected soon. The Circles at St. Albane, Verona, Sharon, Johnstown, Bon Air, and possibly at Avella, all in the state of Pennsylvania, plan to sponsor teams this year. The Circles at Girard, Ohio, and Roundup, Montana, are also organizing.

In Pennsylvania it might be advisable to bring the Circle teams together in a state tourney. An appropriate time for just such an event would be the Pennsylvania SNPJ Day. Perhaps, this would also be a good time to conduct a Junior Olympics or Field Day Program. This would consist of several track and field events limited to boys and girls of certain ages. Each Circle could first have its own eliminations and only the winners would later be sent to the meet. . . The Athletic Board approved these suggestions and also went on record to increase up to \$25 allowances for lodge or Circle ball teams. The future of SNPJ sports depends in a very large measure on our juveniles. Let's organize them now and before it is too late. MICHAEL VRHOVNIK, Juvenile Director.

Juvenile Circles of the SNPJ**Juvenile Circle Leader**

ANNE BRICELY, Mgr.

Circle No. 47, Johnstown, Pa.

It will be a year sometime this month since Anne Bricely assumed the duties of Manager of "Youth of America" Circle No. 47, Johnstown, Pa. So successfully has she directed this group of juveniles that it continues to flourish as one of the really active Circles in the SNPJ. Many social and cultural affairs have been held. Outdoor and indoor sports activities have had an important role in its program, and the meetings nearly always attract a large attendance.

Sister Bricely was a contestant in the Juvenile 30th Anniversary Campaign and succeeded in attaining the quota assigned to her lodge. Last December she was elected Secretary of Friendly City Lodge No. 884 and, when in February, her husband, Thomas Bricely, a former member of the National Athletic Board, left for the Army, she sought and obtained employment in one of the local stores. These three jobs, no doubt, keep her hands and mind fully occupied. Congratulations and best wishes are extended to Sister Bricely on her first anniversary as Circle Manager. May her leadership continue to inspire our juveniles.

Perfect Circle 26 Is Very Busy Programming

CHICAGO.—The Perfect Circle No. 26 is very busy these days preparing for their coming program. Preparations alone for any program require quite a bit of work, and when someone voluntarily offers his help with this work, it makes everything much easier for everyone concerned.

We are speaking of Mrs. Frances Rak, who again has offered to make all the necessary costumes for the program. This time that will mean the cutting and sewing of about 24 girls' dresses, as well as helping with other accessories. With the helpful advice of Mrs. Rak, the girls have chosen the type of material, colors and patterns, and will assist with some of the work in making the dresses. This should prove to be quite an experiment for the girls.

The Circle, and myself, are very grateful to Mrs. Rak for her help and interest in making our program a success, and we all thank her from the bottom of our hearts.

HELEN FABIAN, Sec'y.

Industry Is Greater Destroyer Than War

More Men Killed and Injured in Factories Than on the Battle Fronts

As a killer, war must take a seat back of industrial accidents. Since Pearl Harbor 102,600 workers have been killed and 9,500,000 injured, it was reported last week by the National Safety Council.

During the same period, war casualties were 42,000 deaths, 66,121 wounded and 37,415 missing.

The all-accident toll since Pearl Harbor is now 220,000 killed and 22,000 injured, the council said. Traffic accidents alone accounted for 61,000 deaths and injured 2,100,000, while accidents in the home killed 75,000 and injured 11,000,000.

This Year's Income Put at 154 Billions

If the present scale of income continues, Americans will pocket a record \$154,600,000,000 this year and will add nearly \$42,000,000,000 to the \$70,000,000,000 they have accumulated in savings in the last three years, the Federal Reserve Board declared last week.

Since Pearl Harbor, the board said, \$14,000,000,000 in additional currency has been put into circulation, and black market operations, efforts to evade taxes and even embezzlement were held responsible for some of the demand for cash.

Youngstown Lodge**Dance Is Success**

YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO.—Lodge 153: Two weeks ago I said you'd be hearing from us soon and here we are stating the results of our dance held after the Federation meeting April 23.

Well, I want you all to know that it was a very successful turnout. But, what made it successful was the members who attended and not those who stayed at home. I talked to a member the following day, who had not attended the dance, and found that he was more than sorry after finding out that Frances Novak and her sister sang a few Slovene songs and were accompanied on the accordion by Mitzie Anzure. We all thank these three girls once again for their entertainment which will not be forgotten so soon.

Many thanks to the Mack girls who played for our dance. It was really wonderful for the elder Mack girl to work all day in the mill and then to come down after work and play the accordion accompanied by her sister on the saxophone.

The younger generation really enjoyed jitterbugging to Conrad Major's music. Thanks, Conrad.

We want to thank Joseph Isakovich, Adolph Cvetko, John Petric, and the Donec family for donating their rationed liquor. It was wonderful of Mrs. Frank Baraga to donate a pair of beautiful pillow cases for which Mr. George Loncar, our member, was a lucky winner. I see he cookies that Mrs. Mary Arribalza, a member, baked and donated did not have a chance to get stale. Mary, you should have heard the women asking for the recipe for your cookies.

Mrs. Veronica Sinkwich sure knows how to bake the old-time nut tortas or nut kolach. The first piece was bought for a tryout, and oh, boy! did it go in a hurry. Everyone asked who baked it. Thanks to Mr. Sinkwich who supplied the beer for us when the brewery disappointed us.

Many thanks to the Cernic girls for donating all the buns needed for our sausage sandwiches. Oh yes! Mary Zlogar, thank you for the bread and everything else needed for the sandwiches. Leave it to Mary, she never forgets the horseradish.

Now we want to thank all the cash donators who are: Mrs. Joseph Tornich, Mrs. Mary Chizmar, Mrs. Mary Oblak, John Markovich, Steve Makush, George Loncar, Mike Platnar, and Steve Antonovich.

The winner for the first prize was Miss Helen Fabian, member, who just about fell through the floor when she discovered that she was actually the winner. Mr. Joseph Konnen from Sharon, winner of the second prize, a beautiful waste-basket, tells us that it was the first time he had ever won anything. Joseph, maybe your luck has just started. Miss Violet Tornich was the third winner, but I believe her mother was more thrilled at what Violet won than Violet herself. Or maybe Violet is planning to put the strainer and funnel in her hope chest.

Oh my! We must not forget Bobby Cvetko, juvenile member, who worked hard in bringing empty pop bottles from all over the hall. Thanks to all those who helped in the kitchen, behind the bar, and at the door.

Through this dance we have acquired two people who want to become our members and will be proposed for membership at our next meeting, May 7. I'm sure our lodge 153 will achieve its quota, or more, in this 1944 campaign.

Hoping a speedy recovery for Bro. Albin Panigar who is convalescing in a hospital in San Francisco, Calif.

Once again thanks to all neighboring lodges who attended our dance.

HELEN FABIAN, Sec'y.

\$8 for a Child's Health

Hearings in the Senate agriculture committee soon may decide the fate of the federal milk and lunch program for school children. The House voted to practice economy by enacting a \$50,000,000 appropriation for it, but there is hope that the Senate will take a wiser view.

The records of Selective Service, revealing that millions of young men are physically unfit for the Army and Navy, make it ridiculous to argue that economy should begin with smashing a nutrition system.

It is all very well to complain against "paternalism," but the cold facts show that many American children grow up without sufficient quantities of the proper foods, and that, in human terms, is a national disaster. The proposed appropriation would spend an average of eight federal dollars for each of 1,000,000 children next year—\$8 that would give them milk and balanced lunches. If the federal government can spend money for bridges and roads, surely it can spare a modest sum to ensure a sturdy, healthy childhood.

—The Chicago Sun.

Twins Anyway

"I hear there are twins at the Bates' house. Boys or girls?"

"I think one's a boy and the other a girl—but it may be the other way 'round."

In the Army

Private—"How's the water on this God-forsaken island, soldier?"

Corporal—"Well, buddy, first we boil it, then we filter it, then we drink beer."

"They wanted to honor him for brave service, I suppose?"

"No, sub. Ah reckons he got dat job on account of his havin' lost one of his han's in de wah."

Cpl. Louis Flere Jr.

Cpl. Louis Flere Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Flere of Niles, Ohio, and lifelong member of SNPJ Lodge 481, is now with the U.S. Armed Forces somewhere in Italy. He graduated from McDonald-Trumbull High School, class of 1935, and was employed as crane operator by the Carnegie-Illinois Steel Plant, McDonald, Ohio, until his induction in June, 1942. He is daddy to a little girl, 1½ years old, Mary Louise, in Omaha, Nebraska, whom he has never seen, which is double reason why he wishes for Victory Day, soon. (For those who have requested, his address is: Cpl. Louis Flere, H and S. Co., 21st Engrs. (Hon.) Regt., A.P.O. 528, c/o Postmaster, New York, N.Y.)

Do We Want a Wave of Postwar Strikes?

A pattern of events is taking shape which carries a warning of postwar labor strife on a major scale. Among a few industrialists—a minority but still powerful—there are signs of stubborn hostility to union organization, and a readiness to frustrate collective bargaining.

The Montgomery Ward strike here in Chicago involves company refusal to obey a War Labor Board directive, but the underlying issue is an attack on the union. The Hummer Mfg. Co. of Springfield, a Ward subsidiary, is also defying a WLB order to sign a union contract. The United States Gypsum Co. has challenged union bargaining rights.

The Pullman-Standard Co. has challenged union bargaining rights and rejected a WLB-approved contract. The Ford Motor Co. of Canada last week "canceled" a contract after a half-day strike over some minor dispute. However successfully such conflicts may be smoothed over during wartime, the eventual removal of government controls threatens trouble.

Recent developments in the courts and the National Labor Relations Board do not encourage the hope that, by the applications of law, the destructive consequences of bitter strike can be avoided.

A Plan for Social Enterprise

By Maynard C. Krueger

(Conclusion)

We are now drifting backward and unintentionally into a system of state capitalism. Much of present public enterprise is envisioned as temporary. Apologetic in the very conception of its role in relation to private enterprise, largely subservient to private enterprise, it is not set up deliberately in a way that guards against dangerous concentration of power. We are concerned about both efficiency and democratic controls. One without the other is insufficient. But the main danger of totalitarianism arises from the problem of democratic controls, the problem of bureaucracy.

A system of socialized economic life can be made and kept democratic as a going practical concern if these considerations are taken seriously:

(1) The four different forms of social enterprise listed above should exist simultaneously in different lines of economic activity. In some industries they should exist in direct competition with one another. We need not choose one of these forms to the exclusion of the others. They are not contradictory in either purpose or operation. This is a mixture of several different kinds of social enterprise, not a mixture of private and social enterprise. The public corporation and the cooperative should be the predominant forms.

(2) In determining the size of the business unit, immediate technical economic efficiency should not be the sole consideration. Where an industry can be operated on a decentralized basis at a cost only slightly higher than if it were completely centralized, decentralization should be the practice. In some industries under private enterprise, the size of the business unit is greater than is compatible with either democratic control or optimum cost.

(3) The general over-all planning function for the economy should be performed through the allocation of capital by a public investment bank. In many industries the managers now employed by private enterprise in the interest of private profit would perform equally well or better as the agents of the public. It is doubtful, however, that bankers trained in the pursuit of profit could be effectively retooled for conversion to social uses.

(4) The general rule of operation of public enterprise should be sale of its products at cost, unless otherwise instructed by the government which takes or provides the difference on grounds of social policy. There are basic services and some products which should be available to everyone without special charge. Eventually this list might be made large. Where the common good is judged to be served by sale at cost, the management of a social enterprise is as much discredited by a profit as by a loss. Either represents bad management and social waste. In order to make comparative judgments on managerial effectiveness, uniform accounting procedures are of course required.

(5) Policy-determining positions should be distinguished from mere administrative positions. In the former, democratic responsibility is the main criterion. In the latter the main consideration is efficiency of performance. The elective process is applicable only where the major concern is with democratic responsibility.

(6) Wherever possible, the board of directors should be provided by and from the functional groups which have an interest in the operation of the enterprise. The employees of an enterprise have such an interest, since they are dependent on it for money with which they buy goods. The consumers of the product have such an interest since they are dependent on the enterprise for the goods they buy. The employees have a high-cost interest and the consumers have a low-price interest. Both must be represented. Wherever directors can be named directly by such groups it is unnecessary to concentrate the power of appointment entirely in government hands. In addition, the technicians in the enterprise should be represented on the board because they are usually precluded in favor of improving something.

(7) Freedom of choice by consumers in the expenditure of their buying power must be rigorously protected, not merely because it is a desirable freedom, but because it is an essential control over the management of social enterprise. Similarly, freedom of occupational choice and freedom of transfer from one employment to another are necessary not merely because they are desirable freedoms, but because they are an essential part of the machinery by which people can embarrass bad management by their own direct action.

(8) No economy will be or remain democratic unless there is freedom of voluntary association for all functional groups. Foremost among them are labor unions and political parties. This must include the right to strike as a last resort appeal to the conscience of the country against the management of even a social enterprise. A capitalist political party would not survive long in a socialized economy because it would soon lose its clientele. But, since there will be problems of policy in a so-

cialized system, there will be politics. No government will ever be so good that it can be trusted without freedom of expression and organization of opposition opinion.

Inevitably the functions of government in the economy which I have described will be greater than in the nineteenth century economy. They need not be as great as in the case of a government which sets itself the task of regulating private profit enterprise, or defending private enterprise against the public interest. What are the proper functions of government in the operation of a socialized economy?

(1) Government must determine general social policy for the entire economy. This includes such matters as standards of wages, hours and working conditions, standards of social security and the length of the work-life, and standards of racial and economic equality.

(2) Government must provide and supervise the central planning agency—the public investment bank or board.

(3) Government must provide general social services and social security, financed by levies on goods and services to be sold above cost of production.

(4) Government must assume the responsibility of appointing public representatives to the boards of directors of social enterprises, and of determining what functional groups are to be represented.

(5) Government must determine roughly what proportion of the national income is to be consumed and what proportion is to be ploughed back into capital expansion to increase future productivity.

(6) Government will probably have to operate some enterprises directly, but fewer than it does now. The United States Post Office, for example, should be a public corporation instead of a government department.

Does this program mean the abolition of private property? It means abolishing private title to the kind of property on which other people are dependent for a living, in order to increase the kind of private property which people use themselves. It means freeing personal initiative from the bonds of private servitude and giving it a social goal and its proper social recognition.

Does it mean a planned economy? It does, with the emphasis on its democratic controls. It means emancipating management from the shackles of private profit and giving it a chance to become a profession. It means emancipating government from the increasing burden of mass of detailed administration and giving it a chance to perform its basic function of determining standards according to the social conscience of the country.

Now if this socialized economy be our perspective for the future, what should be done with the government-owned war plants? We should do exactly the opposite of what Mr. Jesse Jones and Mr. Bernard Baruch plan to do. These gentlemen, both Roosevelt appointees, are more concerned about not disturbing the capital value of privately owned plants than about anything else.

They propose to do with this vast new industrial public domain just what such men have already done with the public domain in natural resources. But these plants are particularly dangerous to private industry because most are new and very efficient.

We should convert those plants which are not producing exactly the kind of basic raw materials which a peace-time economy needs. We should operate them to provide goods which people want and jobs producing these goods. We should keep them in public hands, and get more. We should organize them as public corporations except where the cooperative movement is able to take over. And we should use those plants deliberately as the initial step in socializing the private industrial and financial empires of this country. Then we will have an economy which provides the economic prerequisites for political democracy. Then, and then only, will we have defeated fascism.

The nearer we get to November the less sense we shall hear talked about such basic issues. It is a fact that our two-party system is not capable of doing anything except dodging as basic an issue as private profit versus social enterprise. But it is also a fact that there are several million people in the United States who are in fundamental agreement with the program outlined above. What they lack is organization to make that program politically effective. What this country needs is a strong political party of the left, with the mass support for which times are ripe, determined to use all the organizational means necessary to political success in a democracy, and determined to give body and power to the demand that private profit give way to a new society in which men are treated as men and not as objects of exploitation.

Rationing Note

Who says cops are tough?

Chicago police of the Blue Island

precinct have been ordered to re-

frain from eating lollipops while on

duty.

Just heard from that long legged

bird that the Rudy Venesiks are

"infatuated" again. The stork

expects to increase the present popu-

lation of their household to four or

Integrity Dance and Banquet Success

By Julius Abram

CHICAGO.—The Integrity's 16th anniversary banquet and dance was a huge success. The large crowd was far beyond our expectations. Insofar as the banquet was concerned, nothing but praises were heard for the delicious cuisine, and there wasn't anything skimpy about it, either. Heard more than one compliment praising the tastiness of the food. In fact, one person even sent a note to our Kitchen Mechanics, quote, "The meal was delicious." I don't believe a better compliment could be paid to them.

Thanks to Agnes Heidenreich, Mrs. Martin Abram Sr., and Mrs. W. Stone, they being responsible for the wonderful food. Agnes Heidenreich and Mrs. M. Abram were also the parties who baked those good potica, one of which was later given away and netted a good price. Through some misunderstanding, purely unintentional, in auctioning off the potica, there arose a doubt as to who actually won it and Mrs. Heidenreich, to avoid enmity, graciously consented to bake another, so both parties concerned were equally satisfied, and she did bake it, too, as she brought it along to our meeting. Thank you very much, Agnes, a nice gesture indeed.

It was surprising but pleasing to see so many lodges represented. The following congratulated us on our 16th birthday: Joseph Kosic of Lodge 8, Lou Kosele, Columet Sentinels 610, both of whom are from South Chicago; Frank Perchin, Flood City from far off Johnstown, Pa.; Mary Novak, Victorians 632; John Mori, Slovenski Dom 86; John Potokar, Lodge 39; D. J. Lotrich, Pioneers 559, and Anton Trojar, Slatija 1.

Personal to Mrs. P. Urbanz and Mrs. Harmon of Ladies' Lodge Nada:

Please accept my sincere apologies for failing to call upon you at our banquet, a gross oversight on my part.

Our guests of honor present were: Mrs. Lomerski, Mrs. Michael Fleischhacker, Mrs. John Setina, Miss Dorothy Janezic, Mrs. J. Kukovich, Mrs. Antoinette Bavadik, Mrs. Alfred Reifler, Mrs. H. Lafranz and Mrs. Frank Heidenreich. Thank you for coming, it was a pleasure having you.

Our principal speaker, Supreme President Vincent Cainkar, gave a brief but good speech, well received. Otto Sitter, one of our charter members, also addressed the gathering with a short but sweet speech. Michael Vrnoynik, our other scheduled speaker, was unable to attend due to illness. We were sorry, Michael, as we did want to hear you. You more or less represented the younger element. Yes, we had besides V. Cainkar, other Supreme Board members, who also addressed the diners, namely: A. Trojar, Lawrence Gradišek, and D. J. Lotrich.

Considering the fact that about 15 people spoke and introduction of guests, the after dinner speaking took up a little more than half an hour, result being the refreshment stand was invaded that much sooner.

I also want to thank those of you who displayed such fine cooperation in performing your duties so well when called upon to work at this affair. From the following members you will understand what is meant when I use the word CO-OPERATION:—Agnes Heidenreich, Michael Fleischhacker, Mrs. Mary Abram Sr., Marty Abram, Jennie Abram, Cookie Dicenzo, Frank and Pauline Lenassi, John Lenassi, Marty and Jewel Bergles, Helen Reifler, Rose Rojch, Mrs. Mary Chermosnik, Emil Heidenreich, Fred Imperi, Joe Testen, Mollie Zordani, Josephine Baffetti, Rose Morella, Edith Podlesnik, Mrs. H. LaFranz, Frank Heidenreich and Dan Heidenreich. (Incidentally, Dan is the third son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Heidenreich to enter the service. Dan was also one of our guests. We were glad to have you at our banquet, Dan.)

Our special thanks to the following, although not members of Integrity, they were kind enough to give us a helping hand: Mary and Jennie Kobilea, Mrs. A. Kopp, Mrs. W. Stone and Al Dicenzo. Thank you again, we certainly appreciate it.

This coming Saturday and Sunday, the Midwest League Bowling Tournament will be sponsored by the Victorians who will also hold a dance Saturday night at the SNPJ Hall. Integrity expects to enter 8 teams in the tournament, quite a sizable entry. So, bowlers and bowlerettes, look out, we will be heard from. Just to give you a fair warning as to what to expect, Marty Abram shot a 663 series two weeks ago on games of 185, 247 and 251. Catch on, folks? Yep, we surely are primed for the tournament.

We held our monthly meeting last week and Mike Fleischhacker submitted a very favorable financial report on our dance. The meeting was fairly well attended.

Helen Reifler reports that hubby Al is still in sick bay and we hope it won't be much longer, Al.

That was also a neat looking job on our program books. Thanks to those who made them possible.

Just heard from that long legged bird that the Rudy Venesiks are "infatuated" again. The stork

expects to increase the present population of their household to four or

more? Yessiree, another prospective member(s).

See you all at the Victorian dance and

BUY MORE WAR BONDS

The Upper Crust



"He must have been a New Dealer . . . asking where my trunk and tail were!"

Spirit-O-Grams

By Whoosit

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Last call for our May Dance this Saturday, May 6, at the Concordia Turner Hall, 13th and Arsenal. The Spirits extend a cordial invitation to our local lodges 107 and 679, also to the Granite City Sts., then Arsenal Bus, east to 13th Street.

We assure you an enjoyable evening, as Scheibal's 8-piece orchestra will play. The Lucas Sister team promised to render several selections. There will be a ten and a five dollar bill given away to some lucky person in attendance. Service men are admitted free and the committee has written 38 individual invitations to our Croatian, and Slovensky boys stationed in Scott Field, Ill. Perhaps you know some of the boys. Here are a few of the 38: Sgt. Wm. Tretinik, S/Sgt. Bernard Belobradich, Pfc. John Grcek, Pvt. Geo. Kudelka, Sgt. Henry Lukavich, Cpl. John Merva, Sgt. John Mirenec, S/Sgt. James Gregorich, Cpl. Anthony Jancovich, Sgt. Nick Delivuk, and Pfc. Frank Ropar. Space does not permit to name the remainder of our list. Probably you know one of these service boys. Won't you come and greet them?

The writer believes it's an ideal building for our Jugoslavs. It has two large auditoriums, besides a lower hall (basement) just as large as the upper. Each having lounging rooms (as in theaters), three pianos and organ. The kitchen is fully equipped and complete as any cafeteria.

There are about 4 meeting halls, each having executive chairs, desks and desk lights, lockers and checkroom. The building is brick, and about 12 years old. Three main transportation lines are within half a block, the Grand Ave. car line going north and south, Gravois Bus from downtown to south-east and Cherokee Bus downtown Eads Bridge to southwest.

Its location is ideal, in the South St. Louis business district. Sears Roebuck is two blocks away, Kresge Stores, banks and theater all within walking distance from the future Jugoslav Home. The district is known for its wonderful residential section. The above is only in brief to give you an idea what it's all about—Our Home.

Local SANC meeting will be held May 7 at 3331 S. 7th St. Won't you give your cooperation by attending?

We advise you to read Bro. Peter Obad's article of April 19. Read what our Slavs are doing in other cities, and then we in St. Louis can hide our faces in shame, as we have been kinda playing "hooky."

Our vote goes to Sis. Zora Gostovich of Raton, New Mexico, as an Ace Reporter from the Juvenile Dept. Zora, we plead that you continue your interesting articles as the Prosveska is on a constant lookout for such contributors. We like your style of writing articles, Sis. Rak, and "Oh." The writer must comment: John Lipovsh on his grand article last week in Slovene who told how he and his coworkers struggled in the early days organizing SNPJ lodges. What obstacles they met, how they weathered them, and today are proud that they had their own way of thinking what was right, and good for the people's protection in case of illness or disability and security for their families, and glad that no one was able to convert their mind. You know, folks, we all have a head on our shoulders to do our own thinking.

We extend our heartfelt sympathy to the Somrak family.

Front Lines: Bro. Pete Kokal is leaving for the Navy on May 4, two days prior to our May Dance, and that makes us that much sadder, as we certainly will miss our Peterek at the dance. He was the life of the party, yoo-hooing, singing Slovene songs, and friendly with all. From our hearts, Pete, accept our wishes for the best of luck in the Navy. He was a Jig Builder at the MacDonnell Aircraft Co.

Bro. Ben Ducote should be proud of his two nephews, Marshall and Walter Johnson. Walter, 20, enlisted in the Marines when only 17 and has gone thru plenty. He belongs to the "Order of the Golden Dragon," that is for crossing the International date line, and said, "That's one thing I got on Uncle Ben, he just crossed the Equator, but I crossed both." Saw action on the Marshalls. They had to burn and blast the Japs out of their holes, and they were just like rats, and it only took them 6 hours to take one of the islands.

They took island after island, troubled with snipers in trees and holes and many Japs killing themselves. Walter says he's glad he came through it all without getting hurt, altho not ashamed to admit that he and others were scared a few times.

His brother Marshall is only 18, but has seen action as he enlisted when he was only 15 years of age.

Bro. Otto Kausnep (Johnstown, Pa.) writes from England about his first raid. He's a gunner and radio operator. Says he's well, but lonely, especially when he thinks about Chicago. Did you read "Letters from Egypt" in last week's Prosveska about Cpl. John Poklar's experience in Egypt? He should be glad that he wasn't ashamed of his mother tongue Slovene. It's a small world after all, and you never know where the boys and girls in service will meet their relation. We appreciate receiving and reading such letters as Cpl. Poklar's.

Will you see all at the May Dance, May 6. Remember, cash award to member selling most admissions.

FLASHES

By DONALD J. LOTRICH

CHICAGO.—After many weeks we are back in the column again. So many things have happened in the past few weeks and so much work has accumulated that it just wasn't possible to steal time for these weekly reports. However, things look brighter now. We will try to post our notices every week, henceforth. Of first importance is the week-end Midwest SNPJ Tournament in which the Pioneers are participating on May 6 and 7 with eight full squads. The tourney will take place at Bennett's Bowl and will be handled by the Victorians. Many good scores are anticipated.

The Pioneer Bowling League wound up its current season last Wednesday night. This week they will roll the sweepstakes. The Slovene Labor Center's team won first place in a photo-finish of the men's division. Ladies representing Frank Sykora, the furrier, took the ladies' division title. Many of the averages for individuals were improved during the season which was a very successful one, notwithstanding the times and trends. John Alic Jr. and Anne Groser handled all of the details of the two groups for the season and did a splendid job. Some of the bowlers will be competing in the Greater Chicago Tournament on May 13 and 20 before they hang up their bowling equipment for the season.

Integrity's anniversary supper was well attended and the disposition created was wholesome. They honored the parents of their members in service. Brother Vincent Cainkar, SNPJ's President, was the main speaker. Julius Abram was toastmaster.—Last Saturday night the Slovene Labor Center held its Spring Social with a very good attendance. John Rak is now secretary of the Center Social Club, having replaced Frank Sodnik, who is in the Navy. At the last meeting of the Pioneers \$5 was contributed to our local SANC group and a report made that ten subscription books have been accounted for already. Since then Fred Svoboda turned in a completed subbook, too. We have nine to go to complete our allotment.

Zinka Milanov, the Metropolitan Opera prima donna and one of our favorite and beloved Jugoslavs, was in Chicago for the past two weeks. She sang in two operas, her company being guests of the Chicago Opera Company on a two-week schedule. One of her operas was broadcast over the NBC network and she received great acclaim for her brilliant performance. Newspapers