

NOVA DOBA

(NEW ERA)

URADNO GLASILO AMERISKE BRATSKE ZVEZE — OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE AMERICAN FRATERNAL UNION



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SPOŠNI TEDENSKI PREGLED

ZEDINJENJE EVROPE PROTI NACIONIJEM

BOJI V SREDOZEMLJU
Italijanska posadka, ki je močno utrjeni otok Pantellerijo v sicilijanski ožini, se je dne 11. junija podala, in zavezniški so okupirali otok. Pantellerija meri 32 kvadratnih milj površine. Obrambne naprave otoka so odgovale po 20 dneh silnega ognja zavezniških letalcev in bojnih ladij. Dan potuje se je podala posadka otočka Lampeduse, tudi po silnem bombardiranju od strani zavezniških letalcev. Posadka malega otočka Linose se je podala brez vojnega. Tako so zavezniški v treh mesečih okupirali tri italijanske otoke med Tunisijo in Sicilijo. Zavezniški letalski ogenj je zdaj preredoten na otoka Sicilijo in Sardinijo. Poleg tega pa zavezniški letalci bombardirajo tudi italijanske vojaške objekte na italijanski celini.

DRUGE FRONTE

Na ruski fronti se vršijo v velikem letalski boji. Iz Moskve poročajo, da je bilo v eden tednu uničenih 548 nemških letal. Ruski letalci v velikiških pozicijih in včasih izvršili napadajo zaledje, kak napad tudi na Nemčijo.

Američki in angleški bombniki so pretekli teden izvedli močne napade na Bremen in Kiel in na druge nacističke postaje.

Na Pacifiku so aktivni američki in britanski letalci RAF na škodovite napade na Bremen in Kiel in na druge nacističke postaje.

DOHODNINSKI DAVEK
Od 1. julija naprej bomo plačevali federalne dohodinske te po novem načinu, namreč od tekočih zaslužkov, ta nam bodo odgovarjajoče mesečno odbite tedenško zasebeno od naših plač in zasebeno. Odbite vsote davkov so morali delodajalcu pošiljati znatno višji kot so bili odstotki od vsot, ki so podpostavljene obdavčenju. Nova davčna postava tudi dovoljuje delno obvezje davkov od dohodninskega leta.

PREDSEDNIK SVARI

Predsednik Roosevelt je pred teden ponovno posvaril državno osišča, naj ne pričnejo bojne s strupenimi plini. Zaradi nimajo namena se v boji, bodo zavezniški pričnejo s tako, bodo vrnili slične napade z

VOJAKI PREKO MORJA
V Londonu je bilo pretekel teden sporočeno, da je spesel večje število vojaštvom, ki je dovedlo do vojaštva. Prevoz je do v Anglijo, je bilo tudi dobro število letalcev.

DOBRO SOSESTVO
Festivl Centralne Zedinjenih držav v Južni Ameriki ni bil še nikdar tako reden, da ne bi predsednik posetil Washingtona.

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LEPOTA V ZELENJAVI

V nekem priporočilu za uraditev "vrtov zmage," ki je bilo poslano iz Washingtona, smo čitali tudi sugestijo, da se za cvetline namenjene gredice pri domovih obsadijo s primerovo zelenjavo, češ, da je tudi zelenjava na svoj način lepa in pri tem tudi koristna. Omenjena sugestija ni brez zdrave podlage.

Skoro vsake vrste zelenjava je prijetna za oko v velikem mestu, posebno če raste na lepo urejenih in čiščenih gredicah in v strumih vrstah. Nekaterih vrst zelenjava producira lepo cvetje, nekatera ima živobarno listje. Na primer, skoro vseh vrst fižol razvije lepo cvetje, predno nastavi stročje. Isto velja za grah, bob in krompir. Peča se rdeče zelje imata rdeče ali rdečkasto listje, ene vrste kolera skorvi višnjevo, nekaterih vrst solata rumeno.

Drobnjak ali šnitihi, ki se v angleščini imenuje chives, se da porabit za obroke gredic, ker je nizke rasti. V slično svrhu se dajo porabit jagode (strawberries), ki producira lepo belo cvetje in poznejne rdeče jagode. Za zelen obrobek grede je poraben tudi peteržil, ki ima umetniško narezljano listje. Radič ali chicory producira v drugem letu lepo višnjevo cvetje.

Zakritje kakih ograj ali plotov je zelo poraben visoki, rdeče in belo cveteci fižol ali pa tudi sladka koruza. Koruza se more posaditi tudi okoli jame za kompost, da jo senči in zakriva. V tako svrhu so porabiti tudi sončne rože, katerih zlatorumeni cvetje je vsakemu znano; malokomu pa je znano, da je izluščeno semenje sončnih rož užitno in okusno. V Rusiji pa je bil posaditi kumare ali buče.

Iz paradižnikov se more napraviti lepa brajda ob kakem plotu ali steni, ako se jih prizvedejo k oporom in se jih čisti odvečnih mladič. Paradižnik ima lepo listje, priljivo vidno rumeno cvetje ter živobarno sadež. Rastlina zahteva gnojno zemljo, dosti sonca in dosti zazivanja; na splošno pa spada med vrtne rastline, ki jih je najlaže gojiti.

(Dalje na 2. strani)

PROBLEM PARTIZANOV

Overseas News Agency je počela dne 1. junija sledičev vest iz Londona: Jugoslovanski krog pravijo, da bo moral jugoslovanska vlada v izgnanstvu prej ali slej javno urediti vprašanje svojega stališča napram enemu delu jugoslovanskega odpora, katerega večinoma imenuje pokret partizanov.

V začetku je vlada to gibanje ignorirala, a je morala s časom to stališče opustiti. Zdaj iščejo možnosti, da bi vključili partizane v skupno gibanje jugoslovanskega odpora.

Dvojica predlogov je bila stavljena, o katerih bo vlada kralja Petra II. najbrž razpravljala v bližnji bodočnosti.

Prvič, je stavljen predlog, da se razveljavlja nekatere zakone za zaščito države. Na temelju teh zakonov se je izvajala na-

Potek kampanje

Dosegli kvoto:

Društvo št. 21, Denver, Colo.; in društvo št. 114, Ely, Minn.

Petnajst društev imamo sedaj, ki so doseglia deset točk ali več.

Društvo št. 2, Ely, Minn., bo kmalu doseglje predpisano kvoto točk; društvo št. 70, Chicago, Ill., je drugo, ki bo

kmalu stopilo med zmagovalce ob 45-letnici naše bratske Zveze.

Polovico kampanje je za nam. Poglejmo, kakšen je ta naš uspeh? Zapisali smo v mladinski oddelek 444 otrok, in v odrasli oddelek smo pridobili 317 članov in članic, skupno 761 članov v dobi 23 tednov. Kako smo zadovoljni s tem uspehom, če vzamete v poštev vse okoliščine, v katerih se nahajamo baš v sedanji kampanji.

Poročilo iz glavnega urada pravi, da imajo društva sledče stevilo točk:

Društvo št. 2, Ely, Minn., 39 točk; društvo št. 70, Chicago, Ill., 29 točk; št. 28, Kemmerer, Wyo. 23 točk; št. 190, Butte, Mont., 21 točk; št. 55, Uniontown, Pa., 20% točke; št. 101, Walsenburg, Colo., 19 točk; št. 84, Trinidad, Colo., 15 točk; št. 132, Euclid, Ohio, 13½ točke; št. 43, East Helena, Mont., 13½ točke; št. 37, Cleveland, Ohio, 12 točk; št. 88, Roundup, Mont., 12 točk; št. 140, Morley, Colo., 12 točk; št. 225, Milwaukee, Wis., 11 točk; št. 44, Barberton, Ohio, 10½ točke; in št. 229, Struthers, Ohio, 10 točk.

Društvo št. 229, Struthers, Ohio, je zadnji teden pridobil deset točk. Društvo ni staro, spada med mlajša društva naše Zveze. Z ozirom na poročilo, katerega sem sprejel ob društva, imajo danes v odraslem oddelku 60 članov in članic, v mladinskem oddelku pa 43 otrok.

Društvo ima v službi Strica Samu 19 članov in eno članico. Skupaj 20 članov, ali ena tretina društva je sedaj zaposlena v vojnih silah Združenih držav. Društvo je tudi kupilo vojni bond za sto dolarjev ter je darovalo za SANS \$11.25.

Le tako naprej, društvena tajnica, društvo ima pohvalno delo za seboj v preteklosti.

V zadnji številki Nove Dobe sem, čital dopis društvene tajnice št. 170, Chicago, Ill., ki poziva društvene člane in članice, da naj ji pomagajo v tej kampanji. Prav lepo, sestra Jurečić.

Tako se je oglasil tudi društveni tajnik Anton Stanovnik št. 94, Waukegan, Ill., ki tudi apelira na svoja društvena brata in prijatelja, da naj mu pomagata kot društvenemu voditelju v tej kampanji. Tudi to je posnemanja vredno, brat Stanovnik.

Obema želim veliko uspeha, v društveni člani, res, prosim, pomagajte. Idite preko vseh ovir, ki so nas založile v tej kampanji. Pred očmi imejte le kot glavno in najbolj važno zadavo — sedanjo kampanjo ob 45-letnici naše organizacije.

Vem in priznam, da vsak društveni tajnik nima dosti prottega časa na razpolago v sedanjih vojnih časih; vidim tudi, da imajo ljudje danes denar, da ni te ovire v tej kampanji; pri vsem tem pa tudi ni vse povsod dovolj tistega razpoloženja, kot bi moralo biti, ko silijo v ospredje druga zvezina vprašanja, ki razburajo posamezne člane in članice. Vsi tudi znamo, da smo v vojnih časih, ki omalovažujejo vsa druga in potrebna zanimanja.

(Dalje na 2. strani)

BALKAN IN ITALIJA

Švedski list "Arbetaren" piše

dne 27. maja 1943, da je Hrvatska "tvor" v boku Italije. Italijanske izgube v vojni s partičani so ogromne, pravi švedski list, akoravno si armada Gestape še vedno prizadeva, da bi s pomočjo ustašev izvedla svojo brezupno nalogo "pomirivite."

Nacistični gospodarji postopajo z neverjetno okrutnostjo, piše časopis, toda partizani jim vračajo milo za draga. Zasede in napadi se vrše vsak dan in Italijansko časopisje objavljajo dnevno poročila o fašističnih vojakih, ki so izginili brez sledu.

List "Arbetaren" piše, da je bilo na tisoče italijanskih vojakov žrtvovanih idealu hrvaškega kralja italijanske krvi in "firerer" v žepnem formatu, Ante Paveliča. Račun za to ponosrečeno kombo in acijo je ogromno narastel. Zdaj že trde, da Pavelič sploh ne bi mogel več vladati, ako ne bi imel svoje lastne telesne straže od najmanj tisoč mož. Poučno strejanje je postal v borbi Hrvatov za narodno svoboudo vsakodnevna stvar.

Švedski list poroča, da je glasom podatkov nekega italijanskega časopisa iz Milana, cena živiljenja v Zagrebu narasla z 26% v primeri z mesecem novembrom 1942. Po indeksu se je hrana podražila za 505 enot, cena obleke pa za 568 enot.

V svojem komentarju pravi list, da je beda še podnetila plamen, meni, da izpodjeda tla pod nogami Ante Paveliča.

Vprašanje je pa tudi, ali domači rastlini so pripraviti okusen čaj. Samo navaditi se je treba novo vrsto čaja. Američki kolonisti, ki so se pred več kot polgradnim stoletjem sprli z Anglijo zaradi davka na čaj, so začeli importirati čaj bojkotirati in so rabili za nadomestilo različne domače rastline, vse od majrona, do vetrovščnic (ground ivy)

in pelina. V Vermontu še danes mnogo porablja za čaj žajbelj (sage), ki ga sladijo z javorjevim sirupom. Dobro zapisan je tudi čaj iz kamilic (camomile), ki je baje pomirjevalen za živce.

Čaj iz posušenega lipovega cvetja je dobro znan tudi Slovencem; je okusen, prijetno duhete in baje dober tudi proti prehladi. Čaj sličnih lastnosti se da izvariti iz posušenega bezgovog cvetja, samo da je nekoliko grenkejši od lipovega. Neka boljša čajarna v New Yorku servira svojim gostom čaj iz lipovega in bezgovog cvetja, kateri kombinacija so dodani še cvetni listi maka. Baže tak čaj vpliva zelo pomirjevalno na živce.

Mete (mint) je več vrst in navadno vobilici raste ne samo po mnogih vrtovih, ampak tudi podivjana ob potokih na farmah. Čaj iz vseh vrst mete je okusen in zdrav. Zelo dober slovenski tudi čaj, napravljen iz alfalte ali lucerne. Še boljša kombinacija za dober čaj pa je alfalfa in mete. Pravijo, da čaj iz alfalte in mete vsebuje tudi celo vrsto koristnih vitaminov.

V Angliji mnogo rabijo za čaj sadeže šipka ali divje vrtvice. Pravijo, da ima te vrste čaj dober okus in da vsebuje petkrat več vitamina C kot ga dobiti v oranzii.

Na Primorskem so Italijani pričeli z novim terorjem. V internacijo so odpeljali vse moške med 16. in 45. letom. Ko so zaradi tega v nekaterih krajih nastali nemiri, so Italijani popolnoma požgali 17 slovenskih vasi. V koncentracijske tabore so odvedli približno 17,000 naših ljudi; ubitih je bilo ob tej prilik 80 oseb. Tako poroča Jugoslavenski informacijski center.

Britiški radio je dne 7. junija poročal, da se je peti poskus načrti in sicer nekaj običajno. Obenem so nam dovolili, da smemo speti nositi privihane hlače. Nekateri vse-

MNOGA NADOMESTILA ZA ČAJ

V letosnjem letu se bodo morali prebivalci Zedinjenih držav zadovoljiti s 50 milijoni funтов čaja, katera količina bo za polovic manjša od običajne. To se seveda tiče prvega prvega importiranega čaja. Iz Kitajske je uvoz čaja onemogočen, o Japonski sploh govora ni, in edina kraja, iz katerih še moremo dobivati čaj, sta otok Cejlona in Indija. Zaloge pa so omejene, transportacija je otežkočena in Angleži in Rusi, ki so znani čajepivci, morajo tudi nekaj dobiti.

Za dobro nadomestilo navadnega čaja velja "yerba mate," ki ga je navadno dobiti v poljubnih količinah v trgovinah večjih mest. Te vrste čaj je narodna pijača v Južni Ameriki, in grmičje, iz katerega listja se vari ta čaj, raste divje v Braziliji, v Paraguayu in delih Argentine. Ako se privadimo piti ta južnoameriški čaj, bo morda to tudi nekaj nepravilnosti, ki so v tem času vplivale na dobro nadomestilo.

Vsekarak imamo pa tudi doma v Zedinjenih državah mnogo domačih rastlin, iz katerih se da pripraviti okusen čaj. Samo navaditi se je treba novo vrsto čaja. Američki kolonisti, ki so se pred več kot polgradnim stoletjem sprli z Anglijo zaradi davka na čaj, so začeli importirati čaj bojkotirati in so rabili za nadomestilo različne domače rastline, vse od majrona, do vetrovščnic (ground ivy)

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New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF
Official Organ
of the
American Fraternal Union.

AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS

Nova Doba



THE STORY OF AMERICA'S GREATEST WAR LOAN

Tribute from the U. S. Treasury Department was paid to the American Fraternal Union and all its lodges for their cooperation in the Second War Loan drive, in a letter to our Supreme President, Mr. Janko N. Rogelj.

The letter reads in part:

"The Secretary of the Treasury has asked me to present to you his report on the results of the Second War Loan drive, in appreciation of what you and the members of your organization did to make that effort an outstanding demonstration of democracy-at-work-for-Victory."

"The continued efforts of your organization and all its branches will help insure the ultimate victory and the final triumph of Democracy in this global struggle with the organized powers of evil."

"Will you be good enough to publicize "The Story of America's Greatest War Loan" in your official organ so that every individual member may understand that the tribute paid by the Secretary of the Treasury in this report to the nation is a tribute to every loyal American who contributed to the superb effort?"

"With thanks for your continued cooperation,

Cordially,

Edward B. Hitchcock
Chief, Foreign Origin Section
War Savings Staff
United States Treasury."

The American Fraternal Union takes its place with other fraternal societies in the fight for freedom and lasting peace. We shall continue to cooperate in all America's war efforts until final victory will have been achieved.

The report issued by the Secretary of the Treasury states that during the THREE WEEKS between April 12 — May 1, the American people invested 18 billion, 500 million dollars in the future of their free country. The Secretary states further that:

"We exceeded by more than five billion the goal we set for ourselves. This is a measure of our enthusiasm and patriotism. Military terms to describe this Second War Loan victory — and it is a victory — are only partly appropriate. There can be no comparison between the self-denial needed to finance the war adequately and the suffering and death which our fighting men must face."

"Yet, there is a close relationship, a very definite similarity between the war on the home front and the war on the fighting front. Neither is won in a single engagement. On both fronts the war must go on through a succession of gains until final and complete victory is won."

"The real battle is still ahead of us. All that we learned in this Second War Loan drive, all the enthusiasm that we gained, will be useful in the bigger job that we still have to do."

"We will get \$30 billions through taxes in 1943. We have already borrowed \$25 billions this year, through the sale of War Bonds. This means that we now can count on having \$55 billions of the \$100 billions we will need. That leaves \$45 billions that will have to be raised, some of that through new taxes, the rest of it through the sale of War Bonds."

"I am confident that the American people will continue to over-subscribe our war loans and make the voluntary way work."

Latest Results in AFU 45th Anniversary Membership Campaign

AFU 45-Point Honor Roll:

Lodge No. 21, Denver, Colo.
Lodge No. 114, Ely, Minn.

This week starts the second half of our AFU Membership Campaign. We find Lodge No. 2 of Ely, Minn. still atop the list with 39 points to its credit. Other lodges having 10 or more points are as follows:

Lodge No. 70 of Chicago, Ill., 29 points; Lodge No. 28 of Kemmerer, Wyo., 23 points; Lodge No. 190 of Butte, Mont., 21 points; Lodge No. 55 of Uniontown, Pa., 20½ points; Lodge No. 101 of Walsenburg, Colo., 19 points; Lodge No. 84 of Trinidad, Colo., 15 points; Lodge No. 43 of East Helena, Mont., 13½ points; Lodge No. 132 of Euclid, Ohio, 13½ points; Lodge No. 88 of Roundup, Mont., 12 points; Lodge No. 140 of Morley, Colo., 12 points; Lodge No. 37 of Cleveland, Ohio, 12 points; Lodge No. 225 of Milwaukee, Wisc., 11 points; Lodge No. 44 of Barberton, Ohio, 10½ points; and Lodge No. 229 of Struthers, O., 10 points.

We enrolled 761 new members in both departments in the first 23 weeks of the campaign.

Lodge No. 229 of Struthers, Ohio is the newest lodge to be added to our 10 or more points list of lodges. This English-speaking lodge having 60 adult members

Meeting Notice of Lodge No. 101, AFU, Walsenburg, Colo.

Members of Lodge No. 101, AFU of Walsenburg, Colo. are notified that we have another resolution submitted to us for a general referendum by the Supreme Board. This resolution is to decide if we should pay the beneficiaries of servicemen killed in this war, the whole death benefit or not. If the resolution is passed, we shall, after Sept. 1st, begin to pay a 25-cent additional assessment every month for the duration. Since our soldiers are giving their lives for us on all battlefields, to preserve liberty for us here at home, I hope that all our membership will willingly sacrifice 25 cents a month for our death benefit fund, enabling us to pay the whole death benefit to the beneficiaries of our fallen soldier-members. We shall vote on this resolution at our next meeting, Sunday, June 20th.

It is the duty of every adult member to attend this meeting and help decide the issue for the benefit of our membership and our Union. Our lodge, last year, drew up a resolution to amend the sections of the by-laws so as to pay the beneficiaries of our fallen soldier-members the whole death benefit. This resolution was also approved at the Federation meeting held May 24, 1942 in Canon City, Colo. However, at that time the Supreme Board did not accept it.

I would like to further report that our lodge is collecting voluntary donations to help our countrymen in the old country, for the JPO-SS and for SANS. The JPO-SS collects donations with which material help will be sent to our countrymen when the way will be open to do so. SANS is an action to appeal to the American government, which will have a great say-so when peace terms will be dictated, to see that all Slovenians will be united after the war and as such will be a part of the future free and democratic Jugoslavia. Both organizations are deserving of our help and need contributions, for everyone knows that without money any work is impossible. Everyone is asked to donate to one or the other organization, or both if possible. Fraternal regards,

Frank L. Tomsic
Lodge No. 101, AFU
Walsenburg, Colo.

Did you know that one form of hoarding is permitted by the U. S. Government? Yes, the hoarding of War Bonds. Every American is urged to hoard his War Bonds for ten years.

(Photo cuts through the courtesy of John Kastelic.)

and 43 juveniles. Twenty of its members are in the service of Uncle Sam. This lodge also bought a \$100 War Bond and donated \$11.25 to SANS. We compliment them on their fine showing and hope that it won't be long before they will make the 45-point Honor Roll.

Other lodges which have not acquired one point in this campaign up to the present time are asked to double their efforts so they too can be included in the active lodges' list. Every member should help his secretary in enrolling as many new members as possible. Your Union and lodge will be what you make it. Are you game enough to try and enroll at least one new member during our present campaign? You will benefit yourself, your lodge and your Union. Enroll that new member today!

BRIEFS

Letter from AFU Soldier-Member Pfc. Joe R. Sterle

We see that "Little Stan" Pechaver is in the groove again. By this we mean that he is again writing a column for the Fort Crockett newsheet "The Casemate." His column entitled "The Crocketeers" is full of newsy news presented in "Little Stan's" own peculiar style. Keep it up, Corporal, we civilians enjoy it too.

Hello Folks:
Just read "Little Stan's" column and was glad to hear that he got his furlough for I know just how he enjoyed it since I just got back from one. My fifteen-day furlough was a thirty-day furlough for I kept going day and night.

Let me tell you how I waited for mine for about 3 months. The Commander said he would start issuing furloughs and for 3 months I watched the bulletin board (and not to see if I was on KP or night guard either) but for my furlough. When it did come through I went to bed with my fingers crossed and at 6 a. m. was already packing my grip although I couldn't get my train until 3:30 p. m. By noon we were on pins and needles but we couldn't get out of camp until 3:30. "Little Stan" at least got a seat on the train but I didn't. The closest I got to it was the door. I rode the door from Alexandria to St. Louis which is about seven hundred miles and don't think I wasn't tired. Every time the train stopped to get water or cans of milk I stepped on the ground to stretch my legs.

At last I hit Pittsburgh and then home. It was so nice to see good old Canonsburg, Pa. again. I then visited Cleveland, Ohio where there is plenty of everything. My first stop was at the Waterloo Road Home. That's where our meeting place used to be and always will be. I played the Euclid polka until I thought I wore it out but in Cleveland it's hard to wear anything out. I also visited the Slovenian Home in Euclid, Ohio and had a swell time. I spent five days in Cleveland and had one swell time. Then I went back to Canonsburg, a little tired but I soon recuperated. After spending the last three days at home I started back to camp. It was so hard to leave.

When I got back, I thought my company had left me behind but I finally caught up with them again, this time they were in the woods. The following two days I was on KP again. That was just to let me know that I was still in the Army.

I would like to thank everyone who made my furlough such a pleasant one. Someday we'll all be back again to dance the polkas. Army life is swell and I certainly like it a lot. Until the next time I'll say, so long and the best of luck to everyone. Oh yes, I enjoy reading the Nova Doba and receive it regularly. Regards,

Pfc. Joe R. Sterle
499 Eng. Co. EUTC
Camp Claiborne, La.

Motorists, the Greater Cleveland Safety Council reminds you that it's time to be doubly watchful for children. With free time and summer weather, youngsters are more apt to run wild on the lots, streets and roads. The policemen and school patrols aren't there to shepherd them across the streets. It may not be your fault if you run into a reckless youngster—but that fact won't heal his injuries or bring back his life! Be on guard every minute!

Office of the Supreme Secretary AFU

MOTION TO TRANSFER NEXT CONVENTION FAILS OF APPROVAL

The sub-committee of the supreme executive committee has examined the returns on the motion of the supreme board to transfer the next convention from Rock Springs, Wyo., to Chicago, Ill., and finds the following results:

1. A total of 136 lodges participated in the referendum. Seventy lodges approved of the motion, 61 opposed it and 5 lodges gave the same number of votes for and against the motion.

2. A total of 2,277 votes were cast, 1,111 for the motion and 1,166 against it. A majority of 55 votes were cast against the motion. (A detailed report on the balloting of the individual lodges may be found elsewhere in this issue.)

3. Returns from Lodges No. 126 and 184 were received after the time-limit had expired and their ballots were not admitted. Lodge No. 125 gave 12 votes for the motion and none against, Lodge No. 184 gave six votes against the motion and none for. Lodge No. 143 voted 9 to 0 that the next convention be postponed until after the war and then held in Chicago, Ill.

4. Members of Lodge No. 37 voted before the meeting and at the meeting. According to the report received from the secretary, a total of 258 votes were cast, one for the motion and 257 against it, while the chairman of the board of trustees reported that a total of 267 votes were cast, all against the motion. In view of the fact that the By-laws provide that ballots may be cast only at the meeting, and this is also the opinion of more than two-thirds of the members of the supreme board, the subcommittee of the supreme executive committee decided to leave this question to the supreme board for a final decision. Action on it will be taken at the semi-annual meeting in the month of August, and any decision the supreme board may make in this case will not change the final result of the referendum.

5. That the motion failed of a majority of the votes cast, wherefore the decision of the last convention remains unchanged and the next convention shall be held in Rock Springs, Wyo.

Ely, Minnesota, June 12, 1943.

AMERICAN FRATERNAL UNION

By: ANTON ZBASNIK, Supreme Secretary

Another Letter From Lodge 162, AFU To Pfc. Steve Babich

Hold Special Meeting June 20th

Hello Members:

Here I am again with another letter and news about an AFU member I met lately in Renton, Washington. Guess who? None other than Sister Mary Balint. One day I saw a list of AFU lodges in the Nova Doba and discovered that there was a lodge in Renton, Wash. I wrote to the secretary asking if I could meet her and talk to her. She answered that she would be very pleased to meet me. She described herself and we made an appointment to meet.

She is very nice and if all AFU members are as friendly as she is, we certainly have a swell organization. There were other AFU members there too. I wish I had had more time to spend that day but I only had a half-day leave because the next day I had to be back on the job. I hope there will be a next time.

When I got back, I thought my company had left me behind but I finally caught up with them again, this time they were in the woods. The following two days I was on KP again. That was just to let me know that I was still in the Army.

I would like to thank everyone who made my furlough such a pleasant one. Someday we'll all be back again to dance the polkas. Army life is swell and I certainly like it a lot. Until the next time I'll say, so long and the best of luck to everyone. Oh yes, I enjoy reading the Nova Doba and receive it regularly. Regards,

Pfc. Joe R. Sterle
499 Eng. Co. EUTC
Camp Claiborne, La.

The only way to have a friend is to be one.

—Emerson

to him. He said he would like to hear from them every week.

So mothers and dads, sisters and brothers, write to that boy in the service. It really puts him back on his feet.

We played a game of baseball for the Red Cross fund. The Fort Lawton Post Office Dept and the Officer's Club were chosen to play. The post office boys won 5-4. It was a great game and the people of Seattle, Wash. really got a big kick out of it. Boys from all parts of the United States participated and we really enjoyed it.

This is all for this time. So until the next time, keep writing to the lads in the service.

Pfc. Steve Babich, 15322552

Ft. Lawton Post Office Dept

Seattle, Wash.

U. S. Army

AMERICAN FRATERNAL UNION

Founded July 18, 1898
HOME OFFICE: ELY, MINNESOTA

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Ely News Flashes

By Florence D. Startz

I've been fortunate enough not to come down with measles this week either, so here goes again, readers.

The animals that have come out of hibernation North of Ely, Minn., have really worked up an appetite. At least that's what one lookout towerman says. It began with a deer eating his socks off the clothes line near his cabin. The line was stripped clean of socks repeatedly last year too. The poor fellow was then pestered by a bear who ate four pounds of bacon in his cabin. This was bacon for which he had used all his precious ration stamps. Well, he had just cleaned his cabin for the summer when this same bear smashed a few dozen eggs over the scrubbed floors. A person would have to have a lot of patience to stand all that.

This army of ours is great—nothing to worry about. We get our three square meals a day and the food is all right. The officers are very good and so are the boys. That's the American way of life. I think I am the only Slovenian boy here but I'm not lonesome.

Best regards to all AFU members. I hope to hear from some of you soon. Don't forget to send me the Nova Doba.

Thank you for the nice letter Pvt. Joseph and I hope your friends will write to you often.

Pvt. Joseph G. Drenik,
33255112
Btry. K. 87th C. A. (A.A.)
A.P.O. 833—c/o Postmaster
New Orleans, La.

Pvt. Joseph Rogel, member of Lodge No. 44, AFU of Barberton, Ohio, also wants to receive the Nova Doba at his military address. Friends may write to him at the following address:

Pvt. Joseph Rogel
Btry F.—31st C. A.
Fort Taylor
Key West, Fla.

Friends of Pvt. Raymond J. Ivancic of Cleveland, O. may write to him at the address listed below. He left to serve under Uncle Sam several weeks ago. We wish him much luck in his new field.

Pvt. Raymond J. Ivancic
(35063271)
Btry. "A" 787 A.A.A.W. Bn.,
Camp Hulen, Texas.

Housewives, here's a canning suggestion from the Greater Cleveland Safety Council: Warm the glass jars gradually to keep them from shattering when hot substances are poured into them. Your canning activity is more important than ever. Do it safely!

Hardly has the excitement of graduation died down when yours truly has something else to look forward to—a job in the FBI Bureau in Washington, D. C. I'll be leaving in a few days, so I guess this column will have to be changed to read

FIGHTING JUGOSLAVIA

The Struggle of the Slovenes

By BORIS FURLAN,
Professor of Political Philosophy at the University of Ljubljana (Jugoslavia)

(Continuation)

With the new grouping of townships new allotments of homesteads are made. The size of farms is greatly increased. Three former Slovene hearths are united to make one new German hearth. The average farm shall be such that with 15 head of cattle and 8 farm hands it will consist of 15 hectares of tilled soil, a forest and a vineyard. Each such farm shall maintain one newly settled family.

Of the new settlers, for whom the remaining native population must provide inexpensive help, the Germans expect that they will "stand firmly as a defense of the new Lebensraum."

In spite of the thorough organization and high-sounding program, the Germans did not succeed in satisfying the colonists. An underground report which describes the new home of colonists from Kočevje says: "The colonists from Kočevje, who were convinced that they were going into a paradise, are terribly disappointed. They still do not own the farms, but have become merely workers on a common village estate where they have only what they grow around the house and in the garden. The rest of the produce belongs to the state, which rations it to the colonists. Today their mouths are watering for the pleasant life of Yugoslavia. The few Germans of Ljubljana did not want to leave their homes when they found out how they would fare in the new homeland. Some of them rescinded their option in time, while to others rescission was no longer allowed. These the Italians are now driving by force across the border into Germany."

The Germans are trying to convince the colonists by every means of propaganda how lofty is the task that awaits them. In

special courses they acquaint them with modern methods of tilling the soil, the vineyards, the orchards, the breeding of cattle, etc. They call their attention to the peculiarities of the climate and explain to them the political situation of the region in which they are to live and work for the new Germany. Mass excursions from Germany into the new lands have the task of retaining and awakening the feeling of the singleness of all Germandom. In the summer of 1941, Germans from Silesia visited the Germans of Kočevje and Bessarabia, colonized in Lower Styria, and lived among them for several weeks.

As yet, the Italians have not colonized the occupied territory with the peasant population, but have flooded the land with all sorts of public officials and functionaries. They began with their Italianization from the top. The territory of Kočevje, from which 19,000 Germans emigrated, is now the property of the cooperative firm, Emoena, which leases the land or sells it to the new settlers. Here, too, new allotments and groupings are being made.

In the Magyar part of Slovenia, the Magyars immediately after the occupation took away from the Slovenes the land that was given them in Yugoslavia by an agrarian reform. These vast estates of the Magyars counts were taken over by the state with indemnity and the land divided among small owners who before were merely hired hands or renters. The Magyars now restored the old feudal conditions, and the Slovene peasant must again lease the land. All the social gains of the population have disappeared. Reports from Prekmurje (the name of the territory occupied by the Magyars) quote the remarks of various Magyar functionaries who decry the so-

Juvenile Voices Hitler's Lies

(Continuation)

1935

March 16, Hitler's Proclamation explaining the reason for rearmament: "For maintaining the integrity of the German Reich, also for assuring international respect and esteem for Germany as co-guarantor of the general peace."

The German government news before the entire world the affirmation of its resolve never to go beyond that which the protection of German honor and the freedom of the Reich demand:

"and especially it affirms that it wishes in the national German armament to create no instrument of military aggression but on the contrary to create exclusively an instrument of defense and therefore an instrument for the maintenance of peace."

I wish to congratulate Mary M. Startz for her work in keeping the column, Juvenile Voices, alive. It was very thoughtful of you, Mary, and I know you'll be repaid for it some day. This may be rather personal but if the former Anne Slabe's daughter, Theresa, reads this, would she please drop me a line? Theresa, I lost your address when you sent me that letter and I'd like to write to you.

My mind is running out of thoughts today and I can't concentrate on writing at the present moment, so I'll bring this letter to a close.

A proud AFUer,
Helen Urbas, (Age: 16)
Lodge No. 187, AFU
R. F. D. No. 1
Frostburg, Md.

Summertime — swimming time — safety time! The Great

Cleveland Safety Council urges you to be especially careful these crucial times at the pools and beaches and the ol' swimmin' hole. Don't overestimate your endurance by swimming too far from shore. Don't go in for an hour after eating. Don't swim alone in unfamiliar water. Avoid rough-house antics. Play safely and save manpower for warpower.

cial progress of Yugoslavia and say that "luxury is not for the peasant," that "Yugoslavia gave the people of Prekmurje too much opportunity for progress, which is neither salutary nor necessary for such lowly people, etc."

(To be continued)



Why butter won't melt in Africa

AS EVERYBODY KNOWS, butter will melt unless you keep it cool. And the African desert isn't cool.

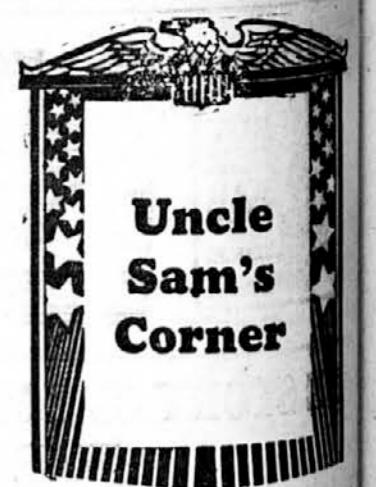
Nevertheless, the Americans who are fighting there carry butter—and it doesn't melt.

It doesn't melt because it's fortified with a fat which has a high melting point. The result is butter which can be packed in a can, like beans or beef, won't melt, and will keep indefinitely.

You might think our soldiers could get along without butter. They could. But—they don't have to! Butter is good for them—and Uncle Sam is seeing to it that American soldiers are the best-fed, best-equipped, best-cared-for soldiers in the world!

Of course, it takes money to do that. So much money that, to help pay the bill, every one of us must loan every dollar we can to Uncle Sam through War Bonds.

War Bonds are a swell investment. They pay you back \$4 for every \$3. Save part of every paycheck with U. S. War Bonds!



Uncle Sam's Corner

Vacation Travel Must Be Adjusted to Reduced Facilities

In considering vacation plans this year citizens on the home front must remember that intercity bus and railroad facilities are strained by growing military needs—more than 2,000,000 men a month are involved in organized troop movements, and furlough travel is almost equally large. Travel on essential war business by civilians is also very heavy.

Travel advice offered by the Office of Defense Transportation emphasizes the following points:

1. Spend vacations at home or as near home as possible.

2. Avoid traveling particularly in the peak months of July and August, and avoid week-end travel to or from any point. Use day coaches and carry box lunches on trains whenever possible. Carry as little luggage as possible.

3. Especially avoid traveling over the week-ends of Fourth of July and Labor Day.

* * *
Gasoline Granted for Victory Gardeners:

Workers who have undertaken to increase the nation's food supply by raising their own vegetables in Victory Gardens will be granted additional gasoline to get to their gardens, the Office of Civilian Defense announced.

Additional gasoline will be allowed if the owner of the garden in any other vehicle.

1. Is regularly cultivating a tract of 1,500 square feet or more devoted to the production of vegetables.

2. Can show he cannot get his garden in any other vehicle and that his labor is necessary for the cultivation of the garden.

F. J. Matlack, the

GRADUATE

Miss Marion Kapelj, member of Lodge No. 71, AFU, graduated from Collinwood High School. She completed a course in stenography. Congratulations, Marion, we wish you much success in the future.

Marion is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Kapelj. Her father has been secretary of the lodge for a number of years. We are also glad to hear that he is recovering from recent illness.

A son, John Kapelj, serves in the U. S. Navy this week to return to the U. S. after a month's furlough. He will attend college for a year course in Civil Engineering.

F. J. Matlack, the

Germany has concluded a non-aggression pact with Poland. This is more than a valuable contribution to European peace and we shall adhere to it unconditionally.

Germany neither intends nor wishes to interfere in the internal affairs of Austria, to annex Austria or to conclude an Anschluss.

June 17, Hitler speech at Berlin: "What we want . . . at home everything: abroad only to be left in peace."

Sept. 13, Hitler speech in Nuremberg: "Our army has been formed not to wage wars of aggression but to guard and protect our people . . . it is not to deprive other peoples of their freedom, but to protect our own German freedom: That is why the army is here."

(To be continued)

AFU 45th Year Anniversary Awards

The American Fraternal Union now pays higher cash awards to members who enroll new members in the Adult and Juvenile Departments. The awards are as follows for the Adult Department:

For Plan "D" insured for \$250 death benefit, \$1.50 award;
For Plan "D" insured for \$500 death benefit, \$2.50 award;
For Plan "D" insured for \$1,000 death benefit, \$5.00 award;
For Plan "D" insured for \$1,500 death benefit, \$7.00 award;
For Plan "D" insured for \$2,000 death benefit, \$9.00 award;
For Plan "D" insured for \$3,000 death benefit, \$12.00 award;
For Plan "E" and "F" insured for \$250 death benefit, \$2.00 award;
For Plan "E" and "F" insured for \$500 death benefit, \$3.00 award;
For Plan "E" and "F" insured for \$1,000 death benefit, \$6.00 award;
For Plan "E" and "F" insured for \$1,500 death benefit, \$10.00 award;
For Plan "E" and "F" insured for \$2,000 death benefit, \$12.00 award;
For Plan "E" and "F" insured for \$3,000 death benefit, \$18.00 award;
Awards for enrolling new juvenile members:
For Plan "JA" \$1.00 award; for Plan "JB" \$3.00 award; for Plan "JC" \$5.00 award; for Plan "JD" for \$250 insurance, \$1.50 award; for Plan "JD" for \$500 insurance, \$5.00 award; for Plan "JD" for \$1,000 insurance, \$10.00 award; for Plan "JD" for \$1,500 insurance, \$15.00 award; for Plan "JD" for \$2,000 insurance, \$20.00 award; for Plan "JD" for \$3,000 insurance, \$30.00 award.

All members who enroll new members in the adult or juvenile departments will be paid when the new members have paid six months dues.

YOU'VE DONE YOUR BIT --- NOW DO YOUR BEST!

BOOST YOUR BOND BUYING THROUGH THE PAYROLL SAVINGS PLAN

This advertisement is a contribution to America's all-out war effort by

Nova Doba

The Problem of Trieste

By Ivan M. Tchok

This is the first publication issued under the auspices of the Slovenian American National Council elected in Cleveland, Ohio, on December 5, 1942, by the representatives of hundreds of thousands of Americans of Slovenian origin. Unswerving in their loyalty to America and deeply stirred by the heroic resistance and sacrifices of their brothers in Yugoslavia and in Fascist Italy, they feel that it is their duty to present to the people and the government of the United States accurate analyses of some of the basic problems of Yugoslavia's post-war reconstruction and of the country's aspirations and claims.

The author of this article, Dr. Tchok, is President of the National Committee of the Yugoslavs from Italy. He was a member of the Yugoslav Delegation at the Paris Peace Conference.

FOREWORD

Trieste is a city of 250,000 inhabitants. Situated at the deep end of a gulf in the northeast corner of the Adriatic Sea, it developed during the last century into a port of great importance. The growth of Trieste occurred while the city was independent of Italy and free to compete with Italian ports for its share of the Mediterranean trade.

In 1918, after the collapse of Austria-Hungary, Trieste and the provinces of Istria and Gorizia were occupied by Italy. The new territory became known as the "Julian March" (Venezia Giulia, in Italian; Južna Krajina, in Yugoslav). In addition, Italy annexed Zadar, the principal city of Dalmatia, and Fiume, the only natural and technically developed port of Croatia. Zadar and Fiume do not concern us here. Yugoslavia's right to these two ports on the eastern shore of the Adriatic is universally recognized. But the fundamental unity of the Julian March with Yugoslavia is not so well understood.

THE PROBLEM OF TRIESTE

In 1918 the Italians asserted that they needed a number of strategic positions on the eastern Adriatic coast for their defense and security. In fact, however, acquisition of the Julian March by Italy was a triumph of Italian imperialism. In addition to the Julian March, Italy got many important islands, the city of Zara in Dalmatia and a foothold in Albania. This was her first step of aggression against the Balkans. It secured for her predominance in the Adriatic.

A majority of the people in Trieste are of Italian origin, or, at least, they profess to be Italian. But all around Trieste there is a compact Slavic population. Out of some 300,000 inhabitants in sixteen districts which surround Trieste on all sides, only about one per cent are Italian. On the East, this Slavic mass extends into Slovenia and Croatia. All the territory from the river Socha (Isonzo) to the Black Sea is uninterestingly and exclusively Yugoslav. Italy begins west of the Socha. The Julian March as a whole, including Trieste, is a predominantly Yugoslav region. Even the district "Slavia Italica," west of the Socha, is overwhelmingly Slavic, although it formed a part of Italy before World War I. According to the Italian Census of 1910 it was inhabited by 56,000 Slavs.

The purpose of this is to present the historical background of Trieste, its development as a center of industry and trade, its relations with its hinterland and with Venice and the rest of Italy, and to examine the forces which made out of Trieste an Italian island in a Slavic sea. All factual material used in this is based exclusively on Italian and Austrian statistics which never favored the Slavs. One of the main sources of reference has been the Italian Encyclopedia Treccani published in Rome under the auspices of the King of Italy.

It is hoped that this will contribute toward a correct and



CLIPPING—An American soldier on leave enjoys one of the many facilities at one of the Red Cross overseas clubs for servicemen.

Zapisnik

III. SEJE IZVRNEGA ODBORA SLOVENSKEGA AMERISKEGA NARODNEGA SVETA

(Nadaljevanje iz zadnje izdaje)

just solution of the problem of Trieste. Its inclusion in Yugoslavia is dictated not only by ethnological but also by economic reasons, and is a prerequisite of collaboration among the people in this part of the world. The Adriatic and its ports must be equally accessible to all ships of commerce regardless of the flag under which they sail the seas. The sea like the air must be free to all humanity. In addition, adequate guarantees must be given to all those countries of Europe, which constitute the broader hinterland of Trieste, that their right to use the facilities of that port shall not be abridged.

Only so the conditions will be created for peaceful and friendly relations among the neighboring countries which will immensely facilitate the work of post-war reconstruction of this part of Europe. A just and democratic Yugoslavia and a just and democratic Italy, respecting each other's interests, will be the best guaranty of peace in the Adriatic and the best assurance of prosperity for the Balkans as well as for Italy. The safety of Italy's boundaries does not lie in the height of the Julian Alps and other natural or artificial barriers, but in the friendship with her neighbors, and this means; in frontiers which will give and guarantee her peace. Such a peace in this part of Europe would be a most powerful contribution toward the establishment of a European and worldwide federation of peoples, based on equality of rights and duties for all its members.

IVAN M. TCHOK

PREDSTAVNIK BRAT KRISTAN UGOVORJA, da je radi resignacije tajnika izpraznjeno to mesto ter da je potrebno izvoliti novega tajnika. Brat Kuhel razpravlja o tem predmetu in izreka potrebo po tajniku, ki bi posvetil ves svoj čas le temu delu in za kar naj bi bil tudi primerno plačan. Napaka je pač bila storjena, ker kongres ni izvolil osebe, ki bi bila pripravljena vršiti vse delo, ki ga tajniški urad zahteva. Zlasti sedaj, ko se je razvilo politično in administrativno delo, je treba, da je tajnik vedno v uradu in celo delo nadzira. Tega pa on kot pomožni tajnik ni mogel vršiti, niti mu redno delo pri Slovenski narodni podporni jednoti ne dopušča nadaljnega bremena v bodoče. Ker ni, na seji navzoč noben kandidat za tajniško službo, je zaključeno odložiti volitev tajnika do prihodnje seje, med tem časom pa brat Kuhel še nadaljuje tajniške posle.

Predstavnik brat Kristan želi slišati mnenje odbornikov, ali bi ne bilo primerno vabiti na bodoče seje eksekutive tudi namestnika. Ker so notranji posli SANS-a znani v glavnem le članom eksekutive, bi se morali o njih seznaniti tudi namestniki. Sprejet je predlog, da bodo v bodoče tudi namestniki vabjeni na seje.

Br. dr. Kern smatra za potrebno, da se enkrat v bližnjem bodočnosti sklice seja vseh odborov—izvršnega, širšega in častnega. Pojasnilo bi se naj, kaj in kako SANS dela, kake uspehe je že dosegel, skratka, da se dajo vsa pojasnila o notranjih zadevah našega poslovanja. Poseben odbor naj bi določil potreben program, kateri tudi čas in kraj. Svetovan je eden izmed poletnih mesecev. V tem smislu je predlog stavljen, podpiran in sprejet.

Nadalje je zaključeno, da predstavnik revidira pravila in jih priobiči v listih. Za potrebo se jih lahko gotovo število mimoografija v uradu ali pa gotovo število da odtisniti v tiskarni. To vprašanje se prepresti upravnemu uradu.

Razpravlja se ponovno o kongresnem zapisniku in o predlogu, ki je bil sprejet na prvi seji dne 22. decembra 1942, da se da tiskati v obliku brošure v 3000 izvodih. Večina se strinja, da je zapisnik sedaj že izgubil prvotno privlačnost, ker so resolucije in drugi glavni zaključki že bili priobčeni v listih, drugo pa obsegajo izčrpke govornov, volitve in razne formalno-

sti. Za našo propagando sedaj zapisnik nima več toliko vrednosti. Predlagano in sprejet je, da se prvotni sklep prekliče ter da se zapisnik ne tiska. Pripravi se le gotovo število tipikov iztisov za SANs-a arhiv.

Brat Kristan tudi poroča, da je bil vabljeno udeležiti se Ameriškega slovenskega kongresa za državo Michigan, česar pa nisti storil, ker je kongres zboroval le par ur. Pač pa je kongres pismeno pozdravil.

Nato je prečitano pismo Rev. Zakrajška, datirano dne 28. februarja 1943, kateremu je priloženo tudi spisano poročilo za sejo dne 27. februarja. Del tega poročila ni bil podan na dolični seji. Iz poročila je razvidno, da smatra Rev. Zakrajšek svojo resignacijo kot tajnik SANs-a za nepreklicno.

Po daljšem razmotrivanju predлага dr. Kern sledenje: Ker SANs ne more poslovit in uspešno delovati brez rednega tajnika in ker Rev. Zakrajšek izjavlja, da je njegova resignacija nepreklicna, in ker se opira na zdravstvene razloge, se njegova resignacija sprejme. Predlog je podprt in sprejet.

Ker je po odstopu Rev. Zakrajške izpraznjeno eno mesto v upravnem odboru, je soglasno zaključeno, da mesto prevzame na kongres izvoljeni prvi namestnik. Ugotovljeno je, da je prvi namestnik Rev. Aleksander Urankar, ki tako avtomatično postane član eksekutive.

Predstavnik brat Kristan ugovorja, da je radi resignacije tajnika izpraznjeno to mesto ter da je potrebno izvoliti novega tajnika. Brat Kuhel razpravlja o tem predmetu in izreka potrebo po tajniku, ki bi posvetil ves svoj čas le temu delu in za kar naj bi bil tudi primerno plačan. Napaka je pač bila storjena, ker kongres ni izvolil osebe, ki bi bila pripravljena vršiti vse delo, ki ga tajniški urad zahteva. Zlasti sedaj, ko se je razvilo politično in administrativno delo, je treba, da je tajnik vedno v uradu in celo delo nadzira. Tega pa on kot pomožni tajnik ni mogel vršiti, niti mu redno delo pri Slovenski narodni podporni jednoti ne dopušča nadaljnega bremena v bodoče. Ker ni, na seji navzoč noben kandidat za tajniško službo, je zaključeno odložiti volitev tajnika do prihodnje seje, med tem časom pa brat Kuhel še nadaljuje tajniške posle.

Predstavnik brat Kristan želi slišati mnenje odbornikov, ali bi ne bilo primerno vabiti na bodoče seje eksekutive tudi namestnika. Ker so notranji posli SANS-a znani v glavnem le članom eksekutive, bi se morali o njih seznaniti tudi namestniki. Sprejet je predlog, da bodo v bodoče tudi namestniki vabjeni na seje.

Br. dr. Kern smatra za potrebno, da se enkrat v bližnjem bodočnosti sklice seja vseh odborov—izvršnega, širšega in častnega. Pojasnilo bi se naj, kaj in kako SANS dela, kake uspehe je že dosegel, skratka, da se dajo vsa pojasnila o notranjih zadevah našega poslovanja. Poseben odbor naj bi določil potreben program, kateri tudi čas in kraj. Svetovan je eden izmed poletnih mesecev. V tem smislu je predlog stavljen, podprt in sprejet.

Nadalje je zaključeno, da predstavnik revidira pravila in jih priobiči v listih. Za potrebo se jih lahko gotovo število mimoografija v uradu ali pa gotovo število da odtisniti v tiskarni. To vprašanje se prepresti upravnemu uradu.

Razpravlja se ponovno o kongresnem zapisniku in o predlogu, ki je bil sprejet na prvi seji dne 22. decembra 1942, da se da tiskati v obliku brošure v 3000 izvodih. Večina se strinja, da je zapisnik sedaj že izgubil prvotno privlačnost, ker so resolucije in drugi glavni zaključki že bili priobčeni v listih, drugo pa obsegajo izčrpke govornov, volitve in razne formalno-

BOJ PODMORNICAM

Sovražne podmornice povzročajo zadnje čase zavezniški plovbi znatno manj škode kot pred meseci. Zavezniške bojne ladje različnih tipov, ki spremljajo konvoje, so opremljene z novimi aparati, kateri hitro zasedijo podmornico, aka je kje v bližini, in to je za podmornico navadno usodno. Dobro obrambo proti sovražnim podmornicam predstavljajo tudi letala.

STARO ŽELEZO

Stranska železniška proga, ki je 67 let vezala zlati rudnik Grass Valley v Californiji z 20 milij oddaljeno postajo Colfax na glavni prog, je doslužila. Promet so prevzeli avtomobili in pridobivanje zlata, zdaj ni važna industrija. Tračnice in vso drugo železno opremo stare osozitne železniške proge so odpremili v topilnice v svrhu pretopitve za drugo porabo. Zlata slava idiličnega rudarskega mesteca Grass Valley je za enkrat zatemnila.

PREOBRET V ARGENTINI

Nova vlada v južnoameriški republiki Argentini je prepovedala pošiljati vse šifrirane brzjavke v inozemstvo. Dosedaj so tamkajšnja poslanštva Nemčije, Italije in Japonske smela dnevno pošiljati 100 besed broječe šifrirane brzjavke svojim vladam. Splošno se sodi, da so te brzjavke večkrat vsebovale poročila o zavezniških plovbi, kar so izrabljave sovražne podmornice. Nova vlada Argentine še ni pretrgala diplomatskih stikov z državami osišča, toda v Washingtonu upajo, da se to zgoditi v bližnji bodočnosti.

TRETJA OBLETNICA

Dne 10. junija 1940 je Italija zahrbno napadla Francijo na jugu, katero so od severa že zasedale do takrat nepremagljive nemške armade. Mussolini je sodil, da takrat je čas za napad, če hoče kaj dobiti od plemen. Na se je strahovito zmobil. V treh letih bojevanja je Italija izgubila nad 633,000 mož, kar sama uradno priznava. Daje je izgubila ves svoj obširni afriški imperij. Italijanska mesta dan z dnem in nočjo načjo rušijo zavezniški mombniki. Pretekli teden so zavezniški zavzeli tri italijanske otote v Sredozemskem morju. Neizogiben poraz Italije je le vprašanje časa.

OBRAČUN PRIDE

V Nemčiji je nad osem milijonov vojnih ujetnikov, vojaških in civilnih, s katerimi popotujejo naciji z nepopisno brutalnostjo. Poročila o nečloveškem postopanju Nemcev z njenimi sužnji niso izmišljotine niti propaganda. Ko se bo začela pod udarci zavezniških Nemčija rušiti, se bodo ti trpinči sužnji strahovito maščevali nad svojimi mučitelji. Tako je nedavno v New Yorku izjavil francoski pisatelj Constantin Joffe, ki je sam preživel devet strašnih mesecev v nemškem koncentracijskem taborišču.

RAZDEJANJE V BERLINU

Potniki, ki prihajajo iz Nemčije na Švedsko, pripovedujejo o silnem razdejanju, ki ga povzročajo bombe zavezniških letalcev. Zapadni del Berlina je podoben bojišču. Poleg eksplativnih bomb povzročajo silno škodo tudi vžigalne bombe, katerih ogenj ni mogoče pogasiti niti v vodo niti s peskom. Postopek, skladniča, uradi in neštevilna druga poslopja so do takrat razdejana ali pa poškodovana. Nekatere ceste so tako razbiti, da jih Berlinci sami nazivajo Sodoma in Gomora. Koliko časa bo Nemčija mogla vzdržati tako razdejanje v važnih mestih svoje notranjosti, bo pokazala bodočnost. Nemci, ki so s takо naslado bombardirali Poljsko, Italijo, Belgijo, Francijo, Holandsko, Jugoslavijo in Grško, dobijo zdaj povračilo v podešterjeni meri.

VOJAŠKI BEGUNCI

Podtalne vesti iz češkoslovaške javljajo, da so Nemci mnogo Čehov in Poljakov prisilili k službi v nemški armadi. V nemškem 14. polku je okrog ena tretjina Čehov in Poljakov. Častniki in podčastniki so vsi Nemci ter s Čehi in Poljaki zelo brutalno postopajo, posebno od kar slednji porabijo vsako priliko pobega na rusko stran.

NAŠE IZGUBE

V sedemnajstih mesecih vojne so vojne sile Zedinjenih držav utrpele okrog 80,000 izgub. Od teh je bilo 13,294 ubitih, 16,950 ranjenih, in 36,399 po grešanih. Od ranjenih se jih je že 4,000 vrnilo v službo. Ujetnikov je bilo naznanih 14,244.

RUSKI VOJNI RELIEF

Narodnostna divizija za Ruski vojni relief je dosedaj zbrala \$112,000 za opremo velike Botkinove bolnišnice blizu Moskve, kjer se zdravijo ranjeni ruski vojaki. Ta bolnišnica ima tudi en oddelok, ki nosi ime Jugoslovenskega odbora za rusko vojno pomoč. Zlatko Baloković, znani jugoslovanski violinist, je predsednik narodnostne divizije. Prispevki naj se pošiljajo na: Russian War Relief, 11 E. 35th St., New York, N. Y. Za opremo omenjene bolnišnice je treba \$200,000, in upati je, da bo ta vsota zbrana do 22. junija, ob drugi obletni nesreči na Rusijo.

RUSKI DAN

V mnogih ameriških mestih bodo v torek 22. junija obhajali "Ruski dan" v počast Rusije, ki je prva ustavila in potisnila nazaj do takrat nepremagljive nemške armade. Dne 22. junija bo preteklo dve leti, odkor so Nemci navalili na Rusijo, katero so upali poraziti v šestih tednih ali najkasneje v treh mesecih. Pa se je strahovito zmobil. V treh letih bojevanja je Italija izgubila nad 633,000 mož, kar sama uradno priznava. Daje je izgubila ves svoj obširni afriški imperij. Italijanska mesta dan z dnem in nočjo načjo rušijo zavezniški mombniki. Pretekli teden so zavezniški zavzeli tri italijanske otote v Sredozemskem morju. Neizogiben poraz Italije je le vprašanje časa.

Družba za bojni razpolovljeni o zelo važni zadavi, tikajoči se našega društvenega doma. K tej seji je bilo tudi povabljeni članovi društva, ki so se zavrstili v obveznično uveljavljani na tej seji. Za to so nujno vabljeni vsi člani in članice našega društva, da se te važne seje gotovo udeležijo. Redna mesečna seja društva št. 162 ABZ se bo vrnila isto nedeljo, to je 20. junija, in sicer takoj po zaključku izredne seje. Sestrski pozdrav in na svinčni.

MNOGA NADOMEŠTILA ZA ČAJ

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

silna represija komunističnega pokreta v Jugosl

How Members Voted on the Motion to Transfer the 1944 Convention From Rock Springs, Wyo. to Chicago, Ill.

Kako so člani glasovali o predlogu za prenestitev 1944 konvencije iz Rock Springsa, Wyo. v Chicago, Illinois.

Lodge No. Dr. Štev.	Seat of Lodge Sedež društva	For Motion predlog	Against Motion Za predlog	Proti predlogu
1 Ely, Minn.	12	0	116 White Valley, Pa.	1
2 Ely, Minn.	22	00	117 Sartell, Minn.	12
5 Soudan, Minn.	0	16	118 Bon Carbo, Colo.	8
6 Lorain, Ohio	16	16	119 Ely, Minn.	2
9 Calumet, Mich.	12	8	120 Homer City, Pa.	14
11 Omaha, Neb.	17	1	121 Crosby, Minn.	0
12 Pittsburgh, Pa.	15	0	122 LaSalle, Ill.	0
13 Baggaley, Pa.	9	11	123 New Derry, Pa.	7
15 Pueblo, Colo.	1	17	124 New Duluth, Minn.	0
16 Johnstown, Pa.	0	11	125 Ely, Minn.	0
18 Rock Springs, Wyo.	0	70	126 De Pue, Ill.	5
20 Gilbert, Minn.	2	8	127 Great Falls, Mont.	20
21 Denver, Colo.	26	0	128 Euclid, Ohio	9
22 South Chicago, Ill.	25	0	129 Krayn, Pa.	0
26 Eveleth, Minn.	6	55	130 Cleveland, Ohio	21
26 Pittsburgh, Pa.	25	1	131 Export, Pa.	7
28 Kemmerer, Wyo.	4	10	132 Cadillac, Mich.	0
29 Impérial, Pa.	19	0	133 Morley, Colo.	20
30 Chisholm, Minn.	0	24	134 San Francisco, Calif.	12
31 Braddock, Pa.	15	0	135 Detroit, Mich.	3
33 Center, Pa.	17	3	136 Canon City, Colo.	1
35 Lloydell, Pa.	12	2	137 Finleyville, Pa.	0
36 Conemaugh, Pa.	23	8	138 Strabane, Pa.	5
39 Roslyn, Wash.	10	1	139 Mullan, Idaho	1
40 Claridge, Pa.	7	11	140 Ringo, Kansas	0
41 East Palestine, Ohio	6	0	141 Hermine, Pa.	1
42 Pueblo, Colorado	0	13	142 Blaine, Ohio	8
43 East Helena, Mont.	0	21	143 Auburn, Ill.	0
44 Barberon, Ohio	7	13	144 Cornwall, Pa.	11
45 Indianapolis, Ind.	12	0	145 Enumclaw, Wash.	8
47 Aspen, Colo.	0	11	146 Durant City, Pa.	10
49 Kansas City, Ks.	19	0	147 Cle Elum, Wash.	0
50 Brooklyn, N. Y.	9	7	148 Helper, Utah	0
51 Murray, Utah	9	1	149 Chicago, Illinois	0
53 Little Falls, N. Y.	20	2	150 Republic, Pa.	12
54 Hibbing, Minn.	5	2	151 Cleveland, Ohio	0
55 Uniontown, Pa.	9	20	152 Shandon, Pa.	0
57 Export, Pa.	1	13	153 Akron, Pa.	2
58 Bear Creek, Mont.	0	12	154 Tacoma, Wash.	8
61 Reading, Pa.	6	6	155 Shinnston, West Va.	9
66 Joliet, Ill.	12	3	156 Pittsburgh, Pa.	16
68 Monessen, Pa.	38	0	157 Yukon, Pa.	16
70 Chicago, Ill.	12	22	158 St. Michael, Pa.	13
71 Cleveland, Ohio	10	0	159 Cleveland, Ohio	24
72 Renton, Wash.	4	4	160 Eckhart Mines, Md.	14
75 Meadow Lands, Pa.	0	12	161 Struthers, Ohio	11
76 Oregon City, Ore.	3	19	162 Butte, Mont.	16
78 Salida, Colo.	7	3	163 Gilbert, Minn.	22
81 Aurora, Ill.	7	5	164 Dawson, New Mexico	9
82 Sheboygan, Wis.	6	5	165 Ely, Minnesota	7
83 Superior, Wyo.	0	23	166 Rock Springs, Wyo.	0
84 Trinidad, Colo.	27	0	167 Cheswick, Pa.	5
85 Aurora, Minn.	0	10	168 McIntyre, Pa.	9
86 Midvale, Utah	16	00	169 Jerome, Pa.	0
87 St. Louis, Mo.	16	0	170 Chicago, Ill.	13
88 Roundup, Mont.	0	19	171 Center, Pa.	5
89 Gowanda, N. Y.	14	1	172 Gowanda, N. Y.	7
92 Rockdale, Ill.	7	1	173 Milwaukee, Wis.	2
94 Waukegan, Ill.	7	17	174 Cheswick, Pa.	14
99 Moon Run, Pa.	4	6	175 Struthers, Ohio	9
101 Walsenburg, Colo.	11	1	176 Chisholm, Minn.	11
103 Cleveland, Ohio	13	3	177 Whiting, Ind.	14
105 Butte, Mont.	1	15	178 Ludlow, Colo.	8
106 Davis, West Va.	9	3	179 Westland, Pa.	7
108 Girard, Ohio	0	36	Total—Skupaj	1,111
110 McKinley, Minn.	0	14		1,166
111 Leadville, Colo.	0	48		
112 Kitzville, Minn.	0	21		
114 Ely, Minn.	6	9		

ANTON ZBAŠNIK,
Supreme Secretary—gl. tajnik

DOPISI

(Nadaljevanje s 5. strani)

Cleveland, O. — Komaj je bilo v Novi Dobi poročano o iniciativi za 25 centov zvišan mesecni asesment za vse odrasle člane in članice, v svrhu, da bi se dedičem padlih članov-vojakov mogle smrtnine izplačevati v polnem, že so se pri meni oglašili člani s pritožbami, da se jim z ozirom na glasovanje godi krivica. Glavni urad predpisuje, da morejo člani voliti samo na rednih sejah, ne pa tudi doma ali pri tajniku ali kjer koli. Pravijo člani, da če član glasovnico podpiše, posebno še, če jo podpiše vprsto tajnika, bi moralno glasovanje veljati. Danes smo v vojni, mnogi člani delajo vsak dan in pri najboljši volji ne morejo priti na seje. Ali naj član izostane od dela zaradi seje? Je li to danes mogoče? Ali bo članica, ki je mati družine in gospodinja, pustila, da bo družina čakala za kosilo ali večerjo za po seji? Ali glavni urad upošteva izredne vojne razmere, ki posebno z ozirom na uposlitev in na čas za posečanje sej prizadevajo vse člane?

Glavni odbor naj ne dela vse po starem kopitu in naj ne se sklicuje na seje, ker danes ni več sej, da bi se mogle take imenovati. To velja prav gotovo za veliko število društev ene ali druge organizacije. Na sejo pride pole društenega odbora in eden ali dva člana od vsakih sto članov. Tukaj imamo društva, ki stejejo do 700 članov, a na seje jih pride 8 do 9; to je skoraj največ, kar jih pride. Če je kje drugače, meni ni znano.

Ne glavni odbor, ne glasilo, ne društveni odborniki s prošnjami ne bodo pripravili člani, da bi prišli na seje. Največkrat je za člane to nemogoče. Ako hočemo naša društva oziroma naše bratske organizacije ohraniti pri življenju, jim moramo poenostaviti poslovnice, moramo poskrbeti, da vsaka izprememba in vsaka objava doseže vsakega člana na domu, da bodo člani lahko tudi glasovali na domu, kadar bo kakšna zadeva na splošnem glasovanju. Noben član ne bi smel biti zapostavljen in vsakemu bi moral biti dana vsaka možna prilika, da izrazi svoje mnenje in odda svoj glas za tisto, kar misli, da je prav. To bi bilo bratsko in demokratično. Celo pri federalnih in drugih volitvah je po predvidevana izplačila. Zakaj vencije. Po predloženi iniciativi

člani in članice vseh tukajšnjih društev in vsi ostali rojaki in rojakinje so torej tem potom vabljeni, da nas 3. in 4. julija obiščemo na našem pikniku. Ker za ta praznik večkrat pridejo v obisk rojaki iz drugih krajev, ste tukajšnji rojaki vabljeni, da jih privedete na piknik. Pripravljalni odbor se bo potrudil, da bo poskrbljeno za postrežbo v vseh ozirih, tako glede pijač, prigrizka in dobre godbe za ples. Vsem članom in članicam našega društva so bile oddane knjižice vstopnic, ki stanejo po \$1.00. Kdor še nima tane knjižice, naj se zglaša na seje pri tajniku. Naj še povem, da bo nekdo na pikniku dobil vojni bond za \$25.00 tako rekoč zastonj; seveda, srečen mora biti.

Jaz ne morem razmeti, zakaj nas glavni odbor v tem času nadleguje s tolikimi iniciativami. Ni še bil objavljen rezultat splošnega glasovanja o prejšnji iniciativi, ki pred nam že druga. Glasovati se more o njih samo na rednih sejah, in, ker zaradi vojnih zaposlitev malo članov poseče seje, pomeni, da malo članov odločuje o zadevah inicijativ. To se meni ne zdi prav. Zakaj bi se s takimi zadevami ne počakalo do kon-

titeti s to rečjo, in siliti članstvo, da hodi na seje in glasuje, v času, ko more posečati seje le majhen odstotek članov! In posebno, ko se gre za povisanje asesmenta prav vsakemu članu in članici odraslega oddelka; to ravno v času, ko stopijo v več mesecev potem. Jaz se s tem predlogom ne strinjam, da si imam tri sina v službi Strica Sama, dva samska in enega oženjenega. Za prva dva mi je vseeno, da sta vzela vojaško zavarovalnino, ki je dostopna samo vojakom in zelo poceni; eden certifikat se glasi na \$6,000.00, eden pa na \$10,000.00. Torej sta oba dobro zavarovana za primer smrti, in zavarovalnina je tako poceni kot si je ne more privočiti nikak civilist. Poleg tega sta oba zavarovana tudi v Prudential. Zadnje imenovanovo zavarovalnico bosta opustila, ko pride na kak dopest, slovenska društva pa naj jaz zanju vzdržujem kot vem in znam, da jima ne bo treba ponovno pristopiti, ko se vrneta v civilno življenje. Tako sta se izrazila in tako je stvar urejena.

Sedaj pa, jaz sem 70 let star in že nad 40 let član ABZ, prej JSKJ; moja žena je članica 37 let in je zdaj že 6 mesecev v postelji, ker jo je zadel mrvou po vsej levi strani telesa. Meni noge ne dopuščajo, da bi še opravljaj kako delo v tovarni. Asesment za najo so že tako visoki, da bom težko izhajal, kajti prihranki, kolikor jih je, kaj hitro minejo; nekaj malega pomaga starostna pokojnina, ki jo dobivam. Toda, če bi bila prej omenjena inicijativa sprejeta, bi pomenila zame cel dolgorak naklado na mesec, ker platuju Ivan Kapelj, tajnik društva št. 71 ABZ.

Gowanda, N. Y. — Društveno življenje na naši naselbini je zadnje čase postalno jako zapanjeno. Ko so se pred leti tu ustanovila angleško poslujoča društva, je bilo veliko zanimanja na društveno življenje in vsakovrstnih prireditv. Asesment za najo so že tako visoki, da bom težko izhajal, kajti prihranki, kolikor jih je, kaj hitro minejo; nekaj malega pomaga starostna pokojnina, ki jo dobivam. Toda, če bi bila prej omenjena inicijativa sprejeta, bi pomenila zame cel dolgorak naklado na mesec, ker platuju Ivan Kapelj, tajnik društva št. 71 ABZ.

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Člani in članice vseh tukajšnjih društev in vsi ostali rojaki in rojakinje so torej tem potom vabljeni, da prijeti na piknik. Ker za ta praznik večkrat pridejo v obisk rojaki iz drugih krajev, ste tukajšnji rojaki vabljeni, da jih privedete na piknik. Pripravljalni odbor se bo poskrbljeno za postrežbo v vseh ozirih, tako glede pijač, prigrizka in dobre godbe za ples. Vsem članom in članicam našega društva so bile oddane knjižice vstopnic, ki stanejo po \$1.00. Kdor še nima tane knjižice, naj se zglaša na seje pri tajniku. Naj še povem, da bo nekdo na pikniku dobil vojni bond za \$25.00 tako rekoč zastonj; seveda, srečen mora biti.

Jaz ne morem razmeti, zakaj nas glavni odbor v tem času nadleguje s tolikimi iniciativami. Ni še bil objavljen rezultat splošnega glasovanja o prejšnji iniciativi, ki pred nam že druga. Glasovati se more o njih samo na rednih sejah, in, ker zaradi vojnih zaposlitev malo članov poseče seje, pomeni, da malo članov odločuje o zadevah inicijativ. To se meni ne zdi prav. Zakaj bi se s takimi zadevami ne počakalo do kon-

bi se dedičem padlih članov-vojakov plačale smrtnine v polnem, v to svrhu pa bi se naložil na vse odrasle člane in članice posebnim asesmentom 25 centov na mesec. Ta asesment bi se plačeval, dokler traja vojna in šest mesecev potem. Jaz se s tem predlogom ne strinjam, da si imam tri sina v službi Strica Sama, dva samska in enega oženjenega. Za prva dva mi je vseeno, da sta vzela vojaško zavarovalnino, ki je dobila številko 55. Podružnica vsebuje vse tukajšnje slovenske ustanove, katerih je 11 po številu. Tu sledi njih imena: Bratska sloga, št. 149 ABZ; Postojnska jama, št. 138 SNP; angleško poslujoče društvo št. 589 SNP; Sv. Jeronima, št. 153 KSKJ; Kraljica majnika, št. 194 KSKJ; dramski klub Soča; Gospodinski odsek društva Postojnska jama; podružnica SZZ; Zadržna prodajalna; Socialistični klub; Slovensko hranilno in posojilno društvo.

Vsa tega društva in ustanove so prispevale za JPOSS, zdaj pa skupno delujejo za SANSA. Se je se vršila vsako četrto nedeljo v mesecu, in sicer enkrat v dvorani društva Postojnska jama, drugič pa v dvorani Sv. Jeronima. Prihodnja seja se bo vršila v nedeljo 27. junija v dvorani Sv. Jeronima in se bo pričela ob dveh popoldne. Vse zastopnike društva in ustanov in vse druge Slovence in Slovenke vabim, da posetijo to sej, na kateri bo treba