

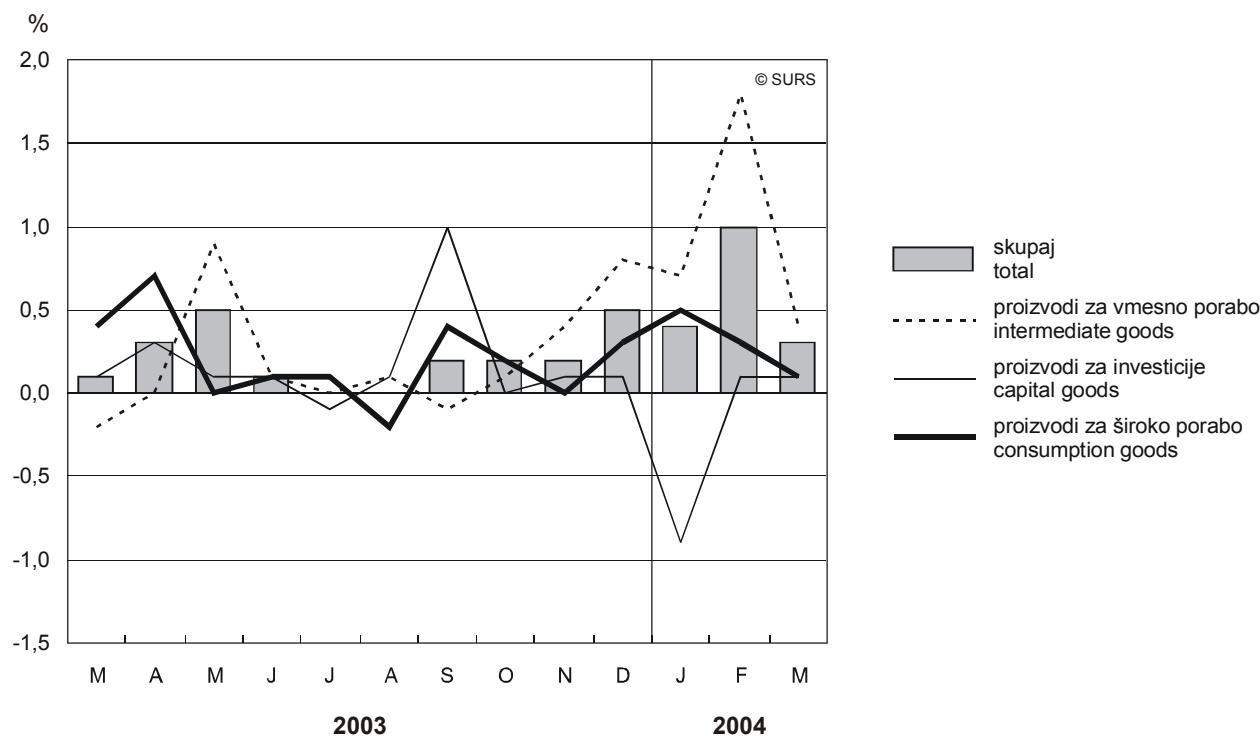


INDEKSI CEN INDUSTRIJSKIH PROIZVODOV PRI PROIZVAJALCIH, SLOVENIJA, MAREC 2004
PRODUCER PRICE INDICES OF MANUFACTURED GOODS, SLOVENIA, MARCH 2004

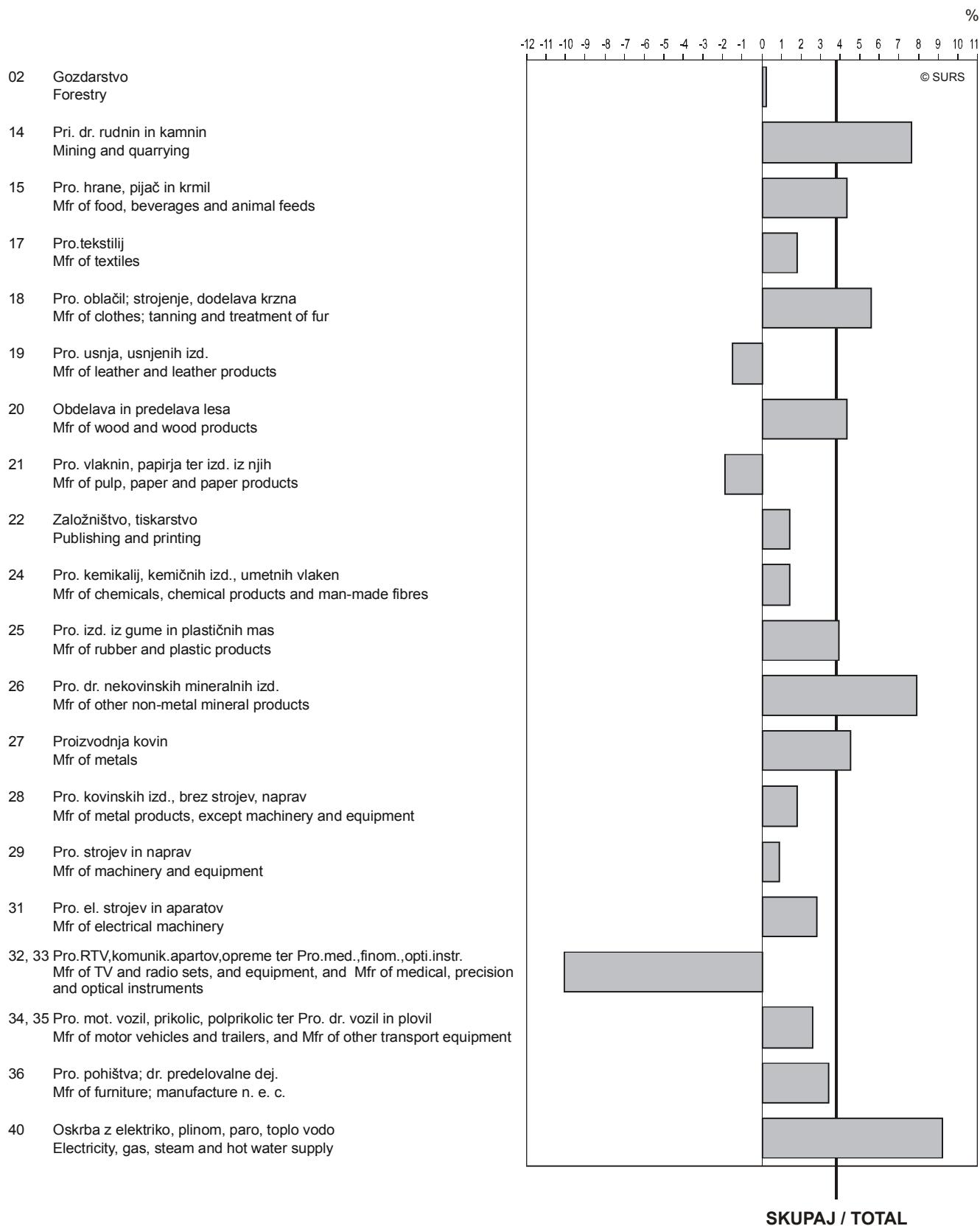
- ▶ Cene industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih v Sloveniji so v letošnjem marcu v primerjavi z letošnjim februarjem v povprečju povišale za 0,3 %.
- ▶ V primerjavi z lanskim marcem so se cene teh proizvodov povišale za 3,8 %, v primerjavi z lanskim decembrom pa za 1,7 %.
- ▶ V marcu so se povišale cene v rudarstvu (za 3,8 %). Cene v predelovalnih dejavnostih so bile višje za 0,5 %. Cene v kmetijstvu, lovu in gozdarstvu so ostale na enaki ravni kot pretekli mesec. Cene v oskrbi z elektriko, plinom in vodo pa so se znižale za 2,4 %.
- ▶ In comparison with February 2004, in March 2004 producer prices of manufactured goods in Slovenia increased on average by 0.3%.
- ▶ In comparison with March 2003 prices increased by 3.8% and in comparison with December 2003 by 1.7%.
- ▶ In March 2004 the prices were up in mining and quarrying (by 3.8%). Prices also rose in manufacturing (by 0.5%). Prices in agriculture, hunting and forestry remained the same as in the previous month. Prices in electricity, gas and water supply decreased by 2.4%.

Slika 1: Mesečne stopnje rasti cen pri proizvajalcih, marec 2003 - marec 2004

Chart 1: Monthly growth rates of producer prices, March 2003 - March 2004



Slika 2: Rast cen industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih, po oddelkih dejavnosti, marec 2004 (marec 2003 = 100)
 Chart 2: Growth rate of producer prices, by divisions of activities, March 2004 (March 2003 = 100)



2. Indeksi cen proizvodnje gradbenega materiala, Slovenija, marec 2004

Producer price indices of manufacture of construction materials, Slovenia, March 2004

	<u>III 04</u> <u>XII 03</u>	<u>III 04</u> <u>II 04</u>	<u>III 04</u> <u>III 03</u>	<u>Ø I-III 04</u> <u>Ø I-III 03</u>	<u>Ø I-III 04</u> <u>XII 03</u>	<u>III 04</u> <u>Ø 92</u>	<u>III 04</u> <u>Ø 00</u>	
Proizv. gradbenega mater.	104,4	103,9	108,6	106,5	101,7	293,2	140,4	Manufacture of construction materials

3. Indeksi cen industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih po izbranih področjih in dejavnostih po namenu porabe proizvodov, marec 2004

Producer price indices of manufactured goods by selected sections and main industrial groups, March 2004

	<u>III 04</u> <u>XII 03</u>	<u>III 04</u> <u>II 04</u>	<u>III 04</u> <u>III 03</u>	<u>Ø I-III 04</u> <u>Ø I-III 03</u>	<u>Ø I-III 04</u> <u>XII 03</u>	<u>III 04</u> <u>Ø 00</u>	
SKD področja in dejavnosti po namenu porabe proizvodov (brez A (02))							
C+D+E	SKUPAJ (brez A (02))	101,7	100,3	103,8	103,2	101,2	120,9
C+D+E-AE	SKUPAJ (brez A (02) in energentov MIG (AE))	101,6	100,6	103,0	102,6	101,0	121,1
C+D	Rudarstvo in predelovalne dejavnosti	101,6	100,7	103,1	102,7	101,0	121,4
AI	Surovine	103,1	101,4	104,2	103,3	101,9	121,4
B	Proizvodi za investicije	99,3	100,1	100,9	100,2	99,2	106,4
CD	Trajno blago za široko porabo	101,2	100,6	102,0	101,8	100,7	118,0
CN	Netrajno blago za široko porabo	101,0	100,1	102,7	102,9	100,8	125,6
C	Proizvodi za široko porabo	101,0	100,1	102,7	102,8	100,8	125,0
AE	Energenti	102,8	98,4	108,5	106,7	102,4	121,1
AE-E	Energenti (brez E (40))	101,8	102,1	105,5	104,3	100,2	124,5

SCA section and main industrial groups (without section A)

C+D+E	Total Industry (excluding construction) - C to E
C+D+E-AE	Total Industry (excluding MIG Energy) - C to E
C+D	Mining, Quarrying and Manufacturing - C & D
AI	MIG Intermediate goods industries (except energy)
B	MIG Capital Goods Industry
CD	MIG Durable Consumer Goods Industry
CN	MIG Non-durable Consumer Goods Industry
C	Consumer goods industry
AE	MIG Energy
AE-E	Energy excluding NACE Rev. 1 Section E

4. Indeksi cen pri proizvajalcih v EZ, februar 2004

Industrial producer prices in EU, February 2004

(stopnje rasti v % / rates of increase in %)

	<u>II 04</u> <u>XII 03</u>	<u>II 04</u> <u>II 03</u>		<u>II 04</u> <u>XII 03</u>	<u>II 04</u> <u>II 03</u>
Euro-zone					
EU 15	0,1	0,0			
Belgija / Belgium	0,5	1,7			
Danska / Denmark	:	:			
Nemčija / Germany	0,1	-0,1			
Grčija / Greece	:	:			
Španija / Spain	0,6	0,7			
Francija / France	0,0	-0,1			
Irska / Ireland	-0,2	-0,9			
Italija / Italy		0,0			
Luksemburg / Luxembourg		:			
Nizozemska / Netherlands		:			
Avstrija / Austria		:			
Portugalska / Portugal		0,4			
Finska / Finland		-0,5			
Švedska / Sweden		0,3			
Velika Britanija / United Kingdom		-0,2			

: podatki niso dostopni / data not available

* ocenjeni od držav članic / estimated by Member State

** podatki bodo poslani z zamudo, zaradi proračuna na novo bazno leto / data sending delayed due to the implementation of a new base year

c zaupno / confidential

Vir: / Source: Eurostat news release, No 46/2004

5. Indeksi cen industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih, 1992-2003 in januar - marec 2004

Producer price indices of manufactured goods, 1992-2003 and January - March 2004

(predhodni mesec / previous month =100)

	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII
1992	110,8	117,5	112,4	104,3	105,9	102,5	101,2	101,4	101,1	101,1	101,2	100,4
1993	104,6	101,5	99,8	99,4	100,1	101,9	100,8	100,8	101,2	103,3	101,4	102,4
1994	101,1	102,2	100,5	100,7	100,7	101,3	101,3	101,1	101,6	103,3	101,6	101,5
1995	101,1	100,6	100,7	100,1	99,9	100,2	100,0	100,4	101,1	101,2	101,2	101,2
1996	100,3	101,1	99,9	100,4	99,3	100,7	100,4	100,3	100,6	101,2	100,4	101,1
1997	100,3	100,7	99,5	100,4	100,4	100,8	100,1	100,2	101,4	101,8	100,2	100,8
1998	101,2	100,3	99,8	100,1	99,0	101,4	100,2	100,2	100,0	100,6	100,3	100,5
1999	100,0	99,9	99,6	99,9	99,8	100,5	100,0	100,1	100,7	101,9	100,3	100,8
2000	100,6	101,2	100,2	100,6	100,2	100,4	101,0	101,2	100,6	101,7	100,6	100,6
2001	101,9	101,0	99,5	100,9	100,1	100,3	100,4	100,3	100,4	101,0	100,5	101,0
2002	100,3	100,6	100,4	100,4	100,1	100,2	100,2	100,2	100,1	100,3	100,3	100,6
2003	100,2	99,8	100,1	100,3	100,5	100,1	100,0	100,0	100,2	100,2	100,2	100,5
2004	100,4	101,0	100,3									



STATISTIČNA ZNAMENJA

- ni pojava
- ... ni podatka
- \emptyset povprečje
- * popravljen podatek
- 0 podatek je manjši od 0,5 dane merske enote
- 0,0 podatek je manjši od 0,05 dane merske enote
- + in več (let, članov,...)
- 1) označba za opombo pod tabelo
- () nezadostno preverjen ali ocenjen podatek
- z podatek zaradi zaupnosti ni objavljen

STATISTICAL SIGNS

- no occurrence of event
- ... data not available
- \emptyset average
- * corrected data
- 0 value not zero but less than 0,5 of the unit employed
- 0,0 value not zero but less than 0,05 of the unit employed
- + and more (years, members,...)
- 1) footnote
- () incomplete or estimated data
- z data not published because of confidentiality

METODOLOŠKA POJASNILA**Namen**

S pomočjo indeksa cen merimo spremembe cen industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih na domačem tržišču.

Razvrščanje proizvodov in zajem podatkov

Cene industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih od leta 1997 zbiramo po novi Nomenklaturi industrijskih proizvodov (NIP) ter obdelujemo in objavljamo po Standardni klasifikaciji dejavnosti (SKD).

Podatki o indeksu cen industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih zajemajo poleg področij C (Rudarstvo), D (Predelovalne dejavnosti), E (Oskrba z elektriko, plinom in vodo) tudi gozdarstvo kot del področja A (Kmetijstvo, lov in gozdarstvo). Gozdarstvo po mednarodnih standardih ni zajeto v indeks cen industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih.

V SKD so večinoma zajeta vsa podpodročja in oddelki, razen določenih izjem:

- v področje A je vključena le dejavnost gozdarstvo;
- v podpodročje CA je vključena le dejavnost pridobivanje rjavega premoga in lignit, niso pa zajeti oddelki Pri. nafte, zemeljskega plina, stor. ter Pri. uranovih in torjevih rud;
- v podpodročje CB ni vključen oddelek Pri. rud;
- v področje D nista vključena oddelka Pro. pisar. str. in računal. ter Reciklaže;
- v podpodročje DE ni vključena dejavnost založništvo;
- v podpodročje DF je vključena le dejavnost Pro. naftnih derivatov, pri čemer zaradi prenehanja proizvodnje nafte, bencina in kurilnega olja, spremljam le cene za motorna, hidravlična, mazalna olja ter olja za menjalnike;
- v področje E je vključena le dejavnost oskrba z elektriko.

Z letom 1999 smo začeli z objavo indeksov za dejavnosti glede na namen porabe proizvodov. Omenjene spremembe smo uvedli zaradi nadaljnjega usklajevanja z metodologijo Eurostata. Dejavnosti se po namenu uporabe proizvodov razvrščajo v tri skupine in dve podskupini: skupino proizvodov za vmesno porabo (A), ki je nadalje razčlenjena na energente (AE) in surovine (AI), skupino proizvodov za investicije (B) ter skupino proizvodov za široko porabo (C), ki je nadalje razčlenjena na trajne proizvode za široko porabo (CD) in netrajne proizvode za široko porabo (CN).

Od leta 2002 v skladu z metodologijo Eurostata izračunavamo še indeks za posamezna področja in dejavnosti po namenu porabe proizvodov, brez gozdarstva, ki po mednarodnih standardih ni zajeto v indeks cen industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih.

Objavljamo še poseben indeks cen gradbenega materiala, ki ga z januar-

METHODOLOGICAL EXPLANATIONS**Purpose**

Producer price indices of manufactured goods measure changes of the level of producer prices of manufactured goods on the domestic market.

Classification and data coverage

Since 1997 producer prices of manufactured goods have been collected according to the new Nomenclature of Industrial Products (NIP) and processed and published on the basis of the Standard Classification of Activities (SCA).

The data on the producer prices of manufactured goods cover sections C (Mining and quarrying), D (Manufacturing) and E (Electricity, gas and water supply) of the Standard Classification of Activities and Forestry as a part of section A (Agriculture, hunting and forestry). According to international standards the latter does not belong to the coverage of PPI.

The Standard Classification of Activities covers all subsections and divisions except:

- section A includes only Forestry;
- subsection CA includes only Mining of coal and lignite and does not include Extraction of petroleum, gas and services and Mining of uranium and thorium ores;
- subsection CB does not include Mining of metal ores;
- section D does not include Manufacture of office machinery and computers and Recycling;
- subsection DE does not include Publishing;
- subsection DF covers only one activity, namely manufacture of petroleum products. Because Slovenia stopped producing crude oil, petrol and fuel oil, we only monitor prices of motor oils, hydraulic oils, lubricating oils and transmission gear oils;
- section E includes only Electricity supply.

In 1999 we started publishing indices for activities by end-use of products. The mentioned changes were introduced because of further harmonisation with Eurostat's methodology. Activities are classified by end-use of products into three groups and two subgroups: the group of intermediate goods industries (A), which is broken down into energy related industries (AE) and intermediate goods industries except energy (AI), the group of capital goods industries (B) and the group of consumption goods industries (C), which is broken down into durable consumer goods industries (CD) and non-durable goods industries (CN).

In accordance with the Eurostat's methodology, since January 2000 we calculate indices for selected sections and main industrial groups, without forestry, which according to international standards does not belong to the coverage of PPI.

We are also publishing a special price index of construction materials,



jem 2001 izračunavamo na podlagi prevajalnika med SKD in (staro) EKD klasifikacijo. Po prevajalniku se v ta indeks uvrščajo naslednji razredi SKD: 26.40, 26.51, 26.52, 26.53, 26.61, 26.62, 26.63, 26.64, 26.65 in 26.66.

Zbiranje podatkov

Cene industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih zbiramo mesečno z vprašalnikom, ki ga pošljemo izbranim podjetjem s področja industrije, ruderstva, oskrbe z energijo in gozdarstva.

Pri proizvajalcih spremljamo približno 2000 cen v okoli 320 podjetjih v Sloveniji.

Izračun

Izračun individualnih cenovnih indeksov

Neposredno iz podatkov o cenah izračunamo individualne indekse posameznih reprezentativnih proizvodov za vsak tekoči mesec v primerjavi z baznim mesecem (tj. december prejšnjega leta).

$$I_{t/d} = \frac{p_t}{p_d} \times 100$$

p_t = cena določenega proizvoda v tekočem obdobju t

p_d = cena določenega proizvoda v baznem obdobju d

Izračun agregatnih indeksov na višjih ravneh

Iz individualnih indeksov nato s tehtano aritmetično sredino izračunamo agregatne indekse, to je indekse razredov in skupin, nadalje indekse oddelkov, področij, podpodročij, indekse dejavnosti po namenu porabe proizvodov in skupni indeks po naslednji formuli:

$$I_{t/d} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{p_{ti}}{p_{di}} * w_{di}}{\sum_{i=1}^n w_{di}} \times 100$$

Kjer je:

$I_{t/d}$... indeks razredov, skupin, itd. oz. skupni indeks

p_{ti} ... cena i-tega proizvoda v tekočem mesecu

p_{di} ... cena i-tega proizvoda v decembru

w_{di} ... utež (ponder) za posamezen proizvod v decembru

n ... število proizvodov

Vsek tako izračunan agregatni indeks (december predhodnega leta = 100) je *Laspeyresov indeks fiksnega tipa*, kar pomeni da je izračunan z utežmi iz istega baznega ponderacijskega obdobja in z istim zajemom proizvodov.

Z letom 2001 smo indekse verižno povezali preko **nove indeksne baze t.j. leta 2000 (poprečje 2000 = 100)**. Vsi indeksi so sedaj izvedeni in izračunani preko poprečja 2000, in sicer na naslednje načine:

- $I_{FEB\ 04/JAN\ 04} = I_{FEB\ 04/0\ 00} \div I_{JAN\ 04/0\ 00} \times 100$
- $I_{FEB\ 04/DEC\ 03} = I_{FEB\ 04/0\ 00} \div I_{DEC\ 03/0\ 00} \times 100$
- $I_{FEB\ 04/FEB\ 03} = I_{FEB\ 04/0\ 00} \div I_{FEB\ 03/0\ 00} \times 100$
- $I_{\emptyset(JAN-FEB\ 04)} / \emptyset(JAN-FEB\ 03) =$
- $I_{(JAN\ 04 + FEB\ 04)/0\ 00} \div I_{(JAN\ 03 + FEB\ 03)/0\ 00} \times 100$
- $I_{(JAN-FEB\ 04)/XII\ 03} = (I_{JAN\ 04/XII\ 03} + I_{FEB\ 04/XII\ 03}) \div 2$

which has been since January 2001 calculated on the basis of the conversion table between the (old) National Classification of Activities and the SKD. This index covers the following SKD classes: 26.40, 26.51, 26.52, 26.53, 26.61, 26.62, 26.63, 26.64, 26.65 and 26.66.

Data collection

Producer prices of manufactured goods are collected monthly with a questionnaire at selected enterprises from the fields of manufacturing, mining, energy supply and forestry.

At producers we monitor about 2000 producer prices in around 320 selected enterprises in Slovenia.

Calculation

The calculation of individual price indices

For each current month compared to the base month (i.e. December of the previous year), individual indices of particular representative goods are calculated directly from data on prices.

$$I_{t/d} = \frac{p_t}{p_d} \times 100$$

p_t = price for certain product in the current period t

p_d = price for certain product in the base period d

The calculation of aggregate indices on higher levels

From individual indices we calculate with weighted arithmetic mean aggregate indices, i.e. class and group indices, division, subsection and section indices, main industrial group indices and the total index according to the following formula:

$$I_{t/d} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{p_{ti}}{p_{di}} * w_{di}}{\sum_{i=1}^n w_{di}} \times 100$$

Whereby:

$I_{t/d}$... index of classes, groups, ect. or the total index

p_{ti} ... price of product i in the current month

p_{di} ... price of product i in December

w_{di} ... weight for an individual product in December

n ... number of products

Each aggregate index (December of the previous year = 100) calculated in this way and all other indices derived from this index and calculated with weights of the weight base period and with the same coverage of products are *Laspeyres' indices of fixed type*.

Since 2001 indices are linked through **new index reference period year 2000 (average 2000 = 100)**. All indices are now derived and calculated through average 2000 in the following ways:

- $I_{FEB\ 04/JAN\ 04} = I_{FEB\ 04/0\ 00} \div I_{JAN\ 04/0\ 00} \times 100$
- $I_{FEB\ 04/DEC\ 03} = I_{FEB\ 04/0\ 00} \div I_{DEC\ 03/0\ 00} \times 100$
- $I_{FEB\ 04/FEB\ 03} = I_{FEB\ 04/0\ 00} \div I_{FEB\ 03/0\ 00} \times 100$
- $I_{\emptyset(JAN-FEB\ 04)} / \emptyset(JAN-FEB\ 03) =$
- $I_{(JAN\ 04 + FEB\ 04)/0\ 00} \div I_{(JAN\ 03 + FEB\ 03)/0\ 00} \times 100$
- $I_{(JAN-FEB\ 04)/XII\ 03} = (I_{JAN\ 04/XII\ 03} + I_{FEB\ 04/XII\ 03}) \div 2$



- $I_{FEB\ 04/\varnothing\ 92} = I_{FEB\ 04/DEC03} \times I_{DEC\ 03/\varnothing\ 92} \div 100$
- $I_{FEB\ 04/\varnothing\ 00} = I_{FEB\ 04/DEC03} \times I_{DEC\ 03/\varnothing\ 00} \div 100$

Kjer je:

- $I_{FEB\ 04/JAN\ 04}$...indeks februar 2004 v primerjavi z indeksom januar 2004

Cena

Gre za ceno, po kateri proizvajalec proda svoj proizvod v največjih količinah na domačem trgu, franko kraj proizvajalca. V ceni niso upoštevani davek na dodano vrednost, rabati in trgovski popusti.

Bazno obdobje

Cene baznega obdobja so osnova za primerjavo s cenami tekočega obdobja. Do leta 1994 je kot osnova za primerjavo veljalo povprečje cen prejšnjega leta. Od leta 1994 pa velja za bazno cenovno obdobje decembra prejšnjega leta.

Ponderacijski sistem

Ta je oblikovan na podlagi strukture vrednosti prodaje industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih na domačem trgu iz leta 2000. Osnovni vir podatkov za ponderje je letno poročilo industrije IND-L. Pri oblikovanju ponderjev za ravn oddelkov so podatki IND-L o vrednosti prodaje korigirani, in sicer tako, da so povečani za ocenjen nezajem in zmanjšani za izvoz.

Uteži se sedaj spreminja vsako leto. Nove uteži so preračunane na cene iz decembra 2003, ki je tudi cenovno referenčno obdobje.

Objavljanje rezultatov

Mesečno:

- Statistične informacije. Prva skrajšana objava (najkasneje sedmi deloven dan v naslednjem mesecu)
- Statistične informacije. Indeksi cen industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih (okoli 20. v naslednjem mesecu)
- Mesečni statistični pregled
- Nekateri pomembnejši podatki Republike Slovenije.

Letno:

- Statistični letopis Republike Slovenije
- Slovenija in številkah.

KOMENTAR

Cene industrijskih proizvodov pri proizvajalcih v Sloveniji so v letošnjem marcu v primerjavi z letošnjim februarjem v povprečju povišale za 0,3 %.

Med skupinami dejavnosti teh proizvodov po namenu porabe so se najbolj povišale cene proizvodov za vmesno porabo, v povprečju za 0,4 %. Cene proizvodov za investicije ter cene proizvodov za široko porabo pa so bile višje za 0,1 %.

V marcu so se povišale cene v rudarstvu (za 3,8 %). Cene v predelovalnih dejavnostih so bile višje za 0,5 %. Cene v kmetijstvu, lovu in gozdarstvu so ostale na enaki ravni kot pretekli mesec. Cene v oskrbi z elektriko, plinom in vodo pa so se znižale za 2,4 %.

V marcu so se najbolj povišale cene v naslednjih oddelkih (po Standardni klasifikaciji dejavnosti): v proizvodnji usnja in usnjenih izdelkov (za 7,0 %), v pridobivanju drugih rudnin in kamnin (za 6,5 %), v proizvodnji drugih nekovinskih mineralnih izdelkov (za 4,0 %), v obdelavi in predelavi lesa (za 1,3 %), v proizvodnji kovin (za 1,2 %), v proizvodnji tekstilij, v proizvodnji kovinskih izdelkov, razen strojev in naprav (za 1,1 %), v proizvodnji električnih strojev in aparativ (za 0,9 %), v proizvodnji

- $I_{FEB\ 04/\varnothing\ 92} = I_{FEB\ 04/DEC03} \times I_{DEC\ 03/\varnothing\ 92} \div 100$
- $I_{FEB\ 04/\varnothing\ 00} = I_{FEB\ 04/DEC03} \times I_{DEC\ 03/\varnothing\ 00} \div 100$

Whereby:

- $I_{FEB\ 04/JAN\ 04}$...index February 2004 in comparison to index January 2004

Price concept

Producer prices of manufactured goods are prices at which producers sell their products in largest quantities on the domestic market - Ex Works. Prices do not include VAT (value added tax), rebates and discounts.

Base period

Prices of the base period are the basis for comparison with prices of the current period. Until 1994 the price base period was the average of the previous year. In 1994 we changed the price base period to December of the previous year.

The weighting system

The weighting system is designed on the basis of the 2000 structure of sales value of manufactured goods on the domestic market. The basic source of data is IND-L annual industry report. In designing the weights at the class level, IND-L sales value data are corrected by being enlarged by the estimated uncovered goods and reduced by exports.

Weights are now changed every year. New weights are recalculated to December 2003 prices, which is also the price base period.

Data publishing

Monthly:

- Rapid Reports. First Release (not later than on the seventh working day of the next month)
- Rapid Reports. Producer Price Indices of Manufactured Goods (around the 20th day of the next month)
- Monthly Statistical Review
- Some Important Data of the Republic of Slovenia.

Annually:

- Statistical Yearbook of the Republic of Slovenia
- Slovenia in Figures.

COMMENT

In comparison with February 2004, in March 2004 producer prices of manufactured goods in Slovenia increased on average by 0.3%.

The highest price increase among main industrial groups of activities by end-use of products was registered in intermediate goods (on average by 0.4%). Prices of capital goods and prices of consumer goods rose by 0.1%.

In March 2004 the prices were up in mining and quarrying (by 3.8%). Prices also rose in manufacturing (by 0.5%). Prices in agriculture, hunting and forestry remained the same as in the previous month. Prices in electricity, gas and water supply decreased by 2.4%.

The highest price increase in March was recorded in the following activities (by the Standard Classification of Activities): manufacture of leather and leather products (by 7.0%), mining and quarrying (by 6.5%), manufacture of other non-metal mineral products (by 4.0%), manufacture of wood and wood products (by 1.3%), manufacture of metals (by 1.2%), manufacture of textiles, manufacture of metal products, except machinery and equipment (by 1.1%), manufacture of electrical machinery (by 0.9%),

pohištva (za 0,8 %), v proizvodnji RTV, komunikacijskih aparatov in opreme ter proizvodnji medicinskih, finomehaničnih in optičnih instrumentov (za 0,6 %), v proizvodnji izdelkov iz gume in plastičnih mas (za 0,4 %), v tiskarstvu (za 0,3 %), v proizvodnji oblačil; strojenju in dodelavi krvna, proizvodnji motornih vozil, prikolic, polprikolic ter proizvodnji drugih vozil in plovil (za 0,1 %).

Na februarski ravni so ostale cene v gozdarstvu, proizvodnji hrane, pijač in krmil, proizvodnji kemikalij, kemičnih izdelkov, umetnih vlaken ter v proizvodnji strojev in naprav.

V marcu so se znižale cene v oskrbi z elektriko (za 2,4 %) ter v proizvodnji vlaknin, papirja ter izdelkov iz njih (za 1,0 %).

V primerjavi z lanskim marcem so se cene teh proizvodov povisale za 3,8 %, v primerjavi z lanskim decembrom pa za 1,7 %.

manufacture of furniture (by 0.8%), manufacture of TV and radio sets and equipment and manufacture of medical, precision and optical instruments (by 0.6%), manufacture of rubber and plastic products (by 0.4%), printing (by 0.3%), manufacture of clothes, tanning and treatment of fur, manufacture of motor vehicles and trailers and manufacture of other transport equipment (0.1%).

Prices in forestry, manufacture of food, beverages and animal feeds, manufacture of chemicals, chemical products and man-made fibres and manufacture of machinery and equipment remained the same as in February 2004.

In March prices decreased in electricity (by 2.4%) and in manufacture of pulp, paper and paper products (by 1.0%).

In comparison with March 2003 prices increased by 3.8% and in comparison with December 2003 by 1.7%.

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