

Težave USSR v pogajanjih za zvezo z Anglijo

MEŠETARENJE ZA KORISTI IN OBLIGACIJE.
— SPORNO VPRAŠANJE BALTISKIH DEŽEL. —
VOJAŠKI VEŠČAKI ANGLIJE IN FRANCIJE
NA POSVETOVANJH V MOSKVI

Čemu zavlačevanje v pogajanjih za zvezo med Anglijo in sovjetsko Rusijo, ki trajajo že par mesecev? Nihče točno ne ve, kaj misli o tem Chamberlain in Stalin. Prvi je zvezo predlagal v kampanji, da se ustavi pohod agresivnih sil. Moskva je posebno dokler je bil komisar vnanjih zadev Maksim Litvinov vneto poudarjala načelo kolektivne varnosti. A monarhski mir jo je razočaral. Chamberlain je šel tolažiti Hitlerja na svojo pest in mu v utešeno apetito podaril Čehoslovasko. Francija — zaveznica Češke, je sledila Chamberlainu. Rusija za svet niti vprašana ni bila, čeprav je bila zaveznica Francije in z njo vred v zavestnosti s Čehoslovasko.

Nova taktika Moskve

Vsed monarhskoga mira je vlada sovjetske Unije morala spremeniti taktiko, posebno še, ker jo je Chamberlain diplomatično izoliral in se ji spet prijeljsko približal šele ko je želel imeti njeno gospodarsko in vojni moč neoporečno na svoji strani.

Tako je ponudil Stalinu zvezo, v kateri bi bile vodilne države Velika Britanija, Francija in USSR. Slednja naj bi bila sicer le bolj postranski pomena. Odločala bi London in Pariz. Režim sovjetske Unije te ponudbe ni hotel kratkoma sprejeti, dasi je bila vlada v Londonu mnenja, da bo hlastno posegel po nji.

London v zmoti

Dogodilo se je obratno. Rusija je predlog načelno sicer sprejela, a zavrnila skoro vse angleške pogoje. Niti ni pokazala volje, da se ji mudi v kako zvezo. Kakor nalašč je zavlačevala pogajanja, sprejela kako točko in jo potem spet zavrnila. Nasprotniki hitlerizma so to početje v Moskvi razočarano motrili in začeli verjeti, da se Nemčija tajno pogaja z Rusijo za hrbtno Anglije in Francije, kot so trdila mnoga poročila. Posebno je bilo to verjetno tudi radi tega, ker je Stalin sam v enemu svojih govorov izjavil, da Rusija ne bo hodila po kostanj v ogenj, da se bi opekla v korist drugih, in da tudi ako

zvezo z Anglijo sklene, bo ob enem sklenila tudi trgovsko pogodbo z Nemčijo. Nasprotniki nacizma so želeli, da bi Stalin rotnel proti nacizmu kakor je prej njegov komisar vnanjih zadev Maksim Litvinov, toda uvideli so, da je idealizem iz ruske vnanje politike izginil in bil nadomeščen s tako zvano realistično, praktično politiko.

Rumunija in Poljska

Anglija skupno s Francijo jamči neodvisnost Poljske in Rumunije. Slednjima preti Hitlerjev tretji rajh. Če ju napade obe hkrati ali posamično, bo francosko-angleško jamstvo malo držalo, ker bi bil v taki vojni geografski teren v prilog Hitlerju. Angleška in francoska armada ne bi mogli na Poljsko. Francija in Anglija bi Nemčije na francoski meji ne mogli premagati in tudi na morju bi ji ne mogle v vojaškem oziru kaj prida škodovati. Predno bi torej mogla Francija in Anglija Nemčijo izrpati v vojni, bi bila Poljska, ali Rumunija, ali obe, že pod tretjim rajhom.

Rusija odločujoča sila

Vsa drugačna situacija pa bi nastala, če bi v tako vojno posegla tudi sovjetska Rusija. Ona meji na Poljsko in Rumunijo. Ima ogromno armado, sirovine in velike zaloge municije. V Rumuniji in Poljskem to dobro vedo, vzlic temu se vladi obeh dežel boja sovjetske premoči. Ne ena ne druga ni za prihod sovjetskih armad v njuno ozemlje v vojni proti Hitlerju. Vzrok je, ker se posedujoči sluj obeh dežel boje, da bi v slučaju zmage sovjetske čete ostale na Poljskem, ali v Rumuniji, in "pridružile" prvo ali drugo, ali obe "zmagoviti" deželi sovjetski Uniji.

Anglija je Rusiji vsled tega predlagala, da naj jima pomagale z municijo, aeroplani, živilji in drugimi potrebščinami, ter na morju kolikor mogoče. V Moskvi so poslušali, argumentirali in dokazovali, da bi bila v tem položaju Rusija smatrana za manjvredno zaveznico, zato ji je pod častjo sprejeti tak pogoj.

Baltičke dežele

Dalje je Rusija od Anglije in Francije zahtevala, da če bo ona jamčila neodvisnost Poljske in Rumunije in jima pomagala, ako ju Nemčija napade, morata Anglija in Francija zadržati (Nadaljevanje na 5. strani.)

"LJUDSKI ZASTOPNIKI" ŠLI NA POČITNICE

Kdo v resnici prejema podporo iz blagajne podp. organizacije?

Radnikovci v Pittsburghu izdajajo za svojo propagando med Slovenci list z mikavno zvenečim imenom "Naprej". Nedavno je na svoj zavajalni način priobčil laž, da prejema Proletarec od SNPJ za oglaševanje vsak teden \$35, to vsoto pa daje "Proletarec" nato svojemu uredniku. Resnica je, da ne daje SNPJ za oglašanje v "Proletarcu" nikomur niti niklja. Ne zdaj, ne nikoli prej.

Isti radnikovci, ki so dopustili to laž v svoj slovenski list, pa prejemale od podporne organizacije International Workers Order za oglašanje v svojem "Radničkom Glasniku" okrog \$2,500 na leto. Torej jim plača IWO več kot enega urednika!

Računi pričajo, da je prejel "Radnički Glasnik" že leta 1937 od IWO vsoto \$2,585.98, kar ugotavlja glasilo HBZ "Zajedničar" iz verodostojnih, oblastveno potrjenih računov omenjene podporne organizacije.

Dalje je prejel "Radnički Glasnik" par tisočakov od unij CIO, na katere je pritiskal za podporo pod napačnimi pretevezami, in za oglaševanje, katere je priobčeval za kandidate demokratske stranke in drugih politikov.

Sramotno je, da krožek, ki prejema tisočake na leto iz takih virov, laže o drugih, da jih prejemale, dočim se v resnici on redi ob njih.

PRESOJANJE DOGODKOV DOMA IN PO SVETU

V Somersetu, Pa., so bili v starem zapuščenem železniškem predoru, ki ga popravljajo za zgraditev avtne ceste v njemu, ubiti štirje delavci. Nanje je padla 20 ton težka skala in jih pokopala. Po nesreči je bila uvedena preiskava, v kateri so dognali, da se je nesreča res zgodila. Tudi nekaj kritike so navedli, ki pa je bila več politična kot resna stvar.

Predsedniku Rooseveltu je napravil zvezni kongres s svojimi reakcionarnimi nastopi veliko uslugo. Dal mu je priliko dokazovati, da new deal zato ne more pokazati uspehov, ker mu je nagajal kongres.

General Franco je odredil, da fašistična stranka v Španiji (Falange Espanola) ne potrebuje več članov. Hoče namreč ustaviti naval aplikantov, ki bi radi bili na strani močnega in uživali privilegije članov falange. Takoj sprejeti v to stranko se sme le on, ki so služili v fašistični armadi v civilni vojni in se odlikovali v nji. Vsi drugi, ki se priključijo v njo, bodo morali biti pet let "člani na poskušnji", to je, brez pravice in privilegijev.

Harry Bridges je s pomočjo komunističnih odvetnikov na zaslišanju v San Franciscu tri dni tajil, da ni bil in da ni član komunistične stranke in ob enem celo dejal, da je med delavci na pomolih v San Franciscu komunistem smatran za velik "joke" (šalo).

Japonska se je od Nemčije naučila propagande. Organizirala je posebni biro za propagando med Kitajci, ki je zdaj namenjena v prvi vrsti ščuvanju Kitajcev na Anglijo. Ponekod je uspela že toliko, da je množica Kitajcev na pobudo Japoncev navalila na angleške posesti in jih razdejala. Ob enem japonska propaganda ne guje sovraštvo domačinov proti vsem belopoltnim ljudem.

Clarence Hathaway, ki je znan kot urednik Daily Workerja, se je čel ječe, kamor je bil poslan, ker ni plačal vdovi umorjenega minneapoliskega delnika \$2,500 in sodne stroške, v katere je bil obsojen. Kazen je prejel vsled osebnih napadov na vdovo urednika Liggettta. Iz zapore je bil izpuščen proti varščini v vsoti nad \$5000. (Nadaljevanje na 3. strani.)

Kaj naj počno odslovljeni delavci WPA?

Kongres, ki je bil v končanem svojem zasedanju najbolj "ekonomičen" pri najbolj bednih milijonih prebivalstva te dežele, je poskrbel za odslovljen tisočev, ki so bili uposleni pri WPA in zaslužili za zaslanje preživljanje.

Kongresniki so šli domov ali šli na počitnice, toda kam naj gredo odslovljeni delavci WPA in drugi, katerim je bil v tem poletju odvzet relif?

Kaj se je zgodilo z obljubo demokratske stranke, da ne bo pod njeno administracijo v tej deželi nihče gladen?

Masne persekucije v Španiji

Dne 5. avgusta je bilo ustreljenih v Madridu 53 republikancev. Bili so obtoženi simpatiziranja z morilci, ki so 29. julija ubili nekega častnika civilne garde, njegovo hči in njegovega šoferja. Sedem drugih, ki so direktno obtoženi umora, je v ječi, najbrže v procesu mučenja. Oblast pravi, da je izvršila ta masni umor v svarilo drugim, ki morda goje sabotažne naklepe proti Francovi vladi.

Sovjetska naročila v USA

Pogodba med USSR in Zed. državami, ki določa, da mora prva kupiti vsako leto najmanj za 40 milijonov dolarjev ameriškega blaga, ako hoče prednostne carine, je bila med obema deželama sporazumno podaljšana za nadaljnjih 12 mesecev.

Delo za reliferje

V Chicagu je kakih 50,000 za delo sposobnih ljudi na relifu, za katere ni dela pri WPA ne v privatnih podjetjih. Nedavno je mestna uprava sklenila, da morajo delati po 30 ur na mesec pri čiščenju parkov, ulic itd. To so prisilna dela, kakor v totalitarnih državah v Evropi.

Kampanja S. P. za nove člane

Soc. stranka bo imela septembra in oktobra kampanjo za nove člane. Minimum bo tisoč novih članov. Vsaki bo moral ob pristopu plačati dva meseca članarine in naročnino na Socialist Call v skupni vsoti \$2.

"Skrb" za ženske

V Nemčiji je za ženske prepovedano delati več kot 10 ur na dan in nobena ne sme delati toliko naporno, da si bi ogražala svoj lastni naradni poklic, ki je materinstvo. Kajti najčješka vlada hoče mnogo otrok.

Armada malih dežel

Madžarska in države v jugovzhodni Evropi imajo pod orožjem okrog dva milijona mož.

KONGRES SE 'POSTAVIL' V BOJU PROTI 'RAZSIPANJU' IN RELIFNIM AKCIJAM

SENATOR VANDENBERG O PRIHRANITVAH.
NEW DEAL DOBIL PRILOŽNOST ZVRNITI
KRIVDO ZA POLOME NA KONGRES.—TEŽKI
UDARCI ZA BREZPOSELNE IN WPA

Šestinsedemdeseti zvezni kongres (senat in zbornica poslancev) ima 531 članov. V obeh zbornicah ima demokratska stranka veliko večino. Plača senatorjev in kongresnikov je \$10,000 na leto. Senatorji imajo pravico do dveh tajnikov vsaki in kongresniki enega. Najemajo jih večinoma iz svojega ožjega sorodstva, da ostane denar ves v družini. Za vozne stroške tajniki in člani kongresa upravičeni računati od 10 do 15 centov na miljo. Ob praznikih, kot na primer v božični sezoni, si vozne računajo tudi ako ostanejo v Washingtonu. Vrh tega so člani kongresa upravičeni do raznih drugih finančnih privilegijev. Svoje govore v zbornici smejo v agitacijo zase pošiljati širom dežele poštne prosto.

"Varčnost" v pravi luči

Iz gornjih par podatkov vidimo, da si člani kongresa privoščijo na stroške ljudstva kakor si požeje in mnogi si pomagajo še s postranskimi dohodki. Marsikateri izmed njih ima pol ducata svojih sorodnikov v najboljših vladnih službah. Vrh tega pomagajo v vladne službe svojim agitatorjem in tako so vsi zadovoljni. Njihove počitnice so dolgotrajne. Mnogi kongresniki se ne brigajo za ničesar drugega kakor kako čimveč dobiti zase in svoje prijatelje. Tak je bil običajno zvezni kongres v prošlosti in tak je sedanjí ali šestinsedemdeseti kongres, ki je proli teden končal svoje "trudapolno delo" in odšel na "zaslužene" počitnice. Kajti priboril si je sloves, da je to kongres, ki predsedniku republike noče bi- ti pečat in mu je zavrl "razsipanje".

"New Deal" vzradočen

Dasi je predsednik Roosevelt zaeno z njemu zvestimi demokrati apeliral za dovolitev dodatnih vsot v prid WPA, da bi zaposlil več delavcev, in četudi se je potoval na svo moč tudi za razne druge svoje predloge, so "newdealovci" — veseli porazov, ki so jih doživeli v kongresu.

Vzrok je, da zdaj lahko vržejo vso krivdo na večino, ki je sabotala newdealski program. In to jim je prišlo kakor nalašč, kajti new deal bi drugače moral za svoje neuspehe nositi sam odgovornost. Predvsem za nerešeni problem brezposelnosti, ki je tam, kot je bil leta 1930. Kajti reši sam na sebi je le olajšava stiske brezposelnim, ne pomeni pa rešitve tega najvažnejšega socialnega vprašanja.

Porazi predsednika

Tudi ako bi imel sedanjí kongres republikanske večino, ne bi mogel nastopati proti predsedniku Rooseveltu bolj ognjevit in gaziati po njegovih načrtih ter predlogah, kot je to storila demokratska večina. V kampanji leta 1938 so demokratski kandidati še vsi obljubljali zvestobo "new dealu" in klicali geslo, "z Rooseveltom v blagostanje", a po volitvah so pomagali ustaviti val razsipanja. (Nadaljevanje na 3. strani.)

V tej in prihodnji številki

Kateri list je finančne podpore od podporne organizacije v resnici deležen? Pojasnjeno je na prvi strani v tej številki.

Kaj je vzrok zavlačevanju v pogajanjih za zvezo med Anglijo in sovjetsko Unijo? Čitajte o tem članek na prvi strani. Enako o pogubnem boju med Hrvati in Srbi zaradi hrvskega vprašanja, in o naivnosti onih, ki so pošiljali v imenu demokracije, edinstva Jugoslavije in napredka čestitke dr. Mačku.

Zvezni kongres je zdaj na počitnicah. O ikodi, ki jo je storil bednemu ljudstvu na račun takozvane ekonomije, je pojasnjeno v članku na 1. strani.

O težavah aldermana, ki bi ral služil ljudstvu, pa ga to ljudstvo samo tiči v graft, pripoveduje članek na 2. strani.

Anton Jankovich piše o stavki avtnih delavcev v Clevelandu. Dalje je v tej številki opis konferenca naših članov in somišljenikov, ki se je vršila 4. avgusta v Chicagu.

Zaključni opis o oblikov "Po New Yorku" bo v prihodnji številki.

KDO NAJ NAPRAVI RED V JUGOSLAVIJI

Voditelj Hrvatov dr. Vladimir Maček je merodajnim krogom v Beogradu in v inozemstvu zapretel, da Hrvati ne bodo čakali na svoje pravice nego si jih vzeli. Lahko, da to pomeni civilno vojno, je dejal, morda celo svetovno vojno, toda kar se tiče Hrvatov, bodo izvedli svoj namen, ki je bodisi absolutna avtonomija v dualni državi, ako to Srbi hočejo sprejeti, in če ne, se Hrvatska proglasi za povsem neodvisno državo.

Ameriški novinarji, ki imajo nedvomno dokaj širše obzorje kakor dr. Maček, so ga opom-

nili, da male države v današnjem svetu ne morejo biti "neodvisne". Odvnil je, da Hrvatska lahko postane "protektorat", kajti če vlada v Beogradu zna napraviti reda v Jugoslaviji, naj ga napravi kdo drugi.

Ta drugi je lahko samo Hitler, ali Mussolini ali oba skupaj. Verjetno je, da nista storila z Jugoslavijo, ki jo imata v kleščah, isto kot sta s Čehoslovasko zato, ker se ne moreta sporazumeti pri delitvi plena. Hitler bi rad do Jadranskega morja, in v ta namen bi segel po Sloveniji, nad Hrvatsko pa želi

protektorat. dočim hoče Italija pod svoj vodilni vpliv vsa Jugoslavijo. Nič jo ne mika, da bi Nemčija pomaknila svojo mejo do Jadrana. Le temu naključju se mora za enkrat Jugoslavija zahvaliti, da ni še razkosana.

Izgleda, da se niso hrvatski nacionalisti od usode Slovaške in izdajalake vloge slovaških klerikalcev ničesar naučili. Hrvati so upravičeni do avtonomije in si jo bodo izvojevali, ni pa koristno zanje ne za nikogar v Jugoslaviji, ker svoj boj tirajo v tako fanatični nacionalizem, da bo razplamtene strasti za dolgo dobo nemogoče pomiriti.

Naši "demokrati" in "komunisti" v Ameriki imajo običaj, da s svojih zborovanj pošiljajo brzojavne pozdrave dr. Mačku, kateremu vzklikajo vzpodbudna gesla in ga hvalijo vsled njegovega boja za demokracijo in edinstvo države. . . Človek, ki je pripravil in iti pod Hitlerjev ali Mussolinijev "protektorat", ni ne demokrat in ne za branitev jugoslovanske države.

Situacija sicer ni še brezupna, ker se premier Cvetković že trudi najti izhod v sporazumu, ki bi otel državo in zadovoljil Hrvate.

Industry Must Be Socialized

An apostle of the New Deal told us his social philosophy the other day. "I think," he said, "that people who make it the individual's responsibility to get along are wrong. Government should operate in such a manner that everybody would have a job to do."

The strange thing about the gentleman who expressed that opinion is that he's not a Socialist. He believes that industry should be owned by private capital and operated by private initiative.

"You believe that people should do useful work in productive industry?" we asked.

"To be sure," he asserted.

"Well," we told him, "you are asking government to do a job that it just can't do under present property relationships." Then, when he looked surprised that a Socialist should make such an admission—

"You see," we explained, "economics, not politics, is the basis of life. The government doesn't control economic processes. When men work they must use the mills, mines, factories, banks, railroads, etc. But as things are today private individuals must say 'yes' or 'no' to every man who wants to work. If the answer is 'no,' then there's nothing the government can do about it. If you want the government to provide jobs at productive work, then you must make it possible for the government to control the means of work. You just can't plan with what you don't control."

Our New Dealer looked surprised and mystified, and after looking into space for thirty seconds he changed the subject. Just to make certain that he doesn't forget the problem we're going to send him a copy of this editorial so that he can think about it in solitude at leisure.

The question is: "How can economic security be planned by the government unless the government controls the economic resources of the nation? After we've studied that one until we've understood it, we go on to the next—

"How can economic control by government remain democratic unless the workers unite their political power to bring it about?"—Reading Labor Advocate.

LITTLE ESSAYS

By JOHN M. WORK

My Uncle Doc was a pioneer physician in the heart of the corn belt—the type that sometimes had to swim his horse over swollen rivers to reach his patients. He was over 80 and still practicing when I did the chores for him a few months while getting an alleged education.

Many stories were told and are still told about him in the community. Called to treat a woman in hysterics he gave her a dose of asafetida. She promptly recovered and said, "Doc, that was the damndest dose of medicine that ever went into a Christian." A big man's dislocated shoulder had to be set and of course there was no anesthetic. There was danger that he might fight back and injure the doctor, so Uncle Doc bled him until he fainted and then set his shoulder. Consulted about a very sick patient he told the family doctor the medicine he was giving should be discontinued. The family doctor said, "If I discontinue it he will be in hell in half an hour." Nevertheless the medicine was discontinued, and, as the community tells the story, the man did not go to hell for several years.

Except in a few out-of-the-way places, the Uncle Docs of medicine no longer exist. Those were days when individualistic medical service was in order. Uncle Doc was a hero of early medical service, and there were many others like him.

It seems difficult for some doctors to realize that "them days are gone forever." Individualistic health service just does not fit into the pattern of present conditions. Socialized health service would fit them like a glove.

Unite, Educate, Organize—Or Fail!

They are united. We are not.
They are organized. We are not.
They have the money and the credit of the world in their control. We have not. And without it we are helpless and without the means of defense.

But worst of all we do not know our weakness nor our danger.

So we drift on unorganized, divided and often quarrelling among ourselves. We cherish high and noble ideals and love peace. We have lost the art and the power of defense because we think we do not need them.

Our unawareness is our greatest weakness and our enemies greatest opportunity.

Unless we can awaken and arouse our people to the peril that is upon us; unless we can organize them to meet that peril; unless we can unite

our forces for the inevitable conflict, our ideals of democracy and our cherished American institutions will perish and with them our liberties.

To this task to educate, inform and arouse America, to organize the progressive forces and unite them in sufficient numbers and strength to defend and fulfill the hope and purpose of Democracy, we are dedicated. And to that task we summon all who have eyes to see, ears to hear and heart to cherish orderly progress and human freedom.

Who will help us? Who will help recruit, unite, and organize the defense?—From "Public Ownership of Public Utilities," March, 1939.

JSF CONFERENCE AND PICNIC IN STRABANE

Strabane, Pa. — Following the JSF Conference at SNPJ lodge hall in Strabane Sunday, August 20, for which a large attendance of delegates is predicted, the whole group will journey to Drenik's Park where a picnic sponsored by the conference organizations will be held.

Fraternal lodges and other organizations holding membership with the JSF Educational Bureau are therefore urged to send delegates and visitors.

Jacob Ambrosch, Secretary.

"Smart Talk" over the dinner table is not so important as the Union Label on what you eat and wear.

The first and worst of all frauds is to cheat oneself.—Bailey.

IT CAN HAPPEN HERE "Stacism Comes to Minnesota"

Following is an exact copy of the slip of paper which was enclosed with the Old Age Pension check which a Minnesota farmer received recently: "Please be advised that recipients of Old Age Assistance are not to leave the state of Minnesota for visiting or other purposes without first notifying the welfare office and securing the permission of the . . . County Board."

This Hitler-like order is part and parcel of the Republican policy to mistreat old people so that they will endure almost any hardship rather than accept the small pension which is grudgingly offered.

In Minnesota today, the Republican law provides that whoever, in spite of all these degrading conditions, does accept a pension, must first give the state a lien on a farm or such property as he possesses, to the full amount of such subsistence as he may receive by his pension check.

THAT IS WHAT A REPUBLICAN REGIME MEANS.

—Minnesota Leader.

JSF Conference in Cleveland, O. August 20

Cleveland, Ohio. — Delegates from fraternal lodges, cultural organizations and JSF Branches affiliated with the JSF Educational Bureau, will meet in the Slovene National Home, St. Clair Avenue, Sunday, August 20, for what is predicted to be one of the most important conferences yet held by the JSF Educational Bureau in that section.

Girard and surrounding territories will be represented, as well as other neighboring cities. The conference will open at 9 A. M. Delegates are urged to be prompt.

PIONEER MOONLIGHT DANCE CRUISE

Chicago. —Dancing Neath the Stars—Cooling breezes refresh you—See Chicago from the Lake—A Panorama of Alluring Attractiveness—Glorious Hours Afloat—Music—Entertainment—All yours if you will join the Pioneer Lodge group Saturday, Aug. 19, from Navy Pier at 9:30 P. M. on the S. S. Theodore Roosevelt. Tickets are 75c. Call the lodge secretary, D. J. Lotrich, Lawndale 2344, for tickets and reservations.

ROOSEVELT APPEASEMENT

The dictum of the Roosevelt Administration that "you cannot strike against the government" is, of course, a policy followed by all governments. A strike in the army and navy is regarded by all governments as mutiny, and it is prohibited in such continuous and essential services like that of the postoffice, but the WPA does not fall into either of these categories.

The WPA is not a permanent government agency but an emergency program to meet a grave unemployment situation. Its functions are not essential to the preservation of the government. If they were, WPA would continue to function after industrial employment becomes normal—if it ever does. No one contends that WPA is to be a permanent feature of the government, for, as the general counsel of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor points out, building of outdoor toilets, painting pictures, binding library books and many other WPA activities are not permanent government functions.

Nor could the government's contention be maintained if we were at war, for it is a matter of record that during the World War there were strikes in shipyards, copper and coal mines, lumber camps and even in munitions plants. These were essential to prosecution of war, and yet they were not legally prohibited.

Facing a two-party gang-up on many legislative fronts, the President tried a little "appeasement" by his legislation, but he will no more check the black reaction by this course than Chamberlain has stopped Hitler by yielding at Munich.

—New Leader.

HOUSING BILL SCRAPED

In the rush to finish up and get away on their vacations,—very likely more important to them than anything else —the forces of reaction in Congress, in addition to slashing the relief appropriation to nothing, threw overboard the President's \$800,000,000 housing proposal in a bandwagon rush for adjournment.

The wage-hour act amendments, and further relief grants are rather more likely than not, due for more maltreatment, if acted on at all before adjournment. This ought to open some body's eyes.

The more perfect we are, the more gentle and quiet we become toward the defects of others.—Fenelon.

TODAY vs. TOMORROW

The World's fair confronts us in bewildering confusion out on the Flushing Fair grounds these days. Here a world-of-tomorrow symbolism vies with a world-of-today reality to produce a sort of after-the-movies feeling of depression, as we return wearily from the gorgeous and temporary escape Mr. Whalen and company have provided for us — at a price, of course!

There's no denying it's worth the price, at least for one admission. It's a grand show with much of interest and wonder and, in spots, breath-taking beauty. We are proud that the central block of seats on opening was occupied by construction workers who built this fantastic city on a swampy dump. And that a permanent park and playgrounds will be left in Flushing when the fair is over.

There is no denying too, the magic vistas at which we are given brief peeps—the hints of order, leisure, comfort, beauty and even — peace. Yet it is difficult for some of us, at least, to see this great forest of possibility for the trees of inconsistency which stand nearby. For example—

The scandalous discrimination in job appointments, Negroes, Jews, older women, not-so-pretty women, and applicants without college degrees being the chief victims; and the inclusion, incidentally, of social registers working at the fair for the thrill of it.

The prohibitive food prices, as a result of which we must munch to-day's sandwiches while viewing to-morrow's world outside its modernistic restaurants.

The admission price, justifiable for the first admission, perhaps, but prohibitive for many visits for most people, and what can you see in one or

two trips! The World of Tomorrow seems to be for a select group only; A WPA pavilion displaying "the wealth created by the skill and artistry for tomorrow, but let today take care of itself;

The juxtaposition around a "Court of Peace" of exhibits of nations at this moment bitterly warring upon each other;

Those gaping holes in the Fair—Spain and China, and incomplete Czechoslovakia (though her friends still hope to pull her exhibit through);

And, whereas it was possible to capture a cosmic ray to illumine the fair, all that could be done with six protesting restaurant pickets was to arrest them;

Therefore, we should prefer to have it frankly recognized that our social sciences still lag far behind our technical progress and to have the fair presented without such elaborate symbolism about the future which is all too remote in view of the present realities and conflicts.

It may be significant that the voice of the commentator seems lost in the vastness of that "greatest globe ever constructed," and the outlines of its "Democracy" are still far below us and very dim.—From the Women's Trade Union League Bulletin.

COMMUNIST EDITOR IS JAILED PENDING LIBEL PAYMENTS

NEW YORK.—Clarence Hathaway, Editor of the Communist newspaper, Daily Worker, was arrested last week and taken to Kings county jail in connection with a \$25,000 verdict against the paper in a libel suit filed by Mrs. Walter K. Liggett, wife of the slain Minneapolis editor.

The warrant served to the editor in his apartment stipulated that he was to remain in prison until the sum of \$2,672.11 was paid. Deputy Sheriff Hugh Breslin reported Hathaway told him he received only \$30 a week after deductions for alimony and party dues from his \$100 weekly salary.

Mrs. Liggett charged the Daily Worker falsely accused her and her husband of being foes of labor. Liggett, editor of the Midwest American, was slain Dec. 19, 1935, as he was about to appear before the state legislature to charge certain politicians with corruption.

HEARST'S NAZI PALS

Editors of Hearst publications have been notified by the Lord of San Simeon that "Winchell is unreliable" and Winchell's columns have been ordered censored — because he became interested in Democracy and dared to criticize "The Chief's Nazi heroes, calling them 'Ratzies.'"

ONE MINUTE TEST

1. Who had the longest reign in the annals of English history?
2. What book won the 1938 Pulitzer prize?
3. In 1910 what former kingdom was annexed by Japan?

ONE MINUTE TEST ANSWERS

1. Queen Victoria, who reigned 64 years.
2. "The Yearling," by Marjorie Kinnan Rawlings.
3. Korea.

By the streets of By and By one arrives at the house of Never.—Cervantes.

THE HORRORS OF WAR



REFLECTIONS

By RAYMOND S. HOFSES

AVERAGE AMERICANS WHO will be the dupes and cannon-fodder in the next war—when and if this nation enters the lists to "save the democracy"—should be interested in knowing the real gripe against Nazi Germany which afflicts British Prime Minister Chamberlain and his capitalist contemporaries in all other "have" nations including our own. I therefore advise the reading of an editorial in the pro-New Deal Philadelphia Record of July 25.

However, since it is certain that few Advocate readers will take the trouble to look up back numbers of a newspaper in these fast-moving times, I will quote the following revealing portion of the Record's contribution to a better understanding:

"Go down the record of German promises. Not only the promises of peace and non-aggression, but also the 'promises to pay.'"

"From the day of the invasion of the Rhineland to the final grab of Czechia, Hitler's word was proved as worthless as his bonds which have been rigged through blocked marks and other financial devices to defraud investors everywhere.

"Just one specific example. General Motors Corporation operates a plant in Germany. That plant earned \$4,000,000 last year, in addition to \$12,000,000 earned in previous years since Hitler—all of which money is lost to General Motors stockholders through Nazi exchange restrictions. The money just can't be taken out of Germany."

THERE IT IS! That's why Germany is hated and feared!

It's not a question of humanity. True, Nazi suppression of minorities is indefensible. But that wouldn't matter to the master capitalists of the world if Nazi economic practices were along the right line. The mutilation of black-skinned natives of the Congo at the behest of Belgian rubber capitalists didn't bar Belgium from high international society.

It's not a question of dictatorship. True, individual freedom has been destroyed in Naziland. But aren't the boasted "democracies" seeking alliances with dictators in Poland, Turkey, Rumania and Greece?

Cook County Party News

ZAM-SYMES DINNER SUNDAY, AUGUST 13

Herbert Zam, editor of the Socialist Review and Lillian Symes, well-known labor writer and author of "Rebel America," will be guest speakers at a dinner sponsored by the Cook County Socialist Party, Sunday, August 13, at 6 P. M. at Workers Lyceum Hall, 2733 W. Hirsch Ave. (1400 North.) Their subject will be "The Soviet Union Today."

Maynard Krueger will be chairman and Elizabeth Morgan, noted Socialist singer, will present several labor and folk songs.

Price per plate is 65 cents. Phone reservations in immediately to Harry Fleischman at State 3250.

DEBS LABOR SCHOOL

A group of thirty students have been regularly attending the classes at the Debs Labor School and much interest and enthusiasm has been aroused. Next Wednesday, August 9, at 7:30 P. M., Lillian Symes begins her course in "Labor and Socialist History." In addition, the course of Professor Oskar Lange, noted Socialist economist, on "Economic of Socialism and Capitalism," continues. Classes are held at 549 Randolph.

COUNTY SUSTAINING FUND

We hate to harp on this, comrades, but we need many more and much more substantial contributions to the County Sustaining Fund than we have been receiving during the summer. You all know that the summer is a bad time for Party finances—but the work of the Party must continue. As a matter of fact, many new activities have been undertaken—trade union, unemployed, cooperative, educational work, social affairs, etc. — and increased financial support must be forthcoming. Don't wait any longer. Dig deep (even if you've given before) and send in some money, as much as possible. Help build for Socialism.

MAKE THE CALL A WEEKLY

A drive has been launched by the NEC to ensure regular weekly publication of the "Socialist Call" by September. A great deal of response is coming from party members throughout the country. Every party branch has been asked to donate at least a dollar a month to the Call sustaining fund to help make it a weekly. At this writing, only the 5th Ward, Bohemian and North Side branches in Cook County have complied with this request. If your branch hasn't done so yet, raise this question at the next branch meeting. Make the CALL a weekly.

Nor is it a moral revolt against aggression which affronts the capitalist rulers of the world. For the compelling fact is that the rape of Czechia was a accomplished with the connivance and the blessing of "democracies" who had made pledges—as worthless as Hitler's—that Czechia should be preserved. Moreover, the history of the anti-Nazi nations is a history of aggression, with Britain heading the list. No greater international outrage can be assessed against Hitler's Germany than the war which Britain successfully waged to foist the opium habit upon millions of Chinese for the profit of a few British capitalists!

The reason for the hatred of Hitler is not that he is doing now what "respectable" capitalist rulers have been doing right along, but that he is playing the game without respect for the ganster rules of the capitalist racket. Instead of paying dividends to General Motors stockholders, he keeps the profits at home. Instead of giving private capital a free hand, Hitler has made capitalists the subjects of a totalitarian state which decrees what and how much shall be manufactured and where the private profits—if any—shall be invested.

LET'S UNDERSTAND IT. Even though there isn't much we can do about it, we may as well "know why" when our sons are called upon to sacrifice and die—to preserve democracy!

The Chamberlains of all nations could gladly welcome the socialization of people which has taken place under Hitler rule. But it's the socialization of things, along with the enslavement of the people—of industries, of capital and of profits—that brings the wrath of individualistic capitalists down upon Adolf Hitler.

The Record has given us a glimpse at the real grief. It should give enough to show us the true reason why war threatens. If millions of ordinary workers are called upon to fight and die it will not be to preserve moral values. It will be to collect some profits for investors.

And to stem the growth of an economy which enslaves capital along with labor!

Consumer Notes

A Column of Useful Household Information

Remedy for Poison Ivy: Laundry Soap

Remember these jingles if you want to stay clear of poison ivy when you're off for a jaunt in the out-of-doors: "Leaflets three—let it be."

But if you suspect you've brushed up against the poisonous leaves, then: "There is hope, in kitchen soap." This is not a guaranteed remedy, but it may relieve light cases.

You can tell poison ivy because its leaves are divided into three separate leaflets. When the leaves are mature, they're dark green on top, and lighter and sometimes velvety underneath. But in autumn they turn the most beautiful shades of scarlet and orange.

If you've come in contact with the plant, or have been cleaning it out, or even touch tools used to get rid of the plant, do this as soon as you can:

Wash with plain yellow laundry soap, with an excess of alkali. Work up a heavy lather on the exposed part of the skin, then rinse off the lather completely in running water. If you have no running water but use a basin, change the water often. Repeat the lathering process at least 3 or 4 times, and pay special attention to the hands and finger nails.

If you're too late and severe ivy poisoning develops, see a doctor.

Other home remedies on mild cases are sometimes effective. One is to wash with kitchen soap, then swab with a solution of Epsom salts or cooking soda. Or else swab with a 5 percent solution of potassium permanganate. You can apply these with light bandages, keeping them moist and changing frequently. Burn the bandages when you're through with them.

If you have poison ivy or poison sumac around your home and want to get rid of it, write the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for its free bulletin, "Poison Ivy and Poison Sumac and Their Eradication."

CRADLE OF LIFE

By LOUIS ADAMIC

Author of "The Native's Return" CRADLE OF LIFE is a perfect and inevitable development from THE NATIVE'S RETURN, for it takes a fascinating story only hinted at in the earlier book and sets it forth in all its magnificent proportions.

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By UPTON SINCLAIR

Those who use the church and religion as a source of income and a shield to privilege have much to fear from this book.

Powerful churches or fly-by-night sects — whoever selfishly profit by religion or prostitute it to serve the exploiting classes are shown up in their true colors. Sinclair spares no one nor does he mince words.

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