

# NOVA DOBA

(NEW ERA)

URADNO GLASILO AMERISKE BRATSKE ZVEZE — OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE AMERICAN FRATERNAL UNION



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## SPLOŠNI TEDENSKI PREGLED

### ZNAČILNI PISMI IZ EVROPE

**SLAVNOSTNI SPREJEM**  
V ponedeljek 18. junija je spel v naše glavno mesto Washington general Dwight D. Eisenhower, poveljnik zmagovalnih zvezniških armad na zapadni evropski fronti, in mesto ga je sprejelo s prekipevajočim nadvušenjem. Povorski po mestu je sledil sprejem v kongresni zbornici, kjer mu je predsednik Truman izročil poseben odlikovanje, in zvečer banket v Beli hiši. Drugi dan mu je še bolj bučen sprejem priredilo mesto New York, in v četrtek ga bo kot svojega najbolj odličnega meščana sprejelo malo mesto Abilene v Kansusu, kjer je njegov dom. Eisenhower v vsakem govoru poudarja, da sprejema izkazano mu čast v imenu vseh milijonov ameriških in zvezniških vojakov, ki so zmago izvojevali.

### VOJNA NA PACIFIKU

Japonski odpor na otoku Okinawa je bil v začetku tega tedna skoraj likvidiran. Boji se nadaljujejo na raznih krajih Filipinov in za posest velikega otoka Borneo. Velika industrijska mesta v pravi Japonski napadajo ameriški bombariki v vedno večjih rojih.

### PO VAŽNIH POSLIH

Predsednik Truman se privavlja na dve važni poti. Dne 23. junija namerava osebno pozdraviti delegacijo Združenih narodov, ki zboruje v San Francisco. Enkrat v juliju pa odpotuje k sestanku z maršalom Stalinom in premierjem Churchillom. Ta konferenca se bo vrnila v Berlin, oziroma pri Berlinu, toda datum iste še ni naznanjen. Sodi se, da bo na omenjeni konferenci postavljen temelj za bočno mirovno konferenco.

### MANJ NEZAUPANJA

Rusi so dejansko pokazali, da so prav tako željni dobro izhajati in sodelovati z nami, kot smo mi željni dobro izhajati z njimi. Tako se je izrazil predsednik Truman na nedavni konferenci s časnikarji. Pristavil je, da je njegov poseben poslanec Harry Hopkins v osebnih razgovorih z maršalom Stalinom odstranil razne resnične ali namisljene vzroke za medsebojno nezaupanje. Časnikarjem je priporočil, da naj ne kalijo vode po nepotrebem.

### IZGUBE LADIJ

Tekom vojne v Nemčiji so zaveznički in neutralci izgubili skupno 4,770 ladij. Anglija je izgubila 2,570 ladij. Zedinjene države pa 538. V tem pa niso vštete izgube v vojni z Japonci.

### VAREN PREVOZ

Za vojno v Evropi in Afriki je bilo iz Zedinjenih držav poslanih preko Atlantika nekaj nad 4,453,000 vojakov. Od tega ogromnega števila jih je vsled sovražnih akcij tekem prevoza izgubilo življence le 3,604. Te izgube so proporcionalno mnogo manjše kot so bile ob prilikih prve svetovne vojne. Potopljeni ali poškodovanih je bilo 41 vojaških transportnih ladij. To pokriva ves čas vojne z Nemčijo, od 8. decembra 1941 do 8. maja 1945.

### RIBBENTROP UJET

V Hamburgu so pretekli tehdni britiški vojaki našli in are-

### POTOVANJA NAJ SE OMEJJO

### ZADEVA TRSTA IN ZALEDJA

### ZDRAVSTVENO STANJE V EVROPI

### NAŠ GLAS IZ NEMČIJE

### Vsak po svoje

Naš administracija v Washingtonu poziva vse prebivalstvo dežele, da ne potuje z železnicami, če ni neobhodno potrebno. Potovanja so raznih vrst. Nekatera so absolutno potrebna in neodložljiva; nekatera so važna ali zaželjiva, pa se dajo odložiti; nekatera pa izhajajo iz nevažnih osebnih ali strankarskih interesov, in taka potovanja bi morala biti odložena z ozirom na transportnički problem dežele.

Američani so navajeni mnogo in daleč potovati; na počitnice, na obiske ter na sestanke raznih skupin. To je bilo v času miru pravilno in celo pripovedljivo. Tekom vojne pa je preobložnost železnice tolka, da so vse nepotrebna potovanje naravnost nepatriotična. Poleg tega potovanja po železnicah dandanes tudi niso udobna.

Posebno kritična pa je postala preobložnost železnic zdaj, ko je treba milijone vojakov prepeletati preko vse širine ameriškega kontinenta, od atlantske podatki o pacifične obale, kjer se bodo ukrcali na ladje, da jih odpromijo na pacificno fronto. Poleg vojaščev bo treba na sličen način prevoziti tudi ogromne množine vojnega materiala. V Washingtonu sodijo, da bo ta preobložnost železnic trajala 10 mesecev.

Predsednik Truman je izjavil, da bodo prilike za potovanja civilistov v tem času zelo zmanjšane in da bo za potovanje civilistov po železnicah vpeljano federalno racioniranje, če bo potrebno. Vojne potrebe imajo in morajo imeti prednost pred vsem drugim. Dosedaj takega racioniranja še nismo imeli, toda, če bodo civilisti silni na pot brez resnične potrebe in če bodo takci navalni civilistov ovirali vojaški promet, je gotovo, da bodo dobili racioniranje potovanja po železnicah.

Kdor torej nima res zelo važne vzroka za potovanje po železnicah, naj ostane doma. S tem si bo prihranil neizogibne nedobnosti potovanja in bo indirektno prispeval k čim hitrejši načini zmagi nad Japonci. Po končani vojni bomo spet lahko potovali, kolikor bomo hoteli, če bomo imeli čas in denar.

### PRIZNANJE VSEM

Američki general Eisenhower je bil vrhovni poveljnik vseh zvezniških armad na bojiščih zahodne Evrope. To se pravi, da so pod njegovo vrhovno komando spadale poleg ameriških tudi britiške, francoske in kanadske armade. In Eisenhower daje priznanje za zmago vsem.

Nedavno je ruski maršal Žukov izročil generalu Eisenhowemu najvišje rusko odlikovanje, "Red zmage," ki do takrat še ni bilo podeljeno nobenemu drugemu inozemcu. Pri tisti priliki je maršal Žukov izrekel visoko priznanje generalu Eisenhowemu, da bo takrat imela Jugoslavija na svoji strani pravico in prijatelji Jugoslavije.

Okupacijska uravnavava v Julijski Krajini v znaten meri za Jugoslavijo, kajti vse so partizani. Vsakdo med njimi, od malih otrok do starih žensk, so se borili za svobodo. Samo ko bi jih vi mogli videti — kako fin, pošten narod so. Navzite vojne, so še vedno čisti, tako na telesu kot na duhu. Ves čas, odkar sem v Evropi, nisem videl takega naroda, ki je napravil toliko s tako malim. Bog je v resnici že nim.

"Sedaj še ne morem iti v Ljubljano, toda upam, da bom mogel kmalu. Od tam nameravam iti k stari mami. Tukaj je vse lepo in mirno. Za nič ni treba skrbeti.

(Dalje na 5. strani)

Eksplozivna zadeva okupacije Julijanske Krajine je bila začasno rešena s kompromisom, ki je bil dosezen med maršalom Titom in poveljnikom zavezniških armad, maršalom Alexandrom. Kraji vzhodno od Pulja, Trsta, Gorice, Kobarida in Trbiža ostanejo pod jugoslovanskim upravo, medtem ko bodo kraji zapadno od te črte okupirani po anglo-ameriških četah. Toda v Trstu in okoličju bo ostalo do dva tisoč jugoslovenskih vojakov in na ozemlju, ki je okupirano po anglo-ameriških četah in ki ga bo Jugoslavija zahtevala zase, bodo ostale jugoslovenske civilne administracije, ki bodo za okupacijske oblasti zadovoljive.

Kolikor je mogoče iz dosedanjih poročil povzeti, bo jugoslovenska vojska kontrolirala odločno slovenski in hrvatski del pokrajine, anglo-ameriške armade pa bodo kontrolirale zapadni del, kjer žive Jugoslavani in Italijani pomešani. Jugoslovenske civilne administracije v tem zapadnem delu pokrajine bodo čuvale slovenske interese. To seveda je le za čas okupacije, dokler mirovna konferenca ne določi končnoveljalnih mej med Jugoslavijo in Italijo.

Po našem mnenju bi bilo pravilno, da jugoslovenska vojska tudi v tem prehodnem času kontrolira vse ozemlje, ki ga je sprovidala in ki po pravici prinaša Jugoslaviji. Tako je izjavil tudi jugoslovenski zvezni ministr dr. Šubašić, ki je dejal, da je bilo jugoslovensko vladstvo Trsta, Istre, Primorja in vse Jugoslavijo užaljeno vsled goričenj zavezniških zahtev, toda je pristalo v kompromis, da se ohrani mir, zanašajoč se, da bo mirovna konferenca ugodila upravičenim jugoslovenskim zahtevam.

Začasna rešitev sporne zadeve končno ni tako slaba kot bi mogla biti. Pravica Jugoslavije do dotičnega ozemlja pa zavezniških kader, kateri so se deloma slične zadeve v Grški in Siriji. Jugoslavani so se izkazali gentlemente in to jim bo pri mirovni konferenci dobro služilo. Italijanski imperialisti z začasno uravnavavo niso zadovoljni, kar znači, da za jugoslovensko stran ni preslab.

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Najbolj razširjena epidemija v Evropi je bila v tej vojni difterija ali davica. V letu 1943 je

Dalej na 5. str.

Zdравstveno stanje v Evropi je bilo omenjeno, da je urednik Nove Dobe dobil v pregled nekaj iztisov lista "Naš glas," ki izhaja v bivšem zloglasnem nacističnem koncentracijskem taborišču Buchenwald v Nemčiji, kjer so obenem poudarja, da najslabše morda še pride. Po prvi svetovni vojni so se bile razne kužne bolezni razpasle šele, ko so bile sovražnosti končane.

Pogoji za pojav epidemij so številni. V teh časih je v Evropi mnogo več beguncov in ljudi brez doma, brez prave hrane in pripomočkov za snago kot jih je bilo leta 1918. Prebivalstvo, ki ni bilo preseljeno, pa je vsaj v zapadni Evropi preživelovo vojno v priljčno dobrem stanju; umrljivost v Franciji se je celo nekoliko znižala. Kljub temu se je same razin epidemij znatno razmnožilo v dvanajstih deželah na evropskem kontinentu. Pojavile so se bile nekatere epidemije, toda vse so bile dosedaj ustavljene.

V letih 1943 in 1944 je bilo 712 primerov kuge v raznih Sredozemskih pristaniščih. Tifus je divjal pretekel zimo v jugovzhodni Evropi; samo v Moldaviji je bilo do 30,000 primerov tifusa. V Nemčiji, kjer je bil prej tifus nepoznan, je bilo leta 1943 do pet tisoč takih obolenj, včinoma med priseljenimi inozemskimi delavci. V Franciji in Belgiji pa sta bila znana samo dva primera te bolezni. Tudi v Rusiji je bilo zelo malo pojavorov tifusa, medtem ko so tekmo prejšnjem vojnim ruski vojaki umrli na tifusom v tisočih.

Osepnici ali koz je bilo leta 1941 v Italiji okrog 1,500 primerov, toda je za to boleznjivo umrlo samo šest oseb. Epidemija je divjala pretekel zimo v jugovzhodni Evropi; samo v Moldaviji je bilo v obraz in se z vsem veseljem pripravljajmo, da svobodni pohitimo v svobodno domovino.

Dalej na 5. str.

"Resnično, mnogi naši domovi so razrušeni. Toda mi imamo roke, voljo in sposobnost, da si zgradimo nove, lepše in udobnejše, kot so bili nekdanji. To bomo dosegli toliko lažje, ker so staro centralistično urejeno državo narodi sami spremeni v federalno urejeno Jugoslavijo, kjer vlada najširša demokracija.

"Še posebno za nas Slovence pomeni nova Jugoslavija ogromen korak naprej, kajti v združeno Slovenijo so vključeni tudi Trst, Gorica in Celovec. Bodimo srečni, da se lahko vrnemo v svojo svobodno zemljo. Domača čaka dovolj dela in jela. Tudi v popolnoma napačno, če prepiravamo s povratkom in bežimo vsak na svojo pest domov. S tem samo otežujemo našim oblastim kontrolo nad fašisti, ki bi se razdelili na kolena." Če bi Eisenhower ne bil to, kar je, bi ga izvestni pravničniki v tej deželi zaradi omenjene izjave gotovo nagnili s komunistom ali vsaj s sotnikom.

Sledča zgodbico poročajo iz Atlante. Policij, ki je dirigiral promet na cestnem križišču, je proti signalu spustil naprej procesijo 18 avtomobilov, o katerih je mislil, da sledijo pogrebnu sprevodu. Pozneje je ugotovil, da so vse tiste avtomobile šofirale ženske in da so sledile trku, ki je bil naložen z mesom. Vse so želele biti pri pogrebu dragego pokojnika.

V ameriškem časopisu smo več tednov čitali očitke in zgrajanja, da zakaj Jugoslavija ne dovoli inozemskim reporterjem vstopa v deželo. Namigavalo se je bolj ali manj jasno, da mora biti v deželi nekaj narobe. Nedavno pa smo čitali izjavo odličnega jugoslovenskega reprezentanta, da so jugoslovenske oblasti želele dobiti inozemski reporterje v deželo, toda jih angleške oblasti niso tega dovolile.

To pojasni, da je bila Anglija tista, ki ni hotela, da bi zunanjim svet izvedel o notranjih razmerah v Jugoslaviji. Ali ni nekoliko čudna ta angleška skrb za Jugoslavijo?

Iz Washingtona poročajo, da bomo v bodoče dobivali nekoliko več košturnovega mesa. Pa ne, da bi se v Washingtonu ravnali po geslu: svoji k svojim!

Slišali smo, da je bilo nekaj prerekjanja med zavezniški, kako velik kos Nemčije naj pripade v okupacijo eni ali drugi državi.

"Jugoslaviani, Jugoslovanke! Vojna je končana. Vsled sijajnih zmag Rusije, Zedinjenih držav in Anglije nad nemškim fizičnim smo rešeni iz rok fašističnih zločincev. Prišel je dolgo pričakovani dan našega povratka v domovino. Junaška narodno-ovsobodilna vojska z maršalom Titom na čelu je ovsobodila

Dalej na 2. strani)

Jugoslavija hoče samo tisti del Koroške, kjer bivajo Slovenec, Trst je pa samo italijanski otok v slovenskem morju, je izjavil dr. Leontić.

Dalej na 2. strani)

V izdaji preteklega tedna je bilo omenjeno, da je urednik Nove Dobe dobil v pregled nekaj iztisov lista "Naš glas," ki izhaja v bivšem zloglasnem nacističnem koncentracijskem taborišču Buchenwald v Nemčiji, kjer so obenem poudarja, da najslabše morda še pride. Po prvi svetovni vojni so se bile razne kužne bolezni razpasle šele, ko so bile sovražnosti končane.

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# JUVENILE DEPARTMENT



## Ely Review

By Margaret M. Startz

Ely, Minn.—My cousin, Capt. Lawrence Golobich, of this city and who is also a member of the AFU, was mentioned by Walter Ridder, war correspondent in Germany for the Duluth News-Tribune, as taking part in the battle of Nuremberg. A company commander, Golobich and his outfit had fought their way through the Southern suburbs of the center of the town and all admitted the fighting had been tough. The toughest spot, Golobich said, was a tunnel under a railroad. Every time an American poked his head out to take a look at the underpass, the Jerries let him have it. Golobich solved the problem by sending a squad around the flanks and coming at the Krauts from the rear.

When interviewed, Golobich was eating some strawberries which had come from a captured refrigerator warehouse in Nuremberg, and was avidly reading his mail which just had been brought up to that advanced outpost. He didn't appear to have just completed three days of battle, Ridder said.

This year's Memorial Day services were held here in honor of 41 servicemen who gave their lives in this war and for the 68 deceased veterans of the first World War and other wars. The School Glee Club, of which I am a member, sang at the memorial services.

Richard Domanoski, 14 years old, has a huge fish which he caught at Shagawa Lake and which is displayed in the window of Joseph Kovach's Grocery store. I am sure Mr. Kovach doesn't need an introduction to you for he is an active member of the AFU.

S/Sgt. Jack Gianotti was slightly wounded on April 30th. He is confined to a hospital in France. He entered the service in Nov. 1942. In January of this year he was sent overseas. His wife is the former Miss Margaret Mantel. Her father, Mr. Mantel, served for a number of years on the AFU Supreme Board and was one of the organizers of the AFU. Mr. and Mrs. Gianotti have a five-month old daughter, Mary Elizabeth. The Gianotti family are all members of the AFU.

Pfc. Nick Starkovich was seriously wounded on April 23rd. He is now confined to a hospital in England.

A fire broke out at the Carl Kueger home due to the explosion of a gasoline stove. Mrs. Kueger and son and a neighbor, Mrs. Matt Bobone are in the hospital with third degree burns. They are reported to be recovering. Mr. John Gnidica, 77, collapsed of a heart attack as he attempted to save his household goods from the fire. Mr. Gnidica was a charter member of the AFU. Surviving are his wife, seven daughter and nine grandchildren. I wish to extend his family my heart-felt sympathies.

Attention Mr. Anton Terboeck: Read your fine article, "The Last Kiss" and it was indeed an interesting story. I enjoyed it very much.

Pfc. Gilbert Zbasnik is home on furlough and is looking fine. You will remember the story of his capture and liberation appeared last month in the Nova Doba, also in the Ely Miner.

Our juvenile correspondent, Johnny Cecelic, 21070 North Vine St., Euclid 19, Ohio, was struck by an automobile and will have to spend some time in bed, which I am sorry to hear. Johnny, I wish you a speedy recovery and hope to see another article from you on the juvenile page, soon. I know Johnny would like to hear from other juveniles, so write to him now. There is nothing like a letter to cheer one up. So how about it boys and girls?

Until next month when I'll be back again with more news, I'll say so long everyone!

Eager Beaver



## Vacation Time

The grammars and the spellers,  
The pencils and the slates,  
The books that hold the fractions  
And the books that tell the dates,  
The crayons and the blackboards,  
And the maps upon the wall,  
Must all be glad together,  
For they won't be used till Fall.

They've had to work like beavers,  
To help the children learn;  
And if they want a little rest,  
It surely is their turn.  
They shut their leaves with pleasure,

The dear old lesson books,  
And the crayons and the blackboards  
Put on delighted looks.

So, children, just remember  
When you are gone away,  
Your poor old slates and pencils,  
Are keeping holiday.

The grammars and the spellers  
Are as proud as proud can be  
When the boys forsake the schoolroom  
And the teacher turns the key.

—Margaret Sangster

## My Girl Friend

Toni and I were sweethearts,  
But we quarreled and she went away.  
I prayed that she would return,  
But she went away to stay.

Now I am alone and weary,  
And all the sunshine is gone.  
Each day is endless and dreary,  
And I am so all alone.

Was that a knock at the door,  
Dear Lord, I pray that it be.  
Alas, it was only a dream,  
Oh why did this happen to me?

I miss you, my Toni, my darling,  
And if a sad boy's life you would save.  
Come back to me, my angel,  
Or soon I will be in my grave.

Now this is the end of my story,  
I'll just sit down and wait.  
To live or die broken-hearted,  
Only you can decide my fate.

P. S.—Every Sunday we listen to "Sagebrush Serenade," a strictly western program which features songs of the sage and the saddle and suddenly I had an urge to write a cowboy song. How do you like it?

Very sincerely,  
John Balint, (Age: 13)  
Lodge No. 162, AFU  
Enumclaw, Wash.

**CANDID SHOT**  
Customer—How do you want me to sit for this picture? Do you want me to just look natural?

Photographer—No, look intelligent!

A.W.O.L.

Sarge—Now, in case of emergency, the first thing you do is put on the brake.

Recruit—I thought that came with the truck!

## AUNT MARY'S GARDEN



One day last week your Aunty Mary was out in the back yard cleaning out the flowers and there, quite unexpectedly, made the acquaintance of Joe and Millie Ant. A large stone was overturned and there frightened and bewildered stood Joe and Millie. Their hundreds of children were scurrying back and forth, some fleeing to safety, others hurriedly picking up the babies and moving them to another part of their home. Joe and Millie were trembling with anger and fear at having the peace and quiet of their home so rudely upset.

"Just because you are so much bigger than we are," they bitterly cried, "you think you can come around and disrupt our home life. What have we done to deserve this terrible fate? Why have you taken the roof off our heads?"

Naturally, I was stunned for a moment by the bitter attack but I soon gathered my wits about me and commenced in a very sweet manner to rectify the wrong that I had so unconsciously committed.

"Please tell me your name," I pleaded with the larger ant. "Honestly, I meant no harm and I am sure we can talk this over. I was only cleaning out the flowers," I explained, "and accidentally overthrew the stone. I had no idea you had built your home here."

"One strange type of house built by the carpenter house," she replied. This is usually built in an old decayed stump. Sometimes the stump is very large but the ants make rooms and tunnels throughout the wood. Large piles of sawdust can be found around the house."

"In the jungles of Africa and South America ants build the flower-ball houses," she continued. "The homes are built in trees, away from the wet jungle floor. The houses are made of mud and flower seeds. As the flowers grow the roots are like cords of wire holding the mud house together. They raise mushrooms for food. Then some ants live in leaf houses," she went on. "The leaves are held together by the silken thread of the pupae."

"Let me tell you about some of the different types of ants," said Joe Ant. "The harvester ants live in holes in the ground. They make paths leading to the fields where they get their grain for food. They cut the seed from stalks and carry it to their homes for winter use."

"Mushroom farmers," he went on, "live on the mushrooms they raise. The ants carry leaves to their underground rooms, which they chew up and make a type of paste. Into this the mushrooms are planted and tended until they are ready to use."

Joe and Millie Ant went on and on. They told about the Army ants, the Cattle Keepers, Honey Saver ants, and the slavemakers. It would take too long to tell you about all of them today.

One very important thing I learned from my interview with Joe and Millie Ant. They always go forward, they never look back. When their home is destroyed or upset as I had upset the home of Joe and Millie, they don't throw up their arms in despair and weep and moan. They set out immediately to repair the damages and to rebuild their home. No discouragement is so great that they will cease their effort to continue on. They are banded together somewhat in the same manner as human beings are banded together in fraternalism. When an ant home is invaded by human hands the ants attack the invader and fight. As soon as the invader leaves, they call together all their helpers and working shoulder to shoulder they are

in a very short while an ant hill may soon on their feet again. So it is

## JUVENILE SPOTLIGHT

Last month the AFU juvenile spotlight pointed to a new contributor to our page. She is Miss Angela Barun, member of Lodge No. 233, AFU of Delagua, Colo. The American Fraternal Union has awarded her efforts by naming her the winner of the \$1.00 award for the month of May. We hope she will keep on writing to our page!

Honorable mention goes to Master Johnny Cecelic, member of Lodge No. 132, AFU of Euclid, Ohio for his fine story about the wild rabbits in his yard. By the way, Johnny is the AFU juvenile in his yard. A little accident last month. He was struck by an automobile while on his way to school. Your editor paid him a visit and was glad to learn he was not seriously injured. Hope you'll be up and around soon, Johnny!

Honorable mention goes also to Master John Balint, member of Lodge No. 162, AFU of Enumclaw, Wash., for his lovely poem, "Lake Lucerne." John is quite a poet and we are glad to hear from him. Keep up the good work, John!

The rest of you juveniles are all invited to write to our page. Now that vacation time is here, you'll have more time to write. Let's hear about how you plan to spend this vacation time!

FRANCES ERZEN, Associate Editor

## Let's Have a Party!

### Continued Story:

A paper is passed around. Each player writes the answer to the question read aloud by the leader. After writing, he folds the paper over so his words cannot be seen, and passes it on to the next person.

Here are the questions:

1. What is the hero's name?
2. What was he wearing?
3. What was the heroine's name?
4. What was she wearing?
5. Where did they meet?
6. What did he say?
7. What did she say?
8. What happened next?
9. How did it end?
10. What did everyone say?

Remember only the questions are asked aloud, the answers are written by the guests, one at a time, so no one knows what the other wrote. When the story is finished, the leader reads it aloud. It usually is very funny and often it doesn't make sense but it's a lot of fun.

### Utilizes Rays

The human eye utilizes in seeing only about 10 per cent of the rays in sunshine.

Useful letter and puzzle book for which I thank her very much. Mrs. Frances Erzen, our editor, came to the hospital to see me and brought me two nice toys and a book.

Please juveniles, don't forget to WRITE! Fraternally yours,  
John Cecelic Jr. (Age: 9 years)  
Lodge No. 132, AFU  
Euclid, Ohio

Delagua, Colo.—Dear Juveniles: This is my first letter to the Nova Doba. I am 10 years old and have passed to the sixth grade. I like school but I'm glad that we have a vacation from our studies.

A few weeks ago my sister, Angela, wrote a letter to the Nova Doba and it was her first letter. Although we haven't written before, we read the English section every week and Mother reads us the Slovenian. I intend to write more now that school is out and I don't have any homework.

Most of the readers of the Nova Doba know that we lost our beloved Father on April 15th. We miss him very much. I remember the way he and I would sit for hours in the sun and just talk or of the many times we would shovel snow off the walks. These and many other dear memories of him I shall always remember.

I am spending this part of my vacation now with my Aunt Jennie. It's great fun down here because she lives on a small ranch. Of course it isn't really a ranch anymore because all the boys that used to run it are now in the army. But everything a ranch needs is still here waiting until they come home. Right now it's just a nice place to spend a vacation.

Aunt Jennie has a little boy, Donald, and besides him there is also a nephew, Henry, and his grandmother, Henry and I have a great time together. We have a 1925 Model-T Ford and are trying to fix it, but it sure needs a lot of

with fraternalism. When you are down and out your brothers are always "Johnny-on-the-spot" to lend a helping hand. So boys and girls because she lives on a small ranch. Of course it isn't really a ranch anymore because all the boys that used to run it are now in the army. But everything a ranch needs is still here waiting until they come home. Right now it's just a nice place to spend a vacation.

Then the man who was driving the car that hit me carried me into the house. The police car took me to the hospital and I was there four days and three nights. I had very good care as my mother was my private nurse day and night. It was rather nice at the hospital but it's a whole lot nicer at home. If you think you can ever beat a car when you cross the street, you are badly mistaken. Be careful! I learned my lesson the hard way.

I want to thank the juvenile members and friends who sent me beautiful cards and letters. Betty Opeka sent me a nice letter and card. (Don't forget to write to the Juvenile Page, Betty!) Margaret Startz sent me a card, letter and photo of her beautiful song. Her mother wrote the words to it—"Our Soldier Boy." A "Friend from Gowanda," New York also wrote to me. Aunty Mary sent me a beau-

tiful letter and puzzle book for which I thank her very much. I was very glad to receive both and want to thank her very much for them.

In the near future I would like to put a picture of myself in the Nova Doba. Right now I do not have any as films are so hard to get. However, as soon as I can get some I will send one in.

I would have liked to go somewhere to spend part of my vacation time, but now that my mother is alone, I am going to stay home with her.

I hope that I shall see more letters in the Nova Doba written by the juveniles. Best regards to all. Sincerely,

Angela Barun (Age: 12 years)  
Lodge No. 233, AFU  
Delagua, Colo.

Dear Juveniles: Now that vacation is here you should have a lot of spare time to write to Nova Doba. Every time the Juvenile Page comes out we look for letters and stories from a lot of you but not very many of you are loyal to the Page. Why don't you write and tell us how you plan to spend your vacation?

My brother and I are going to spend one week at the beach and our mother has promised to take us on a tour of some of our larger cities during her vacation in July. And part of our vacation will be spent at the Flaming Geyser Park where we have a job to take care of their riding horses. The park is only about a quarter of a mile from our place and the owner says we can borrow any one of his horses to ride during the week if we want to ride into Enumclaw which is about five miles away. We have a nice riding horse of our own and a saddle which was given to us. Today we are having our horse shod and then we want to get a new bridle and bit and we will be all set for the summer.

Next year I will be a student at our local Junior High school. I graduated from the grade school last week. I had a straight "A" on my report card and my teacher complimented me for the good grades. She said that it has been a long time that she made out such a report card. We had a contest to see who would make the best scrapbook on the state of Washington for "Open House" and I won. Only one was selected from the three upper grades. I received "A" with two pluses on the book.

We were sorry to hear of Johnny Cecelic's misfortune. I hope he will be well soon so he can write to our page again and so he can enjoy his vacation. Hello, Johnny!

Gene Balint (Age: 12 years)  
Lodge No. 162, AFU  
Enumclaw, Wash.

**VIRGIL**  
By LEN KLEIS



## REG'LAR FELLERS—Swing Shift



## AMERICAN FRATERNAL UNION

Founded July 18, 1898  
HOME OFFICE: ELY, MINNESOTA

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## Light of Liberty

It was VE night. The announcer's voice said, "Now, at this moment, for the first time since the blackout after Pearl Harbor, the torch of the Statue of Liberty burns again!"

Radiant once more, the 60-year-old Lady of Liberty in New York harbor is preparing to welcome her fighting men. Day or night now, she's the sight they'll look for, the first glimpse of home, symbol of America and freedom. The tablet crooked in her arm, dated July 4, 1776, means law; the severed chain at her feet is the broken shackle of tyranny.

The scales show she weighs

225 tons, she measures 152 feet from tip to toe, and has 8-foot long fingers. Liberty's home on Bedloe Island in New York Bay covers two and a half acres. And she stands — appropriately, on a fortress. Fort Wood, an old army installation, serves as a base for her pedestal.

Fellows who drive with one hand are usually headed for a church aisle. Some will walk down it, some will be carried.

The most dangerous curves are those sitting beside the driver!

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The former Jasenovac prisoners think that of the several thousands of men, women and children, only about 150 remain alive. The who failed to escape were taken to the Sava river, shot and thrown into the stream. The entire camp was dynamited and the remains of the prisoners can still be seen throughout the camp.

"Altogether about 800,000 persons have been murdered in the Jasenovac camp," the broadcast concluded.

Mr. and Mrs., here's a reminder rhyme for you, from the Cleveland Safety Council and the National Safety Council: A Mr. and Mrs. named Moore Have accident troubles galore.

Since he fell from a ladder He's wiser; they're sadder. His pay stopped when he flopped to the floor!

## Miss Pavlich Married in San Diego



Soudan, Minn. — A beautiful wedding took place recently at St. Patrick's church in San Diego, Calif. The former Miss Mary Pavlich was wed to Sgt. Anthony Inzerello, U. S. Marine Corps, son of Mr. Joseph Inzerello of Chicago, Ill. Mrs. Inzerello is the daughter of Mr. Jacob Pavlich, president of Lodge No. 5, AFU of Soudan, Minn.

Attendants at the wedding were Miss Angela Pavlich, maid of honor, and bridesmaid, Miss Irene Pavlich who are now in San Diego. The flower girl was Carol Lee Matson, niece of the bride. The best man was M. Sgt. Edward Mega, U. S. Marine Corps of Boston, Mass., and the usher was Mike Percheren, U. S.

Marine Corps of Gilbert, Minn. The bride and bridesmaids as well as the entire Pavlich family are members of the American Fraternal Union.

Congratulations to the newlyweds and much luck and best wishes to them for the future.

(Photo cut through courtesy of the family.)

## Jugoslavs Describe Horrors of Nazi Camps

Washington — The Jugoslav radio, in a recent broadcast recorded for the Office of War Information by FCC monitors, gave an account of conditions in the Nazi concentration camp at Jasenovac, as revealed by two survivors after the Second Jugoslav Army had entered the town.

"Nikola Kalinic of Deljevo, in the Sarajevo region, and Ilia Pentelic of Benkovac miraculously remained alive when, on March 22nd, they saw the Ustashi mining all the barracks in the camp, and attempted to attack their tormentors in order to escape," the broadcast related. "Several thousand men, women and children rushed toward the camp's gate. The Ustashi fired at them with machine guns, and a large number of persons was killed. The terrific fire failed to stop the prisoners. Crowds of people rushed the gates over the corpses of fallen prisoners."

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## LUSCIOUS LADIES By Harry C. Wood



HARRY C. WOOD ©

"I'm not being catty—but—they know ALL of her father's money is invested in War Bonds!"

## Central European News

### Jugoslavs Face Tremendous Rehabilitation Task With Courage

Washington.—Jugoslavia, "a vital young country determined to make a success of the future," is as terribly devastated as any nation overrun by the war, said Allan Hall, deputy director of the UNRRA mission in Jugoslavia at a recent press conference in Belgrade.

One village visited by Hall had changed hands 48 times during the war and had "ceased to exist," the UNRRA official was quoted as declaring in the interview relayed to the Office of War Information.

"There are valleys inhabited entirely by women because all the men have been killed; in one such valley the supplies of clothing are so pitiable that the women never leave their homes in daylight, and work in the fields by night. In Sarajevo, swollen by an influx of 80,000 refugees from the villages, there are 100,000 people at starvation level, and in Zagreb there are 200,000.

"Many deaths were caused by typhus, although the magnificent work of the U. S. Typhus Commission under General Fox has saved probably 500,000 lives and prevented epidemics. In addition," Hall declared, "hospitals are crowded with victims of mines and tank traps, which will probably take more than three years to clear from the fields."

"British-American military liaison, which entered Jugoslavia early in 1945, in three months brought 55,000 tons of food, medical supplies, clothing and 1,200 vehicles into the country through the only two usable ports. UNRRA took over from military liaison on April 15, 1945. During May, as harbor facilities improved, it imported 45,000 tons of relief supplies," Hall said, adding that the schedule calls for 55,000 tons in June, 65,000 tons in July and 110,000 tons in August.

Greatest problem is distribution inside Jugoslavia, where the few roads across the mountains are designed for donkeys rather than trucks, and the railways are so thoroughly blasted that it will take years to restore them. Military authorities in Italy are releasing a further allocation of 2,000 trucks for Jugoslavia, Hall revealed, "but it is feared that at least one-third of the population will be below the subsistence level for the next 18 months."

After transport, the most urgent problem is clothing, and UNRRA expects to import 20,

tons of raw wool and cotton in time to relieve the critical situation before next winter. Many Jugoslav women do their own spinning and weaving, and the mills in the cities are in better condition than was expected.

Members of the Jugoslav government are doing a "tremendous job of organization which calls for our highest admiration and praise," Hall said. They ask UNRRA for supplies only, and have undertaken to organize all the health, welfare and distribution agencies themselves. They are acting with "courage and tremendous vitality," and "it is a privilege to see the spirit of these people," he declared, adding that "the government distributes relief supplies with complete fairness, regardless of the recipient's political or religious views."

### Nameni ujedinjenega odbora Južnoslovenski Američanov

V drugi svetovni vojni so dali američki južni Slovani s svojim konstruktivnim delom svoj maksimum za izvojevanje zmage Ujedinjenih narodov nad tiranijo nacifasizma. Organizirani Američani južno-slovenskega porekla še nadalje doprinošajo svojo krepko podporo v tej dodatni vojni ameriškega naroda proti japonskemu militarizmu.

Zato je prizadevanje demokratičnega dela našega naroda v Ameriki dobitilo, kakor je znano, zasluženo priznanje visokih krovov v Washingtonu.

Brez dvoma je, da leže uspehi našega naroda v organizaciji in edinstvu. To se je najbolj manifestiralo v tej vojni, kljub pozkusnim naporom raznovrstne nasprotniške propagande.

Nacionalni kongresi naših narodov v Ameriki so častno izpolnili svojo nalogo. Vrhunc uspeha njihovega dela je bilo osnovanje Ujedinjenega odbora južno-slovenskih Američanov. Pet kongresov je povezalo svoje konstruktivne sile v tem odboru. Na kongresu naših narodov se je uveljavilo njihovo edinstvo, katero je z aktivnostjo Ujedinjenih nadalje izgrajeno in izpeljano delo. Nasprotniki edinstva našega naroda niso uspeli s svojimi peklenskimi nameni, kljub vsemi svoji slinstni propagandi.

Delo Ujedinjenega odbora je povezalo pozitivne sile nacionalnih kongresov in jih je priprljalo iz njihovih ožjih domen v široko politično javnost ameriško. S tem je Ujedinjeni odbor postal reprezentativna organi-

## SPLOŠNI TEDENSKI PREGLED

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

tirali Joachima von Ribbentrop, bivšega zunanjega ministra Hitlerjeve Nemčije. Skrival se je v nekem tamkajšnjem boardinghousu nad šest tednov. Ribbentrop je zadnji veliki nacijski veljak, ki je bil še na prostem, z morebitno izjemo Hitlerja, o katerem še ni ugotovljeno, da li je živ ali mrtev.

### POLJSKO VPRAŠANJE

Poljsko vprašanje, ki že dolge meseci vzdiguje mnogo prahu, se je pretekli teden vsaj nekako približalo rešitvi. Iz Bele hiše v Washingtonu je bilo izdano poročilo, da so bili pozvani h konferenci v Moskvo 4 zastopniki poljske provizorične vlade v Varšavi, 5 demokratičnih poljskih voditeljev iz Poljske in 3 demokratičnih poljskih voditeljev iz inozemstva. Ti zastopniki naj se skušajo zediniti za sestavo nove poljske provizorične vlade, katero bodo mogle priznati vlade Zedinjenih držav, Rusije in Anglije. Dosedaj je od Amerike in Anglije priznava poljska zamejna vlada v Londonu, od Rusije pa provizorična vlada v Varšavi. Za sklicanje omenjene konference so se zedinile vlade Zedinjenih držav, Rusije in Anglije.

### FRANCIJA POPUSTILA

Po daljših pogajanjih med francosko provizorično vlado in zaveznško okupacijsko komando v Italiji je general De Gaulle pristal v odpoklic francoskih čet iz dela Italije, ki ga je bila Francija okupirala. Dotični kra-

(Dalje na 6. strani)

## ZDRAVSTVENO STANJE V EVROPI

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

bilo samo v Nemčiji okrog 300,000 primerov davice; v Nizozemski so v zadnjih treh letih zabeležili 150,000 slučajev. Davica je bila nenavadno hudega značaja in je običajno zdravljenje ni vselej ustavilo. Značilno je, da je davica napadla nenavadno veliko število odraslih oseb.

Poročilo UNRRA poudarja, da je zdravstveno stanje prebivalstva trpelo skoro deset let zaradi prve svetovne vojne, dasi je vojna trajala le štiri leta. V nekaterih ozirih je pogled v bodočnost z ozirom na epidemijo temnejši kot je bil leta 1918, toda zdravniška veda ima danes mnogo boljše pripomoko za zatiranje istih kot jih je imela pred četrstoletjem. Tako obstaja ja upanje, da posledice sedanje vojne z ozirom na ljudsko zdravje ne bodo hujše kot so bile po prvi svetovni vojni.

### PRIZNANJE VSEM

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

imenoval enega samega vojaka.

"Vsi mi, ki pošteno mislimo, hočemo, da preprosti ljudje vse narodov dobijo prilike, katere smo jim z našim bojevanjem zagotoviti.

"Jaz mislim, da pri tej mizi nisi enega edinega moža, ki ne bi bil pripravljen dati nazaj vse časti, vso publicete vse družgo, kar mu je vojna prinesla, če bi mogel s tem odvrniti gorje in trpljenje in zadolžitve, ki jih je ljudstvo povzročila ta vojna."

### VLOGE

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Sprejemamo osebne in društvene vloge.

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# DOPISI

Denver, Colo.—Prihodnjo nedeljo, 24. junija, bo Slovenski dom v Denverju priredil piknik na lastnem dvořišču, 4464 Washington St. Pričetek bo ob drugi uri popoldne in se bo nadaljevalo, dokler nam ne bo zmanjkalno ječmenovca in drugih dobrih ter okusnih okrepil. Odbor bo pazil, da bo vsem izvrstno postreženo, zato vladno vabimo vse članice in članice, ki spadajo k enemu ali drugemu izmed sedmih delničarskih društev, kakor tudi ostale rojake in rojakinje v Denverju in okolici, da se gotovo udeležijo.

Slovenski dom spada nam vsem, zato je pa tudi naša dolžnost, da ga vsi podpiramo in po svojih zmožnostih pripomoremo, da bomo uglednega dne zgradili lepši in modernejši Dom, kateri bo nam vsem v ponos, kakor tudi v ponos našim potomcem, da bodo z veseljem povedali ostalem svetu, da izhajajo iz dobrega slovenskega naroda, katerim bomo zapustili lep spomenik v obliki takega Slovenskega doma, kakršen se spodobi naši lepi denverski slovenski naselbini.

Zatorej še enkrat vladno prosim in vabim v imenu naše naselbine, da se gotovo vsi udeležite te veselice, ter pripeljite s seboj vašo prijatelje in znanec, da bomo vsaj enkrat vsi skupaj ter na ta način videli, koliko nas je v tej naselbini in v njeni okolici. Vstopnina je prosta.—Bratski pozdrav!

Anton Jersin,  
predsednik doma.

Duluth, Minn.—Vsem tistim, ki domnevajo, da podpisani imam ali sem imel kako plačano delo v St. Mary's bolnišnici tukaj v Duluthu, naj povem, da temu ni tako. Jaz sem tukaj, kadar sem v Minnesotu (ker včasih grem na potovanje), že od leta 1930. In plačano imam za svojo postrežbo v obči, to kar v naprej, pa če sem tukaj ali ne. In, če komu storim kako uslužbo, jo storim kot svojemu rojaku ali sobratu. Od nobenega še nisem zahteval in ne zahtevam nič.

Rojak in član društva št. 109 ABZ v Keewatinu, Minn., ki je bil v bolnišnici od 7. maja, se je podal domov. Dnevno sem ga obiskoval in sem ga tudi spremil na postajo, ko se je vračal domov, ker se radi slabostni ni odpeljal z busom, ampak z vlakom.

Matija Pogorelc.

Waukegan-North Chicago, Ill.—Društveni predsedniki in predsednice v teh naselbinah, in ravno tako gotovo število zavednih rojakov in rojakinj sedaj pobirajo članarino od onih rojakov in rojakinj, kateri želijo ostati pri SANSovi organizaciji pri zaključnem delovanju v dobrobit jugoslovenskega naroda.

Vsek, kateri želi ostati član, je prošen, da prispeva letno članarino za 1945, in to je v vsoti \$2.00. Pri plačevanju te članarine je upravičen vsak član ali članica, da dobi znamko, katero je SANS izdal. Vsi, kateri so že prejeli eno znamko v spričevalo plačane članarino, so za to leto dobrostoječi člani.

SANS vedno potrebuje finančne pomoči, in vsakdo, ki bi želel kaj prispevati, več kakor članarino, je vabljen in prošen, da to storí.

Rojaki in rojakinje teh naselbin so prošeni, da sodelujejo pri tem pobiranju članarine.— Za odbor podružnice št. 36 SANS:

J. Zore.

Chisholm, Minn.—Zapisnik zborovanja federacije društev Ameriške bratske zveze v državi Minnesota, ki se je vršilo 27. maja 1945 v Evelethu, Minn.—

Predsednik odpre sejo točno ob eni uri popoldne s primernim pozdravom. Prečitana so imena odbornikov in zapisnik prejšnje seje; zapisnik sprejet kot čitan. Tajnik čita imena društvenih poslov.

zastopnikov. Društva zastopajo slediči bratje in sestre: št. 1: Charles Merhar in Frak Tomšič; št. 2: Anton Knapp in Frank Bacher; št. 25: Andrej Kušler in Filip Fister; št. 30: Anton Hren, Louis Ambrožič in Frank Tekavec; št. 129: Mary Benko, Johana Kolenc in Mary Merhar; št. 200: John Otrin in Joseph Mertel; št. 230: Mary Zurga, Katarina Petrovšič in Teerzija Gerzin. Navzoč je tudi glavni tajnik Anton Zbašnik.

Tajnik federacije izjavlja, da je razočaran, ker je tako malo število društev zastopanih na tem zborovanju.

Sestra zapisnikarica poroča: "Federacije so zelo potrebne. Pred zadnjim konvencijo smo razmotrivali glede izboljšanja točk pravil, nakar smo predložili naša priporočila konvenciji, ki jih je, razen ene, vse odobrila. Sedaj, vsem članom ni še nobena konvencija ustregla, tako jim ni niti zadnja, posebno kar se tiče bolniške podpore. Hvala vsem, ki so sodelovali z nasveti pri minnesotski federaciji. Delegati na konvenciji smo skušali narediti vse najboljše za korist članstva."

Tajnik federacije poroča, da so znašali izdatki za zadnje zborovanje \$30; in blagajni ostane \$241.03. Nadzorniki poročajo, da so pregledali knjige tajnika in blagajnika in jih našli v redu. Porocila odbornikov in nadzornikov se sprejme. Sledi poročila odbornikov in nadzornikov.

Zastopnik društva št. 1 poroča, da naj bi se federacijske seje vrstile le enkrat na leto v teh vojnih časih; ako bi prišlo kaj važnega, pa naj ima tajnik pravico sklicati izredno sejo. Zastopnik društva št. 25 poroča glede kampanje vpisovanja članov v mladinski oddelki; pri vpisu drugorodec je včasih precej truda s kolektanjem asesmentov.

Zastopnik društva št. 30 poroča, da bo v obči, to kar v naprej, pa če sem tukaj ali ne. In, če komu storim kako uslužbo, jo storim kot svojemu rojaku ali sobratu. Od nobenega še nisem zahteval in ne zahtevam nič. Zatome je v članu, ki je bil v bolnišnici od 7. maja, se je podal domov. Dnevno sem ga obiskoval in sem ga tudi spremil na postajo, ko se je vračal domov, ker se radi slabostni ni odpeljal z busom, ampak z vlakom.

Matija Pogorelc.

Glavni tajnik poudarja, da so federacijski sestanki potrebni in koristni za vse članstvo ABZ. Navede vzroke, zakaj pravila še niso tiskana. Dalje pove, da se je "surprise party" za 50-letnico gl. predsednika dobro obnesla, da je nameč prinesla v aprilu 275 novih članov mladinskemu oddelku, medtem, ko jih je bilo v prejšnjem mesecu vpisanih le 97. Apelira, da gremo vse na delo in pridobimo kar največ novih članov v oba oddelka. Tajnikom priporoča, da pridobivajo mladino za vstop v ABZ, ker nužne take in boljše ugodnosti kot katere koli zavarovalninska družba. Na vprašanje, kako bi se moglo dobiti nazaj člane-vojake, ki so prenehali plačevati iz gotovih vzrokov, pa bi sedaj radi prišli nazaj v Zvezno, pojasni glavni tajnik, da je to izvedljivo, ako imajo njihovi certifikati kačo vrednost; pove tudi, kako naj se postopa v takih slučajih. Porocila in priporočila glavnega tajnika se sprejemejo.

## SPLOŠNI TEDENSKI PREGLED

(Nadaljevanje s 5. strani)

ji so ob meji, kjer živi francosko in italijansko prebivalstvo posmešano, in ki jih bo Francija na mirovni konferenci zahtevala zase. Do takrat bodo ostale pod okupacijo anglo-ameriških čet. Vsi italijanski zakoni, ki so bili naperjeni proti francoskemu jeziku in kulturi, bodo nemudoma ukinjeni. Zdi se, da so francoske zahteve v dotednih krajih slične jugoslovenskim zahtevam v Julijski Krajini.

### PRAVOČASEN PORAZ

Nemčija je bila poražena ravno pravočasno, da ji ni uspel bombardirati Amerike. Ako bi bila Nemčija imela še šest mesecov časa, bi bile ogromne avtomatične letelce bombe pričele padati na New York. Načrte za produkcijo takih bomb so imeli nemški znanstveniki že izdelane. Producijo so zakasnile bombe ameriških letalcev, ki so deževalne na nemške industrije.

### ČAKAJOČE BOMBE

Sklenjeno je, da se letos vrši še ena federacijska seja. Vršila se bo v Gilbertu, Minn., dne 30. septembra, in se bo pričela ob 1. uri popoldne.

Predlagano in sprejeto je, da se federacijskemu tajniku da nagrada v znesku 10 dolarjev za njegovo delo, sestri zapisnikarici pa pet dolarjev. Zapisnikarica prosi, da bi se nabavilo novo knjigo za zapisnik. Brat Tomšič pove, da bo taka knjiga poslana iz glavnega urada. (Sem že prejela; hvala!)

V odboru federacije za bodoče leto so soglasno izvoljeni kot sledi: Joseph Bavec, predsednik; Filip Fister, podpredsednik; John Lamuth, tajnik-blagajnik; Mary Nosan, zapisnikarica; Joseph Champa, Filip Fister in Mary Zurga, nadzorniki.

Za federacijo društev Ameriške bratske zveze v Minnesotu:

Mary Nosan, zapisnikarica.

Pueblo, Colo.—Slovensko pevsko društvo "Prešeren" priredi svoj letni piknik v nedeljo 24. junija. Piknik se bo vršil na prostorih lepega Prešernovega doma v Rye, Colo. Naši rojaki iz Puebla, Walsenburga, Canon City in drugih bližnjih naselbin so vladno vabljeni na posega tega piknika. Tam v prosti naravi, v vznožju Skalnatega pogorja, ob žuborečem potoku in v senci stoljetnih borovcev bomo vsaj začasno pozabili skrbi teh težkih časov. Pozdrav in na svidenje!

John Germ,  
član društva Prešeren.

Meadow Lands, Pa.—V nedeljo 24. junija se bo vršil piknik društva št. 75 ABZ v Meadow Landsu, Pa., in sicer pri kamnolomu. Člani, rojaki in prijatelji so vabljeni na poseg piknika. Okrepčila in zabave bo dovolj za vse. Pozdrav in na svidenje!— Za odbor:

Joseph Murn.

Chicago, Ill.—Sobratom in prijateljem, katere zanima, natanjam, da so mi zdravniki v sanatoriju, kjer sem se zdravil, dejali, da sem izven nevarnosti ter da se lahko podam domov. Torej bom danes odpotoval nazaj v Minnesoto. Moj naslov bo: P. O. Box 28, Chisholm, Minn., za primer, da bi mi kdo želel pisati. Tam bo treba pač še nekoliko časa počivati, da se sistem okrepi. Pozdrav!

Louis A. Ambrozich.

Sirabane, Pa.—Članstvu društva Bratska sloga, št. 149 ABZ, naznanim, da se bo vršila izredna seja našega društva v nedeljo 24. junija. Vršila se bo v navadnih prostorih in se bo pričela ob 2. uri popoldne. Ta seja je sklicana zaradi otvoritve kluba, za katerega smo dobili dovoljenje. Pridite na sejo vse, da bo vsakemu znano, kdaj se klub odpre, in vse drugo, kar je v zvezi s tem. In, seveda, tudi nasveti in priporočila od strani članstva bodo dobrodošli. Bratski pozdrav in na svidenje na seji v nedeljo 24. junija!— Za društvo št. 149 ABZ:

Martin Zagar, predsednik.

## SPLOŠNI TEDENSKI PREGLED

(Nadaljevanje s 5. strani)

rati sodelovanje Amerike in Anglije z Rusijo. Upanje za mir in želja po istem sta prav tako živa v srcu ruskega vojaka kot v srečih drugih zavezniških vojaka. Rusija in zapadne zavezničke so sodelovale v vojni, ter ni nobenega pravega vzroka, da ne bi mogle sodelovati v miru.

### POGLAVNI OBSOJEN

Na sodišču v Zagrebu je bil obsojen na smrt Ante Pavelič, hravatski kvizilng in poglavnik Hitlerjeve "neodvisne Hrvatske." Tako poroča švicarski radio.

### POLJSKA ZABLUDA

Zadeva arretacije 16 Poljakov v Rusiji je zadnje tedne dvigala mnogo prahu v svetovni javnosti. Poljska zamejna vlada v Londonu, ki je zagrizeno proti-ruskih, jih je označala kot diplomate, ki so bili povabljeni v Rusijo. Moskva pa je trdila, da jih nihče ni vabil, in da so bili aretirani, ker so vršili čine sabotage, terorja in špijonaže za hrbtom rdečih armade, ki se je bila z Nemci. Dne 18. junija so bili omenjeni Poljaki postavljeni pred vojaško sodiščo v Moskvi in obtoženi omenjenih kriminalnih činov. Izmed 16 je samo eden zanikal krivdo, trije so se priznali krivimi samo delno, 12 pa jih je priznalo, da so vršili vse, česar jih je obtožba obdoljevala. Sodna razprava je bila javna in so isti prisostvovali tudi inozemski reporterji in diplomati. Zdaj ima poljska "zamejna" vlada v Londonu rdeča učenja in istotako vse, ki so vpili za njo.

### IMA IZKUSNJE

General Eisenhower je dne 15. junija v Parizu podal časnikarjem daljšo izjavbo, da po vseh svojih izkušnjah, ki jih je imel z ruskimi vojaškimi in diplomatskimi voditelji, ne vidi nčesar, kar bi moglo preprečiti ali oviti.

### IZ JUGOSLAVIJE

Iz poročil iz Urada za vojne informacije v Washingtonu so povzeti sledeči izčrpkni:

Na nedavni konferenci časnikarjev v Beogradu je Allan Hall, pomožni direktor UNRRA misije v Jugoslaviji, izjavil, da

je Jugoslavija bistveno mlada, skega premierja dr. Bakariča posetil maršala Tita v Beogradu. Pred tem je maršal Tito sprejel papeževega delegata, monsignorja Josipa Marconeja in je govoril delegaciji katoliške duhovščine v Zagrebu, pozivajoč jo, da naj bo bolj narodno zavedana in neodvisna kot je bila v preteklosti.

Protafaistična ženska organizacija v Jugoslaviji se pripravlja za prvi ženski protifaistični kongres in je poslala vabila na ta kongres ženam vseh zavezniških in prijateljskih dežel.

Omejena poštna služba med Veliko Britanijo in Jugoslavijo je bila vzpostavljena.

Britiška vojaška vlada na Kosovskem je dne 5. junija priznala nekak posredovalni odbor dvanajstorice, sestavljen iz protifaističnih oseb vseh strank, med katerimi je tudi en Slovenec. Ta odbor bo dajal britiškim oblastim nasvete v vseh zadevah civilne administracije in bo posloval kot zveza med okupacijsko vlado in prebivalstvom Kosovske.

Vse gori navedeno je vzeto iz poročil Urada za vojne informacije v Washingtonu.

## OFFICIAL REPORTS

### Uradna poročila

Certificate Loans  
Posojila na certifikate  
MAY, 1945

Lodge	Certificate No.	Amount
2	34448	\$250.00
184	37880	60.00
Total—Skupaj		\$310.00

ANTON ZBASNIK,  
Supreme Secretary.

**VESTI iz bojnega polja in o splošnih dogodkih širokem svetu, lahko dnevno čitate v ENAKOPRAVNOSTI**  
Kadar vaše društvo potrebuje tiskovine, obrnite se na našo moderno urejeno tiskarno. Vsako delo točno in po zmerni ceni izvršeno.



**Treba je DOLGIH korakov,  
da se pride v Tokijo!**

• Rečeno je bilo, da so komunikacijske zveze glavni faktor v vojni na Pacifiku. Glede naših rez. Na tone posebno izdelane komunikacijske opreme se producira po Western Electric, izdel