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Janko N. Rogelj,
predsednik ABZ:

Kvišku, slovenska srca v Ameriki!

Slovenski narodni kongres je za nami, a ogromno delo je pred nami. Moje misli po kongresu so pri delu, katero čaka vsakega Slovenca in Slovenko v Ameriki. Slovenski ameriški narodni svet je porojeno dete tega kongresa, a sedaj je naša naloga, kako življenje bo živelo to dete. Sedaj je čas, da preskusimo samega sebe, če smo dovolj močni in veliki, da vztrajamo pri naši zaobljubi, da bomo skupno delali kot celota slovenskega naroda v Ameriki.

Kvišku, slovenska srca v Ameriki!

Vsa slovenska naselbina, vsaka slovenska skupina, vsaka slovenska hiša, vsak Slovenec in vsaka Slovenka, vsi smo po kličani, da delamo, vztrajamo in žrtvujemo. To je naša skupna zadeva, dolžnost in naloga. V teh resnih in odločilnih časih veljajo tudi za nas ameriške Slovence besede iz dr. Krekove oporoke:

"Vi vsi, ki ste seme izkrvavljenega naroda, mislite le eno: kako boste združili vse svoje zmožnosti, vso svojo ljubezen in vse svoje srce posvečali jugoslovanski državi, za njen procvit, kulturo in blagostanje."

Da, ameriški Slovenci smo tudi seme izkrvavljenega slovenskega naroda onkraj morja. Vse kaže, da je nevidna usoda hotela, da je nekoliko tega semena padlo na svobodna ameriška tla, kjer je vzklilo v nov narod — Ameriški Slovenci. Mi smo tukaj, svobodni in močni, če smo složni in strpnosti. Če so našemu narodu v domovini zvezane roke in zamašena usta, naša sveta dolžnost je, da govorimo mi v imenu tega naroda, dokler ne bo ta narod svoboden in prost, da bo sam govoril.

Zastopniki ameriških Slovencev na Slovenskem narodnem kongresu v Clevelandu so izvolili in potrdili odbornike Slovenskega ameriškega narodnega sveta, ki so danes, rekel bi: nekaka vlada; ki bo govorila za naše ljudi onkraj morja. SANS bo danes obveščal našo ameriško vladu v Washingtonu ter zastopstva drugih vlad o potrebah in ciljih zaslužnih Slovencev v domovini, dokler sami ne bodo mogli govoriti.

Da se bodo uresničili cilji in načrti našega započete dela, treba bo poštovanja in denarja. Ako tega nismo pripravljene dati, potem bo uspeh SANS — neploden.

Vsi na delo! Poleg Slovenskega ameriškega narodnega sveta imamo Slovenci v Ameriki tudi slovensko sekcijo Jugoslovanskega pomožnega odbora.

Mi imamo sedaj dve organizaciji, obe sta naši, obe sta potrebni, obe potrebujejo denarja. Niti ene niti druge ne smemo zanemarjati, obe moramo podpreti kot združeni ameriški Slovenci.

Globoko v slovenske žepe bomo morali poseči, vsako slovensko društvo, klub ali skupina bo morala odgovoriti z denarjem. Za vzgled vzemite društvo Lunder Adamič št. 28 SNP v Clevelandu, Ohio, ki je na letni seji sklenilo, da daruje za obe preje omenjeni organizaciji vsak član en dolar v letu 1943. To je menda prvo društvo v Ameriki, da je napravilo ta sklep. Društvo šteje 373 članov in članic. In to še ni vse! Kon-

(Dalje na 6. strani)

SPLOŠNI TEDENSKI PREGLED

V ŠESTIH TEDNIH

Prvega januarja izdano officielno poročilo iz Moskve objavlja uspehe šest-tedenske ruske ofenzive, ki se je pričela 19. novembra in se še vedno z veliko silo razvija. Rusi so v tej ofenzivi pobili 175.000 Nemcev in njihovih zaveznikov in ujeli 137.650. Skupne osištne izgube na ruski fronti so v omenjenem razdobju znašale torej 312.650 mož. Dalje so Rusi osvojili 1.589 mest in vasi, porazili 36 nemških divizij, obkolili nadaljnjih 22 nemških divizij in zaplenili ogromne količine vojnega materiala.

Temu razveseljivemu ruskemu novoletnemu poročilu je dan pozneje sledilo poročilo, da so Rusi zavzeli veliko in utrjeno nacijsko bazo Velike Luki, vzhodno od Moskve in blizu latvijske meje, na jugu pa so zavzeli veliko nemško bazo Eliasto.

BOŽIČNI POZDRAV

Skvadron ameriških bombnikov je na božični večer zmetel nad 75.000 funtov bomb na Japonec na otoku Wake v Pacifiku, katerega so svoječasno Japonci po hudem in dolgotrajnem boju iztrgali Američanom. Božično bombardiranje otoka Wake je skoro popolnoma uničilo japonske obrambne naprave na otoku. Vsi ameriški letalci so se nepoškodovani vrnili v svojo bazo. Otok Wake je oddaljen dva tisoč milj od Havaja. Admiral C. W. Nimitz, poveljnik ameriške mornarice na Pacifiku, je izjavil, da je ameriški božični napad na otok Wake vzorec, kaj čaka Japonce drugod.

BOJI V AFRIKI

V severni Afriki se vršijo večinoma letalski boji. Po poročilih iz Tunisije so ameriški in britiški letalci skoro popolnoma razbili glavni osiščni pristanišči Bizerto in Tunis. Nemci so prisiljeni se posluževati manjših južnejših pristanišč: Sousse, Sfax in Gabes. Pa tudi ta pristanišča zavezniški letalci uspešno bombardirajo.

PREDSEDNIKOVA IZJAVA

Na novoletni dan je predsednik Roosevelt na konferenci s časniki izjavil: "Naša naloga v tem novem letu je trojna. Prvič moramo z združenimi silami svobodnih ljudi popolnoma zrušiti sedanji banditski napad na civilizacijo. Drugič moramo organizirati odnose med narodi tako, da se sile barbarizma ne bodo mogle nikdar več dvigniti. Tretjič, sodelovati moramo v smeri, da bo človeštvo v miru in svobodi moglo uživati brezprimerno blagostanje, katero nam višja previdnost omogoča potom napredka civilizacije."

MANJ RAZIGRANOSTI

Novoletno praznovanje širom Zedinjenih držav je bilo živahno in glasno, vendar je z ozirom na vojne razmere izražalo neko rezerviranost. Ljudje so se zabavali bolj kot odrasli in manj kot otroci. Povsod je bilo opaziti dostojno samozavest, da bomo iz te vojne krize izšli zmagovalci, toda da pot do zmage ne bo lahka in da bo zahtevala še mnogo žrtev.

ZA SVETOVNI MIR

Podpredsednik Zedinjenih držav, Henry A. Wallace, je

(Dalje na 6. strani)

PRAZNIKI V TUJINI

Skoro gotovo ni bilo nikdar v zgodovini Zedinjenih držav toliko Američanov tekom božičnih in novoletnih praznikov oddaljenih od svojih domov kot v pravkar minuli božični in novoletni sezoni. Navidežno je en dan podoben drugemu, toda gotovi prazniki vzbujajo skoro v vsakem odraslem človeku spomine iz mladih let, ki so v zvezi s takimi prazniki. Zato mnogi ljudje, oddaljeni od doma, ravno ob prilikah takih praznikov občutijo posebno izrazito domotožje.

To je nedvomno veljalo tudi za milijone ameriških vojakov v taboriščih širom Zedinjenih držav. Skoro vsi so nastanjeni daleč od svojih domov in večina izmed njih ni bila še nikoli prej ob priliki praznikov te sezone odtrgana od svojih družin in znancev. Podnebne razmere v raznih krajih Zedinjenih držav so tudi različne, kar prispeva k nerealnosti praznika za vojaka iz oddaljene države.

Še bolj pa je to veljalo za ameriške vojake, nastanjene v raznih krajih inozemstva. Na Islandiji, na Irskem in v Angliji, kjer so zime prav tako ali še bolj mrzle kot pri nas, jih temperatura ni motila glede sezone. Nekdanje domačnosti pa seveda tudi tam ni bilo zanje. Naši vojaki v Afriki, kjer je podnebje poltropsko, so v božični in novoletni sezoni pogrešali sneg in so se morali zadovoljiti z deževnimi nalivi.

Naši vojaki, nastanjeni v Avstraliji in na otokih južnega Pacifika, imajo zdaj poletje, kar nikakor ni v skladu z našimi božičnimi in novoletnimi idejami. Ponekod morajo prenašati hudo tropsko vročino in namesto snežink jih nadlegujejo komarji in drugi mrčesi tropskih krajev. Za hrano vojakov je tudi v tistih krajih dobro poskrbljeno, toda izbirati ne morejo tako, kot lahko izbiramo mi, kljub nekaterim omejitvam. Vse to povprečnemu ameriškega vojaku kali sezonske spomine in mu vzbuja domotožje. Največje veselje za takega vojaka je, če dobi pismo od doma, od svojih sorodnikov ali prijateljev. Zato, bratje in sestre, pišite svojim sorodnikom in prijateljem pri vojaki, pišite jim pogosto!

Podobne izkušnje kot vojaki doživljajo tudi ameriški vojni korespondenti, ki so še bolj na široko po svetu raztreseni kot vojaki. Ameriški vojni korespondenti so seveda povsod, pri naši vojski, toda so tudi drugod, na primer v Centralni in Južni Ameriki, na Švedskem, v Švici, v Turčiji, v Rusiji itd. Na splošno imajo korespondenti več prostosti gibanja kot vojaki, toda z vojski na frontah preživljajo iste nevarnosti in napore. Vendar tisti, ki so pridelani našim vojaškim enotam, imajo vsaj ameriško družbo, medtem, ko si morajo korespondenti v Rusiji, Turčiji ali na Kitajskem iskati družbo med tučji. Nekateri dolgoletni korespondenti so si pač že našli prijatelje v deželah, kjer vršijo svojo službo, toda mnogi so novinci v krajih svoje službe.

V raznih delih sveta, to je v nevtralnih in bojujočih državah, je dandanes tisoče ameriških korespondentov. Saj jih imajo posamezni večji listi in revije po par sto. Njihova služba je nedvomno zanimiva in poučna, pri tem pa tudi naporna in nevarna. Več jih je že bilo ubitih ali ranjenih in nekateri

(Dalje na 2. strani)

ZADRŽANJE NAŠEGA VOJAŠTVA

Urad za vojne informacije v Washingtonu je pretekli teden izdal obširno poročilo o zadržanju vojaštva v taboriščih širom Zedinjenih držav, posebno z ozirom na pijačo. Izrpek tega poročila je, da ameriški vojaki sicer pijejo pivo in žganje, toda pijejo zmerno, in da je ameriška armada na splošno najbolj zmerna in dostojna armada na svetu. "Ameriški vojak ne potrebuje niti lekci, niti zagovor," pravi poročilo. "On se dobro obnaša, se dobro uči, in na oddaljenih točkah sveta se tudi bojujejo dobro."

"Ne le, da je ameriška armada bolj dostojna in vzorna, kot katera koli druga sedanjih armad, tudi pije mnogo manj kot so pili ameriški vojaki leta 1917," ugotavlja omenjeno poročilo. "Sistem prodaje 3.2-procentnega piva v taboriščih se je izkazal za pametno uredbo."

Posebni preiskovalci urada za vojne informacije so obiskali vsa večja vojaška taborišča v Zedinjenih državah in so se na licu mesta prepričali o razmerah, ki vladajo v taboriščih in okoli istih. Na podlagi teh preiskav je bilo izdano prej omenjeno poročilo, najbrž deloma v odgovor zagrinjenim suhačem, ki bi hoteli prohibicijo vsiliti najprej vojakom in potem še civilistom. V naslednjem so navedeni še nekateri nadaljni zaključki preiskovalne komisije:

Ob času začne vojne, ko so bila taborišča "suha," so butelgarji delali sijajne kupčije. Lahko pivo, ki se zdaj prodaja v taboriščih, zmanjšuje porabljenost vojakov po močnejših pijačah. Na splošno pa vojaki popijejo več sodavice in drugih mehkih pijač kot piva. Okrog 57% vojakov ne pije nikakih opojnih pijač; nadaljnjih 34% vojakov ne pije niti močnejšega kot pivo. V taborišču Crowder v državi Missouri, kjer je bilo na plačilni dan 31. oktobra izplačano vojakom okrog enega milijona dolarjev, je bilo v sledeči noči aretiranih samo 16 vojakov zaradi pijačstva, to je manj kot en vojak na vsakih tisoč. Približno isto razmerje velja za druga taborišča. Poročilo poudarja, da naša armada je civilna armada, in tisti, ki so pili v civilu, pijejo tudi kot vojaki, toda na splošno manj. Bilo bi krivično, če bi bilo uživanje opojnih pijač prepovedano vojakom, ko je dovoljeno civilistom. Nekaj nezmernosti pri pijači pa se najde povsod, pri civilistih in pri vojaki. Ljudje se eni kot drugi. Na splošno pa je zadržanje našega vojaštva tako, da smo lahko ponosni nanj.

BOŽIČNE CVETLICE

V mnogih domovih cveto ta čas cvetlice v lončkih, ki so bile poslane kot božična darila. Te cvetlice so bile vzgojene v rastlinjakih, kjer so jim izvežbani vrtnarji dali vse pogoje za zdravo rast.

(Dalje na 6. strani)

Leto 1943

V letu 1943 bomo obhajali 167. obletnico rojstva naše republike. V tem letu vzhaja zvezdasta zastava naše republike na vseh kontinentih in vseh morjih sveta in prepričani smo, da bo vzhajala v siljuju kot še nikdar prej.

V letu 1943 bomo obhajali 45. obletnico rojstva Ameriške bratske zveze in njeni lokalni člani bodo poskrbeli, da bo v tem letu rastla in napredovala kot še ni nikdar prej.

VOJNA PREROKOVANJA

V listih se od časa do časa pojavljajo bolj ali manj določene napovedi ali prerokovanja o sedanji vojni ter izgledih uspehov ali neuspehov iste za eno ali drugo stran. Taka prerokovanja se včasih precej točno, včasih deloma uresničijo, največkrat pa se preroki zmotijo in mi enostavno pozabimo nanje in na njihova prerokovanja.

Za nenavadno zanesljivega preroka pa se je dosedaj izkazal 45-letni Henry Peterson, časniški komentator, sedaj bivajoč v Zedinjenih državah. Značilno je, da se Peterson ne smatra za preroka v običajnem pomenu besede, da se ne zanaša na kakšna navdahnjenja od strani nadnaravnih bitij, niti se ne poslužuje kakih čarovniških pripomočkov. Njegove napovedi temeljijo na poznanju ljudi in razmer, na zdravi logiki in na vsebini knjige "Umetnost vojne," ki jo je spisal Kitajec Sun Tzu pred 2.500 leti. Potem računa z zavajanjem sovražnika, z napadi na najšibkejši točki in z brzino.

V svojih napovedih se je Peterson dosedaj samo enkrat zmotil, namreč, ko je napovedal konec sedanje vojne o božiču leta 1941; takrat je predvideval, da bo Anglija napadla Nemčijo od zapada.

V neki šolski nalogi je Peterson kot 14-letni deček napovedal prvo svetovno vojno že leta 1910. Napoved je bila točna, dasi je takrat nihče ni za resno vzel. Leta 1922 je v Londonu sodeloval z grofom Halsburyem, ki je spisal novelo, imenovano "1944", v kateri so napovedani veliki preobrati svetovnega obsega. Citajoče občinstvo mladega "preroka" tudi takrat ni resno vzelo.

V zadnjih 18 mesecih pa so njegove napovedi dogodkov bodčnosti od časa do časa izhajale v treh canadskih časopisih, in so se izkazale za nenavadno točne. Dne 9. avgusta 1941, na primer, je napovedal, da se Japonska ne bo obotavljala napasti Zedinjenih držav, Singapora, Holandske Vzhodne Indije in Filipinov. Takrat so bile v teku tako zvane mirovne konference med Zedinjenimi državami in Japonsko. Njegova napoved se je vresničila nekaj mesecev potem.

Dne 4. aprila 1942, ko je večina komentatorjev pričakovala, da bodo Japonci napadli Sibirijo ali Avstralijo, je Peterson izjavil, da so tozadevne japonske geste in priprave zavajalne in da bo Japonska v resnici skušala zavzeti Havaj. Omenjeno napoved je Peterson ponovil 30. maja 1942. Pet dni pozneje so Japonci napadli Midway, ki je predstraža Havaja. Kot znano so bili Japonci tam pošteno tepeni.

Dne 3. julija 1942, ko je nemški maršal Rommel zmagovalno prodiral proti Aleksandriji, je Peterson zapisal v canadskem listu "The Globe and Mail", da bo Rommel popolnoma poražen v teku dveh mesecev. Po štirih mesecih je bil Rommel res popolnoma poražen v Afriki.

Henry Peterson je tako nenavaden človek kot so nenavaden njegova prerokovanja. Njegov oče je bil Danec, mati pa Kitajka, in rojen je bil v Hong Kongu. V zadnji vojni je služil dve leti v britiških vojnih silah. Po vojni se je udeleževal v časnikaštvu, študiral je nekaj časa v Oxfordu, potem pa je do

(Dalje na 2. strani)

OBSEŽNOST AMERIŠKE VOJNE AKCIJE

Natančnega števila vojaštva Zedinjenih držav ne vemo, toda sodi se, da naša armada, v številni letalstvo, šteje zdaj okrog 4 1/2 milijona mož. V tem niso všteti mornarji, mornariška pehota in obrežna straža, ki predstavljajo skupno silo okrog enega milijona mož. Na raznih obrambnih in napadalnih točkah preko morja je zdaj že približno en milijon ameriških vojakov.

Načrt za prihodnje leto predvideva sedem in pol milijona vojakov in 650 tisoč častnikov, kar pomeni nad 8 milijonov mož broječo vojsko na suhem in v zraku, poleg mornariškega vojaštva.

General George C. Marshall, kateremu so te zadeve najbolj znane, je dejal, da se mora ameriška bojna sila ravnati po moči Japonske in Nemčije, ker mi smo v tej vojni, da zmagamo in ne bomo pristali v nikake kompromise. Do potrebe gori omenjenega števila ameriškega vojaštva so ameriški vojaški vojaški eksperti prišli po večmesečnih študijah sovražnikove moči in splošne vojne situacije. General Marshall pravi, da sicer ne more z gotovostjo sklepati, da bo 7.500.000 vojakov zadostovalo za zlom nacifašizma, toda za enkrat se smatra omenjeno število za nekoliko pravilno. Razvoj splošne vojne situacije bo pokazal, če bo treba načrt revidirati navzgor ali navzdol. Naša bojna sila se lahko hitro zmanjša, če bi razmere dovoljevale, ne more se pa v teku nekaj mesecev povečati za nekaj stotisoč ali milijone mož s potrebno opremo vred. Za izvežbanje in opremo divizij je treba približno eno leto časa.

Zato je treba za toliko dobo vnaprej računati z možnostmi razvoja vojne situacije.

Sedanja vojna je v resnici svetovna, ker obsega vso zemeljsko oblo. Črte našega zračnega transporta segajo preko vse zemlje z edino izjemo male morske razdalje med Avstralijo in Indijo. Ameriške komunikacije obsegajo ves svet in so tako razsežne, da si težko napravijo pravo sliko od njih celo osebe, uposlene v vojnem departmentu. Za povprečnega človeka pa je to popolnoma nemogoče.

V razsežnem Pacifiku morajo Američani vzdrževati številne otoške postojanke, tako zaradi bodočih ofenziv, kot z obrambnega stališča za našo plovbo. Vojaštvo na teh postojankah mora biti oskrbovano z ojačenji, z orožjem in z vsemi drugimi potrebščinami. Američani gradijo velike vojaške baze v Afriki, na primer v Casablanci, v Oranu in Dakarju; v bližnji bodočnosti upajo zgraditi veliko bazo tudi v Bizerti, odkoder pa bo treba še prej prepoditi Nemce. Velike postojanke imajo Američani že ob Perzijskem zalivu in ob obali Rdečega morja. Američani operirajo dvojnotirno železnico preko osrednje Afrike. S sodelovanjem Brazilije so bile zgrajene letalske postojanke v delu Brazilije, ki moli najbolj daleč v Atlantik. Ameriške opazovalne letalske postaje so raztresene preko Himalajskega gorovja v Indiji.

Na otokih južnega Pacifika, na Aleutskem otočju, na Grenlandiji, v Afriki, sploh, kamor koli se poda ameriško vojaštvo, mora vzeti s seboj inženirske, (Dalje na 6. strani)

VSAK PO SVOJE

Na smeh nam gre, kadar se spomnimo, kako nas je pred dobrim mesecem skrbelo razmisljanje gasolina. Kako bomo izhajali z borimi šestnajstimi galoni gasolina na mesec! Pa nismo prav ničesar zamudili. Res smo prihajali na seje in razne prireditve eno uro pozneje kot so bile napovedane, toda to je tako pristna slovenska navada, da je kar lepa, skoro tako lepa kot naša narodna noša. Na delo, v restavracije in posebno v salune pa smo prihajali točno. In s šestnajstimi galoni gasolina smo se pripeljali tako daleč kot še nismo bili nikoli. Privržili smo se v čisto novo leto 1943; in sicer do minute točno.

Japonski vojni minister general Hideki Tojo je oni dan povedal Japoncem, da se je vojna zdaj šele prav za prav pričela. To dokazuje, da se je končno začelo svitati tudi v buticah japonskih militaristov.

Mnogi ljudje pravijo, da imajo radi mačke in pse. Resničnost te mačke ali pasje ljubezni pa se bo izkazala šele, ko bomo pričeli kupovati meso na odmerke. Kuponske knjižice za nakup mesa bodo izdane le za dvonožne mesojedce. Pasji in mačji ljubitelji bodo morali deliti meso s svojimi pasjimi in mačjimi prijatelji ali pa prijateljstvo z njimi likvidirati.

Zvezni poljedelski tajnik Wickard pravi, da bodo ameriški farmerji v letošnjem letu pridelali manj kumar kot običajno. Če ne bo hujšega, to bomo že prenesli.

Študenti biblije se še zdaj prerekajo, koliko modrih iz Jutrova je bilo prišlo v Betlehem pozdravit mesijo. Nekateri pravijo, da so bili trije, drugi pa trdijo, da jim je bilo dvajset. Nam, ki nismo niti pisarji niti farizeji, se ne zdi tako važno, koliko modrih mož je bilo na svetu pred 1942 leti, ampak koliko modrih mož je zdaj na svetu.

O tipični lovski sreči lahko govori Orin Draper v Hannibalu, N. Y., ki se je vrnil s šestdnevnega lova brez plena. Slabe volje je stopil na vrt za domačo hišo, da očisti svojo puško, in tam ga je zrl iz obličja v obličje krasen srnjak. Strel je padel in srnjak tudi.

Za časa ameriške civilne vojne je mladi William Blood nameraval prostovoljno stopiti v armado, toda preiskovalni zdravnik ga je odklonil, češ, da je preslaboten in da ne bo več dolgo živel. Dotični William Blood je pred nekaj dnevi umrl v Clevelandu, star 97 let. Tudi zdravniki se včasih zmotijo.

Newyorška medicinska akademija je nedavno sporočila slavnemu občinstvu, da je konjsko meso prav tako užitno, zdravo in redilno kot goveje. Aha, oziroma ihaha, učeni možje nam že nekaj namigavajo!

Prijatelj Cahej je oni dan v restavraciji filozofiral, da zdravniška veda je že al right, ker je zelo podaljšala povprečno dolgot človeškega življenja, toda omejiti da bi se morala na ljudi in pustiti krave pri miru. Ko ga je tovariš pri mizi začuden pogledal, je ježno izjavil: "Samo poskusite ta steak! Krava, ki je zanj odgovorna, je

(Dalje na 2. strani)

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GLASILO AMERIŠKE BRATSKÉ ZVEZE

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Janko N. Rogelj,
gl. predsednik ABZ:

Leto 1943

Pred letom dni sem apeliral na vse člane in članice Ameriške bratske zveze, da naj upoštevajo resne vojne čase v Ameriki, da se izkažemo zveste in naklonjene gostoljubni ameriški republiki. Zelo drago in ljubo mi je, da je naša članstva sledilo mojemu nasvetu in da nismo imeli niti enega slučajja, kjer bi naš član ali članica napravila napačen korak.

Hvala vsem in vsakemu članu za tako kooperacijo v preteklem letu 1942.

Naša organizacija in naša društva so v preteklem letu pokazala, kako cenijo svobodo in demokracijo v vojnih časih ameriške republike. Organizacija kot celota je kupila za sto tisoč dolarjev vojnih bondov ter razdelila vojne obrambne znamke med vse naše mladinske člane. Lepo število vojnih bondov so kupila društva in posamezni člani in članice.

V Washingtonu, D. C., vestno zasledujejo naše sklepe in uredniške članke v Novi Dobi. To nalogo ima pisarna za vojno informacijo. Iz te pisarne sem dobil pismo kot vaš glavni predsednik, v katerem se zahvaljujejo za naše sodelovanje. To je visoko priznanje, ne samo vodstvu Zveze, ampak vsemu članstvu naše organizacije.

Sedaj stopamo v leto 1943. Tudi v tem letu se izkažimo zveste in naklonjene naši Ameriki.

V prihajajočem letu bomo zopet dobivali dobre in slabe novice, toda eno je gotovo, da je naša vera v končno in pravično zmago tako trdna in zanesljiva, da smo pripravljeni na vse poteškoče in žrtve, samo da zmagamo krutega in zavrtnega sovražnika.

V zvezi s sedanjo vojno in njenimi posledicami so potrebne na eni strani male spremembe v našem poslovanju, a na drugi strani trdna volja, da se ravnamo po zaključkih zadnje konvencije. Glavni odbor mora gledati na to, da zavaruje in čuva premoženje naše Zveze v mejah zdrave varnosti ter obdrži pogodbo med člani in Zvezo prav tako, kakršno je začrtala zadnja konvencija.

Naša organizacija je članica Jugoslovanskega pomožnega odbora, slovenske sekcije, katero odobrava vse članstvo. Naša krvna vez do ljudi naše krvi nas kliče na pomoč, da izkažemo usmiljenje in damo toplo besedo umirajočemu narodu onkraj morja.

Ameriška bratska zveza ima svoje zastopstvo tudi v Slovenskem ameriškem narodnem svetu, ki je bil ustanovljen na Slovenskem narodnem kongresu v Clevelandu. Ta Slovenski ameriški narodni svet ima že začasno dovoljenje v Washingtonu, D. C., da posluje v imenu trpečega slovenskega naroda v domovini. Ta svet je nekaka klada za naš narod v domovini, dokler sam ne more govoriti pred zastopniki drugih svetovnih vlad. Tudi tu nas kliče sveta in narodna dolžnost, da kot ameriški državljani svetujemo naši ameriški vladi, kaj bi bilo najboljšje za naš narod v domovini. Bratje in sestre, podprite to obrambno gibanje med ameriški Slovenci.

Pri vsem izrednem delu pa ne smemo pozabiti, da naša organizacija vedno potrebuje novega priloka v vrste našega članstva. Poleg pravic, katere ima vsak posamezni član, so tudi dolžnosti, katerih ne smemo pozabljati.

V letu 1943 bo praznovala naša Ameriška bratska zveza 45-letnico svojega obstoja. Ta obletnica ne sme mimo nas neopazno in brez vsakega vidnega napredka. Na redni seji glavnega odbora v mesecu avgustu je bil imenovan odbor, ki bo na glavni seji v mesecu februarju predložil načrt za uspešno kampanjo ob 45-letnici naše Zveze. Člani in članice, pripravite se na to kampanjo, ki mora na vsak način postati bolj zanimiva in živa kot je bila kampanja za mladinski oddelek v preteklem letu.

Vsako društvo bi moralo napraviti svoj načrt glede praznovanja 45-letnice, pred vsem bi moralo takoj na januarski seji določiti kato, koliko novih članov bo vpisalo v leto 1943. Za tako pomembno obletnico se moramo zanimati vsi, ki čutimo v sebi zvestobo in prijateljstvo do svoje lastne organizacije.

In, če se hočemo udeleževati, ne gre drugače, DA MORAMO ZAHAJATI NA DRUŠTVENE SEJE. Koliko nepotrebnega dela bi prihranili našim dobrim in zavednim društvenim tajnikom, če bi v večjem številu prihajali na društvene seje ter tam plačevali naše društvene asesmente. Ali se vam ne smilijo naši tajniki in tajnice, ki se za malo mesečno ali letno plačo žrtvujejo in delajo, a končno morajo še zalagati vaše asesmente? Sodelujte z njimi v letu 1943.

Vi, društveni predstavniki, vodite vaše društvene seje v soglasju zveznih pravil, da bodo te seje kratke, plodonosne in zanimive, ki ne utrudijo in ne odganjajo vseh onih, ki pridejo na sejo. Dobre in poučljive seje vabijo, dolgočasne in prepirljive seje odbijajo.

V duhu bratstva in samopomoči je bila ustanovljena naša organizacija, v preiskunjah in samozatajevanju je bila pripoznana kot zanesljiva in samaritanska organizacija, po dolgo-

Iz glavnega urada Ameriške bratske zveze

Splošno glasovanje

Na izrednem zborovanju glavnega odbora Ameriške bratske zveze, ki se je vršilo 4. in 7. decembra 1942 v Clevelandu, Ohio, je bil soglasno sprejet sledeči predlog, katerega se tem potom stavlja članstvu na

SPLOŠNO GLASOVANJE

Glavni odbor Ameriške bratske zveze predlaga:

1. Da se točka 363 Ustave in pravil Ameriške bratske zveze, ki se glasi: "V časih splošne depresije ima glavni odbor pravico prekiniti vsako najmanjše financiranje sportnih aktivnosti in denar v sportnem skladu porabiti v pomoč in podporo članstvu," v toliko spremeni, da se bo glasila: "V ČASIH SPLOŠNE DEPRESIJE ALI V VOJNIH ČASIH IMA GLAVNI ODBOR PRAVICO PREKINITI VSAKO NAJMANJŠE FINANCIRANJE SPORTNIH AKTIVNOSTI IN DENAR V SPORTNEM SKLADU PORABITI V POMOČ IN PODORO ČLANSTVA, ČLANOV-VOJAKOV ALI V KAKE DRUGE ČLOVEKOLJUBNE, ČASTNE IN PLEMENITE SVRHE."

2. Da stopi amendirana točka 363 v veljavo takoj, ko bo od članstva odobrena, oziroma z dnem, ko bo rezultat priobčen v uradnem glasilu.

Splošno glasovanje o gornjem predlogu se prične 6. januarja 1943 in konča 6. marca 1943.

O predlogu smejo člani glasovati samo pri rednih društvenih sejah, bodisi v januarju ali februarju, in vsak član naj svojo glasovnico podpiše. Po pošti se ne more glasovati, tudi na domu društvenega tajnika ali kakega drugega društvenega uradnika ne, razen ako se tam vršijo seje društva.

Rezultat glasovanja morajo društveni tajniki in tajnice sporočiti glavnemu uradu ne pozneje kot 16. marca 1943, sicer se glasovanje ne bo upoštevalo.

Glasovnice bodo društveni tajniki in tajnice prejeli v posebnih zavetkih. Glasovnic ni treba pošiljati na glavni urad, temveč samo rezultat glasovanja, in sicer na poli, ki jim bo poslana.

Dano v glavnem uradu ABZ, Ely, Minnesota, 2. januarja 1943.

ANTON ZBAŠNIK, glavni tajnik ABZ.

Razlogi za to spremenitev

Sedanje vojne razmere v Ameriki so zanesle med naše članstvo nove razmere in povpraševanja, kako bi naša Zveza vršila plemeniti dela v sodobnih časih. Glavni odbor v danih razmerah in po pravilih naše Zveze ne more nakazevati denarnih podpor v pomoč članov-vojakov, kakor tudi ne v pomoč plemenitih, človekoljubnih ali obrambnih akcij, za katere se zavzemajo in jih odobravajo naši člani. Zato je potrebna sprememba omenjene točke.

Prvič: Naša Ameriška bratska zveza ima danes v vojni sili Amerike okrog 1500 članov, katerih število se viša z vsakim dnevom. Čas bo prišel, ko se bodo ti vojski vračali domov kot naši zaslužni bratje, potrebni in vredni naše podpore in našega usmiljenja, če bodo pohabljeni ali nezmožni za delo. Nekaj jim moramo dati, saj so naši bratje ter bodo pričakovali od nas toplotno besedo in prvo pomoč. To je naša bratska dolžnost, in, kdor ima plemenito srce, jim tega ne bo odrekal. Glavni odbor je ukinil financiranje sportnih aktivnosti iz sportnega sklada, da bo lahko pomagal vračajočim se, potrebnim bratom.

Drugič: Naša rodna domovina onkraj morja ni samo pošteptana, ampak je tudi osamljena in zapuščenost; zvezane so njene roke, zavezane so njena usta in v njenih solznih očeh je še ostal tih in skrit pogled za večernim soncem, kjer so svobodni bratje in sestre v prosti in bogati Ameriki. Samo to upanje jim je še ostalo. Lačni so, raztrgani in raztepeni, željni svobode in miru; duševna muka je večja od telesne rane—čakajo onega dneva, one ure ali minute, ko bodo rešeni. Koliko jih bo dočakala prvi svet svobodnega sonca? Ali ni naša krvna dolžnost, bratska usmiljenost in naše človeško priznanje, da jim pomagamo? Da, v plemenitih dušah in toplih srcih našega članstva je krepak in človekoljuben odgovor: Pomagali bomo in dali, da vsaj one obdržimo pri življenju, ki bodo preživeli nepopisljive grozote nacizma in fašizma.

Tretjič: Potrebno je, da teh velikih in pomembnih svetovnih časih, kakršnih še ni beležila človeška zgodovina na zemlji, postajamo veliki v naših dušah ter prevzemamo na svoje rame dela samaritanstva, katere pričakujejo od nas bratje-vojaki in v tugo in zlo zavrnjeni in pahnjeni bratje in sestre onkraj morja. Vsi smo poklicani, da celimo rane našega naroda onkraj morja, a obenem tudi pomagamo svojim bratom v Ameriki.

Zato glavni odbor ABZ apelira na vse člane, da glasujejo za ta predlog na društvenih sejah, zakar bo glavnemu odboru dovoljeno, da izplačuje ali nakazuje podporo v pomoč onim, ki so bili omenjeni, pa naj bodo člani-vojaki ali Slovenci onkraj morja.

Vsi veste, da se je z velikim uspehom in z narodno zavestjo zaključil prvi Slovenski narodni kongres v Ameriki, ki je izvolil svoj Slovenski ameriški narodni svet, ki bo delal za združenje Slovenijo in njeno povojno pomoč. Ves slovenski narod v Ameriki je zastopan v tej akciji; naj bo ta akcija tudi podprta z našim deležem, kajti Ameriška bratska zveza je članica Slovenskega ameriškega narodnega sveta v Ameriki.

ZA AMERIŠKO BRATSKO ZVEZO:

JANKO N. ROGELJ, glavni predsednik;
ANTON ZBAŠNIK, glavni tajnik.

Letnim poslovanju in rednem izplačevanju je dobila ugled in zasloble pri našem narodu, da je finančno močna, gospodarsko zdrava in sodobna ameriška zavarovalnica. Vse te tepe in upoštevanja vredne lastnosti ima Zveza: organizacija, ki ima dobro in lepo zveze ime v slovensčini, tako tudi v angleščini. Kaj več še hočete?

Odgovor na vse to pa mora priti od vas, člani in članice. Če vi ne odgovorite, če vi ne pomagate in delate, potem ne bomo dobivali norih članov.

Za leto 1943 napravite sklep, da popravite zamujeno ter narčete za 45-letnico nekaj novih in zdravih članov.

V tem duhu vam želim zdravo, veselo in srečno novo leto, ki naj bo tudi zmagoslavje za ves svoboden in demokracičen svet.

VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

bila v svojih najboljših kravih letih že tekom zadnje svetovne vojne."

V mestecu Hillsboro, Ohio, je Harry Woods slišal radijsko poročilo, da je bila potopljena ladja, na kateri je služil njegov sin. Poročilo ga je seveda hudo prizadelo in je skušal svojo pobitost vsaj nekoliko olajšati s kratkim izprehodom po mestu. Nekaj minut za tem pa ga je na pločniku zdrav in dobre volje srečal njegov sinmornar, ki je prišel domov na enotedenski dopust.

Po londonskih poročilih ima nemški maršal Goering v raznih bankah izven Nemčije spravljenih za osem milijonov dolarjev vrednostnih papirjev, zlata in zavarovalnih polic. Goering ni tako neumen kot bi morda kdo mislil.

V Manhattanu sta bila kaznovana z globo 50 dolarjev dva slikarja napisov, ker sta pri svojem delu na tam zasidrani ladji pušila cigarete. Moža sta na ladji slikala napis: No smoking.

V časih, ko imajo ljudje malo denarja, železniške družbe na vse mile viže vabijo slavno občinstvo, da bi potovalo z železnico v letovišča ali kamor koli. Zdaj, ko imajo ljudje denar, pa železniške družbe za božjo voljo prosijo prospektivne potnike, naj ne potujejo, če ni nujne potrebe. Res, narobe svet.

Pred tedni je umrl v Chicagu Wilbur Glenn Voliva, glavar verske sekte zionistov v Zionu, Ill. Mož je vztrajno trdil, da zemlja ni okrogla, ampak ploščata kot miline. Poskušal se je tudi v prerokovanju, pa mu ni šlo. Tako je, na primer, napovedal konec sveta za leta 1923, 1927, 1930 in 1937, pa se mu ni obneslo. Dalje je mož prerokoval, da bo dočakal starost 120 let, pa se je zmotil za polnih 48 let, ker je umrl 72 let star. Tako visoko starost je upal dočakati zato, ker je namesto mesa užival brazilske orehe. Orehi, kot znano, se v angleščini imenujejo nuts. In Američani imajo izrek: nuts for nuts.

Živilski eksperti pravijo, da v letošnjem letu bomo morali večinoma pozabiti na govedino, teletino in svinjino in se privaditi na hot doge in kokoši. Vaš poročevalec glasuje za kokoši. Če so dobre za otročnice, bodo tudi za nas.

Skoro vsako prerokovanje se čez čas uresniči. Tako se bo morda po desetih letih uresničilo tudi prerokovanje bivšega predsednika Hooverja, da bo kokoš v vsakem loncu.

V neki trgovini v Chicagu je bilo v gneči predbožičnega nakupovanja izgubljeno žensko krilo, katero je lastnica šele čez nekaj časa pogrešila. Bila je namreč oblačena tudi v plašč. V oddelku za zgubljene in najdene predmete sta se poznaje srečno sešli ženska in njeno krilo.

Ameriški reporter A. T. Steele poroča iz Čunkinga na Kitajskem, kako silno drage so tam nekatere komoditete, ki smo jih Američani navajeni. Na primer, nov avtomobil stane pet tisoč dolarjev, nov avtomobilski obroč \$450.00, pint ameriškega whiskeya pa \$100.00. Kitajci pa se zaradi tega niti malo ne pritožujejo, ker takih reči enostavno na kupujejo.

Pred božičnimi in novoletnimi prazniki so se v Clevelandu pred državnimi prodajalnami likerjev gnetle dolge procesije ljudi, čakajoče, da pridejo na

AMEKIŠKA BRATSKA ZVEZA

Ustanovljena 18. julija 1899
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PETINŠTIRIDESETLETNICO AMERIŠKE BRATSKÉ ZVEZE

bomo najlepše proslavili, če vsako krajevno društvo vsak mesec v letu 1943 vpíše nekaj novih članov

ZA NOVOPRIDOBLJENE ČLANE ODRASLEGA IN MLADŠKEGA ODELKA DAJE AMERIŠKA BRATSKA ZVEZA NAGRADE V GOTOVINI.

Za novo pridobljene člane odraslega oddelka so predlagani sledeči nagradi:

za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$250.00 smrtnine, \$1.25 nagrada
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za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$3,000.00 smrtnine, \$8.00 nagrada
Te nagrade so izplačane šele potem, ko so bili za nove člane plačani trije mesečni asesmenti.

Za novopridobljene člane mladinskega oddelka plača Ameriška bratska zveza sledeče redne nagrade:

za člana načrta "JA" — \$0.50;
za člana načrta "JB" — \$2.00;
za člana načrta "JC," s \$500.00 zavarovalnine — \$2.00;
za člana načrta "JD," s \$1,000.00 zavarovalnine — \$3.00;
za člana načrta "JE," s \$250.00 zavarovalnine — \$1.00;
za člana načrta "JD," s \$500.00 zavarovalnine — \$2.00;
za člana načrta "JD," s \$1,000.00 zavarovalnine — \$3.00.

vrsto za nakup božje kapljice, fonično sporočeno, da je bil Prijatelj Cahej, ki je to videl, izredni seji društva št. 37 A je filozofiral: "Upajmo, da ni v Clevelandu, Ohio, izvoljen tajnika Ciril Rovanešek, bjojoč na 14910 Sylvia Ave. Dr. vvene seje se bodo vršile vs tretjo nedeljo v mesecu okturi dopoldne v S. N. Domu St. Clair Ave. Tajnik bo pral asesmente tudi na vsaki 25. v mesecu zvečer v S. Domu.

Okusi so različni in voščila tudi. Način, kakor so v letošnji sezoni Rusi voščili božične praznike in novo leto Nemcem, je bil nam jako povšeči. Nemcem pa ni niti malo ugajal.

A. J. T.

VOJNA PREROKOVANJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

leta 1941 potoval širom svet, si služil kruh na različne načine. Delal je v tovarnah v troitu, dalje kot strežaj v Clevelandu, baletni plesalec v New Yorku, nakar se je dve leti pridil v Čunkingu na Kitajskem, kjer je sestavljal vojna poročila za generala Cang Kajša. Leta 1941 je dospel v Toronto, Kanada.

Za bližnjo bodočnost napoveduje Peterson sledeče: "Sič se zdi kot prva stopnja zavnikov pri invaziji Italije. Zavarniki bodo kmalu odprli me "trebuh" osišča od Španije Turčije. V aprilu 1943 bo škška armada vdrla na evropski kontinent preko Rokavsk preliva. Vojna bo končana v seni 1943."

To so Petersonove napovedi za bližnjo bodočnost. Čas bo kazal, če se bodo vresničile.

PRAZNIKI V TUJINI

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

so bili ujeti. Kljub temu je dno dovolj prostovoljcev razpolago za vsako izpraznjeno mesto. Američani ne poznajo strahu niti pred najnevarnejšimi poklici.

Uredništvu Nove Dobe je bilo pred zaključkom lista tele-



New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF
Official Organ
of the
American Fraternal Union.

Nova Doba



AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS

AFU to Mark 45th Anniversary This Year

This year of 1943 will mark the 45th anniversary of the American Fraternal Union. We have travelled the road of progress with evident results and today our Union has much to be proud of. During its progressive development during the past years the AFU has built a great organization for the protection of home and family. Complete AFU protection during times of illness and death have added much to the happiness and social well-being of its members.

Many changes have been made since its inception, however, they were all changes for the better and in line with the everchanging times.

Our English-speaking lodges are a definite credit to the Union. With their varied sports and entertainment programs they provide the necessary recreation for our young people; a healthy, morale-building sort of recreation. These younger members are the future hope of our Union and the future of the organization rests upon their shoulders. They have already proved that they are capable of carrying on the ideals and principles of the American Fraternal Union.

We are building a great reserve of youths, preparing them to be loyal members and good citizens of the United States. It has been most gratifying to see how quickly our youth grasped the idea of fraternalism and today moves forward, keeping fraternalism a live and potent factor in our lives.

Our AFU pioneers can proudly look upon the Union they initiated. Their work was not in vain and we of the second-generation shall strive to uphold the ideals of the AFU and keep on with the development of our Union.

During the 45th anniversary year of the AFU it would be a fitting tribute to our Union to make a pledge to enroll as many new members as possible. By doing this we will fortify the already-strong ranks of our membership. Our English-speaking lodge members can divide themselves into teams and thus increase the spirit of competition in acquiring new members.

Economic conditions today are most favorable and with a little effort on every member's part we can expand the membership of the AFU. Let us prove to our AFU founders that we are worthy of the trust they placed in our hands. Help make this 45th year of the AFU a banner year which will long be remembered as the one in which the greatest number of new members were enrolled.

Let us all get under way for a bigger AFU by enrolling those new members now!

Thought For The Day

Andrew Jackson said: "When death comes, he respects neither age nor merit. He sweeps from this earthly existence the sick and the strong, the rich and the poor, and this should teach us to live to be prepared for death."

Yes, a man should be prepared. He should see to it that he and his family are insured in the American Fraternal Union so as to provide security for his family in case of death.

CARDINAL HIGHLIGHTS

At the last meeting of the Cardinals Lodge 229, AFU of Struthers, Ohio held on Dec. 13 the following officers were elected for 1943: John Pogacnik, 32 Grace St., Struthers, O., president; Joe Zlogar, 173 Bon Air Ave., Youngstown, O., vice-president; Mrs. Jennie Millosin, 26 Prospect St., Struthers, O., secretary-treasurer; Jennie Cikulin, 251 Matta Ave., Youngstown, O., recording secretary; and Mrs. Jennie Mikolich, 55 Ridgeway, Struthers, O., chairman of the auditing committee. The lodge physician is Dr. C. F. Youman, Penner Bldg., Struthers, Ohio.

—Jennie Millosin, Sec'y
Lodge 229, AFU
Struthers, Ohio

BABY'S COVERS

Mothers—here's a timely word of warning from the Greater Cleveland Safety Council: Cool nights mean heavier covers on the baby's crib. Make sure the blankets are fastened so that they can't work over the baby's head and cause suffocation. The Council's figures show that this is the time of the year when such accidents start to happen. A little caution will prevent them.

Lodge No. 25, AFU of Eveleth, Minn., Elects Officers

Philip Fister was reelected president of Lodge No. 25, AFU of Eveleth, Minn., at the meeting held Sunday afternoon. Other officers elected at that time include the following: Mrs. John Verhovnik, vice-president; John Laurich, secretary; John Strah, recording secretary; Tony Skerjance, treasurer; John Verhovnik, Mike Zadkovich, and Frank Frantar, trustees; Joseph Orehek, athletic chairman; and Tony Massel, flag-bearer.

A \$50 War Bond was purchased at this session and it was decided to hold all meetings in the Holy Family Church parlors during the coming year. A \$15 donation was made to the Slovene National Congress which was held recently in Cleveland, Ohio. The attendance awards were won by Mike Zadkovich, Joe Kamnikar, and John Kotnik.

—Joseph F. Orehek
Lodge 25, AFU
Eveleth, Minn.

News of Soldiers

Today we add another new address to the list of AFU soldier-members. Write to our boys as often as possible.

Sgt. Edward M. Hudale
Box 4938
Jacksonville, Florida.

J. F. Yeray, member of Lodge No. 82, AFU of Sheboygan, Wisc. writes as follows:

I am taking this opportunity to thank all the members of Lodge No. 82, AFU for sending me a Christmas gift. It sure feels good to get something from your own home town, and also that a fellow knows they think of him. This makes you really happy.

We are all doing our share in helping to win this war. So again I say thanks and I do wish every AFU member a very Happy New Year, especially to Lodge 82, AFU of Sheboygan, Wisc.

Joseph F. Yeray
Barracks D. Lower East
Naval Training School
Dearborn, Mich.

The Betsy Ross Lodge No. 186, AFU members are asked to drop a line to:

Pfc. Frank J. Martich
35285710
562 SAW Bn. Sep. (Special)
Embarkation A. P. O. (AGL)
New York, New York

Members of Lodge No. 75, AFU of Meadowlands, Penn., may write to their soldier-member, Joseph A. Pelan at the following address:

Pvt. Jos. A. Pelan
ASN 33117285
Co. B. 148th Inf. A.P.O. 37
c/o Postmaster
San Francisco, Calif.

Lodge No. 190, AFU Re-Elects All Its Officers

At the last meeting of Lodge No. 190, AFU of Butte, Mont., held Dec. 17th, 1942 the election of officers for 1943 was held. The same officers were elected with the exception of two new trustees, Sister Ann Crawley and Sister Mary Stanich.

The next meeting will be held Jan. 21, 1943 and I hope that more members will attend than were present at the meetings last year. Those who are in arrears with their dues, please pay them now to avoid being suspended.

I wish all the members of the AFU a prosperous and happy New Year and I hope that this year will bring victory and peace.

—Mary Predovich, Sec'y
Lodge 190, AFU
Butte, Mont.

Lodge 201, AFU Has Gone to War

The Sunshine Lodge No. 201, AFU of Denver, Colo., has merged with St. Joseph Lodge No. 21, AFU, of that city. This was done due to the present war conditions in this country. Many of the members are in the army now and more are expecting to be called shortly.

The Sunshine Lodge 201 has gone to war to do its part for our country, the good old USA.

—Louis Pozelnik, Sec'y
Denver, Colo.

BRIEFS

Your editor would like to thank all the AFU members who so kindly sent her "Season's Greetings" cards. They were too numerous to mention individually, but to all of them, her sincerest thanks!

Review of Annual Meeting of Lodge No. 198, AFU, Central City, Penna

The following officers were elected at the last meeting of Lodge No. 198, AFU of Central City, Penn., which was held Dec. 13, 1942: Anton Vidmar, president; Andrej Morel, vice-president; Vincent Maljevac, Box #212, Central City, Penn., secretary; Frances Bratina, treasurer; and the sick benefit auditing committee is composed of all members in the vicinity of the sick member.

For the benefit of those members who did not attend the meeting I wish to inform them that the regular monthly lodge meetings will be held every third Sunday of the month at the home of the treasurer at 2 p. m. It was further decided that for the month of January, 1943 every adult member shall pay \$1 additional assessment to the lodge treasury. Dues will not be accepted from any member not conforming with this decision. This is a lodge decision. The only exceptions to this rule are the soldier-members of our lodge. Fraternal regards.

—Vincent Maljevac, Sec'y
Lodge 198, AFU
Central City, Penn.

Collinwood Boosters New Officers

The Collinwood Boosters' Lodge No. 188, AFU of Cleveland, Ohio, elected the following new officers for 1943: Miss Frances Perovshek, 5803 Superior Ave., president; Mr. Joe Struna, vice-president; Miss Mary Laurich, 15717 Saranac Rd., secretary-treasurer; Mrs. Alice Laurich, 15702 Saranac Rd., recording-secretary; and Mr. Anton Laurich, 15702 Saranac Rd., athletic supervisor.

Monthly meetings will be held as usual, every third Friday of the month at the home of the secretary.

—Anton Laurich
Lodge 188, AFU
Cleveland, Ohio

BETSY ROSS LODGE NOTICE

The secretary of the Betsy Ross Lodge 186, AFU, Mrs. Krall announces to all members that the next lodge meeting will be held Sunday, Jan. 10th at 2 p. m. at 1270 E. 173rd St.

The Year of 1943

In this year of 1943 we will celebrate the 167th anniversary of the birth of our republic. The Star-spangled Banner of our country today waves over all continents and seas of the world and we are convinced that it will wave more proudly than ever before!

During this year of 1943 we will celebrate the 45th anniversary of our American Fraternal Union. Our loyal members will make it their duty to see that this year it will expand and progress more than ever before!

Lodges and Members of AFU Please Note

A committee composed of Cleveland AFU members are this week starting a campaign to obtain funds to continue the publication of the HOME NEWS. The first issue of this newspaper was published last month. Since then there have been many inquiries concerning it and many expressed desires that it be continued. We are thankful to the people who have already sent in their contributions. We hope that several others will do likewise. The Home News is a small newspaper containing news about home, gossip, sports summaries, etc., which is being sent to all Cleveland AFU soldiers and other members in the armed forces. It is also being sent to other boys who are from either the Collinwood section or the St. Clair E. 65th St. section. It contains news about their groups, their friends, and their neighborhoods. It is to be issued monthly. We know the boys will appreciate receiving the paper, especially those who are not lucky enough to get many letters from home. Each month the paper will carry a list of its patrons. Individual lodges and other organizations or individuals are asked to contribute the amount of five dollars with their list of armed-force members to whom they would like the paper sent. This will insure each of the boys, beside the patron, receiving one issue each month for one year. Please note that it is not necessary for either the patron or the armed-force member to be AFU members. All contributions will be welcomed. All contributions, requests for information, etc., can be made to D. Rossa, 995 East 141st St., Liberty 5481, or anyone of the committee members: Al Raines, Louise Zupon, Rosemary Rossa, and Stan Zagore.

The following officers for 1943 were elected at the annual meeting of Lodge No. 144, AFU of Detroit, Mich.:

Frank Pavlic, president; Mike Bahor, 17496 Omira Ave., Detroit, secretary; Joseph Misica, treasurer; Mrs. Mary Bishop, president of the auditing committee; and John Krainz, recording secretary.

Regular lodge meetings will be held every fourth Sunday of the month and all former lodge decisions remain as of old. Fraternal regards to all.

—Mike Bahor, Sec'y
Lodge 144, AFU
Detroit, Mich.

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From the Supreme Office of the American Fraternal Union

General Referendum

At a special session of the Supreme Board of the American Fraternal Union, held in the City of Cleveland, State of Ohio, December 4th and 7th, 1942, the following motion was unanimously adopted and is herewith submitted to the members for a

GENERAL REFERENDUM

The Supreme Board of the American Fraternal Union moves:

1. That Section 363 of the Constitution and By-laws of the American Fraternal Union which now reads: "In times of depression the Supreme Board shall have the right to suspend the financing of any and all athletic activities and use this fund to aid needy members" be amended to read as follows: "In times of depression and in time of war the Supreme Board shall have the right to suspend the financing of any and all athletic activities and to use the Sports Fund for the support of needy members, soldier-members or for any other humanitarian, honorable and noble purposes."

2. That the amendment become effective immediately following its approval by the members and from the date on which the result of the referendum has been published in the official organ of the Union.

The balloting on the foregoing referendum shall commence January 6, 1943 and end March 6, 1943.

The members may cast their ballots only at regular meeting of the lodge, in January and February, and each and every member is required to sign the ballot. Voting by mail or in the home of the secretary or any other officer of the lodge is not permissible, except where and when regular meetings of the lodge are held in such homes.

A report as to the result of the balloting must be forwarded to the Home Office of the Union not later than March 16, 1943.

Ballots will be sent to the lodge secretaries under separate cover. Completed ballots need not be forwarded to the Home Office; only a report on the vote should be sent.

The reason for the proposed change in said section of the By-laws is to empower the Supreme Board to use the Sports Fund for additional purposes not heretofore provided and authorized.

Given at the Home Office of the AFU, in the City of Ely, State of Minnesota, this 2nd day of January, 1943.

ANTON ZBASNIK, Supreme Secretary

Reasons for the Proposed Change

The present war conditions in America have brought about new conditions and questions among our members as to how our Union can do a noble work in line with the present times. The Supreme Board, according to existing conditions and the AFU By-laws, cannot alone authorize financial support to aid the soldier-members, as well as help to noble, humanitarian, or defense actions which are approved of by our members. That is why the afore-mentioned section should be changed.

First: Our American Fraternal Union has today about 1,500 members serving in the U. S. Armed Forces. This number increases daily. The time will come when these soldiers will return as our worthy brothers, needing and deserving of our support and our mercy if they shall be disabled or unfit for work. We must give them some support for they are our brothers and will expect from us a warm greeting and our help. This is our fraternal duty and those who have noble hearts cannot deny them this. The Supreme Board has cancelled financial support of sports activities from the sports fund so we can aid these returning, needy brothers.

Second: Our land of birth across the ocean is not only trampled upon but isolated and neglected; its hands are tied as well as its voice but in its tearful eyes there still remains a quiet, hidden look toward the evening sun where its free brothers and sisters live in free and wealthy America. Only this hope still remains for them. They are hungry, ragged, and beaten; wishing for freedom and peace. Their spiritual suffering is greater than their body wounds—they await the day, hour, or minute when they will be saved. How many of them will live to see the first ray of a free sun? Is it not our duty, fraternal mercy, and human recognition to help them? Yes, in the noble souls and warm hearts of our members is the humanity-loving answer: We will help and give, so we can at least salvage the lives of those who will outlive the unspeakable horrors of nazism and fascism.

Third: It is necessary in these great and memorable world times, the like of which never yet struck humanity in the history of the world, to be noble of soul and take upon our shoulders this samaritan work which our brothers, the soldier-members, and our enslaved brothers and sisters across the ocean expect of us. We all are called upon to heal the wounds of our people across the ocean, and at the same time help our brothers in America.

That is why the AFU Supreme Board appeals to all of its members to vote for this proposed change, at their lodge meetings, which will authorize the Supreme Board to pay or direct help to those above-mentioned, whether they be soldier-members or Slovenes across the ocean.

You all know with what great success and national consciousness the first Slovene National Congress in America was concluded. They elected their Slovene American National Council which will work for a united Slovenia and its post-war reconstruction. The whole Slovene nation in America is represented in this action; let this action also be supported on our part, for the American Fraternal Union is a member of the Slovene American National Council of America.

For the American Fraternal Union:

JANKO N. ROGELJ, Supreme President;

ANTON ZBASNIK, Supreme Secretary.

AMERICAN FRATERNAL UNION

Founded July 18, 1898
HOME OFFICE: ELY, MINNESOTA

SUPREME BOARD

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

President: J. N. Rogell 6208 Schade Ave., Cleveland, Ohio;
1st Vice-Pres't: Frank Okoren 4759 Pearl St., Denver, Colo.;
2nd Vice-Pres't: P. J. Obloek RD No. 1, Box 506, Turtle Creek, Pa.;
3rd Vice-Pres't: Joseph Kovach 132 East White St., Ely, Minn.;
4th Vice-Pres't: Anton Krapenc 1636 W. 21 Pl., Chicago, Ill.;
5th Vice-Pres't: Joseph Sneler 5237 Carnegie Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.;
6th Vice-Pres't: Mary Predovich 2300 Yew St., Butte, Montana;
Secretary: Anton Zbasnik AFU Bldg., Ely, Minnesota;
Assistant Secretary: Frank Tomsich, Jr. AFU Bldg., Ely, Minn.;
Treasurer: Louis Champa Ely, Minnesota;
Medical Examiner: Dr. F. J. Arch 618 Chestnut St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Editor-Mgr. of Off'l Organ: A. J. Terbovec. 6233 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, O.

TRUSTEES:

President: John Kurnse 1735 E. 33 St., Lorain, Ohio;
1st Trustee: F. E. Vranichar 1312 N. Center St., Joliet, Ill.;
2nd Trustee: Matt Anzelc Box 12, Aurora, Minnesota;
3rd Trustee: Andrew Milavec, Jr. Box 185, Houston, Pa.
4th Trustee: F. J. Kress 218-57 St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

FINANCE COMMITTEE

J. N. Rogell 6208 Schade Ave., Cleveland, Ohio;
Anton Zbasnik, Secretary AFU Bldg., Ely, Minn.;
John Kurnse 1735 E. 33rd St., Lorain, Ohio;
Frank E. Vranichar 1312 N. Center St., Joliet, Ill.;
3rd Trustee: Andrew Milavec, Jr. Box 185, Houston, Pa.

SUPREME JUDICIARY COMMITTEE:

Chairman: Anton Okolish 1078 Liberty Ave., Barberton, Ohio;
1st Judiciary: Frank Mikec Box 46, Strabane, Pa.;
2nd Judiciary: Rose Svetlich Ely, Minnesota;
3rd Judiciary: Steve Mauser 4627 Logan St., Denver, Colo.
4th Judiciary: Ignac Zajc 683 Onderdonk Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

ONWARD BETSY ROSS!

By Dorothy Rossa

Betsy Ross Lodge extends to all its members, as well as the members of all the sister lodges a most sincere wish for a happy New Year. To her boys who are in the armed forces of the United States along with all the other AFU members in the services, Betsy Ross sends wishes for a successful and victorious New Year with the hope that all of them will be back in their hometowns soon again.

Election of officers which was held at the last monthly meeting resulted in the following:

President, Dorothy Rossa; vice-president, Eleanor Alic; correspondence secretary, Catherine Krall; treasurer, Adolph Perdan; athletic supervisor, Al Raines; sergeant-at-arms, Richard Tursic; and the auditors are Mrs. Starman, chairman; Rosemary Rossa and Rose Schonwald. Meetings will be held as last year, on the second Sunday of each month. However this year the group will meet at the home of the secretary, Mrs. Krall, 1270 E. 173rd Street, instead of at the hall.

All members are asked to please remember to pay their dues on time. The lodge has passed a ruling that no dues will be paid for any member more than one month. This ruling is necessary to prevent the excessive losses on the part of the lodges because some members neglect to pay their dues. Because of gas rationing and because of the fact that defense work is now taking up almost everybody's time, it will be necessary for each member to take it upon themselves to make sure they pay their dues. It is no longer possible for the secretary to do you a favor by chasing after the members to collect dues.

The Betsy Ross Lodge will give monthly awards again this year at each meeting as it did previously. Each month one member will receive one month's dues free. The person must be present in order to receive the award. In the case of our members who are in the armed forces—if their name happens to be chosen, they will automatically receive the award.

At the last meeting the name of Pvt. John Zaic Jr. was drawn and he will receive his dues free for the next month.

The Betsy Ross fellows and girls still bowl regularly every Wednesday night at the East 152nd Street Recreation. Other BR members are invited to

come out and boost for their teams.

This week we are giving you the addresses of two more Betsy Ross boys who are in Uncle Sam's service. We hope that you will take it upon yourself to drop these fellows a card or a letter. Remember it only takes a few minutes to write that line and may make that fellow feel pretty good. So how about it—here are the addresses—will you do your part?

1. Cpl. Joseph A. Krall
15069426 40th Service Squad.
29th Service Group
APO 131784
c/o San Francisco, Cal.

2. Pfc. Frank Martich
35285710
562 SAW Bn Sep (Special)
Embarkation APO (AGL)
New York, New York.

MEMBERS PLEASE NOTE

The next monthly meeting is this Sunday at 2 p. m. at Catherine Krall's home, 1270 E. 173rd Street. The installation of officers will be held. Please make it point to attend. Mrs. Krall's home is just one house north of Waterloo Rd. and very easy to find.

The last monthly meeting was followed by a Christmas social, at which everyone had a very good time.

We'll be seeing you this Sunday at 2 p. m. at 1270 E. 173rd Street.

—Dorothy Rossa
Lodge 186, AFU
Cleveland, Ohio

Bees As "Carrier Pigeons"

During most of the war with the Japanese, the Chinese have been on the retreat because of their lack of mechanized equipment and combat supplies. As their lines move backward, their spies captured a number of bees from a farmer's backyard, carrying them in tiny cages. Microfilming their messages and printing them on very thin paper, they attach the paper to the bees and release them. The bees wing their way back to the hive at a speed of 30 to 40 miles an hour just as efficiently for short distances as homing pigeons which are employed in the same manner. The message is picked up at the hive. This system worked both ways across the lines.

—Popular Mechanics

Tired Husband: "I've been to every shop in town and could not match this ribbon anywhere."

Wife: "Fine! I just wanted to make sure nobody else could buy it."

Attention! Members of Lodge 170, AFU of Chicago, Ill.

When this article of mine will appear in our beloved Nova Doba it will already be the year of 1943. I wish all the AFU members a fortunate, healthy, and happy New Year, and many more of them in the future. Besides, like all others, I wish that in 1943 peace will return to our country and other countries of the world and that our boys who now wear the uniform of Uncle Sam will return healthy and victorious to their loved ones.

At this time I wish to thank all the members of Illini Stars, Lodge 170, AFU, as well as their friends, who attended the "B & K" party on Dec. 6, 1942. I especially thank the sister-members who did the necessary work for our party and to all those who donated gifts. A sincere thank you to Sister Mary Golenko who donated the quarters for our party free of charge. Many thanks to all who helped in any way to make this party a success.

Our lodge treasury was increased by \$50 with the proceeds of this affair.

I would also like to thank all the members, who in 1942, cooperated with me in fulfilling my duties as secretary. Our Lodge 170, AFU progressed very well during 1942 and was increased in membership by merging with Lodge No. 211, AFU. In December, 1942 our lodge numbered 62 adult members and 71 juvenile members. During the 1942 AFU Juvenile Membership Campaign we acquired 14 new members. All this proves that unity and harmony reign in our lodge. I hope this will also be true in the future.

The officers for 1943 are as follows: John Zvezich Sr., president; Mary Kovacic, vice-president; Agnes Jurecic, secretary; Mary Krzan, treasurer; John Jurecic, recording secretary; and Mary Zokal, Christine Harey, and Frances Turk, trustees. The regular lodge meetings are held every third Wednesday of the month at the home of the secretary, 4131 W. 24th Place, Chicago, Ill. Our next meeting will be held Wednesday, Jan. 20th at the above address at 7 p. m. All members are invited to attend as the installation of new officers will take place.

Members are also notified that it was decided at the annual lodge meeting that every adult member pay a 20 cent assessment every month; this is in addition to the regular assessment which is sent to the Supreme Office. Our lodge needs this money to cover the lodge expenses. I ask you to respect this decision, especially those members who pay their dues by mail.

Regards to all AFU members and to our Union: Much progress in the year of 1943.

—Agnes Jurecic, Sec'y

Lodge 170, AFU
Chicago, Ill.

GLASS

With the tire situation as it is, anyone who deliberately breaks glass in streets, on highways, in alleys or anywhere else where cars must travel is not only guilty of sabotaging vital war materials but may cause severe injury to the occupants of the vehicle should a tire blow out. The Greater Cleveland Safety Council suggests we not only desist from throwing glass ourselves, but bring to task anyone we might see doing it.

Cheer up, old man! Why don't you drown your sorrow? She's stronger than I am, and besides, it would be murder.

Bowlers Upset League Standings

Dorothy Rossa, League Sec'y

The last couple of weeks have seen changes in practically every standing listed in the League records. The Ilirka Vila I team has forged ahead rapidly until now it is only one game behind the St. John Saints who hold first place. The Collinwood Boosters have been pushed farther down the list by the Ivies—as well as the Betsy Ross team which has also been set back. The Betsy Ross Girls have suddenly placed themselves five games ahead of their up-to-now close rivals, the Napredok Girls. The past couple of weeks have also seen the first girl to make the "200" circle. The Betsy Ross team captain, Rosemary Rossa, hit the 201 which placed her in the circle which up to now has been occupied only by the boys. It also placed her right behind Frank Znidar, who won the keg of beer which was offered by the alleys that night.

Another B. R., George Kovitch, is looming up as the dark horse of the League. A newcomer to the league but already hitting the second high individual game displacing the old-timers, Mike Poklar and Stan Zagorc. Frank Krall still retains the lead in the Individual High Game. Stan and Mike, however, still hold the Men's Individual High Average first and second place, respectively.

In last week's games the Ilirka Vila II team downed the Napredok Girls in all three games. Frank Benigar, Sr., with 531 and Ray Yakos with 500 were high series for the winners. Frances Gruden with 362 and Lillian Tanko with 350 were the high series for the losers.

The Betsy Ross Boys took two games from the Napredok Cavaliers. George Kovitch's 607, Al Raines' 548 and Frank Krall's 535 were high series for the winners. Rudy Sterlekar 472 and Frank Chuckayne 467 were high for the losers.

The Betsy Ross girls took over the leading Saints for two games. Dot Rossa with 397 and Louise Zupun with 386 hit the high series for the winners. Stan Zagorc with 511 was high for the losers.

The Ilirka Vila I team downed the Collinwood Boosters for two games. Tony Prince with 528 were high series for the winners. Gus Fortuna with 545 and Tony Laurich with 507 were high for the losers.

"200" Circle

George Kovitch 256
Gus Fortuna 209
Tony Prince 208
Rosemary Rossa 201
Frank Krall 200
Frank Benigar Sr. 200

Men's Individual High Team
1. Ilirka Vila I 909
2. St. John Saints 889
3. Collinwood Boosters 873

Men's Individual High Series
1. Mike Poklar 669
2. Frank Krall 609
3. George Kovitch 607

Men's Individual High Games
1. Frank Krall 267
2. George Kovitch 256
3. Mike Poklar 255
4. Stan Zagorc 245

Men's Team High Three Games
1. Ilirka Vila I 2729
2. St. John Saints 2538
3. Collinwood Boosters 2569

Girls' Individual High Series
1. Louise Zupun 480
2. Rosemary Rossa 434

Girls' Individual High Games
1. Rosemary Rossa 201
2. Dorothy Rossa 197
3. Frances Gruden 179

Men's Individual High Averages
1. Stan Zagorc 182
2. Mike Poklar 174
3. Tony Prince 171
4. Frank Krall 171
5. Steve Meyak 170

6. Frank Benigar Jr. 170
7. Gus Fortuna 167
8. Jim Ruzic 163
9. Dave Zipkin 163
10. Frank Znidar 160
11. Al Raines 160
12. Stan Barba 160
13. Tony Laurich 160
14. Frank Benigar Sr. 168
15. George Kovich 157

Girls' Individual High Averages

1. Louis Zupun 132
2. Rosemary Rossa 127
3. Dorothy Rossa 105
4. Marge Zgonce 104
5. Frances Gruden 103
6. Lena Femec 102

Team League Standings

	W	L
1. St. John Saints	37	11
2. Ilirka Vila I	36	12
3. Ilirka Vila II	28	20
4. Collinwood Boosters	28	20
5. Betsy Ross Boys	25	23
6. Napredok Cavaliers	17	31
7. Betsy Ross Girls	13	35
8. Napredok Girls	8	40

Schedule for January 13th

Alleys 1-2
Betsy Ross Boys vs Betsy Ross Girls
Alleys 3-4
Ilirka Vila II vs Ilirka Vila I
Alleys 5-6
Napredok Cavaliers vs Napredok Girls
Alleys 7-8
St. John Saints vs Collinwood Boosters

ALLEY CANDIDS: We tip our hat this week to Frank Znidar who not only pays off his bets but also does it in grand style. Znidar lost his bet to the B. R. Girls when his team lost to the girls in two games. The result was a really nice get-together at the losers' home with both the B. R. Girls and the Saints as guests of honor. Thanks, Frank, and Mrs. Kovovsek. We're going to do our best to get Frank to lose another bet.

Congrats to Frank Krall, who on Christmas Eve presented his girl friend, Frances Zupancic, with a diamond. Best wishes, Fran and Blackie. We extend congratulations to another Wednesday nite bowler of the Collinwood Boosters, Curly Baraga, who also gave his girl friend, Dorothy Savage, a ring for Christmas. Good luck, Dot and Curly.

Visitors at the alleys last week were Elsie Desmond, with her current beau, Bill Ryan.

Catherine Krall and her little daughter, Emily, kept busy at the alleys cheering both the B. R. teams on. We were glad to see Mrs. Zipkin back again on the sidelines.

For the benefit of those who do not know, all averages are figured by the League President, Stan Zagorc. Yours truly handles only the publicity. Before concluding, we'd like to extend our most sincere wishes to all the bowlers and to the alley proprietors for a very Happy New Year. To our bowlers who are now serving Uncle Sam we also send our best wishes for the future with the hope that they'll be back home in time to enter our league next year.

BABY YOUR BUGGY

About half of all the motor trucks in the world are located in the United States. The mobility of our defense system, the food supply of the nation, and the flow of raw materials and manufactured products are geared to the safe operation of our motor trucks. It should be crystal clear to everybody, the Greater Cleveland Safety Council states, that it is a patriotic obligation on the part of every driver to "baby his buggy" in every way—to conserve tires, to keep all parts well lubricated and in good repair, and to drive safely at all times.

The Best Way to Celebrate the 45th Anniversary of American Fraternal Union Would Be for Each Lodge to Enroll New Members Every Month of the year of 1943

The American Fraternal Union pays cash awards to all members who enroll new members in the Adult and Juvenile Departments.

For newly-enrolled members, the members recommend them are entitled to the following cash awards:

For members insured for \$250 death benefit, \$1.25 award
For members insured for \$500 death benefit, \$2.00 award
For members insured for \$1,000 death benefit, \$4.00 award
For members insured for \$1,500 death benefit, \$5.00 award
For members insured for \$2,000 death benefit, \$6.00 award
For members insured for \$3,000 death benefit, \$8.00 award

These awards are paid after the new member has paid the months dues.

TO MEMBERS ENROLLING NEW MEMBERS FOR THE JUVENILE DEPARTMENT THE AFU PAYS THE FOLLOWING AWARDS:

Plan JA — \$.50
Plan JB — \$2.00
Plan JC for \$500 — \$2.00
Plan JC for \$1,000 — \$3.00
Plan JD for \$250 — \$1.00
Plan JD for \$500 — \$2.00
Plan JD for \$1,000 — \$3.00

Chicago AFU Bowling League

Chic's bowling circuit news of Sunday, Dec. 27th was astonishing. Frankie Kovacic of the Gottlieb Florist team, who averages 164, did it again when he struck out in the last frame of the first game to win for his team by 4 pins, repeated in the third game with a turkey in the tenth frame to win by 5 pins. With thrilling games like these the Gottlieb Florist team managed to get into first place. Louis Adreasich was ace man for the Maryton Cafe team who were the victims of the three game defeat by the Florists.

With two game wins in the bag, the Hujan Taverns just couldn't consume enough pins in the last game to upset the Zefran Morticians three games. Emil Bruckmann of the Zefran's had too much striking power in the last game for the Hujan's hope for a whitewash. Anton Krapence took high honors for the winners.

The Wencel Dairy team, matched against the Liberty Bell five also had two games won but were nosed out in the final game when Christine Dolmovich hit a high game of 148.

With these results, when the Maryton Cafe lost three games, the Wencel Dairy milkmen moved back into second place. Results to date are as follows:

	L	W
Gottlieb Florists	12	27
Wencel Dairy	17	22
Maryton Cafe	19	20
Zefran Morticians	21	18
Liberty Bell	23	16
Hujan Tavern	25	14

—Louis Dolmovich Jr.
Athletic Supervisor
Chicago AFU Bowling League

Use of Old-Fashioned Soup Pot Urged

Use of the old-fashioned soup pot is urged by Dr. Louise Stanley, chief of the U. S. Bureau of Home Economics, as an aid to the share-the-meat program. In a report issued recently, Dr. Stanley tells how to use one on modern gas, electric, and kerosene stoves.

The trick, she says, is to use the refrigerator in combination with the stove. After the first cooking of the soup or meat bones, and after each reheating or recocking, the broth should be allowed to cool slightly and then be placed immediately in the refrigerator. Otherwise dangerous growth of germs in the soup may occur. The old-fashioned back-of-the-stove soup pot avoided this danger because the stove was always hot enough to keep the soup at boiling temperature which kills the germs.

The soup pot is advised because meat weight in the share-the-meat plan must be figured

United Slovenian Societies of Greater New York to Sponsor Great Festival

Those that remember the Concert-Festival the United Slovene Societies held in 1941 in Arlington Hall, will be happy to learn that another festival is being sponsored by the organization and the program is being planned with even richer as various singing groups and individual talents will participate.

The date of the Festival Jan. 17th, 1943. The place: Arlington Hall, at 23 St. Mary Place, New York City. Admission is 50c, and the program will begin at 3 p. m. There will be good dance music for those that like to dance and refreshments and general entertainment for all.

All net proceeds of this Festival are intended for the special fund for liberation of the enslaved brother Yugoslavs under Fascist Italy, Germany, and Hungary. These minorities must be freed at the end of this war, or they will never be liberated again—in order to free them, a number of things shall have to be accomplished and some pacts torn to bits such as the London Pact, which the 600,000 Slovenes and Croats were promised and given Italy in order to alienate them from the Austro-German alliance. Influential elements at work to prevent liberation of these minorities, which mean that we, too, must be ready to defend the rights of our enslaved brothers and sisters when the time comes.

Come to the United Slovene Societies Festival and help to do your bit for creating a better and democratic world for all nations and minorities.

Anna P. Krass

Did You Know That

Foreigners are naturalized in Uruguay without being required to give up their former citizenship? In other words, that country you may legally become a man under two flags?

Your Uncle Sam paid \$10,000,000 outright for the Panama Canal Zone, a strip five miles wide on each side of the canal? He also pays \$250,000 annual rental. The terms of the Byran-Chamorro treaty of 1914 also grant us the right to build naval bases in the Bay of Fonseca, on the Pacific side, and on Corn Island, in the Atlantic.

The snowy white crystals of the chemical, saccharin, are around 280 times as sweet as sugar?

"bone in." Making soup from the bones after the meat has been used, Dr. Stanley says "squeeze every last ounce of good out of the meat which is allotted."

—Science Digest

What to Do About a Cold

Folks who say that everyone will be having one had cold after another this Winter as a result of the request that we keep home temperatures at 65 to conserve fuel, should look back at the experience of Pamela Hollingworth.

Pamela was the five-year-old girl who, clad only in a sun suit wandered in the New Hampshire mountains for eight cold and rainy days last Fall. When rescuers found her, Pamela was suffering acutely from exposure, lack of nourishment and frostbite—but she had not caught cold.

The English can offer a case in the point, too. They've always kept the temperature in their homes at about 60 degrees, but Britain doesn't begin to have the outbreaks of colds that America does.

Lowered temperatures in your home should make for fewer rather than more colds. There will be less contrast between indoor and outdoor temperatures, therefore less chance of severe chilling when you go out.

You don't come down with a cold solely because you are cold. Nor do you catch cold by getting your feet wet, sitting in drafts or eating foods with low vitamin and mineral content. These things lower your resistance to colds, it is true, and therefore should be avoided. But the fact is that you won't catch cold unless you run into filterable virus that infects you with one.

A filterable virus is an infective agent that can't be seen, even with a microscope. And it doesn't infect all people to the same extent. Some people take every known precaution against colds—and get one after another. Others may ignore all the rules and come off scot-free.

Doctors can give no specific reasons why some persons are more susceptible than others. Among the factors that must be considered are the climate, a person's age, his clothing, physical condition and even the state of his emotions.

You can do certain things, though, to minimize your chances of being laid up for three to seven days, the usual duration of a cold.

Preventive measures are designed to help you keep your resistance at its peak. Keeping your feet dry and avoiding drafts and chilling, help do that. To build up resistance it is most important that you eat properly. That means consistently eating well-balanced meals—no grabbing of a sandwich and a gulping of a vitamin pill for a luncheon.

Dosing with synthetic vitamins does not prevent colds, experiments at the University of Minnesota have shown. A well-balanced diet will give you all the vitamins you need. Only your doctor can tell you whether you need extra vitamins. The ideal clothing is that which keeps you comfortably warm without making you perspire.

Colds, like measles or chicken pox, are transmitted by contact, so don't drink from common drinking cups. Try to stay out of crowded buses, subways, restaurants, movies and theaters. And, of course, avoid contact with anyone who has a cold.

Unfortunately the average city dweller finds it almost impossible to follow this advice. He has to spend much of his day in close contact with others, which means that if a lot of other people have colds, he's almost certain to get one, too.

Science has discovered no cure for a cold but it has found several things you can do to make yourself feel better—if you have a cold—and to prevent the cold from getting worse.

The first thing to do, once you get home, is to soak for 15 or 20 minutes in a very hot bath. Soak until your heart begins to beat uncomfortably. Then dry yourself thoroughly, bundle yourself up warmly and run into bed, piling on two or three extra blankets.

Then take a drink—a piping hot lemonade with a tablespoon of whiskey or brandy added to it, or take a hot toddy. But limit yourself to one; a hang-over is a wonderful resistance-lowerer.

Now the hot bath and hot drink have warmed you inside and out; keep on keeping warm at all costs. But don't let your room get stuffy—leave the room occasionally (dressed warmly) and have it thoroughly ventilated.

Don't use nasal drops or jellies unless the doctor advises you to. That is particularly important to keep in mind in treating children. If nasal drops get into a child's lungs they may cause pneumonia.

If your cold seems to be getting worse, or if it lasts longer than a week, by no means try any further self-medication. —CALL A DOCTOR.

If anyone in a family has a cold, a child should be kept away from him. A mother who has a cold but has to handle a baby anyway should scrub her hands often and wear a gauze mask. Children should be taken out of school and kept at home when they show the first signs of a cold.

Scientists continue to seek ways of beating the cold virus. The latest and most hopeful preventive—not cure—seems to be the germicidal lamps, a lamp that emits ultra-violet rays, which destroy all the germs in the air of a room. But germicidal lamps have one obvious limitation—you can't carry them.

There is still a lot of truth in the old saying that the only cure for a cold is three dozen handkerchiefs.

—Science Digest

Coffee Once Sold by the Ounce

American coffee drinkers, faced with weaker brews, smaller cups and fewer of them, may be cheered to know that their favorite beverage was not always sold in pound lots.

Before coffee gained its world-wide popularity, says a bulletin from the National Geographic Society, cautious pharmacists doled it out by the ounce "for medicinal purposes only."

Since the day when the first early Mohammedans were forbidden wine and took to sipping concoctions made from the coffee bean in order to keep awake during their long religious ceremonies, coffee has been acclaimed and disclaimed.

In Cairo, after its introduction there in the early 1500's its use was forbidden because it was considered intoxicating. All places storing or using the "seductive berry" were ordered burned.

During the reign of Charles II, coffee houses in London were ordered closed because they not only brewed a fine cup of coffee, but political unrest as well.

In Vienna where coffee "mit schlag" (heavy whipped cream) is as familiar as the strains of a Viennese waltz, a statue was erected to the man who discovered the coffee beans left by the fleeing Turks in 1683 and who opened the first cafe and served the first cup of coffee to the Viennese.

—Science Digest

New Course for Civilian Defense

New courses pertaining to Civilian Defense and increasing emphasis on technical instruction characterize the curricula of colleges and universities in the States of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, and West Virginia, it was noted today from a survey just completed by the Fifth Region Office of Civilian Defense under the direction of Dan T. Moore, Regional OCD Head.

The larger colleges and universities are leading the way in gearing educational programs to war time needs, Mr. Moore pointed out. "A wide variety of Civilian Defense courses" are now available, he said. "Many schools now offer courses on home nursing, plant protection, food conservation, first aid, child welfare, nutrition and other phases of Civilian Defense. Ohio State University, Denison and Western College in Ohio, West Virginia Institute of Technology, and St. Marys of the Woods in Indiana, are among the schools that have such courses. Ohio State University and also Salem College in West Virginia are typical of many schools that have assisted local Civilian Defense organizations in setting up and instructing Civilian Defense classes."

According to the survey, many colleges such as Centre College at Danville, Kentucky, and Wooster College in Ohio have reorganized courses dealing with the history of various countries, international relations, post-war reconstruction, and production, with special emphasis on wartime problems.

Scores of new courses have been added. For example, Ohio State University and Denison University both offer introductory courses in the Japanese language. Specialized training is now available in radio technology, industrial safety, all types of engineering, materials inspection and testing, war production accounting, Diesel engines, production supervision, industrial chemistry, navigation, meteorology and a host of other subjects.

Many of the courses are available through the Engineering, Science, and Management War Training Program with the authorization of the U. S. Office of Education. Students generally buy their textbooks and a few other materials, but course tuition and laboratory fees are paid by the Federal Government. There are numerous schools in the four states that offer Government-sponsored courses. Among them are Fenn College, Cleveland; Miami University, Oxford; University of Toledo; Youngstown College; University of Louisville and the University of Cincinnati.

Employees of the Aircraft Radio Laboratory at Wright Field take a six-months course at the University of Cincinnati. Upon completing this course, the students are assigned to the Laboratory as junior engineers to inspect incoming radio equipment.

Some universities have complete training programs designed to prepare students for military or industrial life. In many cases these programs have been stepped up so that students may complete a normal four-year course in two years and eight months. Ohio University at Athens, Ohio, offers a two-year program on defense training and on training for industry.

Marietta, Muskingum, and Wooster College conduct civilian pilot training programs and offer courses on military strategy, map interpretation, communications, electronics and other phases of military training. A number of schools have R. O.

Juvenile Voices

It is December 28th the day after Christmas. Although we are at war most of the people here had a nice Christmas. I did. However, it was not quite the same because both of my brothers are away so my mother, sisters, and I observed Christmas by ourselves. The weather here in Ely, Minn. is nice; we have lots of snow but of course no out-of-doors lighting this year. Nevertheless we here in America have made very few sacrifices in comparison with the people of other lands.

George J. Banovetz, former instructor of chemistry in our local schools, was awarded his Second Lieutenant stripes at the graduation exercises of the Chemical Warfare Service Officers Candidate School at Edgewood Arsenal, Maryland. He was selected from the ranks for this training by the superior officer because of excellence in military record, education, and character. Lt. G. J. Banovetz is home on furlough at Ely, Minn., now. He and his wife will live in Denver, Colo., upon his return to duty. Lt. Banovetz is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Steve Banovetz. Mr. Banovetz Sr. was one of the founders of the AFU here in Ely in 1938 at which time Lodge No. 1 was organized. His entire family are members of the AFU.

I noticed other soldiers and college students home for the holidays. This brightens things up a little and gives others hopes that their boys will get their turn to come home soon, too.

Mrs. Tony Zobitz died Dec. 20th. She lived in Soudan, Minn. for a long time but during her illness she made her home with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tekavetz at Tower, Minn. Mrs. Zobitz was the aunt of Mary and Irene Pavlich who formerly wrote for our Juvenile Page.

I hope you juveniles all had a nice Christmas and I wish you all a very Happy New Year full of inspiration to write for our Juvenile column again. I hope it will be filled with your articles. I also wish a Happy New Year to all the AFU Supreme Officers and members.

—Margaret Mary Startz (Age: 13)
Lodge 1, AFU
Ely, Minn.

CHICAGO AFU BOWL-ING NEWS

Standing, January 3, 1943

	Won	Lost
Gottlieb Florists	26	13
Wencel Dairy	21	18
Zefran Morticians	20	19
Maryton Cafe	20	19
Hujans Tavern	15	24
Liberty Bell, 70, AFU	15	24

Team High Three Games

Gottlieb Florists	2313
Wencels Dairy	2167

Team High Single Game

Gottlieb Florists	816
Zefran Morticians	775

High Individual Three Games

Fajfar, Joseph	582
Kovacic, Frank	554

High Single Game

Kovacic, Frank	225
Bruckman, Max	214
Fajfar, Joseph	214

—John Gottlieb, Sec'y
Chicago AFU Bowling League.

Here comes the parade. Where's Auntie? She's upstairs waving her hair.

Goodness, can't we afford a flag?

Sergeant: "Didn't you catch that guy? You had bloodhounds?"

Cop: "Well, could I help it if he was anemic?"

T. C. units. These include Ohio State, Xavier, University of Kentucky, and Muskingum College. Notre Dame has a department of Naval Science and Tactics and offers training for students in three Naval Reserve Classifications, Naval R. O. T. C. the Army, Airforce, and Marine Corps Enlisted Reserve.

Special courses on mathematics, ballistics, and trigonometry are also available for service men. A few of the larger schools have become training centers for the armed forces. "Survey results indicate that colleges increasingly realize their responsibility in helping to educate civilians as well as the armed forces for war," Mr. Moore said in pointing out significance of the OCD survey. "The educational tempo is rapidly being stepped up to avoid 'too little too late'."

Office of Civilian Defense
Fifth Region

Nicknames of Coins

During the latter part of our colonial era, the Spanish dollar was the standard currency, as it was throughout the commercial world of the 18th century. It was first coined in 1728 to replace the older Spanish "piece of eight," whose history began three hundred years before. Readers of Stevenson's "Treasure Island" will remember the emphasis on "pieces of eight." The later coin was worth eight reales, a small Spanish coin or eight bits, and the quarter dollar of two reales or two bits.

The term dollar itself comes from the Joachimsthal silver mines in Bohemia. The owners of the mine struck large coins of silver, which came to be known as Joachimsthalers, then as thalers, in Low German as dalers, and finally as dollars.

When the coinage act of 1792 was adopted by the Congress a dollar of silver equivalent in weight to the Spanish dollar was made the standard unit of currency. During the first decades of the new republic, silver was the standard of monetary value, and not gold. Curiously enough, however, during this time very few silver dollars were minted, but many gold dollars.

The dime, as an equivalent of our ten-cent piece, came from the old French disme, meaning tenth, which has been corrupted to dime. The penny, of course, was from the English coin.

Only one new term has been developed as a nickname without in our own coinage. The word nickel was used for many years for the "flying eagle cent," and then transferred to the five-cent piece.

—Facts Magazine

Women's Army Auxiliary Corps

Patriotic women who are eager to do their part in this country's war effort are urged to find their places in the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps.

The W.A.A.C. offers strong, intelligent women of 21 to 44, inclusive, regardless of race, color or creed, a broad range of service opportunities.

Positions open to members of the W.A.A.C. include: accountants, bookkeepers, camera technicians, cashiers, clerical workers of all kinds, draftsmen, librarians, machine record operators, mimeograph operators, musicians, photo laboratory technicians, radio technicians, statisticians, telephone, telegraph and teletype operators, typists, weather observers, stenographers, drivers, cooks and bakers and messengers.

In order for any person to join the W.A.A.C., she must be a citizen of the United States, be between her 21st and 44th birthday, have no one financially dependent upon her pay as a member of the W.A.A.C., and pass an Army physical and mental alertness examination.

Persons interested may secure applications for enlistment at the U. S. Army Recruiting Office, Room 8, Old Post Office Building, Cleveland, O.

"How kind of you," said the girl, "to bring these lovely flowers. They are so beautiful and fresh. I believe there is some dew on them yet."

"Yes," stammered the young man in great embarrassment, "but I'm going to pay it off tomorrow."

"Nurse, what makes you think the patient was a hard drinker?"

"He just tried to blow the foam off his medicine."

DOPISI

Dearborn, Mich. — Podpisani Joseph F. Yeray, član društva št. 82 ABZ v Sheboyganu, Wis., sedaj v večalni šoli zvezne mornarice v Dearbornu, Mich., se želim tem potom iskreno zahvaliti sobratom in sestrostram pri društvu št. 82 ABZ v Sheboyganu, Wis., za božično darilo, ki so mi ga poslali. Človeku neizrečeno dobro de, če dobi nekaj iz svojega domačega mesta, in veseli ga, ker ve, da se ga spominjajo njegovi sobratje in prijatelji. Iskrena hvala vam, bratje, sestre in prijatelji! Mi, od svoje strani, pa bomo storili vse, kar je v naših močeh, da bo zvezdnata zastava izšla zmagoslavna iz te vojne in da zavladata demokracija in mir na svetu. Vsem članom in članicam Ameriške bratske zveze, posebno pa bratom in sestram v društvu št. 82 ABZ v Sheboyganu, Wisconsin, želim srečno, zdravo in zadovoljno novo leto, ter ostajam, z bratskim pozdravom, vaš brat

Joseph F. Yeray.

Eveleth, Minn. — Na letni seji društva št. 25 ABZ je bil za leto 1943 izvoljen sledeči odbor: Filip Fister, predsednik; Mrs. John Verhovnik, podpredsednica; John Laurich, tajnik; John Strah, zapisnikar; Tony Skerjanc, blagajnik; John Verhovnik, Mike Zadkovich in Frank Frantar, nadzorniki; Joseph Orehek, predsednik odseka za atletiko; Tony Massel, zastavonoša. — Na tej seji je bilo tudi sklenjeno, da se bodo mesečne seje društva vršile v cerkveni dvorani. Kupljen je bil en vojni bond za \$50, in \$15 se je nakazalo Slovenskemu narodnemu kongresu, ki se je nedavno vršil v Clevelandu, Ohio. Nagrad za poseganje sej so bili deležni Mike Zadkovich, Joe Kamnikar in John Kotnik. Pozdravi!

Joseph F. Orehek.

Chicago, Ill. — Ko bo ta moj dopis zagledal beli dan v našem priljubljenem glasilu Novi Dobi, se bo že pisalo leto 1943. Zato naj najprej želim vsem članom in članicam naše Ameriške bratske zveze srečno, zdravo in veselo novo leto in še mnogo, mnogo nadaljnjih novih let v bodočnosti. Poleg tega, kakor vsi drugi, želim, da se v letu 1943 spet povrne mir v našo deželo in druge dežele sveta in da se naši fantje in moške, ki zdaj nosijo vojaške suknje Strica Sama, zdravi in zmagoslavni vrnejo domov k svojim dragim.

Na tem mestu se želim zahvaliti članom in članicam društva Illini Stars, št. 170 ABZ, kakor tudi prijateljem društva, ki so se udeležili naše "B & K" zabave v nedeljo 6. decembra 1942. Posebej naj bo izražena iskrena hvala tistim sestrostram, ki so vršile razna potrebna dela na veselici, in vsem tistim, ki so prispevale darila. Prisrčna hvala tudi sestri Mary Golenko, ki nam je dala prostore za prireditve brezplačno na razpolago. Lepa hvala vsem tistim, ki so na kakršni koli način pripomogli, da se je prireditev tako lepo in uspešno završila. Naša društvena blagajna si je s to prireditvijo opomogla za kakih \$50.00.

Pri tej priliki se želim tudi zahvaliti vsem članom in članicam, ki so mi v letu 1942 šli na roke pri izvrševanju mojega tajniškega posla. Društvo št. 170 ABZ je v letu 1942 prišlo dobro napredovalo in povečalo se je tudi s pridruženjem društva št. 211. Konci decembra 1942 je šlo naše društvo 62 članov in članic v odraslem oddelku in 71 v mladinskem. V mladinski kampanji v letu 1942 smo pridobili 14 novih članov in članic. Vse navedeno dokazuje, da vlada v našem društvu slova in bratstvo. Upam in želim, da ostane tako tudi v bodoče.

Odbor za leto 1943 je sestavljen sledeče: John Zvezich, Sr., predsednik; Mary Kovacic, podpredsednica; Agnes Jurečič, tajnica; Mary Kržan, blagajničarka; John Jurečič, zapisnikar; Christina Harey, Frances Turk in Mary Zokal, nadzornice. Društvene seje se vršijo vsako tretjo sredo v mesecu na domu tajnice, to je na: 4131 W. 24th Place, Chicago. Naša prihodnja seja se bo vršila v sredo 20. januarja na gori označenem naslovu in se bo pričela ob 7. uri zvečer. Vsi člani in članice so vabljeni, da se te seje gotovo udeležijo, ker bo na tej seji uradno nameščenje starih in novih odbornikov. Člane in članice tudi obveščam, da je bilo na letni seji sklenjeno, da vsak odrasli član in članica plača mesečno 20 centov društvenega asesmenta; to poleg rednega asesmenta, ki je pošiljan na glavni urad. Društvo potrebuje teh 20 centov za svojo blagajno, to je za pokrivanje društvenih stroškov. Prosim, da to upoštevajo vsi člani in članice, posebno pa tisti, ki pošiljajo svoje asesmente po pošti.

Pozdrav vsem članom in članicam Ameriške bratske zveze, naši organizaciji pa mnogo napredka v letu 1943! — Za društvo Illini Stars, št. 170 ABZ: Agnes Jurečič, tajnica.

New York, N. Y. — Festival Združenih slovenskih društev v New Yorku. — Dne 17. januarja bodo priredila Združena slovenska društva v New Yorku velik festival, katerega čisti prebitek bo šel v začetni sklad za osvoboditev jugoslovanskih manjšin, katere so bile po zadnji svetovni vojni predane Italiji, Avstriji in Maržarski.

Velika koncertna priredba se bo vršila v znani Arlington Halli, na 23. St. Marks Place, New York City. Začetek bo ob treh popoldne in vstopnina bo samo 50c.

Predstavniki newyorških društev in kulturnih skupin se zavajajo, da je danes borba za osvoboditev naših manjšin izpod tujega jarma bolj važna, kot kdajkoli, zakaj, ako te manjšine ne bodo osvobojele sedaj, tedaj zanje ni več rešitve. Upoštevajoč to dejstvo, so se Združena slovenska društva odločila, da bo slovenska naselbina velikega New Yorka storila svojo narodno dolžnost v tem pogledu, ter priredila eno skupno priredbo v prid osvoboditve naših manjšin.

Sedaj je odvisno od naše javnosti v New Yorku in okolici, ter v sosednjih državah, kakšen uspeh te velike prireditve. Združena društva bodo poskrbela, da bo podan bogat in pester ter zanimiv program, katerega bodo izvajali naši domači talenti.

Imeli bomo tudi govornike in predvajana bo živa slika. Naše brate Jugoslovane izrecno vabimo, da nas posetijo 17. januarja. Posebno bi želeli, da pridejo v obilnem številu naši bratje Istrani, kar imeli bomo govornika iz njih srede, namreč, Mr. Antona Šinticha.

Splah bo vsakdo, ki se še spominja naše skupne priredbe lanskega leta, poskrbel, da zagotovo pride v Arlington Hall k naši skupni manifestaciji želje, da vidimo po tej vojni naše manjšine združene v eni skupni domovini Združeni Sloveniji.

(Dajte na 6. strani)

Posodimo vladni Zedinjenih držav naše prihranke, ki jih potrebuje v boju s krvavimi silami nacifašizma. Ako bi v tej vojni zmagal nacifašizem, bi mi vsi izgubili ne samo naše premoženje in našo svobodo, ampak najbrž tudi naše življenje.

Vse žrtve, ki jih doprinašamo mi na domači fronti, so nič v primeri z žrtvami, ki jih doprinašajo naši vojaki na aktivnih frontah.

DOPISI

(Dalje z 5. str.)

Lani je marsikateri posetnik izrekel željo, da bi bilo kaj več takih priredb, na katerih bi vladalo tako nepriljubeno razpoloženje, ter bil podan tako domač in lep program—sedaj je tu prilika, da se spet razvedrite in poveseleste v družbi rojakov in znancev ter prijateljev, ki bodo prišli od vseh strani, da si zagotovite lepega duševnega užitka na Festivalu Združenih slovenskih društev v New Yorku. Tisti, ki imate narodne noše, oblecite jih ta dan.

Pazite na nadaljno obvestilo o tej važni priredbi drugi teden.

Ali kdo pozna Mateja Kumerja?

Ravno dan pred božičem sem prejela od slovenskega mornariškega podčastnika, ki se nahaja v nemškem vojnem ujetništvu, zalepko sledeče vsebine:

"Mrs. Anna P. Krasna:

"Zelo sem bil vesel Vašega pisma od —. Globoko sem Vam hvaležen za nj. Taboriščna uprava mi je dala posnelo, da se obrnite za označene 'labelne', kakor za vse druge potrebne informacije glede pošiljate zavojev, na Rdeči križ v Zdr. državah. — Prosil pa bi Vas, da mi dobite naslov mojega strica, Mateja Kumerja, ki je po poklicu botanik (vrtnar) in živi v New Yorku. — Jaz sem bil rojen v Celju, sin Marije Čepuš, rojene Kumer. Oba, oče in mati sta mi mrtva. Čisto sam sem na svetu. V mornarici sem služil šest let.

"Zelo me bo veselilo slišati kake novice od Vas. Z najlepšimi pozdravi, Vinko Čepuš."

Gornje pismo oziroma zalepko je pošiljatelj odposlal v mesecu septembru letos in vsebina je pisana v precej dobri angleščini, vendar taki, da je sklepali, da zna podčastnik sam nekaj angleščine. Lahko si vsakdo predstavlja, kako bo vesel, ako mu bo mogoče dobiti naslov njegovega strica, zato naj bo, kdorkoli pozna zgoraj imenovanega Mateja Kumerja, tako dober, da to takoj sporoči uredništvu "Glas Naroda," 216 West 18th Street, New York City. Če pa bi dotični čital to objavo sam, naj se zgleda pri listu osebo, ako še živi v New Yorku, kot naveda zalepka.

Čepušu, kot še drugim slovenskim fantom v ujetništvu, katerih imena nam je oskrbel Rdeči križ, je bilo poslano pismo z namenom, da dobimo od njega potrebni modri ali rdeči označeni listek za pošiljatev zavojev. Iz zalepke je razvidno, da taboriščna uprava njemu ni izdala takega listka, pač pa mu je dala navodilo, naj sporoči v Ameriko, da tozadevne informacije in listke dobimo lahko tukaj. — Jaz sem prejela že več zalepk od jugoslovanskih ujetnikov, pa je bilo doslej vedno označeno, potem modrega ali rdečega "labelna," dali bi rad ujetnik prejel obleko ali živila. Obstaja možnost, da so Nemci sistem pošiljanja oziroma dostavljanja zavojev ujetnikom zopet spremenili.

Anna P. Krasna.

Cleveland, O. — Na letni seji društva Jutranga zvezda, št. 137 ABZ, ki se je vršila 17. decembra, je bila nekoliko boljše udeležba, kot je po navadi na naših sejah. Zleteli bi bilo, da bi članice v večjem številu prihajale na seje, ker tako bi se lažje ukrenilo vse tako, kakor bi bilo po želji večine. Nesmiselno pa je, če se članice, ki ne prihajajo na seje, potem jezijo zaradi tega ali onega društvenega sklepa. Na seji ima vsaka pravico povedati svoje mnenje in glasovati, kakor misli, da je prav. Če pa članica ne pride na sejo, se mora zadovoljiti s sklepi, ki so bili sprejeti brez njene

navzočnosti. Sklepi, sprejeti na društveni seji, so veljavni in obvezni za vse članice in seveda tudi za tajnico. Ako kateri ni kakšen društveni sklep po volji, naj se ne jezi nad tajnico. Članice, ki prihajajo na seje, to vedo, in pravilno bi bilo, da bi se tega zavedale tudi druge. Podpisana sem že dve leti tajnica tega društva, pa nekatere članice še sedaj ne vedo za ime in naslov tajnice, in povprašujejo okoli, ako se pripeti bolezen in se je treba prijaviti tajnici. Nekoliko več zanimanja za društvo in njegovo poslovanje bi se pač spodobilo.

Na letni seji je bilo sklenjeno, da vsaka članica plača 50 centov društvene naklade v društveno blagajno meseca novembra 1943. Veselje ne prirejamo in redni mesečni prispevki ne pokrivajo vseh izdatkov, torej bomo v novembru 1943 plačale po 50 centov v društveno blagajno. Dalje je bilo sklenjeno, da kupimo še en vojni bond in s tem po naših skromnih zmognostih pripomoremo k porazu sovražnikov, demokracije. Prihodnja seja se bo vršila v četrtek 21. januarja, in želimo, da bi bila dobro obiskana. Na omenjeni seji bodo prečitani trimesečni in celoletni računi društva.

Odbor za leto 1943 je sestavljen sledeče: Genovefa Zupan, predsednica; Frances Brancel, podpredsednica; Dorothy Strniša, 13608 Coit Rd. (Tel. MU 2730), tajnica in blagajničarka; Julia Brezovar, zapisničarka; Rose Levstek, Pauline Durjava in Mary Bradač, nadzornice; Pauline Zigman, rediteljica; Mary Bradač, zastopnica za SND in za konferenco ter za ohijsko federacijo; Genovefa Zupan in Dorothy Strniša za pomožno akcijo; Frances Brancel in Mary Mahne za združena društva.

Zdravo in zadovoljno novo leto vsem glavnim uradnikom, vsem našim vojakom in vsemu članstvu Ameriške bratske zveze! — Za društvo št. 137 ABZ: Dorothy Strniša, tajnica.

Detroit, Mich. — Na letni seji društva Triglav, št. 144 ABZ je bil za leto 1943 izvoljen sledeči odbor: Frank Pavlič, predsednik; Mike Bahor, 17496 Omira Ave., Detroit, Mich., tajnik; Joseph Misica, blagajnik; Mrs. Mary Bishop, predsednica nadzornega odbora; John Kraizn, zapisnikar. Društvene seje se bodo vršile vsako četrto nedeljo v mesecu in vse druge društvene določbe ostanejo po starem. Bratski pozdravi! — Za društvo št. 144 ABZ: Mike Bahor, tajnik.

Butte, Mont. — Na letni seji društva Western Sisters, št. 190 ABZ, ki se je vršila 17. decembra, je bilo nekoliko večja udeležba, kot je po navadi na naših sejah. Zleteli bi bilo, da bi članice v večjem številu prihajale na seje, ker tako bi se lažje ukrenilo vse tako, kakor bi bilo po želji večine. Nesmiselno pa je, če se članice, ki ne prihajajo na seje, potem jezijo zaradi tega ali onega društvenega sklepa. Na seji ima vsaka pravico povedati svoje mnenje in glasovati, kakor misli, da je prav. Če pa članica ne pride na sejo, se mora zadovoljiti s sklepi, ki so bili sprejeti brez njene

Mary Predovich, tajnica.

Euclid, O. — Na letni seji društva Napredok, št. 132 ABZ, ki se je vršila 11. decembra 1942 v navadnih prostorih, zaradi premale udeležbe od strani članstva ni bilo mogoče izvoliti odbora za leto 1943. V sled tega nujno pozivam članice in članice našega društva, da se gotovo udeležijo prihodnje seje, ki se bo vršila v petek 8. januarja, da bomo izvolili odbor za tekoče leto in uradili še vse druge zadeve, ki so potrebne za poslovanje in napredok društva v bodočnosti. Bratski pozdrav

in vse najboljše v novem letu vsem članom in članicam Ameriške bratske zveze! — Za društvo št. 132 ABZ: Jacob Gruden, predsednik.

Enumclaw, Wash. — Iz naše zelene države Washingtona se malokdaj kdo oglasi v Novi Dobi. Saj imamo precej sposobnih članov, ki bi bili zmogni kaj napisati, pa se zdi, da vsak rajši čita kot piše.

Seja društva Bratje svobode, št. 162 ABZ, ki se je vršila 20. decembra 1942, je bila še precej dobro obiskana, ker je bila letna seja. Za leto 1943 je bil izvoljen po večini stari odbor. Seveda, nihče ne prevzame rad urada v teh časih, ko je marsikaj drugače kot je bilo. Društveni uralniki imajo razna pota, toda potovanja so v teh časih otežkočena z racioniranjem gasolin in olja in avtomobilskih obrobov. Pa tudi bolj temno imamo tukaj ponoči. Pa se bomo tudi tem izpremenjenim razmeram privadili; da bi le kaj hujšega ne bilo. Mesečne seje našega društva se bodo vršile še naprej po starem redu.

Posebnih novic ravno ni za poročati od tukaj. Naša tajnica, sestra Mary Balint, se je sredičeno vrnila s Slovenskega narodnega kongresa v Clevelandu, Ohio, in nam je navdušeno pripovedovala, kaka lepa sloga in toleranca je vladala na kongresu. Zborovalci so začasno pozabili na vse tisto, kar jih razdvaja in loči in so zborovali samo kot Slovenci, skušajoči pomagati svojim zaslužnim bratom v starem kraju. Odboru, ki je ta kongres aranziral, in delegatom na kongresu, gre priznanje, da smo ameriški Slovenci enkrat vidno pokazali vsemu svetu, da znamo biti složni in tolerantni, kadar se gre za veliko stvar.

Vreme imamo tukaj prilično gorko, le nekoliko preveč dežja je včasih. Po vrtil se še vidijo cvetlice, solata, repa in druga zelenjava. Tako, da gospodinje, posebno na farmah, vsaj v tem oziru ne bomo občutile racioniranja. Precej jadicovanja je zaradi surovega masla, ker se ga dobi samo pol funta na teden za osebo. Moje mnenje v tem oziru je, da dokler nam kruha ne bodo odmerjali, nam še ne bo nič hudega. Seveda, mi, ki smo zrastle v starem kraju, nismo bili razvajeni s surovim maslom na belem kruhu. Bili smo srečni, če smo imeli dovolj kruha brez masla in "želija". Maslo se je moralo stopiti, da se je rabilo za potrebno zabelo. Pa je bil velik piknik za nas otroke, kadar smo imeli "tropine" od stopljenega masla na žganici ali polenti. Tukaj rojena mladina je seveda zrastle v izobilju, pa je razvajena in občuti take malenkosti, kakor je nekoliko tanjša plast surovega masla na kruhu. Kar se mene tiče, sem zadovoljna, da imam le enkrat na dan dovolj za jesti. Koliko naših Slovencev in Slovenk je v starem kraju, ki se že mesece ali leta niso do siteda najdeli, in koliko jih je podleglo direktnemu izstradanju. Če bi večkrat na to pomislili, bi kar z veseljem prenašali te male neveselčnosti in omejitve, katerim se moramo zaradi vojnih razmer privaditi.

Naša farmerska naselbina ni velika, toda odšlo je od tu že lepo število mladih fantov k vojakom. Nekateri so še v taboriščih v Zedinjenih državah, drugi pa so raztreseni bogvekod. Sedaj bodo pričeli klicati k vojakom tudi 18-letne in 19-letne fante; tako bo imelo več družin po dva ali tri fante v vojaški službi. Pri tujakih družini Terlep sta, na primer, že bila vpoklicana prvorojenca, dvojčka, in tretji je tudi že dopolnil 18. leto ter pričakuje vojakov. Kako hudo je to za prizadete družine, si lahko mislimo. Seveda, pomagati ne moremo nič, sile razmer so močnejše kot smo mi. Upajmo, da bo ta vojna

kmalu zmagoslavno končana za Ameriko in njene zaveznike in da se naši fantje zdravi vrnejo spet domov.

Naj še omenim, da so me moji sorodniki in prijatelji precej iznenadili na moj rojstni dan 13. decembra. Mislija sem, da so vsi pozabili na to, ker je bilo kratko pred božičem, ko ima vsak toliko opraviti z nakupi božičnih daril itd. Bila je nedelja in dolgočasila sem se sama doma. Premišljevala sem, kako vse drugače je bilo včasih, ko nas je bila vsa družina skupaj, osem po številu, sedaj sem pa sama z enim sinom, ostala; mož mi že šest let počiva v grobu. Sinovi pa so razkropljeni tu in tam. Iz teh misli me vdrani sin Frank, ki je prišel v poset s soprogo. Potem pride sin Albert s soprogo. Voščili so mi srečo, kot domači, in si nisem nič posebnega mislila, posebno, ker mi je bil sin Peter rekel, da gre po svojih opravkih, potem pa da me bo malo peljal ven z avtomobilom, da ne bom tako žalostna. Privržili so nadaljni avtomobili s sorodniki, pa sem mislila, da so prišli samo na razgovor. Nato pa so se vsi prijatelji od vseh strani, s klici "surprise!" Bila sem res iznenadena, pa tudi ginja, da so me solze obile. Predno sem se prav zavedla, so bile mize pogrnjene in obložene z raznimi dobrotami. Razume se, da ni manjkalo kapljice, ki je svojočasno Noeta zapeljala, in ognjene vode za medicino, če bi se katerega lotil revmatizem, in ko so zabodli prašička, je tekla rumena kri. (Vlogo prašička je moral igrati pivski sodček). Sploh je bilo vsega v obilici, postrežbe, smeha in zabave. Naj mi bo na tem mestu dovoljeno izraziti mojo iskreno zahvalo vsem sorodnikom in prijateljem, ki so mi privedli to iznenadenje, za njihovo prijaznost in čestitke, kakor tudi za lepa darila. Njihove naklonjenosti ne bom pozabila, dokler bom živea. Hvala tudi prijateljem za mnogoštevne božične kartice. Včasih se mi zdi, da sem hudo osamljena, toda, kadar pomislim na toliko število prijateljev in prijateljic, ki se me spominjajo, se počutim srečno in sem hvaležna usodi, ki mi je tako naklonjena. K sklepu voščim vsem članom Ameriške bratske zveze in vsem čitateljem tega lista zdravo in zadovoljno novo leto.

Josephine Richter,
zapisničarka dr. št. 162 ABZ.

Central City, Pa. — Na letni seji društva Veseli Slovenci, št. 198 ABZ, ki se je vršila 18. decembra 1942, je bil za leto 1943 izvoljen sledeči odbor: Anton Vidmar, predsednik; Andrej Morel, podpredsednik; Vincent Maljevac, Box 212, Central City, Pa., tajnik; Frances Bratina, blagajničarka. Bolniški nadzorni odbor tvorijo vsi člani v bližini bolnišnice.

Člani, ki se niso udeležili letne seje, naj bodo tem potom obveščeni, da v letošnjem letu se bodo društvene seje vršile vsako tretjo nedeljo v mesecu. Vršile se bodo v prostorih sestre blagajničarke in se bodo pričele ob 2. uri popoldne. Dalje je bilo sklenjeno, da v mesecu januarju 1943 plačajo vsi člani in člani odraslega oddelka po en dolar asesmenta v društveno blagajno. Kdor ne bo plačal tega izrednega asesmenta, od istega tudi ne bom vzel rednega asesmenta. Tako določa društveni sklep. Tega društvenega asesmenta so prosti samo člani-vojaki. Toliko v obvestil in bratski pozdrav! — Za društvo št. 198 ABZ:

Vincent Maljevac, tajnik.

SPLOŠNI TEDENSKI PREGLED
(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

pretekli teden v zelo poučnem govoru pozival s sodelovanju

vse, ki želijo trajnega miru po sedanjih vojni. Ameriška prodaja se naši fantje zdravi vrnejo spet domov.

POPLAVE
V drugi polovici preteklega tedna je dolgotrajno deževje povzročilo poplave ob reki Ohio. Prizadete so bile države Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia in Kentucky. Človeških žrtev ni bilo, toda poplave so povzročile za več milijonov dolarjev materialne škode. Ponekod so bile prizadete tudi vojne industrije. O poplavih se poročajo tudi iz držav v Massachusetts, New York in Connecticut.

DOBER PREROK
Frederic Sterbenz, kabelski urednik za "Cleveland Press," je ob lanskem novem letu napovedal za leto 1942 sledeče vojne razvoje: Rusija bo nosila težo bojevanja, toda ne bo poražena; držala bo večino nemške armade na vzhodni fronti. Hitler ne bo napadel Anglije in Anglija ne bo poskušala z invazijo evropskega kontinenta. Amerika bo pomagala pri obrambnih operacijah v Afriki in na Bližnjem Vzhodu. Amerika bo skušala držati japonsko ofenzivo pod kontrolo, toda ne bo podvzela ofenzive proti Japonski, dokler se ne bo vojna odločila v Evropi. Hitler bo skušal zavzeti francosko severno Afriko in preprečiti angleško plovbo v Sredozemlju ter bo napadel Bližnji Vzhod, pa najbrž ne bo uspel. Navedene napovedi so se precej točno uresničile.

NOVO LETALO
Na letališču v Daytonu preizkušajo novo oziroma izboljšano letalo, izdelka "Sikorski," ki se more dvigniti navpično v zrak in pristati na sličen način. Leteti more ne samo naprej, ampak tudi nazaj in na stran in se po potrebi vzdrževati na istem mestu v zraku. Novo letalo obeta biti zelo uporabno za zasledovanje in uničevanje podmornic.

DE GAULLE PRIDE
V Washingtonu pričakujejo v bližnji bodočnosti poset generala De Gaulleja, poveljnika "bojujoče se Francije." Predsednik Roosevelt bo pri tisti priliki najbrž skušal izgladiti vse spore, ki še obstajajo med De Gaullejem in francoskimi generali v Afriki.

PREMEMBA KABINETA
Jugoslovanska zamejna vlada v Londonu je bila reorganizirana. Sestava novega kabineta še ni znana.

USPEHI PARTIZANOV
Moskovski radio poroča, da so jugoslovanski partizani po hudih bojih pregnali osištne čete iz Šumice in Tomislavgrada pri Livnu. Nemci so baje poslali tri nadaljne divizije vojaštva v Hrvaško.

APIZAR UMRL
V Londonu je pretekli teden umrl Neville Henderson, bivši angleški poslanik v Berlinu. Svoječasno je zagovarjal nacizem in je pokojnemu Chamberlainu pomagal pri sramotni prodaji Češkoslovaške. Po nemškem napadu na Poljsko pa se je Henderson odpovedal apizarnju in pred dvema leti je na nekem zborovanju izjavil: "Če bi imel puško in dva naboja, bi najprej ustrelil Himmlerja, potem Ribbentropa, nakar bi Hitlerju razbil glavo s puškinim kopitom."

ZNAMENJE ČASA
V Bratislavi se je nedavno vršila tajna konferenca med zastopniki nemških narodnih manjšin v Madžarski, Rumuniji, Slovaški in Hrvaški. Zborovalci so razpravljali, kako pre-

pričiti masna pokolja Nemcev v omenjenih deželah, za slučaj, da bi se Nemčija nagloma zrušila.

Iz nekega jetniškega taborišča v gornji Bavarski je nedavno pobegnilo v neko nevtralnno državo, najbrž v Švico, večje število ujetnikov, obenem z njihovimi pazniki. Ko je začelo Nemcem slabo iti na ruski fronti, so postajali pazniki bolj in bolj prijazni napram jetnikom in končno so jim obljubili preiskrbi civilne obleke in druge potrebščine za pobeg, pod pogojem, da smejo tudi pazniki pobegniti z njimi. In so vsi srečno pobegnili preko meje.

KVIŠKU, SLOVENSKA SRCA V AMERIKI!

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

čni sklep društva je bil, da se prispeva še iz društvene blagajne vsota, da bo skupni prispevek \$500.00, to je: za JPO, SS \$250.00 in za SANS \$250.00.

Člani in članice društva Lunder Adamič vam kličejo preko širne Amerike: "Kvišku srca, bratje in sestre, živimo v velikih in zgodovinskih časih, ko nemirna slovenska kri odpira človeška srca onih ameriških Slovencev, ki so seme izkrvavljene naroda onkraj morja. Bolj blagoslovljeno je delo onega, ki daje, kot je delo onega, ki sprejema. Dajte in dajajte, kot še nikoli niste dajali. Pomagajte, rešujte in celite rane, kot da pred vami prosi in joče vaša lastna mati, da iztisne iz svojega suhega telesa zadnjo kapljo poživljajoče krvi v uteho umirajočega sina. To je boj za življenjski obstanek; tu je samo vprašanje, če daš, da rešiš življenje; ali ne daš in stopiš preko mrtvega trupla svojega brata. Tu je vprašanje, ali želiš svojemu narodu onkraj morja isto svobodo in demokracijo, katero sam uživaš: ali se boš zlobno nasmehnil in z zaničevanjem pljunil na tisto slovensko zemljo, ki ti je dala življenje. Kri ni voda! Kri naše krvi se razliva preko slovenske zemlje in napaja pogorišča naših vasi, kjer je slovenska pesem, sveta narodova beseda, stisnjena za zamašena usta. "Kvišku srca, bratje in sestre, mi smo že plačali prvi narodni davek, plačajte ga tudi vi, da boste nam enaki, ki se zavedamo nesreče, katere je zadela našo rodno zemljo."

Velik problem je transportacija. Dasi je transportne gradnje z veliko brizno, jedno primanjkuje. Vzrok mu je, ker nekaj transportnih ladij nam sovražnik potopi, večji vzrok pa je, ker se v naši bojna sila v raznih jih sveta vedno večja in zama vedno večji obseg. To teva dostava vedno večje lične najrazličnejših potrebščin. Naš transportacijski tem se neprestano izboljšuje, toda odgovarjati mora tudi v ne večjim zahtevam.

V gornjem so v kratkem vedeni vojni problemi Amerikarjih je nedavno obrnil general Marshall. Ti podatki nam vsaj približno pokazajo ogromne probleme, ki jih Amerika v tej največji vojni vseh vojn. Prepričani smo, da močna in dinamična Amerika te probleme povoljno rešita, toda to bo zahtevalo še mnogo truda in žrtev. Vojna ni igra.

Daj, brat, daj; pomagaj sestri!

BOŽIČNE CVETLICE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

vo rast in razvoj. V privatnih domovih dobijo take cvetlice malokdaj tako oskrbo, deloma, ker novi lastniki ne znajo pravilno ravnati z njimi, deloma ker stanovanjske sobe nimajo prave temperature in vlažnosti. Navadno je zrak v stanovanjskih sobah za cvetlice pregorel in presuh. Iz rastlinjakov v stanovanjske prostore preseljene cvetlice navadno začnejo vse prehitro hirati in veneti.

Vsekakor, ako se takim cvetlicam da vsaj prilično primerne pogoje za življenje, ostanejo dolgo sveže, zelene in cvetoče. Za cvetlice je najbolj primerna temperatura okrog 60 stopinj. Izpostavljene ne smejo biti prepihu niti direktnim sončnim žarkom, toda imeti morajo dovolj svetlobe. Zalivati jih je treba samo toliko, da ostaja zemlja v

VESTI iz bojnega polja in o splošnih dogodkih širom sveta, lahko dnevno čitate v ENAKOPRAVNOSTI
Kadar vaše društvo potrebuje tiskovine, obrnite se na našo moderno urejeno tiskarno. Vsako delo točno in po zmerni ceni izvršeno.

lončkih enakomerno vlažno, da ne mokra. Boljše je, da zemlja nekoliko suha kot mokra. Plin, ki se rabi za javo in ponekod za razsvetljavo je strup za cvetlice, posebno uhaaja neporabljen v zrak, v malih količinah. Cvetlice bijo nekoliko vlažen zrak, mu se deloma odpmore, na radiatorje in druge pripravne postavijo plitve, z napolnjene posode, da iz njega voda daje nekoliko topline zraku. To je posebno potrebno, kjer se stanovanjski stori grejejo s tako zvanim čim zrakom.

Cvetlice v sobah radi napajo razni mrčesi, kot listne rdeči pajki, bele mušice itd. odpravimo, če škropimo cvetlice z raztopino tobačnega soka (nicotine sulphate); eno tega sulfata se raztopi v vodi in doda eno unčo mila. Česi se dostikrat pasejo na njih delih listov in jih ni lahko doseči z raztopino; kih primerih naj se rabi v topino namočeno gobo in obriše vsak list posebej. Menovan mealybugs, se na spodnjih delih listov in kolonije, ki sličejo malim pegam, kakor bi bili potreseni moko. Košček bombaža, čen v alkohol in ovit na zobotrebca, najsigurnejše to zalego. Nekateri drugi me se zbiražo na površju prlončku ali pa pod lončkom. Napadajo korenine rastlin, mrčese je treba poiskati in vidirati. Tobačni dim ne škoduje rastlinam, toda mrčesom pern. Nekateri vrtnarji tudi vijo, da je priporočljivo nati nekoliko tobačnega prali zdrobljenega tobaka na ljo v lončku, kar baje odganja razne mrčese.

OBSEŽNOST AMERIŠKE VOJNE AKCIJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

zdravstvene, sanitarne in komunikacijske oddelke z vsotom. V Afriki je malo cest, železnic in na pacifičnih območjih ni javnih vodnih napeljav. stov, avtomobilov in prodaja je malo. Skoro za vse, kar potrebujejo, so Američani od svojega dovoza.

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