

AMERIKA OBDOLE
JUGOSLAVIJA
PROVOKACIJA

Glavni department objavil vsebinsko protestnih not

AMERIKA OKUPACIJSKE CONE

Washington, D. C., 20. avg.—Ameriški državni department je dal razumeti Jugoslovancem, da se je naveličala jugoslovanskih provokacij v tržaški oblasti, ki vključujejo invazije ameriško-britske okupacijske cone na napade na ameriške čete. Glavni department je objavil dve protestni not, ki sta bili poslani Titovi vladi. Ena je bila poslana 20. maja, druga pa zadnji četrtek. Department ni komentiral vesti, da so jugoslovanski letalci streljali na ameriško transportno letalo, ki se je pojavilo nad Julijskimi Alpami južnozapadno od Celovca. Letalo je bilo na poti z Dunaja v Videm, Italija.

Jugoslovanska vlada je že večkrat protestirala proti invaziji svojega ozračja po ameriških letalcih. Ameriški poslanik Patterson v Beogradu je potem dal odgovorilo, da bo preprečil nevarne polete ameriških letal nad jugoslovanskim ozemljem. Maršal Tito je dejal, da ni poletil ogrožati miru. Značilno je, ker je ameriški glavni department objavil vsebinsko ene protestne note, ki je bila dostavljena Titovi vladi pred tremi meseci šele včeraj. Ameriški krogi trdijo, da je Amerika razkačena zaradi ruske obsežne na mirovni konferenci v Parizu. Posledica te je povečanje napetosti med Ameriko in Rusijo.

(Britski zunanji urad je tudi dal protest Titovi vladi, ker jugoslovanske čete baje udirajo v britsko-ameriško okupacijsko ozemlje v Julijski Krajini. Naznani pravi, da je bila zadnja britska protestna nota dostavljena Titovi vladi 14. avgusta.) Ameriški državni department je priznal, da so ameriške čete spadle jugoslovanske čete v Julijski Krajini in ubile dva jugoslovanska vojaka, zaeno pa ni, da so bile provocirane in so morale braniti.

Amerika ne po poslala opazovalcev v Grčijo

Washington, D. C., 20. avg.—Amerika je zavrnila povabilo ruske vlade, naj pošlje opazovalce v Grčijo, ko se bodo vršile volitve 1. septembra. Pri teh volitvah odločili za ali proti vstopu kraja Jurija v Grčijo. Jurij živi v razkošnem hotelu v Atenah. Britska vlada se je odzvala povabilu in naznanila, da bo poslala opazovalce v Grčijo. Slednja je še vedno pod nadzorom britskih čet.

Biševo kralja

20. avg.—List Daily American poroča, da sta se monarhi bivši italijanski kralj Viktor Emanuel in njegova žena izločili iz vile pri Kairu, Egipt, in se preselila v hotel, odkar sta v Italiji. Poročilo pravi, da sta dobila začasno dovoljenje pri neki italijanski vladi.

Eisenhower se vrnil v Washington

Washington, D. C., 20. avg.—General Dwight D. Eisenhower, glavni ameriški štaba, se je vrnil v Washington z obiska državne Centralne Amerike. Na konferenci s članikarji je izrazil svoje mnenje, da se bo kooperacija med Ameriko in latinskimi republikami poglabila.

Pregled dela trinajste redne konvencije SNP J

Poroča urednik

Eveleth, Minn.—Trinajsta redna konvencija jednote je za nami. Zaključena je bila zadnjo soboto ob 5:30 popoldne, po šestih dneh zborovanja. Bila je mad najkrajšimi, dasi po številu delegacije med največjimi konvencijami jednote. Štela je 296 delegatov in glavnih odbornikov. Razen 12. konvencije v Pittsburghu, ki je vsled združitve SNP J in SSPZ štela 338 članov, je bila to največja konvencija, toda je pokazala, da je lahko tudi velika konvencija zaključena v enem tednu. Sicer je zborovala tudi v petek zvečer, toda to je storila iz razloga, ker je z delom v četrtek precej zaostala radi treh daljših govorov in radi slikanja.

V četrtek so konvencijo namreč pozdravili Etnin Kristan v imenu SANSa, dr. Slavko Zore v imenu stare domovine (njegov govor bo priobčen v dnevniku jutri) in pisatelj Louis Adamič. Na zborovalce so vsi trije govorniki napravili globok vtis. Pozneje se je izkazalo, da je bilo pravilno, ko so podali svoje glavne govore na konvenciji, kajti na večerni priredbi v Hipodromu, kjer je bila velika arena napolnjena le do ene tretjine, vsled česar je zelo trpela akustika, ni noben govornik in sploh nobena točka mogla priti do svoje veljave, ker je nek ubil besede in petje. Šolski avditorij, kjer se je vršila konvencija, bi bil veliko boljši in tudi dovolj velik prostor za to konvencijo priredbo.

S konvenčnim mestom in aranžmno je bila delegacija na splošno zelo zadovoljna. In to predvsem s krasnim srednješolskim avditorijem, kjer se je vršilo zborovanje. Boljše zborovalne dvorane bi gotovo ne mogli dobiti niti v nobenem vele mestu—da o navadnih dvoranah, ki so na razpolago za konvencije ali priredbe, sploh ne govorimo. Delegacija je sedela na mehkih, zelo udobnih sedežih v svetli, čisti dvorani s posebnim podom, tako da ni bilo nikomur treba stegovati vratov. Dvorana ima tudi prvovrstno akustiko. Na razpolago je bilo tudi dovolj sob (šolskih razredov) za seje odborov. Gotovo je, da se ni še nobena naša delegacija bolj udobno počutila na zborovanju.

Pa tudi mesto Eveleth je zelo prijazno. Mesto je seveda majhno z okrog sedem tisoč prebivalstva, toda je snažno in čisto z lepimi delavskimi hišami in lepimi cvetličnimi in tratnimi vrtovi. Povsod je videti, da ljudje ljubijo svoje domove in jih drže v dobrem stanju. Na tujca napravi mesto zelo dober vtis, posebno pa "kampus," kjer so krasna srednješolska poslopja, katerim izven železnega okrožja sploh ni primere. Vprašanje je seveda, kakšna je pedagoška kvaliteta, kajti lepa šolska poslopja še ne pomenijo tudi visoko učno kvaliteto. Na tem polju tudi Iron Range ne slovi preveč. Toda s tem se tukaj ne bomo bavili. Mesto ima tudi krasen park s precej velikim številom. Vse to vidno javno bogastvo si je mesto zgradilo iz čednih dohodkov od rudnega davka, kakor tudi vsa druga mesta na Iron Rangu.

Vrnimo se k naši konvenciji, predvsem k njenemu delu.

Ako sodimo po sprejetih resolucijah in nekaterih drugih sklepih, je bila ta konvencija gotovo ena izmed najbolj progresivnih v vsej zgodovini jednote. V glavnih resolucijah so zahtevane smernice Prosvete in jednote. Te smernice slone na vsej črti na principih in idejah razredno

zavednega delavstva, ki stremi za ustvarjenjem nove človeške družbe, v kateri bo prišel navadni človek do svoje pravice, do svoje veljave. To je gledišče resolucije o starem kraju (priobčena je kot uredniški članek v današnji Prosveti), o svetovnem miru, o politični akciji, o unijah, o združevanju, o socialni zaščiti. Vsak član, ki se zaveda svojega človeškega dostojanstva in ima v sebi čut delavca, je lahko ponosen, da spada k tako izrazito delavski podporni organizaciji. Smernice, zapopadene v teh resolucijah, naj ne bodo prazne geste, marveč vodnice v našem vsakdanjem hotenju, stremljenju in delovanju.

Svoj globoki čut do stare domovine, kjer vstaja nova človeška družba in novo življenje, je konvencija pokazala posebno pri resoluciji o starem kraju, ko je šla preko priporočila resolucijskega odbora in sklenila, da jednota prispeva še \$15,000 za otroško bolnišnico v Sloveniji. Odbor je namreč priporočal pet tisočakov, s priporočilo seveda, da konvencija lahko to vsoto zviša, kar je tudi storila. Tako znaša edinstveni prispevek za to bolnišnico \$25,000, mnogo so pa seveda prispevali tudi posamezni člani in društva. S tem je jednota, kakor tudi članstvo pokazalo, kako globoko čuti s svojimi brati in velikimi dogodki in stari, za naš priseljence rodni domovini.

Za politično delo SANSa pa je delegacija zadnji dan zborovanja prispevala iz svojih žepov čez \$700.

Mnogi člani se najbrže najbolj zanimajo za vprašanje, kaj je konvencija konkretnega storila za članstvo v obliki izboljšanja raznih podpor. Nekaj izboljšanja je tudi tukaj, toda ne toliko kolikor si mnogi žele, kajti večina delegacije je bila proti vsakemu zvišanju asesmenta. Zato tudi ni bilo mogoče zvišati na primer bolniških ali operacijskih podpor. Sedanji asesment v te sklade namreč ne dovoljuje izdatnega zvišanja. Liberalizirane so bile nekatere operacije s tem, da so bile dodane nekatere nove operacije, za katere po sedanjih pravilih jednota ni plačevala redne podpore. Pri nekaterih postavkah, na primer pri izgubi noge ali roke, je bila zvišana tudi odškodnina za \$100.

Konvencija je tudi nekaj storila za stare člane, sicer ne veliko iz že pojasnjene vzroka — ker je bila proti zvišanju asesmenta. V smislu sprejete resolucije bo po novem letu uveden nov sistem podpiranja starih članov, ki bodo v potrebi. Resolucija namreč določa, da se za člane, ki so stari 65 let ali več, v jednoti 35 let ali več in v potrebi, plačuje njih asesment iz sklada izrednih podpor. Ta asesment se bo plačeval do tisoč dolarjev smrtnine, dolar bolniške podpore in druge sklade od prijave do preklica.

S tem bo pomagano onim stari članom, ki si morajo pritržiti od ust ali pa sploh nimajo sredstev za plačevanje asesmenta. Prošnjo za to podporo bodo morali vložiti pri svojem društvu in ako bo odobrena tudi po eksekutivi, bo veljala do preklica, bodisi s strani društva, pri zadetega člana ali eksekutive. (Slednje se bo zgodilo, ako se dožene, da član ni več v potrebi.) To plačevanje asesmenta za stare člane iz sklada izrednih podpor ne bo šlo na račun smrtnine, kakor gre na primer sedaj posebej za asesment na certifikate A. Drugi potrebni člani,

(Dalje na 2. strani)

Izjava o kontroli Dardanelske ožine

Nesporazum med Ameriko in Rusijo

Washington, D. C., 20. avg.—Pomočni državni tajnik Dean Acheson je naznanil, da bo objavil izjavo o vprašanju kontrole Dardanelske ožine, kakor tudi o njenem statusu. Možnost je, da bo izjava izzvala nov nesporazum med Ameriko in Rusijo. Slednja namreč zahteva sovjetsko-turško kontrolo ožine. Acheson je na sestanku s članikarji dejal, da je Amerika dobila kopijo note, katero je Rusija poslala turški vladi. Nota naglašala med drugim, da morajo države ob Sredozemskem in Črnem morju kontrolirati Dardanelsko ožino.

To pomeni, da bi prišla ožina pod kontrolo Turčije, Rusije, Rumunije in Bolgarije. Slednja sta v sovjetski sferi vpliva. Acheson je dejal, da so v teku diskuzije med Turčijo in Rusijo, ob enem pa je namignil, da bo Amerika podpirala Turčijo. Slednja ima oporo tudi pri Veliki Britaniji.

Ameriška vlada je zavzela stališče, da mora biti plova skozi Dardanelsko ožino odprta vsem zainteresiranim državam, ne samo onim, ki so ob Črnem in Sredozemskem morju. Administracija ožine in ozemlja ob ožini naj bi bila v turških rokah.

Britska sila o Palestini ojačana

Diskuzije o židovskem problemu v Londonu

Jerusalem, Palestina, 20. avg.—Velika Britanija je poslala nove čete v Palestino, da ojači vojaške posadke tamkaj in odvrne pričakovane izgrede židov. V Palestini je že britska vojaška sila okrog 80.000 mož.

Voditelji židovskih organizacij napadajo britske avtoritete, ker so odredile deportacijo židovskih beguncev iz Hajfe na otok Cyprus. Britske čete stražijo Hajfo, glavno palestinsko luko.

Obsodba 18 židovskih teroristov je povečala napetost. Tajna radiopostaja "Glas Izraela" je posvarila britske avtoritete, da bodo morale prevzeti odgovornost za posledice, če bodo obsojenci ustreljeni. Židje so bili obsojeni v smrt, ker so razdejali železniške delavnice v Hajfi. Poštno poslopje v Jeruzalemu je bilo izpraznjeno, ko se je pričelo širiti govorice, da bo pognano v zrak z dinamitom. Britski častniki so nastanjeni v poslopjih in trdnjanskem delu Jeruzalema.

London, 20. avg.—Člani britske delavske vlade so se sestali na izredni seji in razpravljali o kritični situaciji v Palestini, kakor tudi o izjavi predsednika Trumanova, da se Amerika ne bo udeležila diskuzij o britskem načrtu, ki določa razkosanje Palestine na štiri province. Seji je predsedoval premier Attlee. Trumanova izjava je razočarala britsko vlado. Iz nje je razvidno, da je Amerika proti intervenciji v Palestini v prilog Veliki Britaniji. Slednja bo morala sama reševati eksplozivne probleme z reprezentanti židovskih organizacij in štirih arabskih dežel.

Uradniki židovske agencije so namignili, da se ne bodo udeležili konference, katero je sklicala britska vlada, če ne bo slednja sprejela njihovih pogojev. Židje so razkačeni zaradi deportacij židovskih beguncev iz Hajfe na otok Cyprus. V taborišču na tem otoku se nahaja čez tri tisoč židovskih beguncev.

Domače vesti

Obliaki

Chicago.—Gl. urad SNP J so zadnje dni obiskali Michael Bizjak iz Newarka, N. J., Rose Mary Burgar iz Edisona, Kans. v spremstvu Tonyja Burgarja iz Chicago, Carl J. Samanich in žena in Frank Ipavec iz Clevelanda, Sylvia in John Fabec, John Ujeich in Anna Klun iz Pittsburgha, Frances Dermotta iz Libraryja, Pa., Helen Ribarich iz Avelle, Pa. in Emma Korosec iz Burgettstowna, Pa. v spremstvu Agnes Heidenreich in Lillian Aylward iz Chicago, Lenhard Werdinek iz Thomasa, W. Va. v spremstvu Victorja in Angele Strutz iz Chicago, Gabriel in Mary Uljon, St. Marys, Pa., Frank Modic iz Ecorse, Mich., Martin in Theresa Mazon iz Hostetterja, Pa. ter Anthony M. Penich, New Derry, Pa., ki so se vračali s konvencije SNP J.

Poroka

Chicago.—Zadnjo soboto sta se poročila Rudolf Sedlar in Jennie Koren v Ciceru. Oba sta agilna člana društva 449 SNP J, ki jima izreka čestitke.

Novi grobovi

Imperial, Pa.—Dne 3. avg. je umrl Anton Zupančič, star 21 let in rojen tukaj. Preteklega maja je bil odpuščen iz vojaške službe. Zapuščata starša, šest bratov in dve sestri.

Joliet, Ill.—Tukaj je umrl slovenski pionir John Simončič, star 82 let, doma iz Semčeva v Beli Krajini in v Ameriki od leta 1884. Zapuščata žena, pet sinov in štiri hčere ter več vnukov.

Lorain, O.—Pred nekaj dnevi so našli truplo slovenskega trgovca Josepha Urbasa v zalivu jezera Erie, kamor ga je voda prinesla na površje. Doma je bil iz Rakeka na Notranjakem. Zapuščata žena, tri sinove in dve hčeri.

Išče strica

Chicago.—Gl. urad SNP J je prejel pismo od Alojzija Hočvarja iz Slap št. 38, pošta Devica Marija v Polju pri Ljubljani, ki želi izvedeti za naslov svojega strica Janeza Šublja, brata svoje matere. Če kdo ve kaj o njem, naj sporoči na omenjeni naslov.

Kaišek poslal ultimatum komunistom

Prpriprave za napad na tri mesta

Nanking, Kitajska, 20. avg.—Vlada generalisima Cianga Kaišeka je naslovila ultimatum z opozorilom, da bo odredila splošno ofenzivo proti komunističnim silam, ki oblegajo Tatung, kjer je vojaška posadka Kaišekove armade. Ultimatum vsebuje tudi grožnjo, da bodo vladne čete napadle tri mesta, ki so pod kontrolo komunistov. To so Jenan, Kalgan in Cengteh.

Komunistični glavni stan v Jenanu je potem naznanil, da je odredil mobilizacijo 130.000.000 pristavev za boj proti silam Kaišekove vlade. To pomeni, da se bo civilna vojna poostрила in zavzela velik obseg.

Naznanilo o mobilizaciji je sledilo Kaišekovi grožnji, da se bo začela splošna ofenziva, katere cilj bo zlom komunističnih sil. Kaišek je izrekel grožnjo v svojem govoru, ko so se vršile proslave poraza Japonske v vojni z zavezniki.

Vest iz Sanghaja pravi, da sta se general George C. Marshall, posebni Trumanov odposlanec na Kitajskem, in dr. John L. Stuart, ameriški poslanik, vrnila v Nanking. Tam bosta obnovila napore za ovrnitev odprte civilne vojne. Marshall je nedavno priznal, da so se v Kitajski prizadevanja za spravo med Kaišekom in komunisti izjalovila.

Britske čete zatrle izgrede v Kalkuti

Nevarnost nalezljivih boleznih se pojavila

Kalkuta, Indija, 20. avg.—Vlada province Bengal je naznanila, da so britske čete ustavile izgrede in bitke med muslimani in Hinduti v Kalkuti in da je situacija pod kontrolo. Nevarna poročila parvijo, da je bilo čez tri tisoč ljudi ubitih v izgredih, ki so izbruhnili zadnji četrtek.

Dr. Malana Kalan Azad, bivši predsednik vseindijske kongresne (nacionalistične) stranke, je imel razgovor z britskim podkraljem Wavelloom. Predmet razgovora ni bil naznanjen, toda mnenje prevladuje, da se je nanašal na korake, ki naj bi končali trenje med Hinduti in muslimani.

Trupla ljudi, ki so bili ubiti v izgredih, še vedno leže na cestah v Kalkuti. Zdravstvene avtoritete izražajo bojazen pred nalezljivimi boleznimi. Mobilizirane so bile posebne enote za pobiranje trupel žrtev izgredov.

Nekatere trgovine in restavracije so odprle vrata, kar je znamenje, da se vrača normalnost v Kalkuti. Nekaj telefonskih in telegrafskih uslužbencev, ki so zastavali, se je vrnilo na delo.

Vae bolnišnice v Kalkuti so natrpene z ljudmi, ki so bili ranjeni v bitkah med Hinduti in muslimani. V teku izgredov je bilo razdejanih in požganih veliko številu poslopij. Povzročena škoda se cení na več milijonov dolarjev.

Poskus za revizijo mirovni pogodbe

Vprašanje vojne odškodnine pred konferenco

Paris, 20. avg.—Reprezentanti malih držav so obnovili napore za revizijo mirovni pogodbe za poražene države—Italijo, Rumunijo, Ogrsko, Bolgarijo in Finsko. Pogodbe so sestavili večaki zunanji ministrov Rusije, Amerike, Velike Britanije in Francije.

Dr. Herbert Evatt, avstralski zunanji minister in načelnik avstralske delegacije, je govoril v imenu malih držav, ki zahtevajo revizijo mirovni pogodbe. Predloženi so bili amendmenti, o katerih se bo danes začela razprava.

Nadaljnje komisije so bile ustanovljene. Te bodo odločile, katere provizije mirovni pogodbe je treba revizirati. Na konferenci bodo nastopili reprezentatni Albanije, Egipta, Mehike, Kube, Irana in Avstrije.

Člani komisij so na svoji seji odločili, da Italija, Rumunija, Ogrska, Bolgarija in Finska lahko predložijo spomenice konference in izrazijo svoje mnenje o nekaterih provizijah mirovni pogodbe. Francija, Jugoslavija, Grčija, Albanija in Absenija zahtevajo vojno odškodnino od Italije. To vprašanje bo prišlo ponovno pred mirovno konferenco.

Unija ADF ohkicala stavko

Chicago, 20. avg.—Unija tapetnikov, včlanjena v Ameriški delavski federaciji, je ohkicala stavko proti Kroehler Manufacturing Co., ko so se pogajanja glede sklenitve nove pogodbe razbila. V stavki je zavojevanih okrog tri tisoč delavcev.

Cene avtnim pritliklinam zvišane

Washington, D. C., 20. avg.—Urad administracije cen je naznanil, da je odobril zvišanje cen avtnim pritliklinam in me-

AMERIŠKE BOJNE LADJE POSLANE V SREDOZEMLJE

Ruske zahteve za revizijo pogodbe povečale napetost

BRITSKE DIVIZIJE V IRAKU

Washington, D. C., 20. avg.—Ameriški diplomatični krogi so zavzeli resno stališče glede sovjetskih zahtev, da mora Rusija dobiti baze v Dardanelški ožini. Amerika je poslala letalonosca Franklin D. Roosevelt, dve križarki in več rušilcev v Sredozemlje. Istočasno je Velika Britanija poslala več ladij svojega bojnega brodogva v vzhodni del Sredozemskega morja.

Doznavajo se, da je predsednik Truman, preden je odšel na počitnice, imel važne razgovore v Beli hiši s člani poveljstva štaba bojne mornarice in državnim podtajnikom Achesonom. Predmet razgovorov ni bil razkrit, toda mnenje prevladuje, da so se nanašali na napetost na Bližnjem vzhodu.

Ruske zahteve za revizijo pogodbe, ki je bila sklenjena v Montreauxu l. 1936 in se tiče plobove skozi Dardanelsko ožino, so povečale napetost. Rusija zahteva skupno kontrolo s Turčijo te ožine.

Turška vlada je nedavno naznanila, da se je pripravljena posvetovati glede revizije pogodbe s s državami, katere so pogodbo podpisale. Njeno stališče podpira Velika Britanija in Amerika.

Pričakuje se, da bo Turčija apelirala na organizacijo Združenih narodov za pomoč, če bo Rusija vztrajala pri svojih zahtevah. Turška vlada je naznanila, da ne bo odstopila niti pedl svoje zemlje Rusiji, toda vojaške avtoritete so uverjene, da bi bila Turčija na tleh v nekaj tednih, če bi zagrabila za orožje proti Rusiji. Njena armada šteje pol milijona mož, a ni opremljena z modernim orožjem.

Velika Britanija je poslala več divizij v Irak, da bi zaščitila britska oljna polja v južni Perziji. Oljni delavci so zastavali proti britskim kompanijam. V Washingtonu in Londonu trdijo, da je stavka posledica komunistične agitacije.

Zamorska organizacija protestira

New York, 20. avg.—Zveza za podvig zamorskega ljudstva je objavila oster protest proti linčanju zamorca Johna C. Jonesa v bližini Mindena, La. Zamorec je postal žrtev belopoltno drhali, ki ga je pretepla do smrti. Zamorska organizacija je pozvala federalni justični department, naj odredi preiskavo drhalskega nasilja.

Ameriška delegacija na živilski konferenci

Washington, D. C., 20. avg.—Naznanilo pravi, da bo Amerika poslala delegacijo 28 članov na živilsko konferenco Združenih narodov, ki se bo pričela 2. septembra v Copenhagenu, Danaka. Za načelnika delegacije je bil imenovan Norris E. Dodd, polmožni poljedelski tajnik.

Bolivija bo dala zavetje židom

Berlin, 20. avg.—General Lucius Clay, načelnik ameriške vojaške administracije v Berlinu, je naznanil, da je dobil zagotovilo od Bolivije, da bo dala zavetje 500 židovskim beguncem. Ti bodo prihodnji teden odpotovali v Bolivijo.

hantičnim ledenicam. Cene bodo zvišane za 12 do 26 odstotkov, da se poveča produkcija.

OROČILA GLAVNIH ODBORNIKOV

DELEGATOM TRINAJSTE REDNE KONVENCIJE S. N. P. J.

(Nadaljevanje.)

Poročilo gl. tajnika

Bratje in sestre:

Po petih letih se končno zopet snidemo k zasedanju naše zakonodaje, katere ima v smislu zakona in v mejah zadevnih določb, pravico napraviti potrebne spremembe k ustavi ali pravilom, kakor tudi sprejeti druge določbe in sklepe, ki se nam vidijo potrebni ali časi primerni.

Vsed izrednih vojnih razmer, katere so skoro pet let vladale v deželi, kakor po svetu vobče, je bila konvencija naše organizacije, ki se je imela vršiti preteklo leto, odgodena na letos, kar pomeni, da so naša poročila to pot prejela za dobo petih, mesto štirih let. To ni posebno praktično iz ozir na razne statistične primere, toda pomagati se temu ne da. Iz tekoče zgodovine in aktualnih izkušenj zadnjih let, smo se brez dvoma vsi več ali manj poučili, kar nam zna omogočiti boljše ali treznejše presojeati važna gospodarska in druga vprašanja jednote, posebno načelna, katere so še vedno gonilna sila med članstvom. Da so principi in naše teorije pravilne ter zdrave, potrjuje dejstvo, ker se jih bolj in bolj odlepajo glavne mase po svetu. Zato se ne smemo ustaviti sredi pota ali celo gladi nazaj, mi moramo naprej z vso odločnostjo, ker bodočnost ni v preteklosti ampak v prihodnosti.

Če ravno nismo bili na vojno—ki je prišla nenadno, kaj posebno pravipljeni, je jednota kljub temu, da smo imeli okrog 300 vojnih žrtev, dedičem prizadetih izplačala celo smrtninsko zavarovalnino. Članov vojakov, kateri so ob vstopu v vojaško službo podpisali takozvane odgovorne listine (waivers), za bolniško in odškodninsko podporo, se je do začetka meseca junija priglasiło za ponovni sprejem 3,148, kar bo velika večina, ker vsi niso bili v omenjenem zavarovanju. Smelo se lahko reče, da ni bil noben član vojak pri jednoti kaj materialno odškodovan, ampak obratno, onim, ki so podpre potrebni, se prav po bratsko pomaga.

Članstvo

Poročilo o napredku v članstvu je to pot precej bolj razveseljivo, kot je bilo na primer pred zadnjo konvencijo in to ne samo za slučaj združitve, ampak organizacija je v članstvu splošno napredovala. Ker brez dvoma marsikaterega delegata zanima, koliko je bilo v članstvu pridobljenega z združitvijo s SSPZ, naj tu omenim, da je združitve prinesla 5,368 članov v oddelek odraslih in 1,989 v mladinski, skupaj 7,347 članov. Od časa zadnje konvencije pa do dne 31. decembra 1945 je pa v jednoto pristopilo 14,344 članov, od katerih izkazujemo napredek za 6,650. Skupni napredek v članstvu zadnjih petih letih let znaša 13,997 članov. V isti dobi je pa umrlo 2,400 članov v oddeku odraslih in 100 v mladinskem, skupaj 2,500. Za primero naj še omenim, da je bilo pred zadnjo konvencijo, v dobi štirih let, črtanih 2,888 članov v oddeku odraslih in 1,707 v mladinskem, skupaj 4,595. V zadnjih petih letih pa je bilo črtanih 2,544 članov v oddeku odraslih in 2,650 v mladinskem, skupaj 5,194, kar pomeni, da v zvezi dobrim ekonomskim razmeram v deželi, člani odstopajo.

Da je bil dosežen tako lep uspeh in napredek v članstvu, je predvsem zaslug agilnih članov v organizaciji, kateri so se potrudili in šli na agitacije, vsled česar zaslužio priznanje in zahvalo za svoje plodnosno delo, katero jim izrekam na tem mestu, kakor vsem onim, ki so na en ali drugi način pripomogli k dobremu vspehu.

OROČILO O ČLANSTVU

za dobo od 1. januarja 1941 do 31. decembra 1945

ODDELEK ODRASLIH

Table with 2 columns: Category and Value. Rows include: Število članov 1. januarja 1941 (38,946), Sprejeti z združitvijo (5,368), Novopristopili (3,418), Prestopili iz mladinskega oddelka (5,804), Skupaj (53,526), ODŠTETO: Umrli (2,400), Odstopili in črtani (2,544), Število članov 31. decembra 1945 (48,582), Število članov 1. januarja 1941 (38,946), Napredek (9,636), Odštetostevilo članov sprejeti z združitvijo (8,358), ČISTI NAPREDEK V ČLANSTVU ODDDELKA ODRASLIH (4,278), Število članov 1. januarja 1941 (13,485), Sprejeti z združitvijo (1,989), Novopristopili (10,926), Skupaj (26,400), ODŠTETO: Umrli (100), Prestopili v oddelek odraslih (5,804), Odstopili in črtani (2,650), Število članov 31. decembra 1945 (17,546), Število članov 1. januarja 1941 (13,485), Napredek (4,361), Odštetostevilo članov sprejeti z združitvijo (1,989), ČISTI NAPREDEK V ČLANSTVU MLADINSKEGA ODDDELKA (2,372), Število članov oddelka odraslih (48,582), Število članov mladinskega oddelka (17,946).

OROČILO O UMRILIH ČLANIH

za dobo od 1. januarja 1941 do 31. decembra 1945

ODDELEK ODRASLIH

Table with 6 columns: Year, Cause of Death, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Total. Rows include: Srčna hiba, Rak, Krvotok na možgane, Padli v vojni, Srčna kap, Pijučnica, Jetika, Razne nesreče, Kap na možgane, Vnetje ledic, jeter, Ponesrečbe v rudnikih, Samomor, Silicoza, Vnetje trebušne mrene, Sladkorna bolezen, Želodčna uljesa, Avtomobilske nesreče, Slabokrvnost, Naduha, Zapeka, Prasad, Vnetje žolčnega mehurja, Leukemia, Opekline, Vsed starosti, Alkoholizem, Meningitis, Utopljenje, Embolizem, Zastrupljenje krvi, Hodgkinsova bolezen, Mrtvoud, Umror, Blaznost, Spolna bolezen, Krvni pritisk, Uremia, Zolčni kamni, Diarreja, Influenza, Zmrznili, Božjast, Vodenica, Na porodu, Mrzlica. SKUPAJ: 370, 430, 475, 551, 574, 2400.

(Dalje na 3. strani)

ŠTEVILO ČLANOV OBEH ODDELKOV 31. DECEMBRA 1945: 66,428; Število članov obeh oddelkov 1. januarja 1941: 53,431; NAPREDEK OD 1. JANUARJA 1941 DO 31. DECEMBRA 1945: 13,997

OROČILO O UMRILIH ČLANIH—PREGLED PO STAROSTI

od 1. januarja 1941 do 31. decembra 1945

MLADINSKI ODDLEK:

Table with 6 columns: Age group, Number of deaths, Total. Rows: 1 let (15), 2 let (7), 3 let (6), 4 let (5), 5 let (7), 6 let (2); 7 let (7), 8 let (8), 9 let (9), 10 let (10), 11 let (11), 12 let (12); 13 let (11), 14 let (5), 15 let (2), 16 let (0), 17 let (3), 18 let (3); Skupaj 100

ODDELEK ODRASLIH:

Table with 6 columns: Age group, Number of deaths, Total. Rows: 16 let (1), 17 let (2), 18 let (6), 19 let (29), 20 let (36), 21 let (20), 22 let (29), 23 let (28), 24 let (23), 25 let (26), 26 let (20), 27 let (22), 28 let (20), 29 let (18), 30 let (19), 31 let (18), 32 let (16), 33 let (13), 34 let (13), 35 let (9), 36 let (10), 37 let (12), 38 let (6), 39 let (9), 40 let (13); 41 let (11), 42 let (16), 43 let (8), 44 let (14), 45 let (10), 46 let (15), 47 let (33), 48 let (39), 49 let (37), 50 let (54), 51 let (65), 52 let (59), 53 let (55), 54 let (52), 55 let (49), 56 let (48), 57 let (46), 58 let (44), 59 let (42), 60 let (40), 61 let (38), 62 let (36), 63 let (34), 64 let (32), 65 let (30), 66 let (28), 67 let (26), 68 let (24), 69 let (22), 70 let (20), 71 let (18), 72 let (16), 73 let (14), 74 let (12), 75 let (10), 76 let (8), 77 let (6), 78 let (4), 79 let (3), 80 let (2), 81 let (1), 82 let (1), 83 let (1), 84 let (1), 85 let (1), 86 let (1), 87 let (1), 88 let (1), 89 let (1), 90 let (1); Skupaj 2,400; Mladinski oddelek 100; SKUPAJ OBA ODDELKA 2,500

ČLANSKA DOBA UMRILIH—1941—1945

Table with 13 columns: Year, 45 dni, 6 mesecov, 1 leto, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Table with 13 columns: Year, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300. Rows for 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, Skupaj.

Sestra ike brata Antona Seljak ki je hival v Yale, Kansas. Prosi se da se zglaš svoji sestri v stari kraj i Krnice pri Ledinah, po domače pri Kržičku, Primorska, Jugoslavija.

KAJ STORITI ZA BOLEČINE

ARTHRITIS prosta poskušnja

Ako se niste rihili "Rosen Tabe" za bolečine arthritisa, nevralgije, reumatizma, poskusite to na novo stikalo. Šli vam poljemo cel svetovni 54 tabe, da jih rabite prosto. Ako ne boste iznenadno očiščali bolečine ki boste utrpeli, nam vrnite svoje stikalo ne dopolnjevanje ali, ali mialgije reumatizma. NE POBJLITE DENARJA. Pošljite nam samo vaše ime in naslov in mi vam pošljemo takoj vaši Tabe z obratno pošto.

ROSSE PRODUCTS CO. Dept. F-5, 2708 W. Farwell Avenue Chicago 45 Illinois

'ALI TRPITE' VSELE

- glavobola, izrednosti želodca, neprebavnosti, nervoznosti, zgube spanca, vzdiganje plina, povzročene vsled rednega zaprtja



Ne odlašajte! Redite previdni! Vzemite preiskaven Dr. Petra Hoboko. Ta je vaš kot odlašanje — selodčna tonika zdravilo — smoo 18 ranih zdravljenih solila, koronin in cvetja. Spravi zamašeno črva k delu. Pomaga odpraviti vsostale tvarine — odšane sprtje pline in vzdiganja — da želodec tisti prijemni občutek, zadovoljstvo in toploto. Pozor: Rabite le kot je predpisano. Nabavite si HOBOKO v vaši sodišni ali pa pošljite po našo posebno "spoznavni" priložnostni dobili bodite.

NAMEČEK 60c vredno

poskusno steklenico DR. PETER'S LACIVY OLEJ LINDMERTA — antiseptično pomaga proti bolečinam, revmatizmu in nevralgiji, hrbtini mišični bolečinam, za okorele in bole mlisice — vključuje in izvlečenost. DR. PETER'S MAGOLO — alkaline pomaga nakotirni stazemni nerodum v želodcu kot kislina neprebavnost in pehocios areo.

Pošljite ta "Posebne Ponudbe" Kupon — Sedaj

Priloženo je \$1.00. Pošljite mi navadno posilnino prosto 11 oz. \$1.50 steklenico Hoboko in poskusno steklenico Lacivy Olej in Magolo. (C. O. D. (Stroški dodani).

Ime: _____ Naslov: _____ Poštni urad: DR. PETER FAHNEY & SONS CO. Dept. 641-318 2301 Washington Blvd., Chicago 12, Ill. 234 Stanley St., Winnipeg, Man. Can.

ALI GLEDATE ZA DOBRO PLAČO IN STABILNOST?

Telefon kompanija ima nekaj takih prilik

HIŠNICE (JANITRESSES)

Takoj od začetka plača 72 1/2 na uro, po treh mesecih 77 1/2 na uro in po šestih mesecih po 82 1/2 na uro

ŽENSKJE ZA ČIŠČENJE V VSEH DELIH MESTA

Delovne ure od 5:30 pop. do 12 ure ponoči. Oglasite se pri ILLINOIS BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

309 W. WASHINGTON ST.

V Prosveti so dnevne svetovne in delavske vesti. Ali jih čitate vsak dan?

Delo dobi Služkinja za hišna dela v Chicagu pri Slovencih. Soba in hrana v hiši. Plača po dogovoru. Naslov pri Prosveti, 2657 So. Lawndale Avenue, Chicago 23, Ill.

LOOK COME LOOK TODAY Now is the time to build on your lot or ours. Get your selection from our many plans.

Your Beautiful Brick Bungalow Priced Low—\$5,950.00 and Up.

\$500 down buys Cozy home, wide lot, furnace heat. Price \$4,950.00. DAYS, EVE., SUN. G. Is invited.

3558 ARCHER AVE. LAF. 0909

Ustavite tisto srbečico

BRAXON PASTE je koristno zdravilo za atletične noge, brivno srbečico, lišaje in druge manjše kožne bolezni. Da takojšnjo pomoč za srbečo kožo. Brez duha, brezmadežno duha, brezmadežno in ne zahteva no-te en dolar ali \$1.75 za dvojno velikost, na BRAXON CO., Dept. F., 322 So. Clark st., Chicago, Ill. in mi vam pošljemo to, poštno prosto. Povrnitev denarja jamčena.

AGITIRAJTE ZA PROSVETO!

KAMPANJA ZA 1000 NOVIH NAROČNIKOV

Šestnajsti odziv v kampanji je prinesel 11 novih naročnikov, skupaj 715

- Frank Kosak, Chicago, Ill. Ivana Potokar, Chicago, Ill. Mary Ravnikar, Chicago, Ill. Mary Burich, Detroit, Mich. Joseph Traven, Detroit, Mich. Geo. Bicanich, Chisholm, Minn. Frank Gasperich, Mt. Iron, Mo. Andrew Hervatin, Fairport, N.Y. Frank Elje, Milwaukee, Wis. Geo. Pistotnik, Sheboygan, Wis. Ivan Debevc, Slovenia, Jugosl.

Member of Young Americans 564 SNP!

E. S. WATKO Funeral Home

381 E. Grand Blvd. Fitzroy 0750

DETROIT, MICH.

(Our new location)

NAROČITE SI DNEVNIK PROSVETA

Po sklepu 12. redne konvencije se lahko naroči na list Prosveta prišlejo eden, dva, tri, štiri ali pet članov iz ene družine ki eni naročnik. List Prosveta stane za vse enako, za člani ali nečlane \$6.00 eno letno naročnino. Ker pa člani se plačajo pri assementu \$1.25 tednik, vsi jim to prišlejo k naročnini. Torej sedaj ni stroška, ne da je list predrag za člane SNPJ. List Prosveta je vsak lastnina gotovo je v vsaki družini nekdo, ki bi rad čital list vsak dan.

Pejšanilo—Vselej kakor hitro kateri teh članov preneha biti član SNPJ, ali če se preseli proč od družine in bo zahteval sam svoj list, tednik, bode moral tisti član iz dotične družine, ki je tako skupno naročena na dnevnik Prosveto, to takoj naznaniti upravništvu lista in obenem doplačati dotično vsoto listu Prosveta. Ako tega ne stori, tedaj mora upravništvo znižati datum za to vsoto naročnika.

Cena listu Prosveta je: Za Zdrav. države in Kanado \$6.00 Za Chicago in okolico je \$7.00

1 tednik in 4.00 1 tednik in 4.50 2 tednika in 3.50 2 tednika in 3.50 3 tednika in 2.40 3 tednika in 2.50 4 tednika in 1.20 4 tednika in 1.20 5 tednikov in nič 5 tednikov in 1.00

Za Evropo je \$9.00. Ispolnite spodnji kupon, priložite potrebno vsoto denarja Money Order v plamni in si naročite Prosveto list, ki je vaše lastništvo.

PROSVETA, SNPJ, 2657 So. Lawndale Ave. Chicago 23, Ill.

Priloženo pošljite naročnino za list Prosveto vsoto \$ _____ 1. Ime _____ Čl. družine št. _____ 2. _____ Čl. družine št. _____

Naslov _____ Ustavite tednik in ga pripilite k moji naročnini od slednjega člana moje družine: _____ Čl. družine št. _____ 3. _____ Čl. družine št. _____ 4. _____ Čl. družine št. _____ 5. _____ Čl. družine št. _____

Mesto _____ Država _____ Nov naročnik _____ Star naročnik _____

POROČILA GLAVNIH ODBORNIKOV DELEGATOM TRINAJSTE REDNE KONVENCIJE S. N. P. J.

(Nadaljevanje z 2. strani)

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'MLADINSKI ODDJELI' and 'SKUPAJ'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'OBVEZNOSTI' and 'SKUPAJ REZERVE IN OBVEZNOSTI'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'PREGLED PREMOZENJA' and 'PREGLED DOHODKOV IN IZDATKOV ZAVAROVALNIŠKEGA ODDJELKA'.

Pregled dela trinajste redne konvencije S. N. P. J.

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani) stari manj kot 65 in v jednoti manj kot 35, se bodo lahko tudi v bodoče obrnili na glavni urad za izredno podporo po sedanjem sistemu.

Dali bo mogel sklad izrednih podpor prenesti to breme, bodo pokazala prihodnja štiri leta, vsaj pa bodočnost. Sigurno je, da bo ta sklad zelo obremenjen, ako oziroma kadar se v delo zopet povrnejo "Hooverjevi časi"...

Gospodarski ali finančni pregled našega poslovanja zadnjih let je po vsebnosti, ker le v nekaj istega moremo računati na kakšne izboljšave. Tudi v tem oziru, da smo imeli izredne smrtne slučaje vsled vojne, kakor že omenjeno, jednota bilisti zelo napredek in sicer za 23.47.84.82.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'OBVEZNOSTI' and 'SKUPAJ REZERVE IN OBVEZNOSTI'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'PREGLED PREMOZENJA' and 'PREGLED DOHODKOV IN IZDATKOV ZAVAROVALNIŠKEGA ODDJELKA'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'PREGLED DOHODKOV IN IZDATKOV ZAVAROVALNIŠKEGA ODDJELKA' and 'PREGLED DOHODKOV IN IZDATKOV S. N. P. J. POSLOPJA'.

To so v grobih potezah glavni sklepi konvencije. Slednja je eksekutivi tudi dala nalogo, da zbira material in izda abecednik za mladino za učenje slovenskega jezika.

Članstvo bo gotovo zanimalo, tudi, kako so izpadle volitve za novi glavni odbor. Deloma je bilo že poročano v dnevniku, deloma bo tukaj, natančno pa v zapisniku, ki bo izhajal samo v tedniku. V eksekutivi ali izvršnem odboru ni nobene spremembe, ker izvoljeni so bili vsi sedanji funkcionarji.

PREGLED DOHODKOV IN IZDATKOV ZAVAROVALNIŠKEGA ODDJELKA

od 1. januarja 1941 do 31. decembra 1945

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

PREGLED DOHODKOV IN IZDATKOV S. N. P. J. POSLOPJA

od 1. januarja 1941 do 31. decembra 1945

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'Dohodki' and 'Priloge'.

PREGLED OPERACIJ IN ODŠKODNIN

izplačanih med 1. januarjem 1941 in 31. decembrom 1945

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'OPERACIJE' and 'ODŠKODNINE'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'OPERACIJE' and 'ODŠKODNINE'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'OPERACIJE' and 'ODŠKODNINE'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'OPERACIJE' and 'ODŠKODNINE'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'OPERACIJE' and 'ODŠKODNINE'.

Table with columns for various medical and administrative categories, including 'OPERACIJE' and 'ODŠKODNINE'.

Potrebno se mi zdi tudi poročati o poleg mnogo koristnega dela, ki ga je članstvo tekom vojne izvršilo za dosego zmage nad fašizmom, kakor tudi finančno naši videli pomagalo v nadi, da bo po zmagi odločala pravica in da tudi jednota ni pri teh naporih zaostajala.

Članstvo bo gotovo zanimalo, tudi, kako so izpadle volitve za novi glavni odbor. Deloma je bilo že poročano v dnevniku, deloma bo tukaj, natančno pa v zapisniku, ki bo izhajal samo v tedniku.

Prav tako so bili soglasno ponovno izvoljeni tudi načelniki vseh treh odsekov glavnega odbora — Frank Zaitz, predsednik nadzornega, Matt Petrovich, predsednik gospodarskega in Anton Shular, predsednik porotnega odseka.

Novi distriktni podpredsedniki so: Prvi distrikt, John V. Cebular, Philadelphia; drugi distrikt, Frank Gradisek, Herminie, Pa.; tretji distrikt, James Maglich, Oakdale, Pa.; četrti distrikt, Joseph Fifolt, Cleveland; peti distrikt, John Spillar, St. Louis; šest distrikt, Ursula Ambrozič, Eveleth; sedmi distrikt, John Petriz, Los Angeles, Cal.; osmi distrikt Frank Polsak, Roundup, Mont.

H koncu naj omenim, da je bila konvencija večkrat "unruly" ali nedisciplinirana in je predsednik Matt Petrovich imel zelo težko in nehalno delo. Vzrok za "konfuzijo" je predvsem v splošnem nepoznanju parlamentarnega reda, kar pa je vprašanje samo zase. Druge konvencije podrobnosti bodo razvidne iz zapisnika.

V Prosveti so dnevno objavljene in delavske vesti. Ali jih čitate vsak dan?

Glasovi iz naših naselebin

PROSVETA
THE ENLIGHTENMENT
GLASILO IN LASTNINA SLOVENSKE NARODNE PODPORNE
JEDNOTE
Organ of and published by Slovene National Benefit Society

Naročnina za Združene države (raven Chicago) in Kanado \$6.00 na leto, \$3.00 za pol leta, \$1.50 za četrt letar; za Chicago in okolico Cook Co. \$7.50 za celo leto, \$3.75 za pol letar; za inosestavstvo \$6.00.

Subscription rates for the United States (except Chicago) and Canada \$6.00 per year, Chicago and Cook County \$7.50 per year, foreign countries \$6.00 per year.

Cene oglasov po dogovoru.—Rokopisi dopisov in nenarodnih člankov se ne vračajo. Rokopisi literarne vsebine (črtice, povesti, drame, pesmi itd.) se vrnejo pošiljatelju le v slučaju, če je priložil poštino.

Advertising rates on agreement.—Manuscripts of communications and unsolicited articles will not be returned. Other manuscripts, such as stories, plays, poems, etc., will be returned to sender only when accompanied by self-addressed and stamped envelope.

Naslov na vse, kar ima stik s listom:
PROSVETA
2657-59 So. Lawndale Ave., Chicago 23, Illinois

PRISPEVKI ZA OTROŠKO BOLNIŠNICO

Chicago, Ill.—Skład za otroško bolnišnico lepo raste. Iz zadnjega poročila je razvidno, da je že 110,000 dolarjev. Konvencija SNPJ je dodala k temu še 15,000 dolarjev. Lahko smo ponosni, da smo člani te ponosne organizacije. Le darujemo za otroško bolnišnico, zakaj to je plemenita ideja. V večjih slovenskih naselebinah so marljivo na delu, v prvi vrsti seveda v Clevelandu. Tudi v Chicagu smo nabrali nekaj tisočakov, toda vse pre malo za tako veliko naselebino. Veliko Slovencev je tu, ki niso še nič prispevali. Ako jih običemo in jim razložimo to idejo o bolnišnici, naš trud ne bo zastonj. Zastopniki skupnih čikaških podružnic SANSa so pred kratkim na svoji seji naredili načrt, da bo možno obiskati kar največ mogoče tukajšnjih rojakov glede prispevkov. Ako bo vsak nekaj prispeval, bomo nabrali lepo vsoto. Pomagati srotam v stari domovini nam bo v zadoščenje, obenem pa si bomo zgradili lep spomenik v Sloveniji. Torej le prispevajte, kadar vas obiščejo nabiraleci. Ne lažite izgovorov, zakaj darovali boste za plemenito stvar.

Zadnji prispevki so sledeči: po \$5.00 Joseph Stirn, Philip Sauer, Peter Salar, Louis Kovačič, Ludwig in Agnes Katz, John in Stela Morsi, Anton in Agnes Benčan; Frank Teropišič \$3 in Joseph Fajfar iz Saginawa, Mich., \$10. Slednji je bil s svojo sestro Rose Sajovec v Chicagu na obisku. Bil je na seji podružnice št. 2, katera se je vršila 3. avgusta.—Najlepša hvala vsem prispevateljem.

John Turk. taj. št. 2 SANSa.

VINSKA TRGATEV
Detroit, Mich.—Tukajšnji gospodinjinski klub SDD in podružnica št. 108 SANS privedita skupno vinsko trgatve v nedeljo, dne 8. sept. v SDD na 437 S. Livernosa ave. Pričetek ob dveh popoldne.

Ker nismo imeli takih privedev že dolgo, upamo, da se bodo detroitski Slovenci odzvali v obilnem številu. Ves čisti preostanek bo šel v pomoč prizadetim v Jugoslaviji. Me ženske se bomo potrudile, da boste dobro postreženi z jedačo in pijačo.

Vljudno vabimo vse od blizu in daleč, da bo čim večji uspeh. Imeli bomo brhke mlade viničarke in postregli vam bomo z okusno večerjo. Vstopnina je prosta.

Polonia Kraly.

PIKNIK 24. AVGUSTA
Milwaukee, Wis.—Slovenski klub "Ljubno" vabi vse Slovence iz Milwaukeeja in okolice, da se udeležijo piknika dne 25. avgusta v Gebo parku, 940th st. in Greenfield ave.

Ves čisti preostanek je namenjen v vojni prizadeti okolici Ljubna. Klub "Ljubno" je že precej pomagal potrebnim v domovini. Poslali smo veliko zalogo zdravil, 100 parov čevljev, obleke, perila in drugih stvari. Vsak dar je blagohotno sprejet in vestno zabeležen. Vse naše delo je brezplačno, da bo pomoč tembolj uspešna.

Ljudje v Ljubnem se nam globoko zahvaljujejo za že prejeto pomoč od nas. Upamo, da bo imel naš piknik uspeh, zakaj ves čisti preostanek bo šel prizadetim rojakom v okolici Ljubna.

Odbor bo skrbel za pijačo in jedačo. Za plesalželje bo igrala dobra godba.

Anton Ermenc.

NAPREJ Z AKCIJO ZA OTROŠKO BOLNIŠNICO!
Willard, Wis.—Na apel tajništva SANSa se je odzvalo tudi naše društvo št. 198 SNPJ, da zbere malo vsoto za otroško bolnišnico v Sloveniji. Naj vsaka slovenska naselebina v Ameriki nekoliko pomaga, pa bomo dosegli naš cilj, kvoto \$150,000.

Otroška bolnica je plemenita ideja, kajti s tem bomo pomagali tisočim otrok, ki so ostali brez staršev in bolehalo na posledicah strašne vojne. V naši farmerski naselebinah smo si precej

opomogli začasa vojne in sem mislil, da bo uspeh s prispevki boljši, pa se mi zdi, da smo se tudi mi nalezili tiste kapitalistične bolezni, da čim več imam, tem več hočem imeti.

Tukaj so rojaki, ki radi prispevajo, so pa tudi taki, ki so skopi. Nabrali smo \$467.60 v korist bolnice. Pri nabiranju prispevkov imajo največ zasluge članice društva 198 SNPJ. Na vsak način pa moramo nadaljevati s temi prispevki, kajti kvota še ni dosežena. Vzemimo si za zgled naše Clevelandčane, ki bodo sami nabrali \$50,000!

Joseph Slemec. 198.

VABILO NA PRIREDBO

Library, Pa.—Iz naše naselebine ni bilo že dolgo nobenega glasu. Poročam da smo naš Slovenski dom pred kratkim prenovili. Prebarvali smo vso stavbo, znotraj in zunaj.

Zategadelj bomo imeli večjo prireditev na Labor Day. Na programu je igra "V nedeljo zjutraj", od katere bo imelo občinstvo precej zabave. Nastopil bo tudi pevski zbor Prešeren iz Pittsburgha s par lepimi pesmi. Naša mladina pa nam bo pokazala več različnih prizorov.

Zvečer ob 7. uri se prične ples. Dobro znana godba Joeva Umka iz Girarda, Ohio, bo igrala za plesalce. Naši slovenski rojaki od blizu in daleč so vljudno vabljeni, da nas posetijo na Labor Day.

Za veselilni odbor:
Minka Triller.

SMRT ČLANICE
East Palestine, O.—Josephine Steber, stara 30 let, ki je bila članica SNPJ od prve mladosti, je umrla 8. avgusta. Na bolniški postelji je bila pet let in deset mesecev. Kot njen svak sem bil priča njenemu silnemu trpljenju, zlasti v zadnjem tednu njenega življenja. Vzlic napredku v znanosti in medicini, ji zdravniki niso mogli ohraniti pri življenju.

Njeno tragično bolezen in smrt je povzročila gotova barva za čevlje, ki je vsebovala gotovo snov. Zelo je ljubila življenje in se borila, da bi ozdravela, vendar pa je bilo vse zaman in končno je podlegla. Vsi, ki smo jo ljubili, globoko obžalujemo njeno smrt.

Stan Hribar.

VABILO NA SEJO
Milwaukee, Wis.—Vse prijatelje SANSa vljudno vabimo na sejo, ki se bo vršila v nedeljo, dne 25. avgusta ob pol treh popoldne v Reberniškovi dvorani. Seja bo važna, zato pričakujemo velike udeležbe.

Dalje bi prošili vse tiste, ki so dobili našo pismeno prošnjo za pomoč v prid otroške bolnišnice, pa so pozabili vrniti priložene dopisnice, da to v kratkem času stori. Vsota za bolnišnico hitro raste — naša naselebina pa je prispevala šele samo okoli \$3,500 v ta namen. Požurimo se in ne zaostanimo za drugimi naprednimi naselebinami.

Odbor podružnice 56 SANSa.

OTVORITEV NOVEGA DOMA 24. AVGUSTA
Ambridge, Pa.—V soboto, 24. avgusta, bomo imeli otvoritev novega Slovenskega narodnega doma. To naše novo središče smo postavili na Beaver rd. in Merchant st. Rojake iz bližnjih naselebin prijazno vabimo, da nas posetijo na dan otvoritve in si ogledajo naše novo poslopje.

Za lačne in žejne bo skrbel odbor. Igrala bo izvrstna godba "Sharon Vagabonds". Prostora bo dovolj, da se boste lahko vrteli. Torej na svidenje v soboto večer, 24. avgusta.

Mary Rosenberger, blag.

SKUPNI PIKNIK
Claridge, Pa.—Članom in članicam društva Bratoljub št. 7 SNPJ naznanjam, da bomo priredili skupni piknik z društvom 40 ABZ in z društvom 378 HBZ v soboto, dne 24. avg. na vrtu Slovenskega doma. Pričetek ob 3. popoldne. Uljudno vabimo vse tukajšnje in okoliške rojake, da se udeležite. Na razpolago bo obilo prigrizka in pijače, za plesalce pa bo igrala dobra muzika.

Mike Baloh. tajnik.

POPRAVEK
Strabane, Pa.—V poročilu prispevkov za otroško bolnico, katero je bilo priobčeno v Prosveti št. 149, se je vrnila mala pomota. Glasiti bi se moralo: John Chesnik in žena darovala \$5, Joe Sedmak in žena \$5, in John Podboj \$5.

Mary Tomšic. tajnica št. 55 SANSa.

IZREDNA SEJA
Verona, Pa.—Odbor tukajšnje Narodne doma vabi vse člane društva 216 SNPJ, da se udeležite izredne seje Narodnega doma v nedeljo, dne 25. avg. bo 2. popoldne. Seja se bo vršila v domovih prostorih na 312 Arch st.

Joseph Štefančič. tajnik.

Društvene vesti
Nokomis, Ill.—Članstvu društva 209 SNPJ in ostalim rojakom naznanjam, da je dne 14. avg. tukaj umrl John Deželak, dolgoletni tajnik našega društva. Ob smrti je bil star 66 let. Doma je bil iz Jurklostra pri Laškem na Štajerskem in v Ameriko je prišel leta 1906. Ves čas je delal v premogorju. Podlegel je srčni kapi. Rodil se je leta 1880. Tukaj zapušča ženo Alojzijo in hčer Rose ter sestro Antonijo Rak, v starem kraju pa brata. Društvo 209 SNPJ izreka prizadeti družini iskreno sožalje.

Mary Pechnik. 209.

Cleveland, Ohio.—Društvo št. 544 SNPJ priredi piknik dne 25. avgusta na 6818 Denison ave. Vabimo vsa sosednja društva in posameznike, da nas posetijo, zakaj to bo naš prvi piknik v letošnji sezoni. Naš rojak Želodec bo skrbel, da se bodo plesa željni lahko vrteli. Za lačne in žejne bo vse potrebno skrbel odbor.

Gertrude Demshar.

ZAPISNIK

13. REDNE KONVENCIJE
Slovenske narodne, podporne jednote,
vršče se v srednji mestni šoli
od ponedeljka, 12. avgusta, do sobote, 17. avgusta 1946,
v Evelethu, Minnesota.

PRVA SEJA—12. avgusta dopoldne

Glavni predsednik br. Cainkar odpre konvencijo ob 9. dopoldne s decim nagovorom:

Bratje in sestre delegati in glavni odborniki!
Po dolgih petih letih smo se zopet zbrali na konvenciji Slovenske narodne podporne jednote, kakor zahtevajo naša pravila in zakoni države, v kateri smo inkorporirani. Toda namen našega zbora ni samo, da smo, kar nam predpisujejo pravila, in še manj da samo zadostimo predsom državnega zakona, temveč je vse nekaj drugega, veliko večjega mnogo bolj pomembnega.

Namen našega velikega zbora ali konvencije je, da pregledamo in preteklo delo, da se poglabimo v uspehe svojih aktivnosti ter iste dopresemo in trezno presodimo, nato pa na podlagi dognanih dejstev praktičnih izkušenj razglabljamo ter sprejemamo nove zaključke za pretek in dobrot našega članstva ter jednote sloh.

Kot znano, bi se naša trinajsta redna konvencija imela vršiti že prejšnjim letom. Vseled vojne in poveljnih razmer v državi pa to ni bilo mogoče. Glavni odbor je sicer upošteval pravila in tozadevne sklepe za konvencije in zagotavljal vas, da je bila iskrena želja nas vseh, da bi to tudi točno izvedlo, toda razmere so bile fačje od naših sklepov in Vlada ni volja odobrala za regulacije transportacije, pri katerem je tedaj potrebno vprašati za dovoljenje, nam ni mogel ustreči, in mi smo vse tega bili prisiljeni preložiti svojo konvencijo na poznejše dobo, in tako nam je bilo mogoče zbrati v to svrhu šele danes.

Slovenska narodna podpora jednota je, kot vsem dobro znano, bratrska podpora in kulturna organizacija, ustanovljena na svobodomiselni podlagi, z demokratično upravo, s socialno naprednimi načeli ter ideološko naprednega in razredno zavednega delavstva. Na tej podlagi se je razvila in bujno rasla. Kot taka je storiła nepopisno veliko dobrega samo za svoje članstvo, temveč za vse naše priseljence in človeštvo vob. Naša jednota je bila radi tega vedno odlično vzhled vsem drugim organizacijam te vrste, naše konvencije pa so bile žarišče novih idej in vseh zamisli ter kašipot resnične naprednosti. Na tej podlagi in na takih pricipih smo bili v stanu zgraditi veliko in močno organizacijo in storo ogromno dobrega dela.

To, bratje in sestre, so naši dragoceni zakladi, katere moramo ohraniti in skrbno čuvati tudi v bodoče. In jaz trdno upam, da bomo to storili. Prepričan sem, da bo tudi ta konvencija konstruktivna in vredna našega prejšnjim, in do tega me dovaja zlasti dejstvo, ko vidim nam tako toliko znanih obrazov starejše generacije—članov, ki so oznanjali evangelij in ustanavljali društva po deželi z velikimi žrtvami ter pomagali graditi to organizacijo, ko je bilo to v resnici težko. In prav tako sem prepričan, da bodo dobrih vzgledov naših starih pionirjev pridno sledili delegati in zastopniki mlajše generacije, ki so danes med nami in ki bodo prej ali slej prevzeli mesto starih ter postali deležni te bogate dediščine.

Ne bilo bi prav, če se ne bi spomnili tudi številnih članov in članic, so vneto delovali za jednoto, pa so nas zapustili, tudi iz glavnega odbora. Pozovem vas torej, da iz znak globoke žalosti vstanete. (Vsi vstanejo.) Pred nami, bratje in sestre, je ogromno dela; čakajo nas velike naloge in naša dolžnost je, da jih dobro izvršimo. Poskušajmo torej biti konstruktivni in delati vsak po svoji najboljši moči, da bodo sprejeti naši dobri in umestni sklepi, pa naj bo to glede pravil ali česar koli. In skrbno pazimo, da bomo ohranili naše velike bratske ideale in čelavske principe. SNPJ mora ostati tudi v bodoče svobodomiselna in demokratična ter socialistično orientirana. SNPJ mora naprej rasti in vršiti svojo veliko mislijo v duhu delavske ideologije in resnične naprednosti. V tem duhu vas pozdravljam, bratje in sestre, ter vas kličem k delu!

Br. Cainkar poroča nadalje, da je glavni odbor skušal prihraniti največ časa mogoče ter tako skrajšati konvencijo. V to svrhu je izbral nekatere konvencije odbore. Eden teh odborov je poverilni odbor, v katerem so bratje Morsi, Gabrenja, Zigman, Barich in sestra Padar. Odbor je prišel sem že pred početkom konvencije in ako ga konvencija odobri, bo lahko poročal, nakar bomo konvencijo uradno konstituirali. V dnevnem redu je sedaj potrditev poverilnega odbora.

Br. Stokel predlaga, da se potrdi poverilni odbor, ki ga je izbral glavni odbor. Predlog je podpiran in soglasno sprejet.

Br. Morsi v imenu poverilnega odbora izjavi, da je odbor pripravil poročati.

Br. Cainkar pozove glavnega tajnika, da čita imena glavnih odbornikov in delegatov, poverilni odbor pa pazi, da je vsak klicani pravilno vreden. Vsakemu delegatu se izroči uraden znak, kuverto, iztis pravil in dnevi red.

Lista navzočih glavnih odbornikov in delegatov kakor priobčena v temeni knjižici s sledečimi spremembami:

ODSOTNI:	NAMESTNIKI:
James Maglich	17 John Brus
Dr. John J. Zavertnik	63 Louis Shuster
134	85 Paul Sinkovich
345	167 Anton Potočnik
679	257 Frank Mlakar
	564 (mesto Travnika) Josephine Spendal

Poverilni odsek ugotovi, da je prisotnih 29 glavnih odbornikov in 2 delegatov. Odsotni so 3 delegati in 2 glavna odbornika. Distriktni predsednik drugega okrožja James Maglich se ni mogel udeležiti radi in se ga soglasno oprsti. Glavni zdravnik dr. John J. Zavertnik je tudi prezaposlen, a se bo kasneje udeležil konvencije; soglasno se ga oprsti. Poverilni odbor ima štiri sporne zadeve, o katerih bo poročal na popoldanski seji.

Br. glavni predsednik Cainkar proglaš konvencijo za konstituirano polnomočno.

Br. predsednik imenuje za reditelja brata Franka Bevca.

Razvija se živahna razprava glede časa zborovanja.

Br. Ambrozich predlaga, da se zboruje od 9. do 12. in od 2. do 5.

Br. Lotrich protipredlaga, da se zboruje od 9. do 12. in od 1.30 do 5.00. Oba predloga sta podpirana.

Stavljene je še nekaj drugih predlogov, ki pa jih med razpravo predlagatelj umaknejo.

Pri glasovanju je z zadostno večino sprejet predlog brata Lotricha, da se torej zborovalo od 9. do 12. in od 1.30 do 5.30.

Preide se na točko "sprejemanje opravilnika in dnevnega reda". Tekom kratke razprave so stavljeni trije predlogi:

Br. Korsch predlaga, da se opravilnik, spored in dnevni red sprejeta kot predložena.

Br. Jane protipredlaga, da se odobri točka za točko.

Br. Kvartich pa predlaga in br. Garden doda, tako da se skupni predlog glasi, da se opravilnik, dnevni red in spored sprejme v celoti, razen da se 7. točko sporeda spremeni, tako da predsedstvo imenuje člana odbora za prošnje in pritožbe, v odbor za plače in v odbor za pregledovanje računov delegatov.

Pri glasovanju je z veliko večino sprejet predlog brata Korschica, ostala dva predloga pa sta poražena.

Sledeče je torej:

Preide se na volitev konvenčnih odborov.

Za konvenčnega predsednika so imenovani bratje Zaitz, Petrovich, Kumer, Ambrozich in Božič. Sprejme br. Petrovich, ostali odklonijo.

Br. Cainkar proglaš brata Petrovicha izvoljenim konvenčnim prednikom z aklamacijo.

Za dve mesti kot konvenčna podpredsednika so imenovani bratje Stokel, Michael Kumer, Max Kumer, Grum, Urška Ambrozich, Zupan, Milan Medvešek, Vratarich, Travnik, Udovitch, ostali odklonijo.

Durrn. Sprejmejo Stokel, Michael Kumer in Mary Udovitch, ostali odklonijo.

Br. Tomšič predlaga, da se izvoli štiri konvenčne podpredsednike, je za dva preveč dela.

(Dalje na 3. strani)

Resolucija o starem kraju

(Sprejeta na 13. redni konvenciji)

Slovenska narodna podpora jednota, kakor tudi ves svobode željni svet, je z navdušenjem pozdravila odpor jugoslovanskega ljudstva, ki se je 27. marca leta 1941 dvignilo proti nameravani čaršijski zvezi z osiščem. Potem je vsa leta neprimernih in nenečnih bojov sledila z globokim zanimanjem, ponosom in navdušenjem veliki osvobodilni borbi, v kateri so si jugoslovanski narodi pod vodstvom Tita in Osvobodilne fronte stekli nesmrtnost v analih zgodovine.

To borbo hrabrih partizanov smo pozdravili in podpirali vsi, ki smo se zavedali, da more le pod temi novimi ljudskimi silami vstati resnična nova Jugoslavija enakopravnih in enakovrednih narodov. S sigurnostjo lahko rečemo, da brez Osvobodilne fronte, brez njenega drznega, modrega in dalekovidnega vodstva, bi danes ne bilo nikakšne Jugoslavije, ne stare ne nove, kajti Slovenija bi bilo v očigled okupatorske anihilistične politike domalega iztrebljena; zadušena in zadavljena v nemških in italijanskih koncentracijskih taboriščih in pri suženjskem delu, Hrvatje in Srbi pa v takem smrtnem sovraštvu, da bi ne mogli nikdar več živeti v isti državi in bi sploh ogražali bodoči mir na Balkanu. Sejanje tega nesmrtnega sovraštvu med Hrvati in Srbi je bila specifična politika fašističnega Rima in nacifasističnega Berlina, ki sta se v to svrhu posluževala predvsem kriminalca vseh kriminalcev Anta Paveliča. Tragični medsebojni masakri Srbov in Hrvatov izven hitlerskega zverstva skoraj nimajo primere.

Zasluga, sploh največji čudež Osvobodilne fronte je izbrisanje tega smrtnega sovraštvu med Srbi in Hrvati, katerega je dosegla s svojimi herojskimi boji proti zunanjemu in notranjemu sovragu in s svojim dalekovidnim programom za ustanovitev nove Jugoslavije na demokratičnih načelih federativne države enakopravnih in enakovrednih narodov. Fundamente te nove Jugoslavije so partizani začeli graditi že sredi najhujše osvobodilne borbe in civilne vojne, katero so izzvali pristaši starega reda in kvizlingi.

Po osvoboditvi so se v borbi prekaljeni in z novim duhom prežeti jugoslovanski narodi z enako energijo in elanom vrgli na gradnjo svoje nove Jugoslavije. Prav vseled tega—vseled te svoje velike socialne revolucije, ki je napravila konec staremu redu privilegijev in izkoriščanja slabijih po močnejših, pa je v zapadnem svetu naletela na veliko nerazumevanje in še večjo opozicijo v obliki blatenja in hujskanja. Že na predvečer osvoboditve Trsta in Slovenije ji je zapadni kapitalistični svet, ko je ni več potreboval v gigantični borbi proti osišču, pričel metati polena pod noge. Vso svojo politiko in propagando je usmeril za tem, da jo zopet oropa za velik del slovenskega Primorja, Goriške, Istrije s Trstom vred. Postavil se je za zagovornike in branitelje italijanskega imperializma vis a vis Jugoslavije in Balkana, kateremu je Trst z odtrgano slovensko in hrvaško zemljo služil le za odskočno desko. Da se ta politika ni popolnoma posrečila, to je, da ni bil odtrgan še večji kos slovenske zemlje in Istrije s Trstom vred zopet podarjen osiščni Italiji, žal, ni to zasluga zapadnih sil, marveč borbene Jugoslavije in Rusije.

Slovenska narodna podpora jednota kot največja predstavnica lojalnih ameriških državljanov slovenskega odtosno jugoslovanskega porenja in popolnoma prežeta in udinjana globokim svobodoljubnim načelom velike Amerike v zvezi s starim krajem sklepe sledeče:

1) Globoko obžaluje ameriško politiko napram novi Jugoslaviji, s katero ji je odrekla pravico do Trsta in večjega kosa slovenskega zaledja, na katerem živi, s tržaškimi slovenskimi predmestji vred, okrog 160,000 Slovencev, kakor so živeli tudi njih predniki že dolga stletja. Kolikor je v Juljski krajini—s Trstom vred—Italijanov, so se naselili tja v pretežni večini v zadnjih sto letih. Priznavamo, da je internacionalizacija Trsta sicer manj grenka pilula za Slovence in druge Jugoslovane, toda se bojimo, da bo ta ukrep zunanjih ministrov imel slabe posledice tako za Trst kot tudi za bodoče odnose med Jugoslavijo in Italijo. Zdrava solucija tega vprašanja je priklopitev Trsta in vse Juljske krajine svojem naravnemu gospodarskemu, geografskemu, etničnemu in političnemu zaledju na principih jugoslovanskega programa. Naša želja je, da to zmotno popravi tekoča pariška mirovna konferenca, dokler še ni prepozno.

2) Vehementno obsoja grdo propagando v ameriški javnosti proti novi Jugoslaviji.

3) Izreka globoke simpatije do naših bratov in sester v starem kraju, kakor tudi do nove ljudske vlade in zre za zaupanjem, da si zgrade resnično ljudsko državo, v kateri bratstvo, svoboda, enakopravnost in ljudska demokracija ne bodo le prazne besede, marveč žive dediščine in živi spomeniki njih velike svobodilne borbe.

4) Objublja, da bo še naprej delovala v vseh akcijah za nudenje pomoči stari domovini, kakor je bila tudi do danes hrbenica vseh teh akcij med ameriški Slovenci in Jugoslovani.

5) Odobrava vse akcije, katere sta podvzela do zdaj glavni odbor in eksekutiva v pomoč Jugoslaviji.

6) Vprašanje podpiranja prosvetnega dela in potreb v Sloveniji, kjer so nastale vseled opustošenja po okupatorju, ima glavni odbor ali eksekutiva pravico, da jim materialno priskoči na pomoč po svoji uvidevnosti.



Don Steep, član tiskarske unije ADF v Los Angelesu, Calif., ki ga vidite na gornji sliki, je bil pretepen do nezavesti po neznanih napadalcih, ki so udrl v glavni stan unije. Člani unije so zavajevani v stavko proti Pacific Press Co.

Slovenska Narodna Podporna Jednota

2857-39 So. Lawndale Ave. Chicago 23, Illinois

GLAVNI ODBOR table with names and addresses of board members.

Podpredsedniki table listing vice-presidents and their districts.

ZAPISNIK 13. REDNE KONVENCIJE

Slovenske narodne podporne jednote,

(Nadaljevanje s 4. strani)

Br. glavni predsednik Cainkar opozori, da je potrebna za ta predlog tretjinska večina glasov.

Br. Cainkar pozove na imenovanje za štiri podpredsednike.

Imenovani so sledeči bratje in sestre: Stokel, Michael Kumer, Grum, Trnava, U. Ambrozich, Simič, Mary Udovich, Culkar, Modic, Zornik, Zarnik, Tomič, Vratarič, Rožanec, Dermotta, Skuk, Rimac, Malonik, Kvartič in Cvetkovich.

Imenovanje sprejmejo: Stokel, Michael Kumer, Grum, U. Ambrozich, Modic in Rimac.

Poverilni odbor pobere glasovnice in se odpravi na štete glasov.

Br. Trojar predlaga, da predsednik imenuje posebni števni odbor petih članov. Predlog je podpiran in soglasno sprejet.

Br. Cainkar imenuje v števni odbor sledeče: J. Ambrozich, Pechnik, Zornik, Prašnikar in Slobodnik.

Za mesto konvenčnega tajnika so imenovani: Lotrich, Trojar, Kuhel, Bžitar in Vidmar.

Br. Lotrich sprejme nominacijo, ostali oklonijo. Br. predsednik Cainkar proglasi brata Lotriča soglasno izvoljenim za konvenčnega tajnika.

Sestra Ambrozich pozdravi konvencijo v imenu krajevnih društev in prepričana je, da bo ta konvencija uspešna.

Pojasni nadalje glede prebrane in drugih udobnosti in prireditve.

Br. glavni tajnik Vider pojasni glede železniške vožnje iz Eveletha.

Br. Vider prečita sledeče brzojavne pozdrave: društvo št. 138, Stranice, Pa.; društvo št. 88, Moon Run, Pa.; društvo št. 101, Greensboro, Pa.; društvo št. 6, Sygan, Pa.; društvo št. 34, Indianapolis, Ind.; ter od upraviteljice mladinske krožka št. 1, Mary Tomič, Walsenburg, Colo.

Br. predsednik Cainkar zaključuje dopoldansko sejo ob 12. opoldne.

Math Petrovich, konv. predsednik Donald J. Lotrich, konv. tajnik Jacob Zupan, zapisnikar.

DRUGA SEJA—12. avgusta popoldne

Gl. predsednik Vincent Cainkar odpre sejo ob pol dveh popoldne in pozove delegacijo k dnevnemu redu.

Br. John Morsi, predsednik povečanega odbora, naznani rezultat dopoldanskega glasovanja za konvenčni podpredsednik. Krist Stokel je prejel 197 glasov, sestra Ursula Ambrozich 192, Michael Kumer 250, Andy Grum 192, br. Rimac 78, Frank Modic 124.

Izvoljeni so: Kumer, Stokel, s. Ambrozich in Grum.

Br. Cainkar izroči ključno izvoljenemu konvenčnemu predsedniku Mattu Petrovichu, kateri se nakratko zahvali za zaupanje in pravi, da se bo objektivno ravnal v smislu sprejetega pravilnika in izrazi željo, da tudi delegacija kooperira z njim.

John Gabrenja, taj. poverilnega odbora, naznani, da niso navzoči delegati društva 198 Kirm, delegat št. 614 Ipavec, Peternel in Anton Pavlovich, delegat društva 134. Delegat društva št. 679 John Matosich je dospel in je bil na kosilo.

mesečnih sej in tudi ni volilo delegata, vsled tega naš odbor smatra, da društvi nista upravičeni do zastopstva na 13. redni konvenciji SNPJ. Predlog soglasno sprejet.

Zadeva društev št. 493, 611 in 657: Delegat George Stankovich. Ta društva skupaj štejejo 114 članov, ker pa niso upoštevala pravil SNPJ, prav tako ne navodil iz gl. urada, to se pravi, da niso naznanili združenja gl. predsedniku, poverilni odbor smatra, da jih to kršenje pravil izključuje do zastopstva na 13. redni konvenciji. Odlok pov. odbora sprejet.

Dve društvu, št. 397 in 732, nimata blagajnikovega podpisu. Soglasno sprejeto.

Konvenčni predsednik imenuje delegata Jakoba Kunstija (266) in Franka Beutza (69) za reditelja za ves teden.

Delegat Frank Augustin predlaga, da delegacija potrdi odbor za pravila, katerega je imenoval izvršni odtok. Predlog podpiran in soglasno sprejet. V odboru za pravila so: Ludvik Medvešek, Frank Groser, John Tancek, Anton Wapotic, Matt Turk, Christine Stritar in Anton Zornik.

Enako delegacija soglasno potrdi odbor za resolucije, ki ga je vnaprej imenoval izvršni odbor. V tem odboru so: John Kobi, Anton Garden, Louis Kaferle, Max Kumer, Frank Podboj.

John Zigmant predlaga, da se naj imena predlagateljev in ostalih, ki se udeležijo debate, ne zapiše v zapisnik. Frank Zaitz protipredlaga, naj se udeleži v zapisnik imena predlagateljev, ne pa ostalih. Predlog podpiran, nakar br. Zigmant umakne svoj predlog in Zaitzov predlog je po kratki debati sprejet z veliko večino.

Rudy Lisch predlaga, da konvenčni predsednik skupno s podpredsedniki, imenuje člane ostalih odborov. Predlog podpiran in sprejet. V odbor za prošnje in pritožbe je imenovanih pet članov, in sicer: Josef Koriš (121), Frank Pechnik (21), Frank Rezek (643), Tončka Simič (137) in Joseph Durn (53).

V odbor za plače so imenovani br. Kvartich, Mike Zakrajšek in J. A. Ambrozich. V odbor za pregledovanje računov delegatov za Joseph Petrich, Frank Perko, Fred Malgal, Mary Udovich in Ann Opeka. Odbori si sami organizirajo delo. Odbor za pravila se odstrani in gre na delo, enako odbor za resolucije.

Predložena so poročila glavnih odbornikov. Anton Stigel, delegat društva 116, stavi predlog, da se poročila glavnih odbornikov sprejmejo. Predlog podpiran in sprejet. Predsednik Petrovich pojasni, da se lahko o vseh priporočilih glavnih odbornikov razpravlja, nakar odloči 15 minut odmora.

Po odmoru br. Petrovich sugestira, da bi lahko preočitli na točko 12 in določili mesto prihodnje konvencije, kajti sedaj odbor je niso pripravili poročati. Br. Lisch predlaga, da pričnemo takoj razpravljati o tej točki. Predlog podpiran in soglasno sprejet. Besedo dobi br. Ray Travnik in povabi delegacijo v Detroit za prihodnjo konvencijo. V Detroitu se ni še nikdar vršila konvencija SNPJ, zato izrazi upanje, da bo delegacija glasovala za prihodnjo konvenčno mesto Detroit. Delegat Stigel nominira mesto Chicago in delegat Fr. Perko Milwaukee. Mary Somrak (442) predlaga zaključek debate. Predlog podpiran in sprejet.

Konvenčni podpredsednik Mike Kumer naznani delegatom angleško poslušalci društev, da bodo imeli sestanek ob osmih zvečer v mestni dvorani.

Br. Godina stavi predlog, da se konvenčni zapisnik pridobí v dnevniku Prosveti. Frank Lotrich predlaga, da se pridobí vse važne zaključke v angleški sekciji Prosvete. Br. Kuhel pojasni, da zakon določa, da mora biti zapisnik pridoben v glasilu in ne v dnevniku. Br. Lisch stavi protipredlog, ki se glasi: Zapisnik se pridobí v glasilu, vsi važni zaključki v angleški sekciji Prosvete, izkrčki zapisnika pa v dnevniku. Lischov protipredlog sprejet z veliko večino glasov.

Predsednik poverilnega odbora br. Morsi naznani, da se bo vrnila prihodnja konvencija v Detroitu, ki je prejel 240 glasov, Milwaukee 28, Chicago 20. Br. Travnik se zahvali delegaciji za izvolitev Detroita za prihodnjo konvenčno mesto.

Besedo podvzame konvenčni podpredsednik Stokel in govori o strahotnem trpljenju, ki ga je pretrpela Jugoslavija, naša rojstna domovina, ter o junakiškem boju jugoslovanskih partizanov. Stari domovini smo že veliko pomagali, zlasti SNPJ, toda treba bo še poseči v žep. Sedaj še vedno zbiramo denar za otroško bolnišnico v Sloveniji in poleg \$10,000, ki jih je darovala SNPJ za ta plemenit namen, bi bilo potrebno dodati še gotovo vsoto, tako da bi čimprej dosegli naš cilj — 150.000 dolarjev.

Br. Kobi, predsednik resolucijskega odbora, naznani, da je ta odbor pripravljen poročati. Br. Louis Kaferle čita resolucijo o starem kraju, ki se glasi: (Priobčena v Prosveti kot uvodnik dne 20. avg.)

Delegat Andy Božič (312) se strinja z resolucijo, na pa s stavkom, ki določa, da bi darovali \$5,000 za otroško bolnico, zato predlaga dodatek, da poleg vsote \$10,000, ki jo je odločil glavni odbor v ta namen, darujemo še \$15,000, tako da bo skupna vsota znašala \$25,000. Vzame se živahna razprava, natb pa tajnik resolucijskega odbora Garden pojasnjuje, zakaj so določili v resoluciji samo \$5,000. To je le sugestija njihovega odbora, delegacija pa lahko odloči večjo vsoto.

Gl. odbornik John Olip stavi predlog, da se resolucije ne sprejme, to pa vsled tega, ker sta povezani v njej politika in humanitarnost. Potrebno bi bilo spisati dve resoluciji: eno, ki bi izrazila našo politično stališče do Jugoslavije, drugo pa o dobrotelnosti, ki bi določila naš dar za otroško bolnico. Vneme se splošna debata o tem predmetu, nakar br. Kobi ponovno zagovarja in pojasnjuje resolucijo o starem kraju. Glavni odbornik Vratarič stavi predlog, da so resolucijo vrne odboru, nakar naj ta predloži dve resoluciji, eno z ozirom na politiko, drugo pa glede darovanja. Br. Garden ponovno pojasnjuje, da je potrebno le amendirati vsoto, ne pa ostali del vsebine.

Br. Lisch predlaga, da se sprejme resolucijo, le vsota se naj določi s posebnim predlogom. Predlog podpiran in sprejet. Delegat Radel stavi predlog za \$10,000. Predlog podpiran. Sprejet je predlog, da se zaključki debate. Ray Travnik predlaga črtanje govorniške liste. Predlog podpiran; zanj je oddanih 172 glasov in 56 proti. Br. Skuk, delegat št. 5, zahteva, da pridejo v zapisnik te besede: SNPJ naj izbrše besedo "demokracija", kajti s takimi predlogi se krati osnovne pravice delegaciji.

Konvenčni predsednik Petrovich tolači točko 4 konvenčne opravilnice, namreč da lahko tisti, ki so se imeli v mislih predloge pred črtanjem govorniške liste, lahko še vedno stavijo predloge.

Predlog br. Radija je dan prvi na glasovanje, nato pa predlog brata Božiča, ki je sprejet z veliko večino. Ponovno se nato vneme debata o točki 4 opravilnice, nakar stavi Lisch predlog, da se črta iz točke 4 sledeči stavek: "Po zaključku debate imajo pravico le tisti, ki so se priglasili pred zaključkom. Ako je stavljen nov po zaključku debate, zbornica odloči, če se razpravlja o predlogu." Predlog brata Lische je sprejet.

Odbor za resolucijo nadaljuje s poročilom. Max Kumer čita resolucijo o svetovnem koledaru, ki se glasi:

RESOLUCIJA ADOPTED BY THE SLOVENE NATIONAL BENEFIT SOCIETY at its 13th Regular Convention held in Eveleth, Minn., August 12, 1946

WHEREAS, The Slovene National Benefit Society at its Convention, held in Eveleth, Minnesota, having given consideration and study to the proposal that the present calendar (known as the Gregorian calendar) should be revised and simplified more adequately to fit the needs of the world, and having reached the conclusion that THE WORLD CALENDAR proposed by the World Calendar Association of New York City incorporates the desired changes;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED that adoption of THE WORLD CALENDAR is recommended.

Resolucijo tolači br. Podboj, član tega odbora. Prične se debata, v katero posežejo člani resolucijskega odbora in delegati, nakar je sprejet predlog, da se zaključki debate. Delegacija nato z veliko večino sprejme predloženo resolucijo.

Br. Kobi čita resolucijo o unijah, ki se glasi:

RESOLUCIJA O UNIJAH Med fundamentalne ljudske pravice spada tudi pravica delavca do organizacije, do unije. Kjer delavstvo nima te pravice, ni svobode. Delodajalski razred se krčevito upira tej pravici tudi v Ameriki in zgodovina delavskega gibanja je izredno težka in krvava. Amerika se je uvrstila med civilizirane industrijske države lele s sprejetjem Wagnerjeve delavskega zakona, ki je omogočil delavstvu do lastne organizacije. Za delavstvo je to velika pridobitev in je važno, da čuva in zakon in da ga uveljavi povsod, kjer koli se mu delodajalski še upirajo, kjer koli ga vidni organi prezirajo ali omalovažujejo.

Kakor je važno in fundamentalna iz pravice do organizacije, prav tako je važno in potrebna tudi neodvisna politična akcija delavstva v okviru lastne delavske stranke. Delavec mora nastopati kot delavec tudi na volilni dan, kajti njegovi interesi se tudi v politiki prav tako križajo s interesi kapitalističnega razreda kot v tovarni, v majni, kjer koli. Ameriško delavstvo si bo zavarovalo obstojčo pridobitve v delavskem zakonodajstvu, kadar si bo izvolilo svoje zastopnike v postavljenem skupščino. Šele tedaj bo lahko korakal naprej, uspešno odbijalo iskoristne reakcije in gradilo družbo bodočnosti, v kateri bo delo silavilo smago saeno s bratstvom, svobodo in pravičnostjo.

Slovenska narodna podporna jednota, svesta svojim delavskim tradicijam, na svoji 13. redni konvenciji ponovno objublja vse svoje moralne opore organiziranemu delavstvu. Kot v preteklosti, tako bo tudi v bo-

doče stala ob njegovi strani v borbi za večji kos kruha, boljše življenje, za obrambo starih in izvojanje novih pravic za boljše človeško družbo.

Po kratki razpravi je predložena resolucija sprejeta. Konvenčni tajnik Lotrich naznani, naj se po zborovanju sestanejo hrvaški in arbski delegati. Odbor za prošnje in pritožbe pa se bo sestel ob pol šestih.

Br. Garden v imenu eksekutivnega odbora SNPJ predloži resolucijo o povečanju angleške sekcije Prosvete. Resolucija se glasi:

RESOLUCIJA O POVEČANJU ANGLEŠKE SEKCIJE PROSVETE Upoštevala potrebo povečanja angleške sekcije Prosvete, tako da bo lahko v večji meri slušala vajojni misli glasila in jednote med angleško govorečim članstvo, zato

Glavni odbor priporoča 13. redni konvenciji SNPJ, da sankcionira povečanje angleške sekcije s treh na štiri strani, glavnemu uredniku in eksekutivi pa nalaga, da izvrši ta sklep kakor hitro ga je mogoče izvesti. Z izvedbo tega sklepa naj tedenska Prosveta izhaja na štirih straneh v slovenščini in na štirih straneh v angleščini. Povečani del angleške sekcije naj služi v izobraževalne namene s prinašanjem informativnih in delavsko usmerjenih člankov, nanašajoči se na gospodarske, politične, socialne in sorodne probleme.

V debato posežejo mnogi delegati, nakar je soglasno sprejeta. Br. Petrovich zaključuje sejo ob 5.30. Math Petrovich, konvenčni predsednik, Donald J. Lotrich, kon. tajnik, Milan Medvešek, konvenčni zapisnikar

TRETJA SEJA—13. avgusta popoldne

Konvenčni predsednik Matt Petrovich odpre sejo ob devetih popoldne in pozove delegacijo, da zasede svoj prostor. Na željo poverilnega odbora se najprvo čita zapisnik prve seje, ki je soglasno sprejet kot čitan. Nato je čitan zapisnik druge seje, ki je sprejet z majhnim popravkom.

Poverilni odbor poroča, da sta odsotna dva glavna odbornika, James Maglich in dr. Zavertnik, ter dva delegata. Vseh skupaj je navzočih 297 delegatov in gl. odbornikov.

Br. Anton Garden predlaga, da delegacija poruči večerajšnji predlog br. Lische, kateri določa, da se zapisnik pridobuje samo v sredini slovenski izdaji Prosvete, glavne konvenčne sklepe pa v dnevniku in angleški sekciji. Predlog br. Gardna je podpiran, nakar Garden pojasnjuje vzrok za svoj predlog. Enako pojasnjuje nekateri gl. odborniki in delegati, nakar je oddanih za predlog br. Gardna 111 glasov, proti pa 93. Predlog ni dobi dvotretjinske podpore in ni bil sprejet; ostane veljaven Lischov večerajšnji predlog.

Michael Vrhovnik, mladinski ravnatelj, stavi predlog, da konvenčni predsednik imenuje sedem članov, kateri naj začrtajo program za mladinske aktivnosti. Predlog podpiran in soglasno sprejet. Priporočani so sledeči delegati in delegatke: Jennie Pudar, delegatkinja društva št. 580, Frank Rezek, 643, Christine Stritar, 568, Frances Dermotta, 682, Henry Zorman, 604, Mary Slobodnik, 490, in Michael Vrhovnik. Vsi navedeni so sprejeti in so soglasno izvoljeni.

Konvenčni tajnik Donald Lotrich čita brzojavke in pisma od sledečih organizacij, društev in posameznikov: Združene ameriške Slovencek, Eveleth, Minn., Slovenski dom, Detroit, Mich., društvo 135 SNPJ, Cleveland, O., društvo 381, Aguilar, Colo., Pioneer 559 SNPJ, Chicago, Ill., Jugoslovanska podporna zveza Sloga Milwaukee, Wis., Slovenska zadrzna zveza, Joliet, Ill., društvo 7 SNPJ, Claridge, Pa., in podravno pismo od 80 let starega člana Franka Karisha iz Bwabika, Minn.

Br. Lotrich je tudi prejel pismo od društva 109 SNPJ iz Nanaima, British Columbia, Kanada, v katerem članstvo poziva delegacijo, da bi ukinila izredni aasement, ki ga morajo plačevati. Zbornica odloči, da se izroči pismo odboru za prošnje in pritožbe, nakar sledi 15 minut odmora.

Glavni tajnik Vider pozove delegacijo, naj izpolni tiakovine za stroške vožnje in jih odda odboru za pregledovanje računov delegatov.

Na dnevni red pride poročilo odbora za pravila. Br. Frank Groser, predsednik odbora za pravila, naznani, da je odbor pripravljen poročati. Ludvik Medvešek, tajnik odbora za pravila, poroča, da je odbor delal na pravih veliki ur. Odbor predlaga sledeče točke v sprejem: NACELNA IZJAVA iz starih pravil. Podpirano in soglasno sprejeto. Člen I. Točka 1. v provizoričnih pravilih, točka 2. iz starih pravil, člen II-2. Podpirano in soglasno sprejeto. Člen II. in člen III. v provizoričnih pravilih, besedilo starih pravil člen III in IV. Podpirano in soglasno sprejeto.

Konvencije: Točka 1. v starih pravilih, s spremembo leta, v katerem se ima vršiti konvencija. Predlog odbora za pravila podpiran in soglasno sprejet.

Volitve delegatov: Točka 2. Nova točka provizoričnih pravil angleško besedišč, točka 3 starih pravil, točka 4. starih pravil s spremembo, da se mora "kandidat za delegata udeležiti v letu pred volitvami (v 12 mesecih) SESTIH SEJ", vse ostalo ostane. Po razpravi, katere se udeleži več delegatov, je predlog odbora za pravila z veliko večino sprejet.

Točke 5, 6, 7 in 8, ostanejo po starem. Soglasno sprejeto. Dalje predlaga odbor, da delegacija sprejme točko 9-a, b in c iz starih pravil. O točki 9-b delegatje in nekateri glavni odborniki precej časa diskuzirajo, nato delegacija sprejme z veliko večino točko 9-a, b in c. Zaključek dopoldanske seje.

Math Petrovich, konv. predsednik Donald J. Lotrich, konv. tajnik Milan Medvešek, konvenčni zapisnikar. (Dalje prihodnje sredo)

KJE STA

Joseph Zupec (Zupevc), rojen 17. marca 1881 v Velikem Kamnu, občina Kozje, pri Brežicah. Do leta 1931 je bil član društva št. 301 SNPJ, Mascoutah, Ill. Komur je kaj znanega o njem, naj sporoči v gl. urad SNPJ.

John Urbanch (Urbandč), rojen v Ostrogi pri Kostanjevici. Pred leti je bival v Cle Elumu, Wash. Iz stare domovine ima zelo važno pismo v gl. uradu. Sporoči naj svoj naslov v gl. urad SNPJ.

F. A. Vider, gl. tajnik.

Federacije SNPJ

OŽIVIMO AKCIJO ZA SVOJ DOM! Milwaukee, Wis. — Federacijske seje niso obiskovane v toliki meri kot bi bile potrebno, zato pišem ter vrstice in apeliram, da bi se zavzeli in poživeli delo na društvenem polju.

Tudi federacijska blagajna izhlapava. Dokler smo imeli krožek, so društva plačevala pa \$12 letno, zaeno pa je krožek prirjal privedite in prav lepo napredoval. Krožek pa je vsled vojne prenehal in društva so tako prenehala plačevati v federacijsko blagajno tistih \$12, tako da sedaj nimamo nobenih dohodkov. V teh časih pa je tudi težko, da bi priridili kakšno privedite, kajti primanjkuje raznih potrebščin. V blagajni imamo še nekaj nad \$400, krožek pa \$206.27. Ker pa radi darujemo iz blagajne za razne koristne stvari in akcije, se naša blagajna manjša z vsakim mesecem.

Federacija je kot ena velika družina, zato bi bilo potrebno, da bi imela svoj dom, čeravno bolj skromen. Samo pogledme druge slovenske naselbine!

Manjše so kot naš, vendar pa imajo svoje domove, v katerih se naš narod sestaja in vrši svoje kulturne in društvene funkcije.

Pred dobrim letom je bilo sklenjeno na federacijski seji, da bi se zavzeli in zgradili svoje ognjišče, toda, na žalost, do sedaj še ni bilo nobenih aktivnih korakov v tej smeri. Ako bomo pokazali voljo in resno zanimanje za svojo lastno stredo, nam bodo tudi drugi pomagali. Resnica je, kar je zapisal br. Anton Ermenc, namreč, da si moramo najprej sami pomagati, potem nam bodo pa tudi drugi.

Bratje in sestre SNPJ, udeležite se društvenih sej v mesecu septembru in razpravljajte o tem ter podajte sugestije, kako čimprej doseči oz. zgraditi svoje lastno ognjišče. Udeležite se tudi federacijske seje, ki se bo vršila 22. septembra na 539 So. 6th st. Pridite v velikem številu. Rad bi pisal še več o tem predmetu, toda upam, da me razumete, kaj mislim.

Frank Primosich, tajnik.

DRUŠTVENA VEST

Chicago, Ill.—Podružnica št. 2 SANSa opozarja vse člane, da se udeležijo seje dne 31. avgusta ob 8. uri zvečer pri sobratu Petru Salarju na 3019 Damen ave. John Turk, tajnik.

Dr. John J. Zavertnik

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON 3724 W. 26th Street Phone Crawford 2933 IF NO ANSWER CALL AUSTIN 6790 OFFICE HOURS 1:30 to 4 P. M.—4:30 to 8:30 P. M. Except Wednesdays, Saturdays and Sundays Residence: 2219 E. Ridgeway Ave. Phone Crawford 846

NOVOPRISTOPLI ČLANI

Table with columns: št. društva, ime, Bol. podp., Cert. Smrt. in št., smrt. in otdk.

NEW MEMBERS

Table with columns: Lodge No., Name, Cert. Fit., Bene-Fit., Death Sick.

ADMITTED AUGUST 1, 1946

Table listing new members admitted on August 1, 1946, including names and lodge numbers.

ADMITTED JULY 1, 1946

Table listing new members admitted on July 1, 1946, including names and lodge numbers.

ADMITTED MAY 1, 1946

Table listing new members admitted on May 1, 1946, including names and lodge numbers.

"PROLETAREC"

Socialistično-delavski tednik Glasilo Jugoslovanske soc. zveze in Prosvetne matice: Pisan v slovenskem in angleškem jeziku. Stane \$3 na celo, \$1.75 za pol. \$1 za četiri leta. NAROČITE SI GA! Naslov: PROLETAREC 2301 South Lawndale Avenue CHICAGO 23, ILL.

V POLETNI VROČINI

Vsaka kuharica je v poletni vročini čisto v zadregi, kaj naj da na mizo, da bo zadovoljila svoje oziroma, kajti mnoga jedila in pijače, ki so dobrodošla pozimi, oz. v hladnem vremenu, niso niti dobra, niti vabljiva v vročih poletnih dneh.—SLOVENSKO-AMERIŠKA KUCHARICA vam nudi zelo mnoge jedi in pijače, glede katerih skoro ne more biti dvoma, da bi jih vaše oziroma, da se nje sprejelo z zadovoljstvom in s hvaležnostjo kuharici za njen "trit", za njeno skrbnost in umnost.—Ako še ni te važne in koristne knjige in vaši kuhinji, je v interesu Vaše družine in Vas samih, da si jo takoj naročite, kajti ta objava in praktična njega je vsakdanja svetovalka in pomočnica vsaki kuharici v vsakem letnem času.—Naročite jo lahko po poštnem povestju, ali pa pošljite \$5 na: Ivanka Zakrajšek, 302 E. 72nd St. New York 21, N. Y.

V Prosveti so dnevne svetovne in delavske vesti. Ali jih čitate vsak dan?

Convention Highlights, Decisions

THE 13TH REGULAR CONVENTION of the Slovene National Benefit Society, which opened on Monday, August 12, at the High School Auditorium at Eveleth, Minnesota, wound up its work Saturday afternoon, August 17.

In all there were twelve regular sessions and one evening session, which was held Friday evening, in order to bring the convention to a close at the set date. In all probability this was the shortest convention of the SNPJ since its earlier years.

The next convention, which will be the 14th regular convocation of our Society, will be held in Detroit, Michigan, in 1950. Detroit received 240 votes, Milwaukee 28, and Chicago 20 votes.

Juvenile activities in the Society were given a boost when a Juvenile Committee was elected, consisting of the following: Jennie Padar, Frank Rezek, Christine Stritar, Frances Dermotta, Henry Zorman, Mary Slobodnik and Michael Vrhovnik.

A candidate for delegate to the next convention will be required to attend at least six regular monthly meetings of his lodge in the pre-convention year.

THE CONVENTION ADOPTED a resolution concerning benefit for old members. The Society will pay assessment for old and needy members from the special benefit fund, that is, for members 65 or over who are members 35 years or more.

President Cankar introduced the winners of the last membership campaign to the convention. They were: Ursula Ambrozich, John Shaffer, Mary Maglich, Rose Radovich, Camilus Zarnick, Mary Prasnarik and Theresa Mazon. The ceremony was very effective and impressive.

The convention sent a cable to the Paris peace conference urging it to accept Yugoslavia's proposals for the solution of the Trieste problem and the Julijaska Krajina region.

Resolution for establishment of a pension fund for executive officers and employees was rejected by a vote of 146 to 95.

The number of district vice-presidents was increased from six to eight. No radical changes were made for the by-laws. Medical director will not be a member of the supreme board. He will be appointed by the board.

THE CONVENTION DECIDED that members may insure for more than one mortuary benefit, while the sick benefit remains unchanged.

Salaries of executives were increased according to various positions and responsibilities. Details will be found in the convention minutes.

A sum of \$5,000 per year was appropriated for cultural juvenile activities and for the promotion of juvenile circles. The executive committee was instructed to prepare and publish a children's Slovene primer.

Candidates for president were Cankar and Kuhel, the former receiving 167 votes and the latter 128 votes. First vice-president is Ray Travnik; Joseph Culkar is 2nd vice-president.

All other executive officers were reelected: Vider, Gradišek, Vrhovnik, Garden, Godina and Trojar, the latter two winning against their opponents, M. Medvesek and Milavec, respectively.

The annual appropriation for athletics has been increased to \$10,000. Operation and other benefit payments have been increased. Resolution to move the headquarters to Cleveland was defeated. More details in next week's organ.

SNPJ Wolverine News

DETROIT.—In the absence of our president, vice president and treasurer our August meeting was very capably handled by Berchie Naprudnik, our past president.

At this meeting we had as guest speaker, a member of Lodge 711, who gave a stirring speech stressing the needs of the Yugoslavs in Europe. He appealed to all our membership for old tools and books. Medical books, mechanical books and school books are most urgently needed. The John R club is a receiving depot for the SANC and all articles can be left at the club from where they will be picked up and delivered.

Two new transfers to the lodge are Anne Mayor and Mirko Peric. We hope we have a new member in the new baby girl born to Max and Josephine Culkar. Congratulations. A speedy recovery to Mrs. Anzie who has been quite ill at the Henry Ford Hospital. Billy Baloh of the Sealers is home, for good, and we hear that Theresa held open house for all their friends when her husband Johnny Smalts came home from Tokio. Nice having you boys with us again.

Marie and Joe Fendick wish me to convey their thanks to all their friends who were so wonderful to them during their recent stay in Red Lodge, Montana.

Softball
The second of a three game series between the Wolverine and

Young American softball teams will be played on Sunday, August 18th, at Ford Field, Highland Park at 2:30 p. m. After the game everyone will congregate at the club and celebrate with the victors, so let's see everyone out there cheering their favorite team on to victory.

Bowling
The Men's Bowling League starts on Sunday, Sept. 8, at 3 p. m. at the Lucky Strike alleys. For further details contact our bowling manager All Maccani. The Lodges League will try to be organized in order to start at the same date. If you wish to bowl with us contact Lena Yerman or myself. We are trying to get about four or five teams together so give it some serious thinking, ladies.

Helen Steffler is very anxious to try her new bowling ball.

Vacation Notes
About a year ago Nellie Topolovsek left Detroit for Los Angeles to become a secretary for a railway concern. Recently Nellie returned here for a visit with relatives and friends. Marie Shuster is here from Kansas City and Junior Maser has gone to Kansas. Molly Peric, Anne and Vic Stromat are vacationing in Oklahoma. Mary and Pete Benedict Jr. are up north for a week. Frances Rovsek is spending her two weeks on a railway tour of the western states and the Canadian Rockies.

MILLY BERNICK, 677.

Badgerland News

MILWAUKEE.—This Friday evening, the 23rd, is the night of the Badger meeting. Members are urged to attend as matter of interest to all will be taken up.

For one, the dinner in celebration of our 20th anniversary will be discussed. Due to conditions, the large anniversary affair as previously planned has been postponed and in its stead a dinner with a fitting program and dancing will be held at Pleasant Valley Park, Mike Sostarich's new place. The exact date has not as yet been decided upon.

Because of the short July meeting, the \$2 attendance drawing was held over to make it a double \$2 drawing at the August meeting. We hope our convention delegates will return in time to make their report.

Marge and Olga Golob recently spent a week in Ohio visiting their sister Mary and friends. Some of the members are spending their vacation in Minnesota and at the same time are taking in the convention. They are Rose and Harry Uhlie, Sophie and Joseph Starnfel, Rose and Rudy Pugel and Marco and Josephine Stappich.

Celebrating birthdays this month are Tony Obluck and Rose Uher. Mary and Victor Brucic are proud parents of a bouncing baby boy. Congratulations.

How do you rate the beautiful card, Matt?

And now as a friendly reminder, attend the meetings and pay your dues promptly.

SALTY, 584.

Spirit-o-Grams

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Once more we have a bowling team representing the lodge at the Bevo Alleys. They got off to a start last Tuesday and we want to wish the team a lot of luck.

Members are urged to drop in on Tuesday night around nine o'clock and give the bowlers a little moral support.

A reminder that the drive for "Tools for Yugoslavia" is still on, so if anyone has any tools they want to donate call Tony Petrovich Jr. or John Spiller.

Members are sorry to learn that Sis. Angela Boranich reported ill. We wish her a speedy recovery.

The Markoffs plan on going to Chicago over Labor Day. The Mahnichs spent their vacation in Naylor, Mo. Spillers are enjoying their trip to Eveleth. How was the fishing, John?

Morning Stars

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Golf tournament! Yes, that is the coming event of the year. Remember the date, Sept. 8, which means a gala day for those who attend. With the cooperation of all lodges of the Federation it cannot be anything but a complete success.

The course is Sylvan Heights which promises to be just what we are looking for. The opportunity for winning is equal for all participants, so how would you like the idea of carrying off the coveted championship?

Remember the coming dance on Sept. 2, sponsored by "Morning Star" lodge 665, featuring the ever-popular Joe Umcek and his orchestra from Girard, Ohio. His polkas and waltzes are not to be forgotten, which means fun aplenty for all. This will be our first dance of the fall season, so lend us a helping hand by being present, so that we may call this one our most complete successes.

DAN J. FABEC, Pres.

Only Par

Down in the small southern town where he lives people are all so kind and indulgent with Uncle Mose that the ancient darky has become a little spoiled. One day Uncle Mose presented a check for \$19.42 at the local bank. The old man took the money from the teller, counted it, then re-counted it. He didn't seem to be satisfied.

"What's the matter, Uncle Mose?" the teller asked. "Isn't it right?"

"Yes," was the grudging reply, "but it jes' barely is."

Cutting

Although he might be a lion on parade, this British sergeant-major was more like a lamb at home. One day, as he sat at the testable, he remarked:

"We had a mind-reader in the sergeant's mess last night."
"Did you?" replied his wife, frigidly. "What a dull time he must have had!"

Comrades' Note Book

By J. F. Fitolt

In the Convention City

EVELETH, MINN.—Fine weather greeted the advance guard going to the convention, consisting of supreme board members, by-law and resolution committee on their arrival at Eveleth. Thursday, August 8, Chairman Ursula Ambrozich and her committee were on hand to meet the crowd, take care of their baggage and housing.

Eveleth to most of us was not the city we expected. Its fine streets, homes, business buildings and hospitality surprised everyone. Mr. and Mrs. Umnik, where the writer and family stayed, outdid themselves in making us feel right at home. Their friendly nature and cooperative spirit will be something to be remembered long after we get back to Cleveland.

The three lodges of Eveleth have a mighty nice SNPJ Hall, small in size but spic and span. It would do justice to some of our other cities.

On Friday the three local lodges were hosts to the supreme board members and friends. The dinner and speeches were excellent and Sis. Ambrozich and the officers of the three lodges, saw to it that everything was run off smoothly.

On Sunday the Eveleth band appeared in front of the SNPJ Hall where those already on hand formed to march down to the station to greet the incoming delegates. The band, the crowd, the decorations on the Main Street of Eveleth surprised the delegates. All tiredness from their long trip vanished. They certainly received an unexpected welcome, one that they will remember for years to come. With the band leading them, all the delegates proceeded to register for housing. Every delegate we met spoke with the highest regard for the people they were staying with.

Picnic

The picnic that the Eveleth group prepared was very successful. The Mayor of the City of Eveleth welcomed the group and the program that followed was enjoyed. Everyone from out of town agreed that nowhere in the United States had they ever seen such an ideal picnic spot, perfect in every detail. Those from Cleveland, interested in the SNPJ Farm were immediately struck with the design of the dance hall, an open building built out of concrete blocks, with a concrete dancing floor. Bro. Sorc whipped out his pencil and prepared a sketch of it for possible incorporation into a plan that Cleveland could use. Bro. Strukel from Eveleth was very kind in seeing that transportation for our party was provided.

After the picnic we went back to the hall where we mingled with friends from everywhere—Jennie Padar from New York embroiled in designing schemes, Ann Sanneman, Frances Dermotta, Frank Rezek, "Cowboy" Polsak and his family from Roundup, the Chicago gang, Larry Cassol and his group, Kianchar from Pueblo, Tex Bolka, Tony Obluck, and others too numerous to mention.

At the Convention

The convention elections saw familiar faces on the stage; capable Matt Petrovich being elected as chairman, with Andy Grum, Mike Kumer, Krist Stokel and Ursula Ambrozich as vice-chairmen. Milan Medvesek and Jacob Zupan took care of the record keeping. Don Lotrieh elected as convention secretary.

Eveleth schools are about as nice as you can find in the country, clean, well kept, and spacious. The Junior High School where the convention was held, provided the best convention meeting place the SNPJ ever had.

By now most of you know that Detroit will be next convention city. Ray Travnik and his group were happy to have their bid accepted and promised that no one will be sorry.

Tri-Lodge Picnic at Claridge on Aug. 24

CLARIDGE, PA.—Our SNPJ Lodge No. 7, "Bristoljub," is holding a joint picnic with lodges 40 ABZ and 379 HBZ Saturday, Aug. 24, at the SND grounds in Claridge, starting at 3 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all near and far to attend. Good refreshments will be on hand; we will also have good music for dancing.

MIKE BALOH Sr., Sec'y.

Editor's Note

JOHNSTOWN, PA. R. L. B.: Please write on ONE side of the paper ONLY. Write in INK or type-write, and use standard size paper. Thank you.

Veronian News

VERONA, PA.—The homecoming celebration has finally arrived and the great event will take place this Sunday, Aug. 25, beginning at 12 p. m. and lasting all day. We have had some volunteers to assist in waiting on tables, helping in the kitchen, working at refreshment stands, etc. but more help can be used.

The schedule for the day is as follows: Refreshments to be served all day long to veterans and Veronian members only. At 2 p. m. sharp, a dinner is to be served to the veterans of our club only. There will be afternoon dancing to the music of Frank Porovne and his Musical Stylists and then in the evening, a dance is to follow and invite all you members from the outside lodges to attend. Music in the evening will be furnished by Tommy erguson and his band, dancing from 8 to 12. The veterans have all been notified by mail and the committee looks forward to seeing each and everyone.

Another dance, sponsored by the juveniles of our club will be this Saturday, Aug. 24, music by the Musical Stylists. The juveniles have worked on decorating the club and getting things in order and look forward to seeing you members again when we sing and dance those good old polkas, fox trots and waltzes. Dancing from 10 to 2 and, of course, the food situation is always well taken care of, so see you at the dance Sat. Don't forget to bring your friends along for you know the saying "The more the merrier."

Extend birthday greetings to little Larry Cassol, also congratulations to our stewards Mr. and Mrs. Mike Pavelko who celebrated their 11th wedding anniversary Aug. 12. Nice seeing Genie Mokosek home from the hospital and hope he will soon be able to get around without the use of crutches. The Durick family entertained friends from Sharon over the weekend.

The Golf Tournament at New Castle is another topic of discussion. Have you golfers planning to travel to New Castle turned in your names to Elmer Eiffer? If not you had better get started for the tournament is only two weeks away and don't forget reservations have to be made. The date is Sept. 8 and as mentioned previously a bus is chartered for the golfers, which answers your transportation problem. The bus will leave Second Street, Verona, at 7:30 a. m. For more information see Elmer and get started now if you plan on entering the tournament.

Once more playing hosts the Veronians entertained Ambridge this time. The softball results proved in our favor for we were again the victors, the score being 6-3, the winning pitcher being Rudy Stanik.

With this will close for now. Again reminding you to attend dance Sat. and also ask you members who haven't offered your services to work at the Homecoming celebration, get in touch with the committee, for a lot of work has to be taken care of to help make this event a success. Be seeing you.

CORNELIA GORUN, 680.

Buckeye Bits

BARBERTON, O.—The fourth Sunday of this month, the Barberton Buckeyes Lodge 826 are holding their monthly meeting. Please try to come, and let's discuss some new ideas, for the benefit of the lodge.

All members are urged to come, and show that you are members, in good standing and attend our meetings once in a while. Surely, one Sunday afternoon, isn't so very much, as it only comes once every four weeks.

Come on members, let's see just how many of you are willing to come. Remember the date, Sunday, Aug. 25, at the Domovnja Hall, 14th St. at 2:30 p. m.

Mrs. THERESA SONOFF, Rec. Sec'y.

Library Slovene Dom Program-Dance Sept. 2

LIBRARY, PA.—For Labor Day, Sept. 2, the members of the Slovene Dom are preparing a program and dance to celebrate the remodeling of their Dom. The celebration begins at 3 p. m. with a one act comedy play and various types of entertainment. Dancing to Joe Umcek's orchestra will take place from 7 to 11 o'clock. Everyone is invited to be with us.

F. D.

Triglav Lodge No. 82 Dance Sat., Sept. 14

JOHNSTOWN, PA.—SNPJ Lodge No. 82, "Triglav," will hold a dance at the Slovene Hall on Saturday, Sept. 14. A cordial invitation is extended to all local and nearby lodges and friends to attend.

RUDY L. BELTZ.

NOTATIONS

By Frances L. Rak

CHICAGO.—Pioneers meeting was attended by exactly twenty-six members, plus half a dozen or so that walked in just as the meeting was adjourned. Quite a number of our officers were absent because of the convention, and because of death. The meeting lasted but one half hour, and we're almost safe in saying that it's the shortest Pioneer meeting on record!

BECAUSE John Rak Jr., our president, was in Nokomis, Ill., attending funeral services for his uncle, his wife (this writer) presided. Frank Zordani acted as the vice-president, while Ernie Dreshar was acting secretary. Marge Cerkoney gave the sick visiting report for the absentees. Edward Hudale gave the inter-lodge bowlers report. Ernie Dreshar was complimented for the shortest secretary's report. We also initiated one new member and accepted one by transfer from the juvenile to adult department.

Louis Beniger, English editor of Prosveta, together with wife Anne compiled a brief up-to-date summary of the convention proceedings upon request. Because Louis was up to his neck with his work, we asked Anne Beniger to give us the information, which she did, right after our meeting. Thanks for your extra efforts, and next month we will be looking forward to the detailed reports by our delegates.

Louis Zorko was the lucky adult attendance award winner, and Jo Anne Rak was lucky juvenile for the third consecutive month. It was too hot for refreshments, so we just didn't have any.

JOHN, DEZELAK.—Last Wednesday morning word reached us that John Dezalak, of Nokomis, Ill., passed away of a heart ailment. He was well known in Nokomis and the surrounding communities. Being an active SNPier and for several years has been the secretary of the Nokomis Lodge 209, he was also a Progressive Miner, and member of the Workman's Sick Benefit Society. Dezalak came to this country in 1906, and at the time of his death he was 66 years old. That Dezalak was active and prominent was shown by the very large funeral he had. He will be missed as a very good SNPier. From Chicago and Gary four nephews and grandnephew attended services, namely Al, Charles, Henry, and John Rak Jr., and John L. Macek. Dezalak is survived by wife Louise and daughter Rose Gasparac, and a sister Antonia Rak. Our condolences to the bereaved family.

BOWLING.—There will be an important bowlers meeting on Friday, Sept. 6, at 8 p. m. at Slovene Labor Center. Teams will be lined up for the coming season, also rules and regulations. All interested bowlers should attend.

PERFECT CIRCLE.—Just that little reminder that Perfect Circle's vacation is almost over, and that your next meeting will be held on Saturday, August 31, at the regular time at lower SNPJ hall.

ALLAROUND.—Weekend visitors in Chicago were John and Faye Lasterni, of Spirits of St. Louis, Mo. We hadn't seen John for several years, and were glad to see him and happy to make the acquaintance of the wife.—John and Erna Vertnik made a quick weekend visit to Nokomis, Ill., and then to St. Louis, Mo.—The Frank Reves spent a two weeks' vacation with his fa-

ther at Virden, Ill.—Sylvia Conney is at St. Anthony's home, Frank Grosor, one of Pioneer gates, was chairman of the by-committee.—Joe's Diner, under management of Joseph and Sylvia Koney, is open for business week at 2003 W. 21st street; hoping great success to both of active Pioneers.

We noted that Wac Helen Zorko, a Pioneer, sent greetings to the PJ convention all the way to Ljubljana, capital of Slovenia, Yugoslavia.—Myra Beniger celebrated a birthday this week, so we her our congratulations.—Post from SNPJ convention include that of the Grosors, Anton Trojar, Langerholc Sr., Ann Sannem Godinas, Frances Cirar and D. rich.—Leo and Ann Komuchar having their vacation the next weeks.

These NOTATIONS may be omitted for the next two weeks the writer and daughter are on a much needed vacation Johnstown (Pa.) way. We'll go dad after he returns from S convention. So Johnstown, here come!

Reveliers Column

AMBRIDGE, Pa.—All members interested in joining the bowling league are requested to present at the club alleys, 4th Maplewood ave. on Sunday afternoon, Sept. 15, at 1 o'clock. Those who have failed to get their names on the list are also requested to come.

The new Dom will throw open doors on Aug. 24, with a dance music by Stan Novak's orchestra of Sharon. The nearby lodges, D. and friends are invited to attend. A big welcome sign is extended all. Dancing will start at 8 o'clock till the wee hours of the morning.

The Reveliers softballers will thank the Veronian lodge for their wonderful treat after their regame. Veronians won the game to 2, to take the federation title year. The locals are tie for place in the city league. With few hard games left out, good fellows.

VAL KOSELA, 63.

Attention, Members SNPJ Lodge No. 581

ST. MARYS, PA.—To members of Lodge United Slovenes No. 581: Since our secretary, Gabriel Ujlon, is attending the convention in Minnesota, our next meeting has been changed from regular date Aug. 18 to Aug. 26. Members are urged to attend.

MARY ROLICK, Pres.

Integrity Broadcast

CHICAGO.—The regular monthly meeting of Integrity lodge will be held Friday, Aug. 23, at 8 p. m. at 2741 W. North Ave. floor. The delegate will report the convention.

M. FLEISCHACKER, Sec'y.

The Slovene American National Council (SANC) is conducting a campaign to raise \$150,000 for a children's hospital in Slovenia. This is a worthy cause and deserves support of every lodge and member.

Herminie SNPJ Lodges to Celebrate Homecoming of Vet Members Sept.

Seventy Veterans, 24 from Lodge 87 and 46 from Lodge 613, Have Served Our Country

HERMINIE, PA.—Plans for the veterans' homecoming celebration are now complete and all is in readiness for Sunday, Sept. 1st, when the big celebration takes place at the local Slovene Home, sponsored by SNPJ lodges 87 and 613.

A souvenir booklet showing the pictures of all the veterans is being printed and will be ready before the big day.

The celebration begins at 2 o'clock in the afternoon with a banquet honoring our veterans, followed by a program. Dancing to a very popular orchestra, beginning early in the evening.

A few, a very few tickets are still available to our neighboring lodge members for the banquet at \$1.50. If you desire to attend the banquet contact this writer or Martin Urans, Herminie, Pa., or call Herminie 3572.

Watch the next week's edition for full and complete details of the celebration.

JOSEPH BATIS, Sec'y.

Cleve. Athletic League Members, Notice!

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—The Athletic League meeting that was to be held Sunday, August 13, at the St. Clair Home has been postponed. In order that all members can be present at the gantic servicemen's parade, the events that will follow at the Home on Waterloo Road, venue Home on Waterloo Road, meeting date has been set for Sunday, Sept. 1 at 1:30 p. m. Note of this change, bowlers have your teams lined up for the current bowling season by sending into action Sunday evening, Sept. 8 at 7:00 p. m. JOHN J. SPILAR.

Our Times

By Louis Beniger

RECENTLY, Tom Girdler, chairman of Republic Steel Corp., was awarded by a court's decree to receive a \$25,000 bonus which he collected back in 1940.

Raymond A. Hofses, editor of Reading Labor Advocate, writes on this score as follows:

"Workers who rejoice at the news that organized labor's foe, Tom Girdler, is the victim of a court decree, are reacting humanely. But they will be reacting intelligently if they ponder the implications of the ruling and the court's reason for acting as it did."

"What justified the order of the court?" asks Hofses in his column "Reflections" and gives his answer in the 64 dollar question.

HERE IS what Judge Stanley L. Orr said in deciding the case and ordering Girdler to refund the \$25,000:

"If such conduct were approved directors might soon forget that companies are operated primarily to make money for the stockholders and not for management."

To which Hofses answers: "Well, here you have it. And under the laws of the capitalist private-profit economy it's as true as truth itself: Companies ARE operated primarily to make money for stockholders."

For the stockholders are the OWNERS of industries, and this is an owners' system.

"That statement applies to Republic Steel. But it also applies to every industry and corporation, big and little, in the nation. Here is a fact that explains many things, if one would belabor all its implications."

INDUSTRY under the present system is operated for the benefit, not for the working class, but for the owning class.

"That's the law of the land," says Hofses, adding: "It's the law that workers who own little or nothing— and certainly not their jobs—approve every time they vote for either of the two old parties . . ."

At any rate, Judge Orr has done the explaining for us, and everybody should know the score now. And everybody should know now why workers are always paid less than the value of the product of their labor.

Producing for use is not the purpose of industry. Only profits matter—that's the law.

That's why workers are thrown in the scrap heap when the owners can't get a profit by permitting them to work and produce—and use.

Post Office Rulings for Mail to Jugoslavia

Letter Mail (first class): Letters and packages up to 4 pounds, 6 ounces limit. Printed matter, commercial papers, and merchandise samples in small packets up to the limit of 1 pound. Printed Matter for the blind (Braille) may weigh up to 15 pounds, 6 ounces.

The rate for all first class mail is 3 cents for the first ounce, 3 cents for each ounce thereafter. Packages must be declared in Custom Declaration Form 2976-A on the inside and Sticker No. 2976-C1 on the outside. These may be procured from any local post office.

Airmail: Airmail may be sent up to 1 pound limit. The rate is 30 cents for each 1/2 ounce.

Airmail and Letter Mail may both be registered for a registry fee of 20 cents.

Parcel Post: Packages limited to 4 pounds. The size of package or parcel is limited to a total of 72 inches for length and girth combined. Contents are limited to non-perishable foodstuffs, clothing, etc.

Use Customs Declaration Form 2986 and International Parcel Post Form. For postage rates inquire at your local post-office.

Wolverine Bowlers

DETROIT.—Just a reminder, ten-pin bowling season is just around the corner. So if you lost track of your bowling ball, dig it up and sharpen up on those tough spares, and make necessary corrections.

If your ambition is to hold an average in the 190's this season, Bro. Marconi, one of the Wolverine top-notch bowlers, will gladly give you instructions and answer all questions. He is working hard to organize as many teams in the Wolverine League as he possibly can.

Anyone who desires to bowl this season in the Slovene-Croatian League beginning Sept. 8 at 3 p. m. at Lucky Strike Recreation, Grand Ave. and West Grand Blvd., phone MA 6881, please call before Aug. 20. Wolverine Ladies Bowling is also being organized and is taken care of by Molly Bernick. If you're bowler this season, phone M. Bernick, EN 38275.

R. BERNICK, Sec'y.

The Slovene American National Council (SANC) is conducting a campaign to raise \$150,000 for a Children's Hospital in Slovenia, which is a worthy cause and deserves the support of every judge and member.

Return to the South

(Barney B. Taylor returned from the war as a captain and a hero. Before entering the army he had been on the staff of the Washington Post, and was president of the Washington Local of the American Newspaper Guild. Here he tells the reasons for his return to the South as organization director of the National Farm Labor Union, and describes what he found on his return.)

By Barney B. Taylor

MEMPHIS, TENN.—I found just about what I expected in the South when I got back from the war. If there had been any significant changes for the better, I wouldn't have asked H. L. Mitchell, president of the National Farm Labor Union, for a job.

The poorest people in America still are working the richest land and are still trying desperately to "come out" when the crop is sold, and the landlord has taken his lion's cut. Shacks that a respectable midwestern farmer wouldn't put his hogs in still line the back roads of the huge plantations; and the usual swarm of one-garment children still gape curiously from a sagging porch.

The so-called "war prosperity" has passed these people by. They have a few dollars now and then, but the bourbons—both Yankee and Rebel—took damn near all of it.

During the late thirties the sharecropper and his plight captured the imagination of the Nation. People of good will in Government and out rallied around in droves. But most of them turned out to be summer soldiers and sunshine patriots. Only the harassed, bullied, beaten Southern Tenant Farmers Union remained as the spokesman and champion of this vast population group.

And when I got back from the war, the situation, too, had not changed. Hanging on by grace of God and the stubborn Mitchell, the courageous little group of white and Negro STFU (now NFLU) members was still the only voice for the oppressed and underprivileged.

One Man's Reasons

My own reasoning went something like this: Here I am, lucky enough to get shot up just enough to get full retirement pay, so I don't need to make much money. I'm a Southerner, and I want to work in the South. All the prejudice, bigotry and hate that so retard the social and economic progress of my South are born in the cotton patches. And again that phrase—"the poorest people on the richest land" (I should mention here that "sub-marginal" and "eroded" are words that do not apply to the Delta country where we are organized.)

There's only one place to go, only one group that is actually working among the people—getting out under the trees, in the barns and back country churches and in the tenant shacks—preaching the prospect of a better life through union organization. So I asked H. L. Mitchell for a job, and got it.

We are driving ahead. Our people are joining their Union. More locals are being chartered, and none are dying as they did during the first years of the War. Dues payments for the first five months of this year are double those for the same period last year—and the fur coat-an-champagne-and-Miami crowd can take note that \$4 a year is still important money to our people.

\$2.00 a Day Ceiling

We fought down attempts of the Farm Bureau and its ally, the U. S. Department of Agriculture, to impose a wage ceiling of \$2 a day for cotton choppers; and are preparing now to fight against an equally low ceiling for cotton picking.

There's a lot of blood boiling at the thought of imposing ceilings on us when there is no floor, when we are unprotected by the Wages and Hours Act, the Wagner Act, Social Security—or anything else. We see nothing else to do but organize when we see a wage ceiling for a ten-hour day proposed for us that roughly equals the amount of increase for workers in many industries.

The fears of wholesale farm mechanization is also bringing many to the Union's fold. Older folks are determined that their children won't again live in tents along the highways, or set out for California in a jalopy.

Tears streamed down the fat cheeks and soaked the black string ties of our politicians as they stood on the Co'house steps and proclaimed, "Nothing too good for our brave boys in service!" But when the brave boys came back, it was a different story. "Nothing must disturb or agitate our labor supply."

A Piece of Land

So the dream of the sharecropper veteran, white and Negro, of getting a piece of land of his own with the GI loan has been rudely shattered. "We can't have these po' whites and niggers gettin' too dam' independent" is the second verse of the post-war song. So what vets remain in the cotton country are coming to the Union; and their battle is another in our campaign for a better South.

Our problem is finances and people. Particularly the latter. There's a pretty good chance for our organizers to get their heads bashed in with a baseball bat—maybe shot. They must have an incredible amount of patience with people who can't read or write.

The job is still tougher because we don't equivocate or soft pedal the racial question. Instead of stepping around, we kick racial prejudice squarely in the face. Many presidents of AFL and CIO unions get more individual salary than our entire budget. Yet we manage to grow.

There are dozens of organizations in the South making economic surveys, working for the abolition of the poll tax, trying to end racial and religious discrimination, and trying to cure our deplorable political system. Some of them are fat and profound—and mostly ineffectual.

They confuse people of means who really want to do something worthwhile with their money. When I got back from the war, I found an outfit that was trying to do something about all of them. That's another reason why I took this job.

Family Helpmate

By Dorothy Sodnik

The old adage, "A man's work is from sunup to sundown, but a woman's work is never done," is really true to form, and since woman is the axis around which a family revolves she is foremost and important.

And so I introduce this column to you. May it help in ever so many ways, each member of the household, for it is of and for the family. Here's a tip:

When mother gets nervous and is very tired, it is always a good and generous idea to seat her in a chair, and let one of the other members of the family massage the back of her neck where the nerves are usually knotted. This causes her to relax and presto! she is a little less tired and more patient. How about it, kiddies? Try it sometimes as a favor to mom.

If you are looking for a simple all-in-one meal, here's a trick I learned during the cheese shortage: Partly cook creamettes or any other macaroni, drain and line in a greased baking dish, add cottage cheese and a few canned mushrooms, season; top with remaining macaroni, dot with butter and paprika if your palate can take it. Put in hot oven and bake until a nice brown crust forms. A box of creamettes or half lb. of macaroni can usually serve a family of four to six, and with a nice tossed salad, what is simpler?

Though the men scoff and sneer at bath salts in the tub, if they have to clean the tubs after themselves, and I think they should, tell them the salts soften the water, thus the scum around the tub more easily dissolves and cleaning up is a joy. It is a good idea to keep the more manly type of bath salts such as pine, handy for the stubborn male.

And so until next week—

HANK RUPERT, 677.

Juvenile Circles of the SNPJ

Perfect Circle 26 Carrying On Its Activities

CHICAGO.—"Carry on! see" we; even in the absence of our indefatigable Circle manager, who is vacationing in Eveleth, Minn. During her absence we have not only continued to practice for the eventual Sept. 1 tournament in Waukegan, but we also managed to go to a Grant Park concert and Riverview Park as well.

Tournament practice proved to be rather trying on some of us; but we're determined to do our very best when the time comes. The Victor Herbert Grant Park concert was very nice, but as much could be said for the weather; the temperature had dropped some 30 or more degrees that Saturday evening.

Riverview Park with all of its high rides proved to be quite an adventure. Mrs. Trojar proved to be the "daredevil". She went on rides that even I wouldn't try. We had a grand time at the park, however, and hope to go again this year before it closes. When Mrs. Sannemann comes back from her trip, we'll have as much news to tell her as she'll have to tell us. Hurry home, Ann. Even though we're having fun we miss you.

MARION CERVENKA, Pres.

Give Us the Tools— We'll Do the Job

This is the inscription on a beautiful three color poster now being mailed to hundreds of organizations throughout the country by the National Office of the AARY.

The poster brings to the attention of our American people the fact that the peoples of Jugoslavia need tools, equipment, scientific text books, instruments and machines of all kinds to rebuild their devastated economy and schools of learning. There is a school, factory and church in the process of reconstruction, on a black background. Over an outstretched hand is written "THE HEROIC PEOPLE OF JUGOSLAVIA".

Tools for carpenters, painters, bricklayers, machinists and other craftsmen are shown. At the bottom a space is left to write in the address of the collection depot where tools will be collected, crated and shipped to the warehouse.

The director of the Mansfield, O., "reconstruction committee", Mr. Luka Lemaic writes: "We are approaching tens of local unions of the AFL, CIO and RR Brotherhoods with letters, personal contact and literature. This is the type of work that has to succeed."

Our St. Louis, Mo., Chapter, with the aid of Mr. Mihovil Sarar, B. A. of Bricklayers local union and members: Mihovil Pavic, Ivan Plisic, Ivan Potochnjak, Kuzma Jercimovic, Silvester Barbaric, Ivan Hreljac Jr., Juro Ivancic, Stjepan Hreljac and Lucija Hreljac, sent a good sized kit of carpenters and bricklayers tools, which was received in New York, at the Warehouse, 695 Edgecombe Ave.

From our Chicago Chapter we are informed that there is a keen competition going on between the South and West Side. Tools and even spare parts for tractors, are being collected in the Windy City.

Miss Mary Dabic requested 150 tool collection credentials and 1,000 application blanks for the Detroit Chapter. Detroit intends to build its membership up to 1500 within 3 months and to send the best worker (recruiting not less than 100 members) to Jugoslavia for a first hand informative visit.

The New York Chapter (Technical Committee) is sending a letter to all scientists, institutions and schools, appealing for aid to the scientific institutions in Jugoslavia.

Dr. Mislav Demerec, director of the Carnegie Institute of Washington, Department of Genetics (president of the AARY) obtained hundreds of books from the department and Congressional Library that were sent to Zagreb, Ljubljana and Belgrade. Mrs. Claire Scheinberg, a very active worker of our Oakland Chapter, collected hundreds of medical and other scientific books that were all sent to Jugoslavia.

Up to date our organization sent hundreds of pounds of scientific books, magazines and catalogues to Jugoslavia. And through the aid of a manufacturer (Mr. Griesmayer) three lathes were donated, repaired, crated and shipped to Jugoslavia and at present are in operation.

We would herewith urge all readers of this paper to get in touch with us for posters, which will be sent without charge.

Write for posters and information to our national office: The American Association for Reconstruction in Jugoslavia, 465 Lexington Ave., room 21, New York 17, N. Y.

Send all tools, text books and instruments to the Warehouse of the American Committee for Jugoslav Relief, c/o A.A.R.Y., 695 Edgecombe Avenue, New York, N. Y.

ANTHONY GERLACH, Executive Secretary.

Fortunate

A man asserted in court recently that his wife treated him like a lodger. Few husbands have such good fortune.

REPORTS OF SUPREME OFFICERS

to Delegates of the THIRTEENTH REGULAR CONVENTION of S. N. P. J.

Report of the Supreme President

The time for convention of the Slovene National Benefit Society has come again. As we all know, the entire system or structure of our organization is based upon the principle of true democracy, which means, that every member may enjoy the same rights and privileges. It means, further, that everything in the scope of our work is also of concern to all of us. Consequently, it is fitting and proper that we hold conventions from time to time, where the entire membership is represented, and has the opportunity to express its desires; thru its delegates, make binding whatever it considers necessary and at the same time changes or eliminates that which no longer answers its essential purpose.

Our by-laws stipulate that conventions must be held quadrennially. It is also the law of the State of Illinois in which our Society is incorporated. Our 13th regular convention, therefore, should have been held last year, but due to war and existing transportation difficulties at the time, this was not possible. The supreme board passed the decision for holding the convention last year and all preparations, including the election of delegates, were well under way. We prepared various additions and changes to the by-laws and, in short, all the improvements we deemed necessary. Furthermore, we applied for special permit, at that time required for this purpose, to the office of defense transportation, but it was not granted us, due to more pressing war time efforts. Meanwhile the state law was revised to the effect that due to wartime restrictions, or any such emergency, conventions may be postponed to a future date. We had no other choice and acted accordingly.

Almost five years, then, have passed since we held the last, so-called the 12th, regular convention. Even in normal times, such a long period brings about many problems and necessity for some changes, while an extraordinary period which we just passed would, naturally, bring further and more numerous requirements. Numerous important problems also await us at the forthcoming convention. It becomes necessary, therefore, that we hold a convention, not so much because of the by-laws or state laws, but because of confronting problems and good interest of the Society.

The convention is, as you know, the highest tribunal of the Society. In other words, it has the right to change the constitution and by-laws, solve and pass judgement on charges and appeals, elect the supreme board and pass unconditional judgement on all matters pertaining to the Society. But this is not all—coupled with this right and authority are tremendous and important responsibilities of which we must be constantly aware. Everyone of us must consider it his first and foremost duty to use his mandate for the interest and welfare of the Society, and to the best of his or her ability. The membership expects this of us; only if we will faithfully abide by it, will we prove ourselves worthy of the trust and faith imposed upon us.

When we finished our job five years ago and adjourned, we left the convention with much enthusiasm. We were hopeful that it would be possible for us in the future and above all during the inter-convention period to work for her even more successfully, and especially to promote various organizational activities. At the time, hardly anyone gave a thought that America would be drawn into the world conflict. At any rate, no one expected that it would come so soon or with such a frenzied force, nor that it would bring us such astounding consequences. But it happened—the war broke out even before the new by-laws became effective and before the newly elected supreme board members could assume their respective offices. Needless to say, the Society was deeply affected by the sudden turn of events. Thousands of our young and active members were called to arms, as well as countless others, many of whom would have joined our ranks. We were forced to curtail gradually our lodge anniversaries and celebrations, socials, picnics and other affairs, until everything came to a virtual standstill. War time conditions prevented various activities in which we participated in previous years and already had planned for the inter-convention period. Because of war, our agitatorial forces among the membership dwindled; the main office had its difficulties in getting necessary help and carrying out its important work. In short, on account of war many of our former activities had to be suspended and these circumstances, naturally, marred the general development of our organization.

Notwithstanding these difficulties and moral depression on the part of our membership during war time, we enrolled many new members and the Society records a satisfactory progress despite of many war casualties and other instances of death. The same can be said for the Society's financial gain. We have progressed in the adult and juvenile departments as in all the funds, which is, in these critical times, indeed commendable.

All this, of course, was not self-materializing. It required additional hard work and increased, energetic efforts. Beside the War Bond Drives, Red Cross activities, Russian Relief, Jugoslav Relief and Political Action, as well as other similar activities, we campaigned with redoubled efforts for new members, new subscribers to Prosveta, expanded our efforts among our youth and tried to instill the necessary interest, keep up the morale and good will. Participating in all these activities simultaneously with the shortage of help, was no easy task; but the results are indeed very gratifying. The credit for this splendid progress goes not only to the main office, but to the lodges and those members who have given us their loyal support in all these efforts, as well.

Departmental

The ultimate purpose of SNPJ is to further the fraternal and cultural aspects among our people in this country. In reality, this is a two-fold assignment and because of it, our work differentiates from the work of other similar institutions which are also known as fraternal benefit organizations. In order to present a clear picture of our operations, it is necessary to divide them into two major phases: the insurance and the cultural. Mortuary insurance, sick, disability, special and all other benefit work belongs to the insurance department, while newspapers and Printery are considered as cultural and educational phases of our organization.

Our insurances were basically very simple. At the beginning, all of us were insured equally, that is, for like amounts of mortuary and sick benefits and we all paid the same assessments. As time passed on, we recognized that this arrangement was not very satisfactory and revised our insurances and assessments to suit; at first the assessment rates differed only according to the amount of insurance; later, the contributions were rated according to the age. With the advancement of our methods and needs, our work became, of course, more complicated and demanded not only additional help, but better efficiency and more concern and vigilance.

Mortuary Insurance. Our mortuary insurance, as I said before, was a very simple matter at the beginning. Only one type certificate was issued and this without any professionally prorated table of assessment payments. Time demanded changes and improvements, and we fortunately accustomed ourselves to the needs. Accordingly, in time, the NFC table of assessments became obsolete and was substituted with the AE table. Gradually, we issued new certificates with additional and most modern improvements until we are justified in saying that our Society maintains the best and most reliable mortuary insurance system for adults and juveniles that practical experience and actuary skill can offer.

With this, I do not mean to say that we have reached the peak of perfection and that there is no room for further improvement. Further necessities always arise and we will surely be prepared to cope with them in the future. One of last convention's decisions which authorized the supreme executive committee to issue new certificates if and when it saw the necessity for it, proved to be a very practical one and I would recommend that we leave it unaltered.

As shown in statistics and tables included in other executives' reports, we find that our mortuary fund is in an excellent condition. It maintains a goodly reserve and solvency. Since the outlook for the future is very favorable, I do not think that any changes are necessary.

The sick benefit, also, was established from the very beginning and underwent similar changes and improvements as noted in the mortuary fund. We began with a dollar a day sick benefit class and later established a two and three dollar class. When the Slovenian Workmen Benefit Association merged into the SNPJ in 1921, we absorbed its sick benefit funds as well, so that in the period following this merger, some members were insured for four, five and six dollars a day sick benefit. This, however, did not last long, for high sick benefit insurance did not only prove to be unnecessary, but impracticable, too high a risk and even dangerous for the organization as well. As years sped by, we were well aware of the fact that helping our sick brothers and sisters was not only a matter of sympathy but of economic nature as well; furthermore, that the operation of sick benefit system did not depend on sentiment and good will alone. It was necessary, therefore, to make changes, and this time we traveled

(Continued on page 8)

This and That

By Peter Elish

One of the Greatest

H. G. Wells is dead. The world has lost a valiant fighter of bigotry and untruth, and a champion of social justice and economic equality.

Wells was in the true sense of the word, a genius. His works have been prolific and have touched all phases of literature from scientific treatise to romantic novels.

In 1914, he predicted the coming of the atomic bomb, and in 1934 he said that the second World War would be touched off by Germany and Poland in the summer of 1939.

To Americans, his best known work is "The Outline of History." In a manner that is understandable to the man on the street, he traced history from the dawn of the world to the present.

His books on science, sociology, philosophy, and political economy will leave their imprints on history and civilization.

However, his greatest achievements were indirect. Together with George Bernard Shaw, Sidney Webb, Oscar Wilde, and a few others they destroyed the Victorian age—an age that was pleasant for the rich, and miserable for the poor. Using humor and cold logic they lampooned the Victorian society to shreds.

And by destroying the old, they created a new Renaissance among the lower middle and the working classes of England.

They were the spiritual founders of the Labor Party. Years later, they became the intellectual leaders of the Party; giving it vision and hope of a better world.

The success of the Labor Party to a large extent is due to their everlasting support and vigil. And Wells was always in the forefront fighting their battles.

Today the Labor Party is reshaping England into a new world—a better world.

Those young men who half a century ago ridiculed a staff-shirt society out of existence have witnessed the creation of a new age that they desired, and helped to create.

H. G. Wells can rest in peace.

Western Pennsylvania Golf Tournament and Banquet

UNIVERSAL, PA.—We are surely pleased with the number of entries that come pouring in for the Western Penna. SNPJ golf tournament and banquet to be held at Sylvan Heights Golf Course, located about 2 miles from New Castle, Pa., on Sunday, Sept. 8. Instead of 80 golfers as first believed, the number of participants will be in the vicinity of 100. They will represent principally the lodges of Verona, Universal, Harmarville, Moon Run, Pittsburgh, Ambridge and Sygan.

All of this points to the necessity of being on time. The committee wishes to emphasize again that the tournament must get under way promptly at 10:00 a. m. for this is a driving contest and banquet scheduled following the round of golf. In next week's issue of Prosveta we will try, if possible, to have a complete line-up of foursomes and starting times. To this end a second and final committee meeting is being called for 8 p. m. on Tuesday, August 27, at Slovene Hall, Butler St., Pittsburgh.

The plans for this tournament were scarcely laid when Bro. Jacob Drobnic of Sygan lodge came through with a list of 16 entries with full payment at \$3 a man. This fee, of course, includes dinner and golf. Bro. Eimer Eifler reports that Verona lodge will have 25 to 30 entrants and that a bus has been chartered for the trip. Bro. Tony Kaus of Harmarville tells us that their golfers will travel by bus, and the same mode of transportation is being studied by George Remesz, representative from Universal. Bro. Joe Beck of Ambridge, Val Urancher of Moon Run, and Dan shes of Pittsburgh aver that they conserved their car during the war period in the name of patriotism, and so can now enjoy the drive by car. They also hasten to explain that amber colored liquid, commonly known as beer, is too precious to pass around in a bus. They want to be sure to store it safely in the clubhouse cooler. "When it's a case of each group bringing its own, you can't take chances," says Dan.

You have no doubt noticed that there has been little use of flowery language in building up a reputation for the site of this golf tournament. Sylvan Heights ohw- ever, deserves all the praise it can get. We believe, since most of us are familiar with the place, that the excellent condition and layout of the course, as well as the clubhouse, speaks for itself. Ask the man who has played there.

Golf Tournament Rules appeared in the Aug. 7 issue of Prosveta.

Send all entries and fees to Louis V. Kumer, Box 312, Universal, Pa., by August 25.

LOUIS V. KUMER, Chairman.

REPORTS OF SUPREME OFFICERS to Delegates of the THIRTEENTH REGULAR CONVENTION of S. N. P. J.

(Continued from page 7)

backward. We limited ourselves to the three dollar a day sick benefit class, retained for older members only, while the new members cannot insure themselves for more than two dollars a day. This amount seems to be sufficient and at the same time safest for the organization. It is recommended that in this instance, also, we make no changes, at least not for the immediate future.

Since last convention, the financial status of the sick benefit department has remarkably improved, and its future looks promising. It is true that all funds do not maintain a sufficient reserve as yet. If, however, there will be no epidemics or other unforeseen misfortunes, we should get along very nicely. With the situation as is, no changes are advisable at the present time. With constant and systematic improvements we brought our sick benefit department to a point where it satisfactorily serves our needs and purposes. Anything better is hardly conceivable right now and we recommend that the by-laws governing sick benefit department remain unchanged for at least another inter-convention period.

Operations and Disabilities. A fund for operations and disabilities had also been set up at the beginning of our Society. Our organization was the first in making this provision. It has proved itself very worthwhile for our people, in fact, to such an extent that other organizations followed in our steps and profited much from our costly experiences.

Financial gain of the disability fund during recent years has been fairly good. This, and probably increased medical expense in general has again brought about discussions and recommendations for higher disability and operation compensations in the Prosveta. This question received full attention and discussion of the executive, as well as the supreme board. With the help of the Society's supreme medical examiner, by-law changes in this connection have been drafted and will be presented for convention's approval. We must, however, exercise extreme caution, for highly increased compensations without increased assessment for this fund are not advisable. Without necessary provisions we would be dangerously exposed to special assessments, which, I am certain, none of us want, least of all the supreme board members.

Special Benefits. Thru our many years' experience, we came across other needs of our people, where quick and substantial help was necessary, but there was no fund to draw from. In reply to special appeals from the main office, we received voluntary contributions from the membership, which, however, was by far insufficient. We finally established a fund, consisting of a nominal percentage of every member's regular monthly assessment. This amount is so very small that nobody misses it, but total contributions make up a good sum, which enables us to participate in tremendous humanitarian efforts. The Society, as well as membership, may well be proud of it. From this fund, we pay assessments for members who are in need, monetary help for unusual misfortunes such as fire, flood, tornado and similar; support strikers and all those affected by labor struggle; support various cultural Slovene and other progressive and labor institutions, as well as render aid to a score of other good causes. During the recent world conflict, we made large contributions for necessities which more or less arose as a result of war, such as the American Red Cross, Yugoslav Red Cross, Russian and Yugoslav Relief, Slovenian American National Council, etc.

Because this fund is regularly replenished and because we expend wisely, it still maintains, despite generous and numerous contributions, a good balance. Our special benefit is a symbol of real fraternity and a priceless Society's and membership's possession. It is in our own interest to care for it and keep it.

Care for Older Members. While on the subject of special benefits, we might discuss the question as to what can be done for older members, which subject has often been brought up in connection with convention preparations in the Prosveta. The situation, not new, is nevertheless serious. Something worthwhile really ought to be done for our older members. The matter has been discussed seriously and widely prior to every convention. There have been proposals for maintenance of a home, regular old age benefit in form of a pension, and numerous other suggestions. When, however, an estimate as to the amount of individual contributions for maintenance of a home or fund was presented and how much increase in monthly assessment per members it would require, our enthusiasm visibly diminished. Consequently, contributions were paid out of the special benefit fund. If we are not prepared to do something better now, the matter will obviously rest as is.

Cultural Department

The Society's publications and Printery, as I said before, belong to this department. Beside the official organ, years ago, we also printed books. A substantial amount of money was invested in this venture, but we discontinued and depleted our stock because of limited demand.

Prosveta is our official organ issued as daily and weekly. Every adult member is entitled to the weekly or Wednesday issue, while daily is sent only to the subscribers; members who wish to receive the official organ as daily, must pay the additional subscription charge.

The growth of our publications since last convention was simultaneous with Society's progress; daily and weekly are being printed in increased numbers. We have gained a comparatively good number of new subscribers to the daily, taking into consideration that daily subscribers are mostly older members whose ranks are gradually decreasing because of death, while others are forced to give up the paper because of poor sight.

Bro. manager's report shows that daily Prosveta's financial status has improved, and its economic status, despite these difficult times, is indeed very satisfactory. It is a known fact that Prosveta is a favorite publication with our people, because of its progressive policies and untiring efforts for the justice of our working class. Furthermore, our daily has proved itself the most effective agitatorial medium for the Society. Because the number of subscribers has recently been on the upward grade, we sincerely recommend that we make every effort toward publishing the Prosveta for another ten years, or at least as long as it maintains a sufficient number of subscribers.

The juvenile magazine. It is a known fact that we publish, for the purpose of furthering the Society's principles among the younger generation, as well as instructive and educational purposes, a special juvenile magazine. In this regard, the Society is the first and far ahead of other similar organizations.

The necessity for this was seen shortly after we established juvenile insurance, although for lack of means it was not immediately brought into being. Our first and ultimate goal at that time was to insure a secure future for our daily paper and also complete many other, more important and necessary tasks. Some time passed, therefore, before we were really able to begin with this publication.

The first number, under the name of Mladinski List, was issued in 1923. The name was very suitable and answered the taste and purpose of our many readers. Thus it remained until 1944. Time and circumstances bring many changes, even with the publication such as ours. To assimilate ourselves, we found it necessary to change the name of our youth magazine from Mladinski List to The Voice of Youth, under which title it is being issued since the beginning of 1945.

As Mladinski List, the Voice of Youth is a monthly publication, containing illustrations and reading matter in both, the English and Slovene languages. Each family, regardless of number of children enrolled in the juvenile department, is entitled to one copy.

Throughout its years of existence, our juvenile publication faithfully fulfilled its important mission and purpose. Formerly as Mladinski List and presently as the Voice of Youth, it is well liked among our people and undisputed fact remains, that it not only answers our purpose and general necessity, but is also of priceless value as far as the moral benefit of the organization is concerned.

Printery. Our printery was established in 1924 in the new Society's building, otherwise known as the SNPJ headquarters, also erected in that year. The printery was established mostly for the sake of daily Prosveta and also more or less for the sake of convenience. The Society needs all kinds of printed forms and stationery, in which regard having printery at hand is very convenient and time saving, as also for many other purposes. Furthermore, it is the purpose of our printery to serve the needs of local lodges, and they are benefited by this setup by having their orders fulfilled in the best grammatical (Slovene) form, something which many other printeries cannot offer.

Our printery was never in a position to show a substantial financial progress. There are several good reasons for this. First of all, we always tried to conform with the often expressed ideas at conventions, that we charge for printing of daily only enough to cover the actual expense, regardless of profit; as loyal supporters of organized labor, we have always observed strictly union rules and principles which, of course, means somewhat greater expenses; the profit printery ever realized was often used

for the support of many charitable purposes and other Society's requirements. Printery thus proved itself to be a necessary and helpful supplement to our activities, and there is no doubt that it will continue to be so in the future.

Personnel in the main office consists of executive officers and as many employees as required to insure efficient and prompt operation of Society's business.

The executive officers, eight in number and otherwise known as the supreme executive committee, hold meetings whenever necessary, usually once a week. In view of tremendous tasks and oftentimes matters requiring immediate attention, this procedure has proved to be not only practical, but necessary as well.

Changes in the supreme board. There have been some changes in the executive and supreme board since the time of last convention. In the month of August, 1943, the assistant secretary, Br. William Rus unexpectedly passed away. Because the convention did not elect an alternate and our by-laws authorize the supreme board to fill vacancies in such cases, we opened nominations and consequently elected Br. Anton Trojar as assistant secretary. The duties of this office have been executed by the latter ever since.

Shortly thereafter followed a change in the editorial staff. The supreme board was not in agreement with the viewpoints and writings of the editor-in-chief Br. Ivan Molek, especially those concerning the status of Yugoslavia and Russia, regarding them contrary and harmful to the Society's principles. Br. Molek's convictions remained unaltered so he resigned, and the supreme board had no choice but to accept his resignation, open nominations and elect a new editor-in-chief. Br. Garden won the election. As Garden was at that time a member of our editorial staff a vacancy occurred by his removal. Br. Milan Medvesek, member of the auditing committee, applied and was accepted for Br. Garden's former position. Br. Medvesek therefore resigned as member of the auditing committee and his position was filled by Br. Fifolt whom the convention elected as alternate.

The case of Dr. Arch. Another change in the supreme board was the supreme medical examiner. Last convention, as you know, passed the decision that the medical examiner shall be a member of the supreme board. Elected to this position was Dr. F. J. Arch of Pittsburgh, after he solemnly promised the convention, i. e., the delegation, that in the event he is elected, he will resign at the ABZ, where he held a similar office. The convention, as you will remember, inserted in the by-laws a clause to the effect that no supreme board member of any other fraternal benefit organization may be a supreme board member of ours, and no supreme board member of this Society may be, at the same time, a supreme board member of some other fraternal benefit organization.

All of us were firmly convinced that Dr. Arch would keep his promise, but he did not. After he took over the duties of his office, it came to our knowledge that he was still a member of the ABZ supreme board. We called his attention to the by-law provisions and his promise to the convention body. He did not heed our warning and was consequently charged with violation of by-laws. The charges were preferred at the semi-annual supreme board meeting in August 1942. He was repeatedly asked to resign either at the ABZ or our organization, but inasmuch as he stood firm in his own convictions, despite the amicable suggestions on the part of individual supreme board members, there was nothing else to do but discharge him. Because we cannot get along without a medical examiner for any length of time, we had to elect another one for the unexpired term. Dr. Zavertnik was elected to this office.

That he would not bring a law suit against the Society was another promise Dr. Arch did not keep. He appealed to the civil court, not demanding that the court pass judgement on whether or not the Society's supreme board's action was justified, but to demand the salary, which he says we owed him as the supreme medical examiner. We have, of course, prepared the necessary defense and after much and many delays, were called for hearing before the county court, at Pittsburgh on June 4, 1946. We were charged for an eight month salary in the amount of \$800.00. In reality, if he were entitled to it, his salary would amount to almost \$4,000.00. The judge could not understand this discrepancy. In view of this, Dr. Arch's attorneys asked for permission to amend his petition and transfer the suit to a court which is authorized to deal with higher amounts. The judge conceded to a 30 day period. If, during this time, they fail to bring the matter to the attention of a higher court, the hearing will take place in the same court for the amount stipulated in the original charge.

The Society's building. As every other organization, we must have the necessary quarters for business operation and adequate space for keeping records, archives, etc. At first we carried on in a private home and for many years our headquarters were in the supreme secretary's apartment. Of course it was inconvenient, but inexpensive and at that time, a case of necessity. The rapid development and progress of our organization, especially after the fifth regular convention, however, demanded more spacious office quarters, so that in 1916, with convention's permission, which convention was held the year before in Pittsburgh, we bought land and constructed our own building, where it still stands today. The originally constructed building was also rather small, patterned largely according to our own humble standards, and lack of foresight in such matters. The convention allowed us a nominal sum for the purpose of constructing the Society's home. In the same year we began with the publication of daily Prosveta. Because of it and due to rapid membership progress, we were soon pressed for additional space. We felt this acutely especially in 1921, with the merger of Slovenska Delavska Zveza. In 1924 we finally constructed a larger building, which was to serve as office quarters, auditorium and printery for a long time to come. But our assumptions were wrong. The organization progressed further, we had to purchase additional equipment, and again we were cramped, so that we were forced to add another floor to the building in 1936.

This should have sufficed for sometime, but came year 1941 and merger between the SNPJ and SSPZ, which organization brought to us its records and archives. Because of this, and otherwise splendid progress in membership, our quarters became again, as expected, too small for our needs. The supreme executive committee reported the situation at the supreme board meeting a year ago, and again at the last annual session. In many instances, we are too pressed for space already, especially in regard to the vaults and cabinets for various important records, which we cannot and must not discard. The Society will, no doubt, continue in its development and progress in membership and otherwise. It is of absolute necessity, therefore, that provisions for a larger building are made, such as will answer the necessity and purpose of our modern times.

Realizing that the construction of a larger building also means considerably larger expenses, the supreme board decided to bring the matter before the convention for approval. It is no more than right that the convention passes its decision on such an important question. Let it be mentioned, however, that the necessary funds are at hand, there will be no special assessment and members will not have to pay a penny more because of that.

Helping the old country. As we all know, the fascist dictators started the war of aggression and conquest and blood thirsty totalitarian zealots have attacked the Yugoslav peoples and carried on their murderous and destructive work long before America was involved in the second world war. Shortly thereafter, we were informed that the victims of enemy's vandalism and ruthlessness were mostly people from our own home towns. It is natural that we, the members of SNPJ, almost all of Yugoslav descent, became bitterly enraged. We condemned these crimes vehemently, and almost immediately tried to devise ways and means in order to help our unfortunate brothers and sisters.

Our action came into being in April 1941, when we organized, with the cooperation of other Slovene benefit organizations, a so-called Yugoslav Relief Committee, whose purpose was the collection of monetary donations to offer financial aid to our helpless people as quickly as possible. Consensus of opinion at that time was that it would not be long until such opportunity would present itself, but fate willed otherwise. The blaze of war gained its momentum and before long, the United States was engulfed in it. It was clear to us then, that the enemy's intention was to destroy and completely enslave the Slovene nation and that it was our solemn duty to help liberate it from such bondage, for financial aid without liberty, would be of little, if any, help.

It was obviously necessary to call a congress of Americans of Slovene descent. This congress convened in December, 1942, where all organizations and people of all ranks of our nation in America, were represented. It was at this congress that the Slovenian American National Council, or as we call it shortly SANC ever since, came into being. And in order that the people would be more trusting and that SANC would execute its tremendous tasks in the progressive spirit and in accordance with the policies chartered by the congress, four of us SNPJ supreme board members also serve in the supreme executive capacity of this organization. This work is, of course, being done on our own time and not at the Society's expense. The only exception took place later in the case of Br. Kubel, who had to, after his acceptance of SANC's secretarial office, work half the time there and half at the SNPJ, and for a period devoted all his time exclusively in the service of SANC.

Such a sacrifice on the part of our Society was necessary. We fully realized that there would not and could not be lasting peace, if the Jugo-

slav people were not liberated and the question of Venezia Giulia solved fairly and honestly. The duties and work of the supreme treasurer, in Br. Kubel's absence, was executed by others, but mostly by Br. Vidar and the undersigned. Our sincerest gratitude and thanks goes to our membership for its sympathetic understanding and loyal support in all activities for aiding the old country. The membership faithfully supported all the supreme board decisions in these activities, our lodges and individual members were themselves actively engaged and contributed most generously to this cause. It can be said without reservation, therefore, that the SNPJ was from the very beginning the driving force, the backbone, of the progressive movement for the old country's sake among the American Slovenes.

Conclusion

With the above, I tried to present a summary of our Society's history from its very beginning until the present time and thus call special attention to everything more important in our past activities and achievements, what has proven to be good and what was bad so that we may know which to avoid and what is recommendable for the future. From the above may be seen our humble beginning, how we struggled and kept on improving the by-laws and the organization in general, how we, step by step marched forward and built a strong and illustrious Society where there are no reasons for complaints and dissatisfaction. Our investments are good and sound and the economic status of the organization in general, in an excellent condition. Despite the war and prevailing uncertainties, the Society showed a splendid progress in membership and financially during this inter-convention period; all her funds have improved, Prosveta and The Voice of Youth increased the number of subscribers; printery, also, operates on a sound economic basis and general status of the organization is indeed very satisfactory.

I wish to express my sincere hope that this convention will work in harmony, give wholehearted attention to progressive ideas and exercise care in solving all matters and problems of the Society wisely, thus giving us an opportunity to further our good work and achieve even greater successes in the future.

With this I conclude my report and extend greetings of welcome to the entire delegation!

V. CAINKAR.

Report of First Vice-President

As I begin this report, I cannot help to recall that at the time of the Twelfth Regular Convention a part of the world was at war and that we in America were on the eve of entering the greatest war of all time. As we meet now, we can regard this period as the morning after that great war. I recall this because a large part of the period between our conventions was spent by me in the armed forces of the United States, which resulted in me performing the duties of my office in absenteeism. However, in that capacity I endeavored to fulfill the tasks with which I was confronted in the Society, even though it is unfortunate that I was not present to take a more active part in the affairs of our organization.

It is almost five years since I became a member of the Supreme Board, and I regard that time as precious for the special privilege of serving a society that is truly fraternal in character. During that time, I attended six meetings of the Supreme Board where I assisted the supreme president and took part in the proceedings that decided the conduct of our affairs. The four meetings that I failed to attend were due to military service and my absence from this country. But even on these occasions I was present at the meetings with my regular semi-annual reports. I want to emphasize here that it was an honor for me to serve the SNPJ in my capacity during the period between conventions, and I hope that I proved of some value to upholding the high ideals of our organization.

I believe that the report of the supreme president has shown, and subsequent reports of the supreme officers and committees will show that our Society has made great progress during the past five years in spite of unfavorable conditions. We owe a debt of gratitude to the pioneers especially, and to the young people who were not called to the colors, for refusing to be too tired to serve the society in face of the absence of many of our active young members and potential active young members.

At this convention we have great responsibilities. The old spirit of the SNPJ must not perish; indeed, it must be re-emphasized and intensified with increasing vigor. We must prepare for new campaigns, more members, more activities in more locations. But even more important than all of this, it seems to me, or at least side by side with all other plans, must be an active and dynamic educational program designed especially for our younger members that will express the true character of our society. In this regard, I must endorse the editorial of our chief editor in a June issue of Prosveta written in Slovene where he made a similar suggestion. I believe we shall fail in our historic mission of spreading the cooperative and fraternal philosophy to unlimited ends unless we extend our present educational program for E. S. members. Our present program in this connection is indeed inadequate, and I hope that this convention will prepare the way for a program for our younger members that will make them deeply conscious of the words Cooperation, Fraternalism, Labor, and Brotherhood. It will not be enough for us to reiterate and re-emphasize our historic mission unless we couple that action with an unprecedented program and determination to realize that goal. Failing in that decision and program of action, I am afraid we shall slowly deteriorate to the unenviable role of the old line insurance companies and semi-fraternal aspects of the so-called American fraternalism. Should this happen, the hopes and aspirations of our pioneers and many of our young members will be doomed and their activities will perish.

I hope for a most successful convention, and that the following four years will be crowned with success for our society. This will mean, of course, not only an addition to our membership and finances, but activities among our lodges and federations on an ever increasing scale, and a greater acceptance among our members and people generally to our interpretation of democracy and freedom.

MICHAEL R. KUMER.

(Continued next week)

Jugoslav Seamen Rescued in Shanghai Will Work Year For UNRRA

The rehabilitation of 20 Yugoslav seamen caught in Shanghai by the swift Japanese coup of 1941 and forced from their ship, the S. S. Tomislav, by an Italian boarding party, has been described by General R. Price of Helena, Montana, Chief Welfare Officer in UNRRA's Shanghai Regional Office, as a dramatic human story.

The Italians, acting under their Axis partner's orders, escorted the Yugoslav seamen and their captain, Anton J. Bovalini, ashore minus all possessions as the Japanese flag was run to the Tomislav's masthead.

There began for the 20 nationals of a country whose government had fled to exile a precarious, "stateless" existence aided meagerly by the Swedish Consulate, which doled out to them such pittance as were available from slender funds sent by the old Yugoslav Government.

With jobs nearly nonexistent, their finances inadequate, and wardrobes consisting of the clothes on their backs, the 20 began a struggle for existence in a city gripped by the Jap stranglehold.

They grew thin and threadbare and their morale was at low ebb when Allied bombs began falling in the suburbs of Hongkew and Nantao. Along with millions of others the seamen took heart. Finally came the long awaited day of surrender.

But life was still hard in Shanghai. Jobs were still scarce, although 15 of the 20 did manage to obtain work of sorts. No news had filtered through of their wives and sweethearts at home. Effort to communicate with their families, their Gov-

ernment and their steamship company were futile.

Last autumn they read in the newspaper of UNRRA's China program of relief and rehabilitation and wondered if they could be included in UNRRA's plans. They could be, and they were. Through the U. S. Army Ground Aid Service they received small loans applied for by UNRRA from the Chinese National Relief and Rehabilitation Administration (CNRRA) which kept them alive and housed until shipments of UNRRA foodstuffs began to arrive. Meanwhile, successful efforts were made by UNRRA to establish contact with their families in Yugoslavia.

When UNRRA food and used clothing arrived the Yugoslavs were included in the distribution and the rapid improvement in their physical and mental condition, according to Price, was astounding.

"They were kept going," he stated, "not by being given just enough to barely keep them alive, but enough to improve their general condition and maintain that improvement to fit them for eventual self-sustaining employment."

That employment has now been provided through UNRRA's participation in the newly formed CNRRA Waterways Transport, (CWT) which will expedite the movement of relief supplies over China's internal and coastal waterways. All 20 have proceeded to Manila by transportation furnished by UNRRA to begin a year's contract for work on CWT ships.

"These Yugoslavs have shown

Labor's Role in Race Relations

By Emil Rieve, President of the Textile Workers Union of America

In the fight against discrimination and for tolerance and a functioning democracy in all spheres of American life, the trade union movement has a tremendous responsibility and potential.

We are all aware of the various national, racial and religious composition of the American working population. We have learned, from the tragic experience of Europe under fascism, that attacks upon the security and freedom of any segment of a population undermine the rights and freedom of the entire society and we of the trade union movement are particularly aware that in a nation where attacks upon minorities are given sanction, free trade unions, free churches, and free schools cannot long endure.

What, then, are the responsibilities of trade unionists who would root out the ugly sore of bias and discrimination?

We must jealously guard the traditions and practice of free collective bargaining, the essence of industrial democracy. We must practice democracy in the day-to-day operations of our organizations. We must throw our full weight behind the political fight for wider democracy.

If it is necessary for the Congress to pass a law stating that it shall be the policy of our government to enforce what already has been written into our Constitution—the right of every American to equal opportunity regardless of race, color, creed or national origin—we must fight for that law.

If it is possible through legislation to widen the economic, political and social benefits of the people, to give them full employment, better housing, more nearly adequate education and medical care, higher minimum wages and reasonable prices, we must fight for these laws.

If the representatives of our democracy fail either to be representatives or to be democratic, we must replace them with men of tolerance who hear the voice of the people and take heed.

I am proud to say that the members of the Textile Workers Union of America, CIO, are aware of the restrictions now placed upon the practice of real democracy and tolerance and of the possibilities, through political action, of removing these restrictions.

At the recent national convention of TWU-A-CIO, the full weight of the organization was placed behind such measures as the bill for a permanent Fair Employment Practices Commission, legislation to abolish the poll tax as a requirement for voting, and a wide variety of health, housing, education and social welfare bills now before Congress.

A permanent FEPC will not automatically guarantee equal opportunities in employment. Ideal conditions of health, education and economic opportunity will not automatically create a climate of complete understanding and tolerance or erase the problems and sufferings of the Jewish people, the Negro people, or any other minority group. Prejudice is blind. Its roots strike deep in the hearts of the stubbornly ignorant. But I firmly believe that the broad social and economic legislation for which trade unionists can and should work will go far to reduce discrimination to widen the opportunity of all our people.

Mourn Josephine Steber's Death

GIRARD, O.—Sister Josephine Steber, member of SNPJ Lodge 55 (East Palestine, O.) since a child, died Aug. 8 after an illness of 5 years and 10 months. She was 30 years old.

As her brother-in-law, I witnessed her valiant fight to live, and such suffering as she endured the last week of her life should not be asked of any human. As much as science is advanced, doctors and medicine were not able to save her.

Tragic indeed was the cause of her illness. The black dye that the white shoes were dyed with contained certain ingredients that caused her long illness and finally death resulted.

She loved life so much and fought so hard to get well. She is deeply grieved by those she left behind.

STAN HRIBAR 643.

their appreciation." Price stated, "by agreeing to remain with CWT a year, knowing their experience is needed in the operation of CWT's ships, instead of seizing their wives and chance to return to their wives and sweethearts whom they're naturally anxious to see."

The appearance of the men today, added, forms an amazing contrast to the thin, tattered men with a hunted look who applied for relief last November. Today they are well-conditioned workers with renewed energy and ambition.

Termining the change in the seamen "visible human reconditioning," Price said it was gratifying to see the men, instead of sitting back lazily and taking all that UNRRA and CNRRA would give, cooperated fully in the organization's efforts to help them recover their health, their ambition and their economic well being.