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LETO — VOL. XXX.

INDUSTRIALNE UNIJE SE ODLOČILE ZA BORBO

STARINSKI SISTEM OVIRA ORGANIZIRANJE DELAVCEV

Greenovo svarilo o "težkih posledicah",
kise lahko dogode z "dualnim gibanjem"

John L. Lewis na čelu akcije za spremenitev
oblike in vodstva Ameriške delavske federacije

POLLEG fašističnih dežel (Italije in Nemčije) so Zedinjene države edina industrialna dežela, v kateri delavstvo kot razred nima skoro nikake moći. Niti petina ameriških delavcev ni v unijah. In še te, ki obstoje, so večinoma brez načel in ideologije. Gre se jih le za privilegije do dela. Kolektivni assessment za vzdrževanje odbornikov. Glavna, takoreč edina zahteva teh unij je — več plače na dan. Socialnega programa nimajo. V Kanadi, Novi Zelandiji, v Angliji, Avstraliji in v drugih krajih, kjer prevladuje angleški občevalni jezik, je delavsko gibanje grajeno na temelju unij. Tu pa unije sploh ne posenijo "delavsko gibanje", ampak le medel odpor proti krivicam in pa zahteve za višje plače, krajši delavnik in omejitve za sprejemanje novih članov.

To so svojstva, ki jih imajo ameriške strokovne unije. Unija tesarjev smatra, da ima več članov kakor je dela zanje, torej naj ostali tesarji skebajo, ali pa počno karkoli, kajti v uniji se jih ne sprejme, razen tako plačajo visoko vstopnino. Isto pravilo je uveljavljeno v večini drugih strokovnih unij. Nove člane odbijajo povečini z visokimi pristopnimi. Tisti, ki so že člani, s tem soglašajo, po pravilu, da bo le za nas nekaj, kaj moremo za druge! To kajpada ni unijsko načelo, in ker ni, je čista umetnost, čemu so le premože padle raketirjeni v roke.

A ves napredek je v primeri s številom ameriških delavcev malenkost. Ogrnoma večina delavcev je klub zakoniti garanciji, da ima pravico pristopiti v unijo in se kolektivno pogajati za izboljšanje svojega stanja, morala ostati neorganizirana, prvič, ker A. F. of L. ni podvezla ničesar efektivnega, da organizira milijone delavcev v masnih industrijih, in drugič, ker so kompanije klub vsem novim zakonom nastopile zoper delavcev prav tako brutalno in marsikje še celo bolj brutalno, kot kdaj prej.

Bivši administrator N. R. A. Hugh Johnson, ki je nasprotnik delavskoga gibanja, je izjavil, da bi — če je z unijami že treba imeti opravka — rajše obravnaval s tako, ki zastopa vse delavce posameznega obrata, namesto z ducatom unij, ki se dele po strokah.

Ampak večina vodstva Ameriške delavske federacije vtraja pri svojih starih načinih. Delati morajo zdaj — mnogi za miločino. Pod pritiskom krize so se uverili, da ostanejo nič drugač, kakor delavci in da si morejo le s tega stališča res izboljšati svoje stanje.

Pred postankom krize je predela tudi delavce "orgija prospere". Unije so le životile. Nekatere — nekdaj velike

(Nadaljevanje na 3. strani.)

Konec sodnega procesa proti F. Largo Caballeru

Dne 25. novembra se je pričela v Madridu obravnavila proti socialističnemu vodji Francisco Largo Caballero. Prosekutirala ga je vlada skozi vse leta. Dolžila ga je odgovornim za revolucionto oktobra 1. 1934, v kateri je bilo 3,500 ubitih, okrog 10,000 ranjenih, škoda pa je znašala približno \$544,000,000. (Po vladnih cestivah.)

Pravzaprav bi moral biti na zatožni klopi režim, ker je on tisti, ki je zakrivil revolto in njegovi vojaki so pobijali delavce.

Poročajo, da se je Caballero branil z argumenti, da sociali-

sti ne propagirajo revolucij in da je njihovo načelo "socialna naznanja iz Madrida, da je bil Caballero oproščen. Pritisk za njegovo osvobodenje so napravile vse važnejše stranke po svetu, ki pripadajo socialistični delavski internacionali.

Depeša z dne 30. novembra naznanja iz Madrida, da je bil Caballero oproščen. Pritisk za njegovo osvobodenje so napravile vse važnejše stranke po svetu, ki pripadajo socialistični delavski internacionali.

V tem letniku bodo kar štiri potopisi. Vinko F. Ručigaj je pripredil daljši spis o Slovencih v Kanadi, s podatki o tej veliki sosedni deželi; Ivan Molek opisuje svoje vtise v premogovnem okrožju Kansasa pod naslovom "Sest dni v Kansasu"; Frank Zaitz je zbral podatke o slovenskih naselbinah v državi Utah; Ivan Jontec opisuje svoje sprehode po Chicagu. Vsi ti spisi so ilustrirani.

Dalje je novi letnik bogat na člankih. Uvodni urednik ima naslov, "Borba, kakršna edina je res vredna človeka". Angelo Cerkvenik ima v koledarju izborni študijo antisemitizma; Bogo Tepley življenjepis pokojnega socialističnega misleca drža. Henrika Tume: Frank Cesen o naših kulturnih problemih; Anton Garden članek z naslovom "Poglavlje iz ameriške industrijske zgodovine".

Interesantni so poznati, ki jih ima novi letnik o jugoslovanskih podpornih organizacijah. Priedel jih je po statistiki v komentarjih Ivana Mladinega za koledar Jacob Zupančič. Po-

datke o našem novem stanu Slovenskem delavskem centru je zbral Frank Zaitz. Frank Barbič bo zastopan s spisom "V uniformi strica Sama".

"Mitra in Mazda" — spis o ostankih rimljanske civilizacije v Béli krajini, je pripredil za koledar naš sotrudnik Janko Zega.

V satiri "Imuniteta" boste brali o svobodomislicu, ki ni mogel prenesti vzklikov kot "moj bog" itd.

Informativni del vsebuje podatke o vseh konvencijah jugoslovanskih organizacij, ki so se vrstile v tem letu, o slovenskem časopisu, naslovnik jugoslovanskih podpornih organizacij, seznam potresnih katastrof v dvajsetem stoletju, podatke o jezikih na svetu, razne kolektivne podatke, podatke o planetarijih, informativni spis o Etiopiji, o Sueškem prekopu in več drugih.

Poleg teh spisov boste čitali več lepih pesnitev socialne vsebine, deloma napisane za kole-

(Nadaljevanje na 4. strani.)

Zmage delavstva in znaki zatonjevanja fašizma

Fašizma v Nemčiji in Italiji, ter napola fašizmi na Poljskem, v Jugoslaviji, na Madžarskem itd., bolj in bolj omagujejo. Hitler in Mussolini se vzdržuje edino in samo s pomočjo

najbrutalnejšega terorja.

Na drugi strani pa je delavsko gibanje prebolelo težke udarce v med- in povojni dobi in si spet pridobiva zmage.

Era poslednjih je zmaga delavske stranke v Novi Zelandiji. Prvič v zgodovini tega angleškega dominijona se je dogodilo, da je dobila v parlamentarnih volitvah absolutno večino. V zbornici poslancev ima zdaj 52 sedežev, pristaši prejšnje vlade in vse druge skupine pa samo 28. To je značilno, kakršnega niso pričakovale.

Dominion Nova Zelandija ima vzorno delavsko gibanje, ki je bilo v vzpodbudo delavstvu drugod že par desetletij. Dasi ni imelo večine, si je izvo-

jevalo socialno zakonodajo v politiki meri, da je privatni kapitalizem moral odnehati in uvažati državni kapitalizem. V njihovih krogih ga označujejo z "državni socializem".

Michael J. Savage, voditelj delavske stranke, je star 63 let. Rojen je bil v Avstraliji. On je prvi delavski premier Nove Zelandije.

Delavska stranka obljudljuje dalekosežne gospodarske reforme na podlagi načela, "prodručica naj se vse za potrebo prebivalstva, ne za dobitiče posameznikov ali kompanij".

Nova Zelandija je okrog 1200 milij vzhodno od Avstralije na Pacifik in meri 104,000 kv. milij, ali okrog 10,000 kv. milij več kot Jugoslavija. Prebivalcev ima le pol drug milijon. S pomočjo delavskih stranke si je njen ljudstvo izvojalo višji življenski standard kot kjer koli na svetu.

PET NOVIH KNJIG Cankarjeve družbe

Knjige, ki jih je za leto 1936 izdala Cankarjeva družba, so dosegle. V Ameriki jih razpošilja knjižarna Proletarca. Stanejo \$1.40 po pošti in \$1.25, kdo sam pride ponje. Knjige so sledeče:

- 1.) Koledar Cankarjeve družbe 1936.
- 2.) Hiša brez oken. Povest. Spisal Tone Seliškar.
- 3.) Splošna zgodovina socializma in socialističnih bojev. III. zvezek.
- 4.) Nadaljevanje gornje razprave. IV. zvezek.
- 5.) Med potniki in mornarji. Potopis. Spisal Bratko Kreft.

Cankarjeva družba je delavska knjižna ustanova, ki izdaja knjige v korist delavske izobrazbe. Ustanovljena je bila 1. 1930. Pošljite naročilo čimprej!

Stavka pri relifnih delih



Vladna relifna dela so po večini skrajno slabo, vrhu pa je kričavo grafarsko upravljanja. Plače so nizke in še teh delavci ne dobivajo redno. Vsesedno se dogajajo stavke. Proili teden so ustavili delo "relifni" delavci v Chicagu, ker ni bilo čekov, ko je prišel plačilni dan. Relifni uradi so se izgovarjali, da morajo urediti to in ono. A delavci morajo skrbeti za družine, v izčakanju jih ne zaupajo — pa so se upri. Na vrhu je del njih množiče, ki je zastavala v Chicagu.

Nekaj pregleda vsebine Ameriškega družinskega koledarja za leto 1936

Trije potopisni spisi, enajst povesti, statistični pregled jugoslovenskih podpornih organizacij, bogat informativni del in drugi zanimivi spisi

Slovenski delavci dobe v Ameriškem družinskem koledarju za leto 1936 zopet knjigo, ki jih bo resnično vzradostila.

V leposlovnem delu boste čitali Angelo Cerkvenika povest iz okupiranih krajev, ki se opira na resničen dogodek; I. Mollekovega "Strica Bibra", I. Jonzevoga "Krik iz noči", Katke Zupančeve "Srečanje", dve novi Ivanu Vuka, črtico "Porčni prstan", ki jo je spisal Louis Beniger, Anton Slabetovega "Človeka brez poklica", M. Zlatkovičeve "Jeklo", Djavahovičev "CACALI" v Vukovem prevodu, Peter Slothove "Rdeče lepake". F. S. Taucharevo "Kazen pohlepa" in več drugih.

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Pri zadnjih volitvah so socialisti želi uspehe, poleg Readina in Bridgeporta, tudi v raznih drugih krajih. Tako so se soc. glasovi pomnožili skoraj za 400 odstotkov nad onimi pred dvemi leti v Sayreju. Pa, Zupanski kandidat v Buffalu je precej povečal število glasov nad onimi pri prejšnjih volitvah. V New Havenu, Conn., socialisti tudi beležijo uspehe. O porastu glasov počujejo tudi iz Worcesterja, Mass., kjer so se skoraj podvojili, dalje iz Tompkinsa, N. Y., kjer je bil zmagoval kandidat za župana. Obe starci pričinjavata, da bodo v prihodnjih dveh letih zmagali tu socialisti.

V mestu Olean, N. Y., kjer se je socialist John G. Cooperju posrečilo potisniti republikane na tretje mesto, je socialist dobil 2,078 glasov v primeri s 3,501, ki jih je dobil zmagoval kandidat za župana. Obe starci pričinjavata, da bodo v prihodnjih dveh letih zmagali tu socialisti.

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VOL. XXX.

WELL, WHERE DO WE GO FROM HERE?

In a little while a lot of us are going to wake up to the fact that the problem of what to do w/ the unemployed is far from solved as yet.

For four years the relief rolls have been lengthening. Millions have been "doled" out. Nearly everybody excepting that momentarily the magic wand would wave, presto, ha! It's all over. So everybody got their voices timed in unison, chanting, "Now, everybody all together — he, ho, ho, ho."

But she didn't heave. After a lot of money had been poured in, after dispatches were published from Podunk, and Crockett's Corners, stating that Bill Filippo and Cy Hoskins both had jobs, and that, therefore, the depression was all over but the shouting, the statisticians rattled their adding machine key, took a look at the totals. The list of unemployed was getting longer.

Business of examining the adding machine. What's wrong with this machine? Old Man Depression gave a satanic laugh-heh, heh.

Bizness got cocky and said turn the job back to us. Watch us pull white rabbits out o' the old lid? It pulled—and out came a sick kitten. What's the matter with this old lid? Used to get nice, big, fat rabbits. Now a sick kitten. What's that—?!!!

By and by it may—percolate the billiard-ball, ivory head of B. Bizness, that old-fashioned industry, as business pirates of a half-century ago knew it, is now on the cooling, marble slab, and the undertaker is taking his measure.

Shylock cried, "Out, damned spot," but the spot won't out. B. Bizness screeches, croons and pleads, "Up-up-up, industry," but industry only smiles wanly and turns his face to the wall.

All things die—fact known, but confined to the subconscious mind. When Lincoln was a boy his folks moved because neighbors lived so near by one could hear the sound of their axes and the roar of their guns shooting turkeys. Individualism was the thing.

Then along came mass production for private profits. But mass production, almost automatic mass production, has reached the point where millions must sit on the curb and watch machines do the work. B. Bizness is concerned about only one thing—can he sell his products at a profit? If not, bank the fires. Let the machines rust, rot—fall into decay.

It's his machinery—he can do with it as he pleases.

Meantime, millions drape themselves on the courtyard fences, muscles getting flabby, minds deteriorating, morale disintegrating, hope vanishing—becoming hardened, unabashed, insistent beggars.

This is the condition those in "authority" now find themselves. They could not see those millions starve—for two reasons. It was not right, neither was it safe. To see millions famish while super-abundance was held back by guns in the hands of guards was an inhuman thing to do; second, it was dangerous. They might have to be shot for becoming too intransigent—and might, also, shoot.

As a result, while B. Bizness lies with his face to the wall, gradually and surely sinking into the abyss of all forgotten things, the well-intentioned government has some 35 million dependents on its hand—and the number, in spite of the efforts, in spite of the assurance of B. Bizness and Wall Street, and the Knoxes, and the Hoovers, and the Al Smiths, is actually increasing.

The only thing that kicks up even a slight ripple on the surface of the dead sea of stagnated business is the dead Industrial Democrat.

THE PLAN OF SCARCITY

The cost of living is going up. Going up so fast and so far that by next spring most of us will be wondering how we can exist at all!

This, if in nothing else, has President Roosevelt fulfilled his promises, and done exactly what he set out to do. It was by raising prices that he was going to break the back of the depression and restore prosperity. To this end he debased currency, destroyed plenty, created scarcity, ruined our export trade, and purchased silver and gold at crazy prices. And now that the cost of living is going up, up, up, who is benefited? Not the millions of consumers who see meat soaring beyond their reach, bread moving out of their grasp, good clothing too luxurious to be worn. The people never prospered from high prices—not honest business, which can only exist out of the purchasing power of the multitudes.

No, the only persons who make anything out of high prices are the exploiters who seek profits out of the necessities of men.

It's the profit system, in other words, which exacts high prices.

Which shows precisely what the Roosevelt administration has been engaged in these last two years and more!

The new deal, so-called, is nothing in the world but a desperate attempt to get the old game working again—the old game of extorting profits for the benefit of the few at the expense of the many.

That the administration is succeeding a bit is shown by the fact that dividends are increasing, stocks going up, luxuries multiplying, while the great masses of the people, the workers, are more miserable than ever before.

Better business—but more unemployed, larger relief rolls, and an increasing national debt!

And the reactionaries call the president a Socialist!

We shall know when there is a Socialist in Washington, and a genuine new deal, by falling prices, increased production, equitable distribution, and co-operation in economic life. High prices as a means of maintaining private profits is simply "good old capitalism"—Unity.

It must be a mistake. Ethiopia a Christian land for 1,800 years and can't make poison gas yet?

From another dispatch we learn that there is a society group teaching the poor how to live on next to nothing. This brings to my mind a certain mayor who lived, for awhile, on the level of relief allowances to prove to the poor that it could be done. What will soon be forthcoming? If past events prove a thing, there will be someone showing the poor how they can do well with only a bathing suit in the summer, and using the same garment for underclothing in the winter.

These idiotic affairs work havoc on the other side of the balance. The farmers, in California, could not sell their eggs because the unemployed poor economized. So, to provide relief for farmers, with too many eggs to sell, the society folks bought up the eggs, using them in egg battles. If it is at all possible to force the poor to do on less, we'll have to institute a bigger and more effective AAA. Say, kill half of all live stock, in the country; plow under a good deal more cotton; set fire to ripened wheat, and do all the other cockeyed things one can imagine to relieve this cockeyed world.

Coming back to the Ameriska Domovina: At one time this journal blasted to its readers that Marxism is not a Slovene philosophy, that Kautsky's teachings are not acceptable, etcetera. We understand the journal to be 100% for the Slovenes and Slovene philosophy, but why in the world do they help and promote the religion founded by the Jews? Now this religion is regulated, and has for its supreme figure a "Lah", the pope.

It also promotes the democratic party, and if they take their religion so seriously, how is it possible for them to support the movement founded by an atheist, Thomas Jefferson?

The creatures of the jungle, in council met debate.

Solemn matters had to wait, while a goose would prate and prate.

Then Leo arose, and calmed the council, "Do not your temper lose."

When geese will talk, we've got to parley—goose talks to goose.

In a press dispatch we read of a case where an American Legion commander, from down Cincinnati way, blames school teachers of communism, because a girl student spoke of the possibility of achieving peace through all people refusing to bear arms, even in the defense of their country. It isn't such a bad method of ending the gory business, at that. It goes something like that, spoken by the Nazarene; if one is struck on one cheek, turn the other, or th—love your enemies.

What this commander proposes is to search for the teacher, or anyone responsible for the "misbehavior" of the child. Off hand, I re-

Debs Memorial Meeting

The Debs Memorial meeting, sponsored by the Social Study Club of branch No. 1 J.S.P. last Friday, was well attended. Approximately 80 people enjoyed the movies about Eugene V. Debs and the SNPJ film. It was a real treat to see Debs in action on the platform speaking to the large crowds that usually turned out for his meetings. Other prominent Socialist leaders, Morris Hillquit, Victor Berger, Otto Braunstetter and others were also noticeable on the films. The SNPJ film taken during the 1929 convention and recently of the English Speaking Lodge Conference, were also interesting. Following the movies comrade Mary Judge introduced Albert Goldman who gave a talk on Debs. Ivan Molsk also gave a brief talk about this great Socialist warrior. A social followed.—k.

"Incidents" are things that happen in a little country when a big country wants part of it.

"HELL ON EARTH"

War is the most frightfully and destructive "Hell on Earth." It brings the Nations nothing but debt, misery, poverty, with no credit whatever to humanity. The last World's War was said to cost the Nations some 7000 millions as around about figure. Out of that, 350 millions is said to be paid each year to the War Loan Stock, or at least should be paid if it would desire to clean its debts inside of twenty years, without including the interest. The way that most of this money is acquired is by taxation, or probably one ought better say, that all of it is acquired by taxation. The Italian soldiers who are at the front in this Ethiopia War get out of it? Nothing but misery, disease, starvation, bloodshed, death, in short, "Hell on Earth." And the people back home are the ones who pay very highly for that "Hell on Earth."

If Socialism existed there would be no "Hell on Earth". Socialists are opposed to war. They want peace. Socialism is not what the capitalist papers denounce it to be. Anyone who stands for human brotherhood and peace is not a radical. The Socialists can easily be said to be the most civilized people on earth, and why not? Don't you think that one who is for everlasting peace, can't be called civilized? And all Socialists stand for everlasting universal peace, and for true brotherhood.

Submitted by Louise Bratanic Jurek, Milwaukee, Wis.

The Road To Peace And Plenty

By William L. Baldwin

material development. Imagine a people of this type being submissive to a social order wherein a comparatively small part of the citizenship composing the ruling class dominate the lives and welfare of a subject class which plays the stupid role of wage slaves!

Without vision the nations perish. The collapse of capitalism is international. But salvation is at hand if the people have the vision to see it and accept it. Historic forces have already sounded the death knell of the economic system of capitalism. The same historic forces likewise have made the birth of a new social and economic order imperative.

It has been said that none are so blind as those who will not see. For the most part the masses of the people have been non-investigators, whereas democracy whether political or industrial demands that certain fundamental knowledge be common to the electorate of the country, or at least to the great majority of that electorate. Salvation doesn't lie just "around the corner"—it stares us directly in the face. Have we the gumption to move forward on the only road to salvation? Great masses of the people have nothing to lose but their chains—they have a world to gain. Let's go!

SEARCHLIGHT

By DONALD J. LOTRICH

"New Zealand goes Labor!" should

have been the headline in our daily all.

The annual meeting of our unemployed club will be held Monday, Dec. 9 at the SNPJ Hall. Our members are asked to attend in full numbers. Now that relief is being constantly reduced and that there may be an end to relief by the Federal government it is ever more important to keep our unemployed local in functioning order.

A new set up was instituted in the State organization of our party. Art McDowell has been named chairman of the party and Joseph Brinocar has taken up his duties as an organizer-secretary who will devote all his time to organizational work. Plans are also on foot to set an organizer to work in the northern section of the State. A special campaign to raise the necessary funds to keep the organization functioning is now being waged. Comrades and locals are asked to contribute.

Twenty thousand people attended the Thomas-Browder debate last Wednesday at Madison Square Garden in New York. That's a fine crowd of radicals. Some unreliable reports say that 80% of these were Communists. Although we are not in sympathy with Communism we don't concede that they have nearly 16,000 members in New York City. I believe a good many were Socialists and Socialist sympathizers; yes, and Communist sympathizers too, I suppose. The debate was good and orderly throughout.

THE FALCON CALL

The Red Falcons of America are starting a drive for subscriptions to their magazine, the Falcon Call. It is a bi-monthly publication and carries stories, poems, plays and articles written for children from a labor point of view. With the approach of Xmas, parents and relatives are urged to give a subscription to the Falcon Call as a gift to their children. Subscriptions are 50c a year. Single copies 10c. Mail your subscription or bundle orders to the national office at 721 Moxley Building, Chicago, Ill.

Found the Opening

Employer: "My boy, I started out of college on the theory that the world had an opening for me."

Office Boy: "And you found it?"

Employer: "I did. In fact, I'm in the hole right now."

A free land is one where you can say and do what you please unless you are a school teacher.

META BERGER SPEAKS IN CHICAGO DECEMBER 14

Chicago, Ill. — Cook County Socialists have completed all arrangements for a large meeting for Meta Berger at the Workmen's Circle Lyceum at Ogden and Kedzie Avenues, Thursday, December 12th at 8 P. M. A large crowd is expected. Tickets

Willing to Bite, But How Can He?

