

IZ URADA GL. TAJNIKA

SPREMENBE V ČLANSTVU

(Nadaljevanje iz druge strani)

Lok. Starich 32953.

Društvo št. 25: Frank R. Kotchevat

Društvo št. 26: Rudolph Dekleva

Društvo št. 27: Mary Sprohar 32887.

Društvo št. 29: Albin Zupancic

Društvo št. 30: Mary Spik 32889.

Društvo št. 30: Rudolf Joseph Bauer

Društvo št. 31: Viola Sotler B648.

Društvo št. 36: Max J. Fink B656,

Društvo št. 38: John Vidmar Jr.

Društvo št. 37: Frank Markovic

Društvo št. 39: Mary Turk 32892, Olga F. Vintar

Društvo št. 40: Jennie Zackel 32893.

Društvo št. 44: Rudolph Ujeic 32894.

Društvo št. 49: Catherine Leskovec

Društvo št. 53: Joseph Per B660.

Društvo št. 55: Karolina Prah 32897,

Društvo št. 57: Kozel 32898.

Društvo št. 59: Frank Kauzlarich

Društvo št. 60: Jennie Zackel 32893.

Društvo št. 64: Mike Malovich 32897.

Društvo št. 65: Anton Jazicek 32896.

Društvo št. 67: Joseph Poskvan

Društvo št. 69: Victor Meznarsic

Društvo št. 71: Louis Novlan B665,

Društvo št. 72: Dorothy Cherne

Društvo št. 73: Louis Novlan B665,

Društvo št. 74: Jennie Pengal 32911.

Društvo št. 75: Alex Matisich 32905.

Društvo št. 76: Anton Prisland 32906.

Društvo št. 78: Joseph Poskvan

Društvo št. 80: Louis Novlan B665,

Društvo št. 81: Matilda Millek 32902,

Društvo št. 82: M. Pezdire 32903.

Društvo št. 83: Joe Krall 32904, Ma-

B661.

Društvo št. 84: Louis Novlan B665,

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Owned and Published by the South Slavonic Catholic Union, Inc.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY

Subscription for members \$0.72 per year; non-members \$1.50

Advertising rates on agreement

Naslov za vse, kar se tiče lista:

NOVA DOBA, 6117 St. Clair Ave. Cleveland, O.

VOL. VIII. NO. 17

83

O razpravah in debatah

V razpravah in debatah se izmenjavajo mnenja in se bistrijo pojmi. Nihče ne ve vsega, toda vsak ve nekaj. V debati sprožena ideja enega rodi novo ali izboljšano idejo v možganih drugega. Iz duševnih zmožnosti in izkušenj vseh zborovalcev se končno izkristalizira ideja, ki je po mnenju večine najboljša in ki se določi kot smernica v eni ali drugi zadevi. To velja v glavnem za vse razprave in debate, pa naj se iste vrše v zveznem kongresu, v državni legislaturi ali pa na sejah podpornih in kulturnih društev.

Nekateri člani zborujoče skupine so potom učenja ali življenskih izkušenj do gotove meje ekserti v eni zadevi ali panogi, drugi zopet v drugi. V debatah in razpravah pa vsi prispevajo svoje najboljše za skupno stvar.

Važno je, da so razprave in debate stvarne, dobrohotne, premišljene in dostojne, brez strasti, sarkazma, zafrkanja in osebnih žaljenj. Le take razprave se morejo razvijati v pravi smernici in le take morejo voditi do koristnih zaključkov. Mnenja se mnogokrat križajo, kar je čisto naravno, toda če je ton debate dobrohoten, se ne more nihče cutiti užaljenega. Točno označeni razlogi so v vsaki razpravi in debati sicer prvi, toda ni vseeno kako so občinstvu predloženi. Včasi ena nerodno postavljena ali nesrečne izbrana beseda pokvari ves dober učinek govorance.

Kar velja za ustrene debate in razprave, velja še v veliko večji meri za pisane. Izgovorjena beseda je navadno kmalu pozabljena, zapisana pa ostane na papirju in lahko daje njenemu avtorju dobro ali slabo spričevalo še po preteklu mesecov in let.

V našem glasilu se zdaj priobčajo razprave o pravilih in o raznih problemih, s katerimi se bo morala baviti prihodnja konvencija. Člani se v velikem številu udeležujejo teh razprav, kar je gotovo priznanja vredno, ker kaže, da se zanimajo za napredek organizacije. Nič ne škodi, če se mnenja mnogokrat križajo ali si nasprotujejo, saj če bi bili vsi enakega mnenja, bi kar eden za vse povedal, drugi pa bi samo pokimali. Mnogo glav razmišlja in predлага zaključke v razmišljanju drugim, zato upamo, da bomo iz obilice prispevanih idej mogli zbrati dovolj dobrih in času primernih za sestavo naših bodočih pravil. Lahko pa bi izstala ponavljanja tistega, kar je že bilo povedano, ker ponavljanje ni zanimivo in v največ slučajih tudi ni potrebno. V zvezi s tem bi morda tudi vredno vpoštovati dejstvo, da če je vsed preobilino gradiva treba izdati list na osmih straneh, stane jednotno blagajno (to je članstvo) približno petdeset dolarjev več na teden. Na vsak način pa je priporočljivo, da člani brez oklevanja prihajajo na dan z novimi ali izboljšanimi idejami, če jih imajo. Prav je tudi, da o raznih priporočilih drugih dopisnikov razpravljajo s svojega vidika, če sodijo, da bi se zadeva od druge stran boljše rešila. Nedvomno je mnogo članov, ki imajo dobre ideje in dobre nasvete v korist organizaciji, pa ne bodo mogli na konvencijo; glede teh je posebno želeti, da jih podajo v glasilu, da ostalo članstvo o njih razmišlja. Zato imamo svoje glasilo, da se medsebojno pogovorimo o zadevah, o katerih se na drug način ne moremo.

Pri tej priliki naj bo tudi z vsem priznanjem in pohvalo omenjeno, da so se člani dosedaj v razpravah o pravilih in splošnem držali dostojno, stvarno in bratsko. Pokazali so, da se da na lep, vlijeden in dobrohoten način povedati vse, kar je treba. Pokazali so, da je mogoče dati vse priporočila in razpravljati tudi o kolikor toliko spornih točkah brez osebnih napadov in brez sarkazma.

Iskreno je želeti, da ostanejo naši člani pri razpravah o pravilih tudi v bodoče tako stvarni, dostojni in bratski. To bo najboljša garancija za najboljše ukrepe in zaključke bodoče konvencije, obenem pa dela čast in dviga ugled naši J. S. K. Jednoti.

Resnica je, da so razmere v nekaterih krajih take, da ni mogoče dobiti več nobenega novega člana za odrasli oddelek J. S. K. Jednote. Res pa je tudi, da je ni skoro tako majhne slovenske naselbine, da ne bi imela par čvrstih, mladih kandidatov za mladinski oddelek.

Ivan Zorman:

POMLAD

Potrkal je nekdo na okno, potkljal pred durmi nekdo, nekdo se je zvonko zasmehjal, in gled, od neba blagodat! "Saj vem, da si težko me čakal!" nekdo je zažgolet glasno.

In solnce in petje in cvetje je palo v puščavo srca, in v njem je spet bajno vzbrstela mladost in vsa radost sveta.

VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

maja proglaši za dan piva in da se po vsej deželi priredejo velike parade in demonstracije za dobro pivo. Dobro, jez bom ploskal, toda če se zahtevi za pivo doda še za vino, se bom korporativno udeležil parade.

Bivši newyorški governer Alfred Smith sugestira, naj bi Amerika za 20 let kar pozabila na dolge evropskih držav. Ideja ni slaba, samo termin je prekratek. Pozabimo jih kar do sodnjega dne in do takrat bo že kak nebeski klerk poskrbel, da se vsa dolžna pisma in knjige izgubijo.

Poroča se, da je bila Bela hiša v Washingtonu za Veliko noč dekorirana s plebejskimi marjeticami, mesto z običajnimi aristokratiskimi lilijsami. Tudi to je znak depresije.

Zgodovinarji pravijo, da je bila najljubša zabava nemškega vladara Friderika II. gojitev zelja. Če bi se bil bivši nemški cesar Viljem II. ravnal po vzglju s svojega odličnega prednika in okopal velje na domačem zelenju, mesto da je hotel igrati gospoda vojskih trum, bi nam bila prihranjena svetovna vojna in svetovana depresija. Jaz sploh mislim, da bi biloše danes najboljše, če bi poslali vse kralje in cesarje okopavat zelje in salato.

Ameriški sistem vlade, klub vsem pomanjkljivostim, končno ni najslabiš. Predsedniku plačamo 75 tisoč dolarjev letno in po starih ali osmih letih ga posljemo z vso njegovo žlahto v pokoj brez vse pokojnine, pa naj si pomaga kakor hoče. Država Cambodia, na primer, pa mora plačevati dosmrtno pokojnino 400 ženam bivšega kralja Sisowatha.

Vsak član katerekoli kraljevske hiše si želi, da bi kmalu prišel s svojim "ksilptom" na poštne znamke, medtem ko vsak predsednik in bivši predsednik Zedinjenih držav upa in hrepeni, da bi ga še dolgo ne zadela ta čast. Vzrok je v tem, da naše bivše predsednike ovekovečimo na ta način šele ko gredo po gobe.

V Zedinjenih državah imamo stotine najrazličnejših revij ali magazinov. Vse stroke in vsi problemi so zastopani, a po mojem mnenju po imenu duhu časa in obstoječim razmeram najbolj odgovarja revija Swine World — Svinjski Svet!

VRT V SEZONI

Plemenite vrtnice, katere smo imeli tekom zimskih mesecev pokrite, je mogoče v krajih z zmerino gorkim podnebjem že odkrivati. Seveda, v krajih, kjer morda že zemlja zmrzuje, naj se s tem delom še počaka. Nekoliko slane pa vrtnicam ne škodi preveč. Istočasno naj se grmiči vrtnic obrežje. Odstranijo naj se vse suhe in večina šibkih vejic. Vse močne vejice pa naj se prirejejo vsaj za eno tretjino.

Zgodnjе cvetje na vrtnih gredieh so priporočljive mačehe (panies) in marjetice (daisies). Kupiti jih je mogoče že ceteče poceni, zakar nas bodo odškodovale s cvetjem do poletja, ko pridejo na vrsto enoletne poletne cvetlice.

V rastlinjakih ali v gorkih gredah vzgojene cvetlice in druge rastline, naj se še ne sadijo na prostu, dokler se je še batl slane. Lahko pa se že zdaj poseje na prostu seme različnih poletenih cvetlic, salate in razne zelenjave. Fižol, sladko koruzo in kumare sejati je pa zdaj še nekoliko prezgodaj.

ZA ZABAVO OTROK

Neki zobozdravnik v Los Angelesu ima omara za spravljanje svojega orodja izdelano v obliki lince male hišice, ki zelo zabava otroke, kateri prihajajo radi poprave zob.

DRUŠTVENE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

(Nadaljevanje iz 1. strani)

Kot je bilo že poročano, je knjigarna Harper Bros. letos izdala drugo Adamičeve knjigo "Laughing in the Jungle."

S pacifične obale, to je iz mesta Cle Elum, Wash., poroča tajnik društva št. 167 JSKJ, da so tudi tam, nedaleč od sinjega Pacifika, slišali slovenski program, ki je bil na večer 5. aprila oddajan z WTAM radio postajo v Clevelandu. Sobrat tajnik pristavlja, da so bili slovenski petja zelo veseli, in prosi, naj ne pozabimo zopet pravocasno sporočiti, kadar bo ta postaja imela zopet kaj tako lepega na programu.

Jugoslovanska šola moderne umetnosti v Clevelandu priredila plesno veselico na večer 7. maja. Vršila se bo v spodnji dvorani S. N. Doma na St. Clair Ave.

Koncert samostojnega pevškega zabora "Zarja" v Clevelandu se bo vršil v nedeljo, 15. maja.

Pevski zbor "Prešeren" v Chicagu priredi svoj pomladanski koncert v nedeljo 8. maja.

V zadnji izdaji Nove Dobe je bilo med slovenskimi novicami poročano, da je v Denverju, Colo., preminil sobrat Frank Schutte Jr., sin tajnika društva št. 21. Pravilno bi se moral glasiti John Schutte Jr.

Lep epis države Ohio prinaša v letošnji majski številki The National Geographic Magazine. V tej državi biva gotovo nad 50 tisoč Slovencev, in če koga zanimajo industrije, poljedelstvo, naravne lepote in zgodbina "Beautiful Ohio," našel bo v omenjeni reviji mnogo zanimivih podatkov.

Nov slovenski list je začel izhajati v mestu Buenos Aires, Argentina. List je teknik in se imenuje "Slovenski Dom."

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN IZNOZEMSTVA

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

držav je bila te dni vzidnjena v Angliji na 20 in za nekatere predmete celo na 33 procentov. Na katere predmete ameriškega eksporta v Anglijo, kot na stroje, orodje, električno opremo, obleko, čevlje in gumijeve izdelke, je bila carina nekoliko znižana.

ZASTOPNIKI raznih držav v Ligi narodov so se pretekli teden zbrali v Genevo k zasedanju, ki bo eno najvažnejših po zaključku svetovne vojne. Zasedanje se bo moralno baviti z nevarnostjo vojne med Japonsko in Rusijo, z ekonomsko usodo Balkanskih držav, z raznoraznimi vprašanji, ki lahko vplivajo na vse.

NEVARNOST VOJNE med Rusijo in Japonsko postaja z nevarnostjo vojne med Japonsko in Rusijo, z ekonomsko usodo Balkanskih držav, z raznoraznimi vprašanji, ki lahko vplivajo na vse.

Usoda slovenskega dijaka v svetovni vojni. Bivši ravnatelj I. državne gimnazije v Ljubljani g. dr. Korun je prejel te dni zanimivo pismo iz Sibirije. Oglasil se je že dolgo vrsto let po pregršani maturant omenjene gimnazije Fran Možina, ki je med svetovno vojno prišel v rusko ujetništvo. Preromal je dovolil nekdo, ki je postal nekemu uradniku v Celju priporočeno izvodenje, znano obrtniku Moži, ki se hoče čimprej oženiti, je razdelil magistratnim uradnikom zelo čudne okoliščine, ki pa končno niso redke v velikanski in pestri množici homatij, ki jih je povzročila svetovna vojna. Najprej jim je kratko sporočil, da velja že najmanj 15 let za mrtvega in da naj poskrbe, da je po vojni skrbajo skupno.

Neokusno aprilsko šalo si je dovolil nekdo, ki je postal nekemu uradniku v Celju priporočeno izvodenje, znano obrtniku Moži, ki se hoče čimprej oženiti, je razdelil magistratnim uradnikom zelo čudne okoliščine, ki pa končno niso redke v velikanski in pestri množici homatij, ki jih je povzročila svetovna vojna. Najprej jim je kratko sporočil, da velja že najmanj 15 let za mrtvega in da naj poskrbe, da je po vojni skrbajo skupno.

Raznolik strank

Poljska vlada se baje pogaja s Francijo, da bi ji odstopila od ene izmed svojih afriških kolonij, v katero bi poljska vlada naselila poljske nezaposlene delavce, pred vsem one, ki so bili v zadnjih letih zaposleni v Franciji. Na ta način namenja poljska vlada odpraviti brezposelnost in krizo med poljskim delavstvom. Listi naglašajo, da francoska vlada v načelu ni nasprotna želji Poljske.

IZ MOSKVE, kjer se vrši letni kongres strokovnih unij, se poroča, da je centralni odbor komunistične stranke, katerega načeljuje Jos. Stalin, zopet nastavil dva profesorja, ki sta bila svoječasno odslovljena radi protisovjetskih nazorov. To kaže, da Stalin hoče pridobiti sodelovanje tudi takozvanega staro inteligenco, ki je bila do nedavna brezobzirno preganjana.

MOČ FAŠIZMA v Nemčiji narašča. Pri državnih volitvah v Prusiji so Hitlerjevi fašisti dobili 162 poslance izmed skupnega števila 418. Dosedaj so imeli samo devet sedežev.

ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

dobavo antracita. Ako bi imela potrebu sredstva, bi mogla družba skleniti pogodbo o dobar 570,000 Din in so skoraj že polnoma izčrpale kredite, ki so bili odobreni za pol leta. Na razpolago je samo še 70,000 Din, vsled česar bo treba načeti krediti za drugo polletje, če se razmre v kratkem ne bodo izboljšale, kar je pa malo verjetno.

Dne 5. aprila so rudarji v Hrastniku, ko so po trdnevnem odmoru zopet prišli na delo, zvezeli žalostno vest, da je delo v rudniških obratih v Hrastniku na Ojstrem ustavljen za nedolčen čas.

Rudarje se je pozvalo, naj se vrnejo domov, češ, da se jih bo zopet poklicalo na delo. Delavci, vajeni vsega slabega, so se razšli na svoje revne domove, nihče pa ne ve, kako dolgo bo trajala ta brezposelnost, ki se ponavlja zlasti, kadar so pogajanja med železniško upravo in med rudniškim podjetjem. Ta ponovni udarec brezposelnosti je zadev okrog tisoč delavcev.

Neokusno aprilsko šalo si je dovolil nekdo, ki je postal nekemu uradniku Arpad Ladai, ki je pravil, da bi ga civilno poročili z njegovim izvodenjem, znano obrtniku Moži, ki se hoče čimprej oženiti, je razdelil magistratnim uradnikom zelo čudne okoliščine, ki pa končno niso redke v velikanski in pestri množici homatij, ki jih je povzročila svetovna vojna. Najprej jim je kratko sporočil, da velja že najmanj 15 let za mrtvega in da naj poskrbe, da je po vojni skrbajo skupno.

Mož se je prvič oženil na Dunaju pod drugo letno pred nastopom svetovne vojne. V Galicijo na bo



New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF
Official Organ
of the
South Slavonic Catholic Union.

Nova Doba

AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS



Current Thought.

HELP HIM OUT

A noticeable factor in our lodge system is the apparent lack of whole-hearted co-operation between members in matters relating to business undertakings, employment, and other pursuits followed outside the meeting room.

To many the brotherly feeling exists only in the lodge room, and is to be severed when engaged in daily occupation. General routine of business, industry, or whatever employment one happens to be interested in has no common interest for such members. Not that such connections are indispensable as brother and sister members may work in perfect harmony in lodge work, but the obvious lack of consideration in the daily routine.

There are certain fraternal organizations in this country that make brotherly feeling of paramount importance in business dealings. If such a member happens to be an employment manager, he will see to it that such members are placed first as belong to his lodge and the union in general. Such an arrangement can be carried too far; nevertheless, it brings out the strong bond of union.

"Yes, this is true enough," you will say, "but those organizations have leading citizens." So has our Union. Not as many, but in the same proportion as there are members in our organization. Where one has many men of influence, so does it have many seeking their assistance. Where the other has fewer men of special privilege, so does it have fewer seeking their aid.

The object is to look around and find out such people. Like everything else worth while, it takes a great deal of patience and perseverance. But there is a method of approaching persons that requires diplomacy and tact.

On the other hand, such people as occupy the upper steps of the ladder will be eager to extend a helping hand, and may do so far as to offer their services.

When our Slovenes first started to migrate into the land of opportunity in 1890, there existed an affinity between them. Opportunities were made in various parts of the country. When we found a place of employment one made every effort to place others who were out of a job. And all of them belonged to the same union. When a Slovene merchant engaged himself in business, he was certain of patronage from that settlement. Grocers, butchers, clothiers, barbers, dry cleaners, in fact, any business a Slovene opened he was certain of trade from his people.

It may have been through sheer necessity that our Slovenes lung so closely to each other. It may have been a sense of duty. Today finds such an alliance slowly dwindling away, because the American Slovene is misled into thinking that others possess supernatural powers. As a result, he or she finds that they have only an outside chance in gaining entrance, because others have been given preference through their own affiliations.

It is time to wake up and realize that only through concentrated efforts of homogenous people can any group be elevated to an enviable position.

Children Need Guidance

"Life in America is crowded, and we need May Day even in this crowded life in order to take fresh account each year of the needs and the rights of children," says Dr. Arnold Gesell, director of the Yale Clinic of Child Development, Yale University, in replying to an inquiry from the American Child Health Association with reference to National Child Health Day.

"The child's growth does not take care of itself. The child needs protection for its mind as well as for its body," says Dr. Gesell. In telling what he considers necessary to protect the child's mind, he states, "A calm, consistent parent-child relationship is the most important essential in improving the mental health of young children. A sympathetic teacher-child relationship is likewise of hydraulic importance for school children."

In the field of mental health, it is well to begin by remedying the grosser faults in child care. Just as the first step is to improve the nutrition of infants and children was to stop heavy solids like pickles and sausages, so the first step, according to Dr. Gesell, to improve the mental health of children is the reduction of beating, slapping, rough handling, and other forms of corporal punishment.

Frank Golcher, Sec'y.

Taking the Country Over

Women in the United States control about 41 per cent of the nation's wealth, and handle 85 cents of every dollar that is spent in the marts of the world.

Membership Drive Dance

Gilbert, Minn.—Something new and something different—a Membership Drive Dance, sponsored by St. John the Baptist Lodge, No. 192, SSCU. This novel dance will be held in the latter part of May. We urge all members who have not attended the last meeting to get in touch with some members and receive all necessary detailed information.

Now that John Dreshar has been voted upon as our delegate we all want to be on hand when Leetonia comes down presenting their delegate, and show them how strong we actually are, thus giving Johnnie our support. I, for one, think John was rightfully chosen. He has done a lot toward taking part in our lodge, athletic and social activities.

Now that we took the Minnesota state SSCU basketball championship, we are ready to dig into our baseball artillery, and show the Arrowheads and Jubilees how much dynamite we pack when we play them this season. Nuff sed.

Frank Spanko Jr.

Joliet Regulars Roll 3001 in T. A. E. League

Joliet, Ill.—On Friday night, April 15, the SS. Peter and Paul bowling champs took three games from the Liebermann Jewelers in the Thomas A. Edison League, and again rolled over 3000 for the series. The caliber of this league is very strong, so some good rolling must be done in order to win. Our SSCU high single game of 1070 was bettered on Friday night by the Public Service Co. team, which scored 1104.

Bro. Jack Kubinski starred with his 660 individual series in the previous week's contest, followed by Ramutta's 609 and Kobe's 606. Bro. Joe Korevec, the junior member of our great outfit, turned in two 200 games and our "old reliable" anchor man Horwath also earned a place in the 200 column.

	SSCU NO. 66	LIEBERMANN'S	
Ramuta	182	190	237
Kobe	211	203	192
Kubinski	203	245	212
Korevec	213	202	280
Horwath	178	211	162
Totals	987	1051	963

Totals 831 926 913

J. L. Jevitz Jr.,

No. 66, SSCU.

Comrades News

Waukegan, Ill.—Anti-hoarding committee request through this medium that lodges holding stubs from the tickets be sent to the Comrades Lodge, No. 193, without delay. These tickets must be in one week before Friday, May 13.

Ticket selling is advancing very slowly. Come on, you high pressure salesmen, do your stuff.

At the last monthly meeting the Comrades decided not to have a baseball team this season.

Stanley Grum,

No. 193, SSCU.

LIGHT

The sun is about 93,000,000 miles away and light travels that distance in about 500 seconds.

ATHLETIC BOARD OF S. S. C. U.

Chairman: F. J. Kress, 204 — 57th St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Vice chairman: J. L. Zortz, 1657 E. 31st St., Lorain, O.
Joseph Kopler, R. D. 2, Johnstown, Pa.
J. L. Jevitz Jr., 1316 Elizabeth St., Joliet, Ill.
Anton Vessel, 819 W. Birch, Chisholm, Minn.

Louis M. Kolar, Athletic Commissioner and Editor of English Section, 6117 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

BRIEFS

Louis Adamic's volume, "Dynamite: The Story of Class Violence in America," which was brought out by the Viking Press, New York, in February, 1931, was included in a list of "fifty notable books published in 1931." This list, just recently published, is selected by the editorial committee of the American Library Association, which included over 3,000 public and institutional libraries.

This year Harper & Bros. issued Louis Adamic's second book, an autobiographical narrative entitled "Laughing in the Jungle."

Cleveland Journal will sponsor its second benefit show of the year on May 1 at the Slovene Workingmen's Home, 15333 Waterloo Rd., Cleveland, O. Reserved seats sell for \$1.

An attractive and varied list of performers have been billed that includes Lausche and Udovich, singers; Podpadec Twins, dancers; Five Foot Harmony Four, and others. Dancing will follow the performance. The entire proceeds of the show will be turned over to the East End Social Club, which will use the money for charitable purposes.

Lenard Lovshin of Chisholm, Minn., a freshman at Hibbing Junior College, recently bettered the all-around athlete record by more than 500 points, with a total of 4495, breaking the old record of 3935 set by Fred McReady in 1927.

Lovshin put the 12-pound shot 43 feet, high-jumped 5 feet 10 inches indoors, pole-vaulted 9 feet 6 inches indoors, set the fastest time of any competing student for 1 lap around the indoor track, 15.2 seconds, and ran the half-mile indoor in 2:31.

J. H. Michelin's creation, "rail coach," known as the Budd-Michelin, made its first trip into Cleveland's Terminal Station. The "rail coach" is a bus with rubber tires launched on railroad tracks, has 12 wheels and seats 36 passengers. Its inventor is from Paris, France.

CORRECTION

In last week's issue of New Era an error was made when reporting the death of Bro. John Schutte Jr. of Colorado Sunshine Lodge, No. 201, SSCU, Denver, Colo. The caption, "Loss of Frank Schutte Jr. Felt by Community," was incorrect and should have read "Loss of John Schutte Jr. Felt by Community." However, the body of the article contained the correct name, John Schutte Jr. Bro. Frank Priselac, submitter of the article, reported the correct name, the error being made by the editor in affixing the title.

Editor.

Illini Stars Win First Hardball Contest

Chicago, Ill.—Illini Stars, No. 211, SSCU, of Chicago opened their baseball season with a victory over the strong Rex A. C. of Cicero, by a score of 4 to 3. Seeing the score would make you think it was a close game, but when you come down to hits the Stars outhit their rivals 14 to 6.

George Wistain of the Stars starred at bat with four hits out of five trips to the plate. He collected a triple, a double and two singles. The Stars sure did hit that ball, but just couldn't bunt them and bring across more runs. Well, it is just the start of the season and there will be greater improvements in the team within a month.

Comrades, known as one of the strong Prairie teams of Waukegan, set the Stars back in two games last year, so this year they are out to seek revenge. If the Stars keep up their fine playing, the Comrades will sure have to battle to win.

Illini Stars 0 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 — 4

Rex A. C. 0 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 3

Joe F. Mraz Jr.

Majestics to Hold Square Dance April 29

Export, Pa.—At the last regular monthly meeting, which was well attended, a great many things were discussed by Export Majestics Lodge, chief of which was the coming Square Dance to be held next Friday, April 29, at Hezzardays, famous roof garden.

All members are expected to be present and help put this affair over with great success. Certainly the members should strive to bring along friends. The public is welcome to attend. Come and see the Baily Cowpunchers in action.

A prize in the form of a CYMA wrist watch will be given away that evening.

William Korach,
No. 218, SSCU.

INDIAN SHORTS

Another Scribe Sought

Chicago, Ill.—The Indians still hold the title of Illinois SSCU basketball champs, as no attempt was made this year by any of the SSCU teams of Illinois to take such title away from us.

Remember, you can sell more tickets for the play by letting your friends help you than you can by just selling them yourself. Only 14 more days before the play will be presented to the public. How many tickets have you sold? Are you doing your share in the sale of tickets, or are you in the lobby just to see what you can get out of it without trying to do anything in return?

Help! Help! The writer of the Indian Shorts is swamped with work and needs someone to write the shorts every second week. Isn't there someone in the lodge who has inclinations toward journalism?

The boys no longer can enjoy their sociable poker games on Tuesdays, because, as the girls say, it breaks up our socials, which are held every Tuesday.

Some of the girls of the lodge could go dancing every night, and some do; that would be agreeable if they would put business before pleasure, but they don't.

Leo W. Moore,
Secretary, No. 220, SSCU.

Suggestions for Constructive Policies

SSCU Should Extend Loans to Members Owning Homes

Chicago, Ill.—The members should understand the difference between the two principal mortality tables most frequently used as standard devices for calculating the rate of mortality, namely, the American Experience Table of Mortality, used mostly by insurance companies, and the Fraternal Experience Mortality Table, used mostly by fraternal insurance societies.

The American Experience Table of Mortality was prepared in the late '60s from the experience of two life insurance companies, and is not, as a matter of fact, an accurate table. Typically, the experience of life insurance companies shows that the deaths in a given year are not more than 65 to 75 per cent of those anticipated according to the table. This table, in calculating the premium, also assumes that the money in reserve will earn 3 per cent interest annually. While the Fraternal Experience Mortality Table was prepared in the '90s on experience of fraternal societies and is more accurate than the American Experience Table of Mortality, it assumes that the money in reserve will earn 4 per cent interest annually.

If a fraternal insurance so-

cietry desires to keep its mor-

tuary fund more than 100 per

cent solvent, its mortality rate

must be lower than its assumed

mortality; its reserve must earn

more than 4 per cent average

interest, and it must not have

losses caused by bad invest-

ments; or it must have a con-

siderable amount of turnover

in members who forfeit their

right to their reserve.

Therefore, it follows, that in-

vestment of reserve funds is

one of the major problems of

any fraternal insurance society.

Its money must be invested in

safe securities, which will earn

an average interest rate of over

4 per cent. Laws of the states

in which the insurance frater-

nal society is incorporated to a

large extent govern the classes

of investment.

Under the laws of the state of

Illinois a fraternal insurance

society may invest its money in

bonds issued by the United

States or by any state of the

Union or the District of Colum-

bia, or by any of the counties,

townships, school districts, in-

corporated cities or other mu-

nicipal corporations thereof,

or in bonds or notes secured by

mortgages or trust deeds on un-

John Pintar First Slovene to Settle in Cleveland, 1879

Joseph Turek Makes Permanent Stay in 1883

EDITOR'S NOTE: The following article was taken from the *Cleveland Plain Dealer*, edition of April 17, 1932, under the heading of "Cleveland's Marching Nationalities" written by Dale Cox. The picture depicted of the first immigrants upon reaching Cleveland could well apply to our Slovanes on reaching this country. Two of the first Slovene settlers are mentioned.

His name is not recorded on any monument, nor listed in any history. Even his lineal descendants, now living, are unaware of the honor to which they could lay claim. He personified, when he trudged up the high bluffs to Cleveland from the pioneer wharf of the Cuyahoga, forces and institutions second only to those represented by sturdy old Moses Cleaveland, founder of the city.

His descendants, and the descendants of thousands of others like him, make possible the great city that is Cleveland of today. He is Cleveland's first foreign immigrant.

Let your mind play upon the circumstances of his arrival. A small sailboat idles slowly westward past high bluffs and promontories, heavily wooded. Ashore stretches a vast wilderness. It is uninviting, inhospitable, nothing like the neat towns of colonial New England, with the tall, white spires of their churches.

But the little group on the sailboat has come to this new land to seek homes. They are journeying to a new city in the west, founded several years before by representatives of the Connecticut Land Co., and named Cleaveland in honor of the leader of that company's surveying party. It is now something more than a rough, pioneer village, but is still only a speck in the boundless wilderness.

At last the boat swings around a point of land, and the houses of the village, high above, swing into view. Rough wharves and landing places line the banks of the river. Great excitement grips the little group of pioneers on the boat. Their belongings are hurriedly gathered together in preparation for landing. A crowd gathers at the dock once the boat is sighted. They seek news from the east and have come also to welcome their new neighbors and fellow townsmen.

They land. Greetings are exchanged. Sailors embrace their wives and children left behind on the trip eastward. The new homeseekers are given a rousing welcome.

But what is this group standing alone, all their goods wrapped in a few bundles, its members gazing wistfully, rather forlornly, at the warm greetings being exchanged between the homeseekers and their new fellow townsmen? No one seems to know them. They are treated politely and civilly, but it is not difficult to see that there is something that sets them apart from the rest of the group with which they have made the trip westward.

They are last to leave the boat. The others have preceded them up the hill, to the new city of log houses, taverns, blacksmith shops, stores, saloons and churches. They fasten bundles of clothing on sticks that they carry, take a final look at the boat that has brought them to their new home and then start walking in the direction of the little town atop the bluffs facing the river. The sailors grin and wink behind their backs.

Up the hill they trudge, resolutely, forerunners of hundreds of thousands who will come after them, thousands who will mold the character and shape the destiny of this city.

This is Cleveland's first foreign immigrant family.

Unnamed, unhonored and unsung, they quickly won the respect and esteem of their neighbors in the new city. First they did the humbler jobs, helping the blacksmith or peddling goods from door to door from a heavy pack. Gradually they bettered their condition by hard work, perseverance, frugality and honesty. Their children soon won equality with the children of the best people in the city.

It has been a story of but two or three generations in Cleveland, at the most, from pack peddler to mighty merchant prince, steel magnate or captain of industry today.

A NEW MEMBER

East Palestine, O.—One of the most meritorious things any member can do for his lodge is to bring another new member into the fold. Nothing one can do so bolsters the strength of an organization as the injection of new blood. It stirs up the sluggish interest of other members. They, too, probably, have some person in mind who perhaps might join if approached on the subject. They are encouraged by their fellow member's success. Getting a new member is certainly one of the finest contributing acts an old member can initiate for the bettering of his lodge.

J. J. Golice, No. 41, SSCU.

Attention, Rangers!

Ely, Minn.—There will be a special meeting of the Rangers of Lodge No. 1, SSCU, at the Community Center on Friday, April 29, at 7:30 p. m. sharp.

Every member must be present because various sports are again to be discussed. Sports for both the boys and girls will be taken up.

How about a 100 per cent attendance, Rangers?

Angela Skala, Publicity Committee.

time as the Slovanes. John Popovic, Peter Kekic, Paul Kekic and John Rardic were here prior to 1890.

Along St. Clair Ave. between E. 40th and E. 70th Streets was the original settlement selected by the Croatians, and it remains the center of the Croatian colony in the city. There are other scattered settlements, but this is the principal one.

The Serbians, third largest of the Jugoslav peoples, constitute a small factor in Cleveland's population makeup.

Along with the Italians and Jugoslavs, the Roumanians, Lithuanians, Greeks and Syrians have been the only European or Asiatic groups to show any increase in immigration since 1910, and theirs has been comparatively small beside the big national groups that preceded them.

Out of a total population of 900,000 in 1930 Cleveland had 229,487 foreign-born residents. A much larger number of Clevelanders are children of parents born abroad. It seems fairly safe to say that at least half the population of Cleveland consists either of foreign-born or of the children of parents born abroad.

No further study or examination is necessary, therefore, to determine that Cleveland is one of the most cosmopolitan of any of the large American cities. It is cosmopolitan in truest sense in that immigration of the principal national groups has been so evenly balanced that no one national group dominates the population personally of the city.

Although we have thousands of Germans and other thousands of German descent, we are not an overwhelming German city as are Cincinnati, St. Louis or Milwaukee.

Only one of the great national groups strongly represented in other sections of the United States is not strongly represented in Cleveland. That is the Scandinavian. The Northwest, or the states of Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas are dominated by the Scandinavian influence. Cleveland has never been a rallying point for Scandinavian immigration to the United States, although a limited number of people of Norwegian, Swedish and Danish origin reside here.

At first many of the Slovanes settled along Union Ave., but in recent years the largest and most thickly populated Slovene settlement in the city is in the 23rd Ward, east of E. 55th St., north of Superior Ave.

The Croatians began coming to Cleveland about the same

Ventilation of Stable Matter of Importance

A cow breathes out about 5½ quarts of water each 24 hours and a herd of cows would breathe out 110 quarts, or 27½ gallons of water in 24 hours, according to Professor A. M. Goodman of the agricultural engineering department at Cornell University.

Where most of the stock is kept, and where the walls are well insulated the heat from the animals keeps the stable walls and ceiling warm and no moisture condenses. However, in that part of the stable where little animal heat is given off, as in box stalls and calf pens, or where heat escapes readily, as through bare mow floors or single boarded or concrete walls, the air is chilled and deposits its moisture.

One cause for unnecessary moisture is open hay chutes. The warm, moist, light air rises up these chutes, and if the loft siding is tight, this air condenses on the siding and on the under side of the roof.

What is the effect of all this moisture? It causes soggy, moldy, decaying timbers, warped ceiling and siding, swollen and sticking doors and window sash, and a miserable place in which to work and keep live stock. The condition of these damp, unhealthy stables can be entirely corrected by proper ventilation.

ARTIFICIAL ICE

There is much uncertainty as to who first made ice by artificial means. Experiments for making artificial ice were started by the Italians in the 16th century. The first machine used for the actual manufacture of ice was invented by Dr. William Cullen (1710-1790), a Scotch physicist and physician, whose machine was based on the vacuum principle, the atmospheric pressure being reduced by means of an air pump.

In 1834 Jacob Perkins, an American engineer living in London, obtained a patent for a machine generally credited with being the forerunner of the modern compressor machine. Many experiments were later made by French and German inventors. Professor A. C. Twining of New Haven, Conn., made many improvements on ice-making apparatus in 1850, 1853 and 1855.

In 1857 Dr. John Gorrie of Apalachicola, Fla., patented an ice-making machine and as a tribute to his inventive genius the state selected him as one of her two distinguished sons to represent her in the capitol at Washington. The modern ammonia absorption process of making ice was discovered in 1858.

Sugar Beets in Ration

Sugar beets when sliced, as is done with other root crops, makes a most excellent feed for dairy cows when fed to supplement hay and grain. They have a "cooling" effect on the digestive organs and frequently help to prevent digestive troubles when cows are being fed a high concentrate ration.

If fed in too large quantities, some scouring may result due to the high sugar content of the sugar beets. If fed at the rate of 35 or 40 pounds a day, no ill results will occur. It is not necessary to cook them.

Large quantities of sugar beets have been fed and no sore mouths have resulted.

E. V. Ellington, W. S. C., in the Idaho Farmer.

"I simply cannot stand the sound of an auto horn," said Vasapopoulos. "Why not?" asked Terwilliger. "Some months ago my chauffeur stole my car and eloped with my wife, and every time I hear a horn toot I think he is bringing her back."

Fighting Spirit

East Palestine, O.—Often it happens that a player is injured in athletic competition and yet continues to play what is termed "a whale of a game." This is possible through the fact that somewhere in the body is stored a reserve fighting spirit that is called out in cases of emergency.

Today the well-known depression has crippled many organizations. The SSCU is one of them. It has been challenged. The reserve fighting spirit of every individual member must be brought to light and the challenge accepted. We believe that it will, and when the combat has subsided, that, though she may be damaged, the SSCU will emerge triumphantly, proudly bearing on high her colors.

J. J. Golice, No. 41, SSCU.

No People of History Unfamiliar With Rings

Rings were not always used to decorate the fingers, and in suitable forms, at different times, they were worn as anklets, armlets and necklaces; on the toes and fingers; in the ears and nose, writes Frank H. Vizetelly, editor of the New Standard Dictionary. To this day the nose-ring, the ear-ring and the toe-ring are worn in Far Eastern lands. Porcelain finger-rings were worn by the poorer class of Egyptians. Such as have been preserved in the British Museum, London, are of extreme beauty. Some are of blue porcelain with a band of not more than one-eighth of an inch in thickness, yet small as they are they bear two impressions.

There are a few advocates for the intention of dropping the word "Catholic" out of the lodge name at the next convention. If a person has descended so low that he despises the sight of this name, I believe he is no benefit to our organization. Such an advocate should duck in his tail and hide. When a member joins our lodge, he does not look for the name, he looks for the feeling of good-fellowship as well as the benefits to be derived from the insurance. We owe it to the founders of the South Slavonic Catholic Union to keep the name as it now stands.

Last week one of our distinguished members said in his article that it was hard for the head of any family to pay assessments for his children when they became 16 years of age, when they were undoubtedly still going to school. He put forth the excellent plan that the assessment should be deferred until the age of 18. I want to take one step further by modifying it just a little. The St. Joseph's Lodge, No. 89, of Gowanda, N. Y., has helped our lodge in many ways, as they are the ones who give new members to us as soon as they outgrow their juvenile department. These future members are often heard to say, "Boy, I can hardly wait until I am 16, so that I can be a Pathfinder." If they had to wait until they were 18 we would lose many of our most active members. However, here is my plan. Why not allow them to become members of the adult department at 16, but greatly reduce the assessments between 16 and 18 years of age. Allow them to enjoy the same benefits, but for an assessment of about 25 cents.

Selling Short

A person who sells stocks or securities short contracts to sell something which he does not actually possess. He sells stock to be delivered in the future for which he has not actually contracted and with a view of procuring it for less than he is getting. Thus the short seller profits by a falling market and he is accused of resorting to false rumors and other questionable methods to force the prices down.

A short seller in effect is merely betting that the price will fall within a certain period. To illustrate, suppose a man sells 100 shares of American Telephone stock at \$130 a share, to be delivered a week later. He does not actually possess any such stock, but he expects that it can be procured for \$120 a share before he has to deliver, giving him a profit of \$10 a share. Should the stock go up he would have to take a loss.

RATTLESNAKES

Numerous tests indicate that no snake ever strikes a greater distance than about three-fourths of its length. No snake can leap completely off the ground from its coil position.

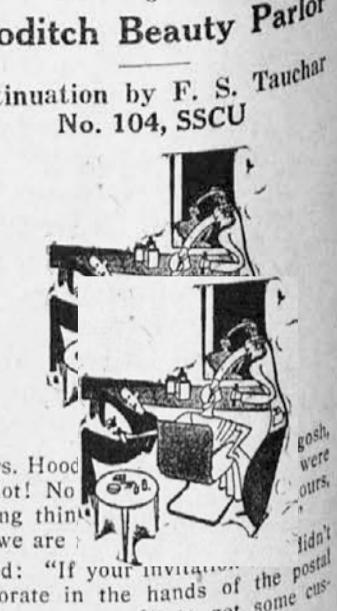
I am a firm advocate of the renewal of the sport fund as

English-Conducted Lodges, Wake Up!

Gowanda, N. Y.—English-conducted lodges of SSCU, come on, let's wake up! In looking over the articles in the Nova Doba, have you noticed the lack of comments from English-conducted lodges in regard to their ideas to the proposed changes to be made in the by-laws at our next convention? But just take a glance, if you will, at the Slovene section of the paper. There are comments from a great many wide-awake members. In our page the editor has so much difficulty in filling up the sheet that he has to throw in articles that do not pertain to the Union, although they are very educational.

Today the well-known depression has crippled many organizations. The SSCU is one of them. It has been challenged. The reserve fighting spirit of every individual member must be brought to light and the challenge accepted. We believe that it will, and when the combat has subsided, that, though she may be damaged, the SSCU will emerge triumphantly, proudly bearing on high her colors.

Continuation by F. S. Tauchard
No. 104, SSCU



Mrs. Hooditch: "It's hot! No, putting things away, and we are..."

Red: "If your invitation evaporates in the hands of the postal employes we ought to get some customers by now."

Brunette: "Don't worry. We will get them soon enough. Who wants to work incessantly like a historic slave?"

Blonde: "This is the first day—and so far so good. I wish it will like this all year round."

Mrs. Hooditch: "Display these clumsy laces conspicuously. Put stockings over here, perfume bottles and powder boxes there. So, now we are almost ready to start."

Red: "Completing this job so nicely. Mrs. Hooditch, may we have some ice cream and coca-cola?"

Mrs. Hooditch: "Well, Blonde, get the cones across the street. (Enthusiastically.) Gosh, it's about time!"

Brunette: "What?"

Mrs. Hooditch: "For patrons to show up! The first half dozen just rolled into the waiting room."

Blonde: "And how they do chat!"

Mrs. Hooditch: "Shh! Shush!"

Brunette (authoritatively to Blonde): "You dumbell, don't you know you shouldn't talk the truth about customers?"

Red (with psychological knowledge): "In a place like this one shall not be real—er—that is—not yourself."

Mrs. Hooditch: "Aw, shoo up, and don't talk unless you're asked something, then say, 'Gladly, my dear—'"

Telephone: "Br-r-r-r-l-l-ring!"

Mrs. Hooditch (picks up telephone): "Mrs. 1-3-1-3—Yes, Hooditch Beauty Parlor—O, is that you, hubby? Say fix the furnace, peel potatoes, put on the soup, walk the baby—and for godsakes, don't bother me anymore. As I was saying, girls, be polite to everybody, be adaptable to every individual situation, as the case may be, and say, 'Yes, Madame; exquisite, dear Miss Klotz; of course, you were right, Miss Blank; we irrevocably guarantee our highness, Prince Charming, we do polish fingernails; please, have a seat, I don't know who is first, you, duke, or the baron? Oh, I will be delighted, or do that; am I hurting you, dear? Now, I will be over in a minute; etc.' Now, remember, and don't forget!"

Brunette: "But if a salesman comes to clean his bean, I shall talk to him something like this: 'Three more superfluous hair on your head to pull out and you will be all right for another week—so don't holler, you soft thing!'"

Red and Blonde: "Ha, ha, ha! Ho ho!"

Mrs. Hooditch: "Pst, get ready! The first four ladies, please!"

(There is a rush, and five of them roll in. The last two begin to quiver which really is ahead of the other.)

Mrs. Hooditch (intercedes): "Please, ladies, please. You will all get your turn."

One of the disputed ladies: "Very well! I was here before her—and if I have no rights, you can keep your shop to yourself, as far as I am concerned."

(Giving a dirty look to the whole bunch, she literally flies out of the shoppe.)

Mrs. Hooditch (to her assistants in a whisper): "See? What did I tell you?"

(Continued Next Week)

Razprave o pravilih

(Nadaljevanje s 3. strani)
kajemo veliko izprememb v ko-
rist našim članom.

Frank Poje,
član društva št. 44 JSKJ.

Omaha, Neb. Letos je konvenčno leto, zato je tudi naše društvo sv. Štefana, št. 11 JSKJ vzel v pre-
vračila in priporoča kon-
venciji slednje sprememb istih:
Clen 8. — Vsako društvo, ki
je že 25 ali več članov, ima
pravico, da pošlje na konven-
cijo enega delegata. Nobeno dru-
štvo pa nima pravice poslati
več kot enega delegata, ne ozi-
dale se na to, kako močno je po-
društvo.

Izprememb v členu 10.—Ko
članovi tajnik potuje v drugo
državo radi jednotin poslov, pos-
lusi na konvencijo ali po slič-
nih opravkih, se mu plača \$3.00
dalne, poleg njegove redne
dalne in vozilnih stroškov.

Clen 30, točka 6.—Ako član
našega društva in sličnim skele-
pom od drugod več članov, ki
se ne strinja.

Frank Fister,
član društva št. 44 JSKJ.

Braddock, Pa. Nedavno sem čital v razpravah o pravilih priporočila tajnika društva št. 85 JSKJ, katera smatram za dobra in jih pri-
poročam konvenciji v odobri-
tv. Zelo priporočljivo je, da
se podaljša doba za prestop iz
mladinskega v odrasli oddelek
od 16. do 18. leta. Po sedanjih
pravilih mora član mlađinskega
oddelka, ko dopolni 16. leto,
prestopiti iz mlađinskega v o-
drasli oddelek, ali pa pustiti or-
ganizacijo. Člani v taki starosti
sam navadno še ničesar ne
zaslužijo, za starije pa je tudi
težko plačevati asesment.

To pa samo v slučajih, kjer
bi bili člani drugače pri-
pravljeni, postopek naj bi bil
posledice povzročijo-
ščini do smrtnine.

Clen 34. Sportni sklad naj se
v mestu istega se vpelje
iz katerega se članom, ki
težko prizadeti po brezpo-
čnosti, pomaga plačevati ases-
ment. To pa samo v slučajih
pripravljenih, postopek naj bi bil
posledice povzročijo-
ščini do smrtnine; tudi ako mu tako
naj bi bil član drugače pri-
pravljen, njegovi dediči niso upra-
vili do smrtnine.

Clen 39, točka 1.—Člani, ki
se podpori iz sklada onemogo-
čijo po \$15.00, meste-
\$10.00 na mesec.

Kaj je JSKJ najnajvišji ases-
ment mlađinskega oddelka, je
člano št. 11 JSKJ sprejelo
popolno, da priporoča konvenci-
jedno izprememb:

Glede bolniške podpore sedaj
pravila določajo, da se za prve
tri dni bolezni, računamo od časa,
ko se je bolnik pravilno ja-
vil bolesni pri zdravniku in
drustvenem tajniku, ne plača
podpora. Ta točka naj bi se v
toliko izpremenila, da bi se v
slučajih poškodb (na primer,
da se član pobije, si zlomi roko
itd.) plačala bolniška podpora
takoj od prvega dne. Za notranje
bolezni pa naj bi se plačevala
bolniška podpora, kot se
plačuje zdaj.

Dobro bi bilo tudi, da se v
pravila uvrsti točka, ki bo do-
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podporo tudi taki člani, ki pre-
jemajo kakšno pokojnino. Kot
tajnik društva me je vprašal
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če bi bil deležen bolniške pod-
pore, v slučaju, da zobi. Jaz
mu na to nisem vedel dati od-
govor. Dobro bi torej bilo, da
so bodoča pravila tudi v tem
oziru jasna. — Pozdrav!

Martin Hudale,
član društva št. 31 JSKJ.

DOPISI

Hibbing, Minn. NEKOLIKO NAVODIL.—V nedeljo 1. maja bo tu zborovana Federacija JSKJ društva v Minnesota. Zastopnikom in za- stopnicam, ki pridejo na to zborovanje, naj na tem mestu navedem, kje se nahaja zborovalna dvorana, da jo bodo lažje našli. Nahaja se na 113 Howard St., nad Pryor Pastry Shop, oziroma nad pekarno. Zastopniki, ki pridejo v Hibbing od vzhodne strani, naj gledajo na Garden Theatre; naša dvorana se nahaja ravno nasproti omenjenega gledališča. — Zastopnikom in zastopnicam pa klicem: na veselo svidenje v Hibbingu 1. maja!

Joseph Kern,
član društva št. 54 JSKJ.

Pittsburgh, Pa. Članstvo društva Marije Vne-
bovzete, št. 182 JSKJ je vladu-

Ali so potem pravila naper-
jena proti bolnim in ponesre-
ćenem na mestu, da se jih
pretresuje in potruje na sejah
in konvencijah.

Druga stvar, na katero se
moramo ozirati v slučajih bolezni
ali nesreč, je rodbina, otroci, sirote, ostali brez sred-
stev, saj za te se dostikrat hvalimo,
da jim Jednota briše solze in laža gorje. Ali naj bo to
samo na papirju, ali bomo gle-
dali na to, da se taka dela dobro-
bročnosti v resnici tudi izpol-
njujejo.

Slednjič priporočamo, da član-
stvo prevdari in potruje tako
pravila, ki bodo res v pomoč in
tolažbo svojim članom, zlasti
onim, ki so tega v prvi vrsti
potreben, saj edino to jih je
priprljalo v društvo in Jednoto,
zavest, da jim bo v slučaju bolezni
ali kakorske nesreč, ki človeku storii nezmožnega za-
delo in zasluzek, društvo in
Jednota stala na strani.

Zato protestira proti sklepnu-

našega društva in sličnim skele-
pom od drugod več članov, ki
se ne strinja.

Frank Fister,
član društva št. 44 JSKJ.

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so bodoča pravila tudi v tem
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Martin Hudale,
član društva št. 31 JSKJ.

Hibbing, Minn.

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Martin Hudale,
član društva št. 31 JSKJ.

Braddock, Pa.

Komaj par mesecev nas še

loči od 14. redne konvencije,
zato je prav, da razpravljamo
na sejah o izboljšanju naših
pravil, dokler je še čas. Člani
društva sv. Alojzija, št. 31
JSKJ so torej prošeni, da se v
kar največjem številu udeležijo
prihodnje seje, ki se bo vršila
v nedeljo 1. maja ob devetih do-
poldne. Na omenjeni seji bomo
volili delegata za 14. redno kon-
vencijo JSKJ, poleg tega pa bo
pismeno naročilo od društva in
za napredok. Pravilno bi bilo, da vsak delegat dobi
pismeno naročilo od društva in
ga prečita na konvenciji. Torej,
bratje in sestre, vsi na sejo 1. maja!

Louis Urbančič,
tajnik društva št. 92 JSKJ.

Diamondville, Wyo.

Vse članstvo društva št. 27 JSKJ je vladno vabljeno, da se udeleži prihodnje seje, ki se bo vršila v nedeljo 1. maja ob dveh popoldne. Na omenjeni seji bomo volili delegata za 14. redno konvencijo. Tudi bi bilo dobro, da nekaj razpravljamo o izboljšanju naših pravil. Važno je, da izvolimo delegata, ki bo delal v korist članstva in za napredok. Jednote. Pravilno bi bilo, da vsak delegat dobi pismeno naročilo od društva in ga prečita na konvenciji. Torej, bratje in sestre, vsi na sejo 1. maja! — Z bratskim pozdravom,

Joseph Kern,
tajnik društva št. 54 JSKJ.

Cleveland, O.

Pomladne rožice že cveto in

ptičke nam lepo prepevajo. Bli-
ža se mesec maj in z njim pride

materinski dan, ki je gotovo vsa-
kemu pri srcu. Praznovan je
vsako leto drugo nedeljo v maju.

Izmed vseh mesecov leta menda
vsak najbolj ljubi mesec maj, in
izmed vseh oseb na svetu menda
vsak najbolj ljubi svojo mater,
ako jo še ima. Ako je pa nima,
se je gotovo z ljubeznijo spomni-
ja. Ta lepi dan se spodobi pravi-
lno proslavit v lepem razvedru.

Naše žensko društvo Jutranja
zvezda, št. 137 JSKJ, bo ta dan

vprizorilo lepo igro, ki se imenuje

"Prisilen stan je zaničevan."

Ta igra je bila že enkrat

to leto vprizorjena in je vsem

tako ugajala, da bo ponovljena.

Vprizorile jo bodo prav tiste
igralki, ki so jo vprizorile pri-
več s takim uspehom. Nedvom-
no bodo zavrstile, da se bo bolje

izvrstitev, da bo bolj izvrstitev,
kot so bile izvrstitev, ki so jih

zavrstile, da bo bolj izvrstitev,

ki so bile izvrstitev, ki so jih

zavrstile, da bo bolj izvrstitev,

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zavrstile, da bo bolj izvrstitev,

Rado Murnik:

NAVIHANCI

ZAVOZLAN ROMAN

(Nadaljevanje)

"Caramba!" se je jezil princ Migomigavzar, ko se je ril skozi množico. Marsikatero gorko breco je lokavi intrigant dobil med rebra ali po grbi ali pa tudi kam drugam, kar mor je že prileto. Preden se je mogel postaviti na svoje govorniško mesto. Polagoma je ponehal med zbranim narodom mrmranje in bučanje, podobno grmenju morskega valovja. Zavladala je grobna tihota. In odkašljal se je stari grešnik Migomigavzar in začel migomigavzati mene takole:

"Umrl — je Veveran! Umrl je — Veveran, izmed najduhovitejših pesnikov tega stoletja eden. Umrl je — naš Veveran, ne v tujstvu, marveč na zemlji domačej, smatraloč večinoma — ka kor kažo dela mu slavna nesrečnina se prav zelo. Prezgodaj, tvenim vso odločnostijo, prezgodaj preminol je neš trikrat genialni Veveran ta, pevec po milosti božji prav v besedu pravem pomenu, preminol je, pravim, ker se mu ljubilo nič več ni živeti . . . živeti . . . živeti . . .

Rojaci! Nikari ne pričakujte, da, nepriravljeno bivajoč, velikega moža podoba naslikam vam podpolno. Kdor tako srečen je bil izmed vas, da le eno samo občeval je uro z umetniškim duhom tem, ta ve, kako preveljavil precej v pesem je drugačnih veljav vsakatero. Damam izvlasti ugajala njega osebna prijazen in vsa prikazan uže je samaposebi tako, da manj trdne nature dobival ob prvem pogledu so mrzlico. Žarnookih veveričen naših mariskatera v prostih je urah skrivač za njim vzdihovala, jokala, bledele, norela. Vse bilo veliko, nenavadno je na njem, ki tukaj v odprtih leži vam zdaj krsti, in duh mu je bil kakor baziliek. Imeval je misli dosta, da utegnolo ob njih bi živeti pesniških rodovin devet, akopram imele mladih bi toliko, kakor velerodovitni imajo jih zjaci domači.

Dočim drugi, ali ozirajoč se na dostojanstvo svoje puhlo, ali iz bojazljive miroljubnosti proizvajajoč samo natihem in delajo pest le v žepu, je, kakor veste, pomaljal Veveran odkritosrčnih fig slehernemu pod nos. Toda fuge — v rokavica! Kajti nežen, prečudno nežen in še bolj eleganten tudi je bival pesnik ta!

Vedno sovražil vsako polovičarsko je brenkanje na poezije premognotno harfo, sovražil vsako prazno čuvstvočkanje in igračkanje jalovih kopunčkov, sovražil vedno vse tiste tudipesnike, ki na Parnasa prisojni strani udomačiti se hote tihotapsko. Zato so preganjali ga in obrekovali ga tudi, češ, Veveran se je izpozabil, pojhajšč, pokvaril in si konec konca nakopal sramotilni priimek: pesnik!

Rojenega mojstra nam kaže njegovih besed vsakatera. Priznati je treba, da njega poskočne umetnosti čudno kipeče in vrveče bistvo prihaja iz ogledovanja večne prirode. Njega pesmi preverava orjaški duh, nekaj, kar vsakega osvoji zmagovalno: živjenja silna moč! Socialnih vpršjan samostalna motritev ta, ostri ta vid, vtapljoč se do duše dna in pa zahomatih značajev jasni razkrov — vse to je čudno v Veveranu. Ne da bi gagal v novostrijskih gnojnicih prestanih, mlakah, je z vneseno dikcijo in pravim pesniškim vzletom krenol s prekmalu razložene ceste na resnično nova pota, nikdar pa nalaže luž ni iskal ne blata. In to po udarajoč, povediti vam toliko vem, da cenumo okroglim čistom stihov njegovih do sedem septilijonov, ki visoko nadkriljujo titularnih pesnikov naših pogrebo cikorijo. Velikana takega veselili se brezvojbeno uže nikoli več ne bodo!

Njega pesmi se dozdevajo pač nekaterim kosmate premalom, zoper družim pa kosmete preveč! To je grenoslade slave sladkogrenki stup. Še drugi so zahtevali, da naj bi skakal čez lastno senco. Da pa tega terjati ne smemo od veverice nobedne, to sem vam, nova poča utirajoč, uže dokazal v svojem zadnjem sostavčku. Ki vam ga mimogrede priporočam kar najtopleje.

Zdaj nastopite, zdaj, oj vi njega zoprnici! Vi polovični slutvočenci! Vi razsluti črnorizi! Vi leposlovni opravljalci! Vi mračnici, ki o lepoti nimate najmanjšega pomenija! Vi, ki imate do dušo v trebuhi! Vi pokvekarja Terzita potomci domišljavi, ki ste poezije jedva podušali in, nikdar siti mastnih dividend, komaj pokupnoli v slovstvu naše. O vi skakazem zanikarna, ki ste, dobre pupe in pape polni, drznoli se, lajajoč meritij njega dela neumnosti svojo usnijeno in banalne kritike vallom vsakdanjam, in se, neoprostivo meketajoč in mijavkajoč, silili, otročijimi glasovi in nečastnicami, zavratnim načinom zatreli neomadežano individualnost, reške samordino prvočitost, in se blamirali do mozga! Zdaj ste umolknoli, zdaj, kakor kura, ko je kuharice ostri nož na vekovne zatisnol ji kurje oko!

Umrl je Veveran . . . Ugasnola na obzoriji našem je svetla zvezda kakor velikanska sveča, ki sama sebe žrtvuje, sveti množim drugim. Aliis inserviendo consumor!

Težak — kamen mu pokopanemu hočete zavaliti na prerano mu gomilo, češ, da počival bi tu tem — laže! Da ne izgubode proslulo se mu ime v zabljenju brezidno, iztekstoli se malo strani od Save vode borno mu zavetije, rojstno hižico, in nakanoli ondukaj vzdati mu spomina — kamen! In postaviti ste ukrenoli — a ne še tako kmelu — na mesti družem, vsemu svetu na videži, spomenik mu tam zunaj veličasten z dobrših orehov dvajsetisoč, da oznanjal njega slavo sosebno bi ta — kamen! Pa kaj pomagati mu morejo vaša prizadjetija in troškovi ti vsi zdaj . . . lepo vas prosim! Zakaj pa — kruha v olajšek mu niste ponudili ni kosca nikdar ali makari krompirija nezabeljenega v oblicah tako poceni takrat — nemesti zdaj vseh dražih teh — kamenov! In utolažil bi si svoj glad vendar bil tudi rad. Kajti ugnol sti uše slišati da lačni so radi in še bolj žejni tudi so pesnici in peresnici. In kako zdravega appetita je imeval še Veveran!

O ti preljubi Veveran in prijatelj!

Doste nemilo me taknolo je nenadno to poročilice, da prerano torej izgubiti moralni smo tebe, ki razumevalo te je, poudarjam, našega naroda mož takó malo. Zakaj maral nisi, kolikor zdeti se može, posvetnega njih blaga nikdar. Zlate poezije nisi gojil le takrat, kadar ti je obetala kaj zlata. Ampak narobe na odličnejšem stalu po cele ure hrepnel si lačen tija proti nebi v jasne višave, kder zmeša takoj se navadnemu filistru, iz grmovja prizemljuharu, navajenemu samčato pestovati tolisti si trebuli. Ne da bi magrad bil kaj čakal, si pogruzil podpolno se v Muzo, in, nadarjen nenavadno bogatim načinom, zapustil nam poezije medu poln ul.

(Dalje prihodnjic)

Henry Picard:
SKRITI DEMANT

Leon Mardoche, znani romanopisec, je sedel za svojo pisalno mizo in pregledoval pravkar prinešeno pošto, kar so se vrata v njegovi delavnici silovito odprla. Vzravnal se je. Gustar Darlo, je vstopil ali prav za prav pridril proti njemu, od silnega razburjenja ves propadel v obraz.

"Kaj pa je?" se je zavzel romanopisec.

"Nerazložljiva stvar. Zato prihajam, da se obrnem do vdanega prijatelja kakor tudi do pisatelja navajalnih in izvajalnih zmožnosti."

"Sedi," mu je Mardoche pokazal na udoben naslanjač.

"Gre za twojo hčer Jana?"

"Hvala Bogu, Jana je zdrava, ampak ubožica je kakor jaz čisto zbegana zaradi nočnjsnih dogodkov."

Gustav Darlo se je nezaupno ozril, primaknil svoj stol k prijateljevemu in pričel.

"Znano ti je, kako se Jana hudo dolgočasi v našem mestu. Da se iznebi otožnosti, je sklenila prebiti mesec dni na našem posestu "Rožniku," ki leži dvajset kilometrov odtod ob gozdu, kot nekaka prednjinska straža vasice Podleska.

"Jana je vsa mrtva na dolge samotne sprehe, rada blodi po gozdu, vdihava rezko vonjavo, značilno za šume v jeseni. "Ob vsakem grmu, ki ga zadele, ob vsakem kupu veničnih listov, nastlanih po potu, vaskrkok, ko vetrč prinese s seboj nežne dišave s svojega potovanja, Jana obstane, diha, posluša in gleda zamaknjena.

"Seveda sem privolil v njeno željo in jutri bo širinajst dni, kar smo se nastanili na "Rožniku."

"Vsek večer se s svojim avtom vrnem k večerji in prenoscim v vili, drugo dopoldne pa spet odpotujem."

"Včeraj pa me je tik pred odhodom nekdo ustavil in mi ponudil dragih biserov naprodaj."

"Priznam, da ne razumem," je izjavil romancier. "Tu tiči skrivnost, ki jo bomo mogli pojasniti šele v Podlesku. Tvoj avto čaka spodaj? Hajdiba."

"Nikakih dragocenih nakitov, s katerih bi se bilo razvedelo?"

"Vse je v trgovskem domu, pod dobrim nadzorstvom, to ti lahko zatrdirim."

"Bilo je okoli devetih, ko me je zapustil."

"Jana je moral biti v skribeh, sem si mislil. Da jo čim prej pomirim, sem posprešil svojo običajno brzino, ko je nekaj sto metrov od mojega bivališča avto šnil mimo sence, ki je bliskoma zakrilila z rokami po zraku in obenem strašno zakričala."

"Nekaj sekund — pa sem prisilen zavoro in skočil k nesreči."

"Moški je bil zlekajn prevezastvi."

"Misli sem, da je mrtve, in mrzla zona me je spretele po hrbitu. Prevodil sem ga dvignil in z neizrekljivim veseljem zaslil, da ječi."

"Nekaj minut zatem je ležal na blazinjaku v našem salonu. Jana mu je devala obkladke z okisano vodo, ki so ga počasi spravili do zavesti."

"Misli sem, da je mrtve, in mrzla zona me je spretele po hrbitu. Prevodil sem ga dvignil in z neizrekljivim veseljem zaslil, da ječi."

"Nekaj minut zatem je ležal na blazinjaku v našem salonu. Jana mu je devala obkladke z okisano vodo, ki so ga počasi spravili do zavesti."

"Oddahnivši se od razburjenja, sem ogledoval svojo žrtev."

"Dvajset pet do trideset let vitez, precej gosposp, čeprav je bil ves prašen."

"Globeke rane ni imel, samo nekaj neznačnih prask na obrazu in po rokah."

"Vselej, ko sem ga skušal privzigniti ali če se je zganil, mu je javkanje in stokanje uhajalo iz ust."

"Jane nisem mogel pustiti same s tem neznačnem, čeprav je bil ranjen. Predlagal sem svoji hčeri, da bi šla po doktorja Lampierre in ga pripeljala z vozom."

"Ranjenec naju je rotil, najtega ne storiva, čutil se je že bolje in noč počitka ga bo pozdravila, je dejal."

"Del sem mu na razpolago sobo, prihranjen za prijatelje, ki se slučajno oglašajo pri meni."

"Zahvalil se je, se opravil ter povedal svoje ime in poklic: Roger Simpson, trgovski potnik, službeno hodeč po teh krajin!"

"Roger Simpson," je ponovil Leon Mardoche, ki si je že nekoliko trenutkov zapisoval v svojo beležnico.

"Počakaj, vse je bilo male prej prodano, in hiša je bila čista, ko smo jo prevzeli v last."

"Čudna reč! Pa vendar se ta človek ni po četverici plazil čez noč in privzidal preproge samo iz veselja, da bi tebi vzbujal radovednost, a poprej še tvegal svojo prostost in svo-

profesor, je moral odpotovati iz jo kožo."

"Ce bi bil obvestil redarstvo?"

"Nikar, ptiček bi odrčal in bi me oropal naslade, da spoznam ključ do uganke."

"Kaj početi?"

"Delaj se, kakor da ne pripisuješ nikakega pomena snglejnjem dogodkom, ne govori z nikom o njih, a v svoji bližnji okolici sporoči brez poudarka, da odrineta na kratko potovanje."

(Dalje prihodnjic)

DRŽAVA MINNESOTA,
OKRAJ ST. LOUIS,
V OKROŽNEM SODIŠČU,
ENAJSTO SODNIJSKO
OKROŽJE.

John Pernush, John Petreka
in vsi drugi v slični poziciji,

Tožitelji,
napram
Pitt Iron Mining Company,
korporaciji,

Tožencu.

KER JE Pitt Iron Mining Company, korporacija iz West Virginije, bila mnogo let zaposlena s kopanjem zelene rude v Minnesotini v polobru LaBelle rov blizu McKinleya in Gilberta v Mountaine Wacootah rov v Mountain Iron in v obratu Miller rov v Aurora; in

KER so uslužbeni omenjeni kompaniji pri navedenih rovih plačevali v fond, ki se je običajno nazival "Miners Aid Fund," ali "Miners' Club Fund," dele svojega mesečnega zaslužka v namenu ustavnitve fonda za pomoč vsem delavcem v omemjenih rovih, ki bi bil poškodovan, in za pomoč družinam delavcev, ki bi bili ubiti pri delu v rovih ali bližini; in

KER je omenjena Pitt Iron Mining Company prenehala z obratovanjem rovov in so namente, ki katere je bil omenjeni fond ustanovljen, prenehalo eksistirati, in je bil Louis W. Wilson iz Auror, Minnesota, postavljen upraviteljem (receiver) po tem sodišču, imma sedaj približno osemstočet deset dolarjev in 66 centov (\$18,067.66) in 66 centov (\$18,067.66) upravitelju na rokah za razdelitev, in ker se zdi, da vse osebe, ki so delale v omenjenih rovih, namreč LaBelle Mine, Wacootah Mine in Miller Mine, ki so prispevale v omenjeni fond, so upravljene do deleža pri razdelitvi sredstev s približno 1000000 rezerve, kar garantira hranilne vlogi vlagateljem.

JE TOREJ UKAZANO, da vse osebe, ki so prispevale v omenjeni fond, posebno vsi u s l u ž b e n i o m e n j e n i h r o v i h , namreč LaBelle, Wacootah, in Miller rovov, vložijo svoje zahteve v omenjenih rovih, katerih naj navedejo znesek svojih prispevkov v omenjeni fond, in druge take informacije, ki bi mogle biti potrebne za overovljene njihovih pravic do deleža pri razdelitvi omenjenega denarja; in

JE DALJE UKAZANO, da omenjene zahteve vložene pri Louis W. Wilsonu, upravitelju, v Auror, Minnesota, ali pa pri Lathers & Hoag and Theo. Hollister, 619 Providence Building, Duluth, Minnesota, na prvi dan ali pred prvim dnem oktobra 1932, in da bo dan 8. oktobra 1932, in je tem potom določen kot čas za zaslisanje omenjenih zahtev na posebnem zasedanju tega sodne dne v sodniških zasedanjih, ki bo obdrževan na tega dne v sodniških zasedanjih, ob avtorini banah sodnije v mestu Duluth, Minnesota, ob otvoritvi sodišča omenjenega dne, kateri hitro po istem, kakovitosti, bo mogel biti odvetnik zaslišan.

DALJE JE UKAZANO, da vse zahtevi, ki ne bodo vloženi pri Lathers & Hoag and Theo. Hollister, 619 Providence Building, Duluth, Minnesota, na prvi dan ali pred prvim dnem oktobra 1932, in da bo dan 8. oktobra 1932, in je tem potom določen kot čas za zaslisanje omenjenih zahtev na posebnem zasedanju tega sodišča, ki bo obdrževan na tega dne v sodniških zasedanjih, ob avtorini banah sodnije v mestu Duluth, Minnesota, ob otvoritvi sodišča omenjenega dne, kateri hitro po istem, kakovitosti, bo mogel biti odvetnik zaslišan.

DALJE JE UKAZANO, da se naznani tega odloka vse osebam interesiranima omenjenem fondu, potom pripravite tozadovne kopije v Aurora News in v Paivaleh, ki je upravitelju tudi dovoljno, da priobči isto v Novi Džerseji v Cleveland, Ohio, tri (3) sledče si tedne, pričenši ne pozneje kot 25. dan aprila, A.D. 1932.

C. R. MAGNEY, sodnik okrožnega sodišča, Datinar 12. aprila 1932.