

NOVA DOBA

(NEW ERA)

URADNO GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLISKE JEDNOTE — OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE SOUTH SLAVONIC CATHOLIC UNION

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DRUŠTVENE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

V Barbertonu, O., se bo v soboto 28. oktobra vršila maškarna veselica tamkajšnjega društva št. 44 JSKJ. Prireditelji so v dvorani društva "Domovina" na 14. cesti.

Jesensko veselico priredi društvo št. 29 JSKJ v Imperialu, Pa., v soboto 28. oktobra. Prireditelji se bo vršila v Slovenskem narodnem domu in se bo pričela ob 8. uri zvečer.

V Darisu, W. Va., se bo v soboto 28. oktobra vršila veselica tamkajšnjega društva št. 106 JSKJ. Prostor veselice Benetova dvorana, začetek ob 7. uri zvečer.

Državni bratski kongres za Ohio se bo vršil v dnevi 26. in 27. oktobra v Akronu, Ohio. Zastopnik JSKJ bo na tem kongresu J. L. nadzornik Janko N. Rošar iz Clevelanda.

Tridesetletnico ustanovitve bo praznovalo društvo št. 87 JSKJ v St. Louisu, Mo., v nedeljo 29. oktobra z veselico, katero prireditelj v Slovenskem narodnem domu na 3331 So. 7th St. Kot glavni govornik nastopi predsednik Paul Bartel.

Zborovanje federacije društev JSKJ v Pennsylvaniji se bo vršilo v nedeljo 29. oktobra v Herndonu, Pa. Pričetek je določen ob 10. uri dopoldne.

Federacija društev JSKJ v Ohio bo zborovala v nedeljo 29. oktobra v Lorainu, O. Na zborovanju bo voljen tudi federacijski odbor za prihodnje leto. Pričetek ob 9. uri dopoldne.

Opero "Il Trovatore" vpriziglo društvo 5. novembra popolnoma samostojni pevski zbor "Vozila" v Clevelandu, Ohio.

Desetletnico ustanovitve bo praznovalo društvo št. 203 JSKJ v Chicwicku, Pa., z veselico, katero prireditelj v soboto 11. novembra.

Pieno veselico in vinsko trganje društvo št. 198 JSKJ v Central Cityu, Pa. Vršila se bo v poljski dvorani.

Petidesetletnico ustanovitve bo praznovalo društvo št. 10 JSKJ v Brooklynu, N. Y., v nedeljo 26. novembra z veliko veselico, ki se bo vršila v S. N. Doro na 253 Irving Ave.

Rock Springsa, Wyo. je pretekli teden došel v Cleveland Arthur Taucher. V Clevelandu se je ustavil le toliko, da bi prisostvovali veliki noči proti New Yorku, da poseti svetovno razstavo. Arthur je soproga Louisa Taucherja, ki je delegata društva št. 18 JSKJ v Rock Springsu.

Posrnce iz Havane, Cuba, po uradni listi Mr. Tone Šušar, znani operni pevec.

Chicago poroča sobrat John Zmich, da se je proslava obletja federacije društev JSKJ v Clevelandu dobro obnesla. (Dalje na 2. strani)

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

PREPOVEDAN VHOD

Predsednik Roosevelt je pretekli teden na podlagi obstoječe nevtralnostne postavke prepovedal dostop v ožje ameriške teritorialne vode vsem podmornicam vojskujočih se držav. S tem so prizadete le nemške podmornice, ker Francija in Anglija ne pošiljata svojih podmornic na to stran Atlantika. Ta ožji pas teritorialnega vodstva sega tri milje od obrežja. Podmornica sme pristati v tem vodstvu le v neizogibni potrebi. Poroča se, da bo temu v Zedinjenih državah sledila tudi večina ostalih ameriških republik.

NEVTRALNOSTNI ZAKON

V zveznem senatu se še vedno vleče debata o spremembi nevtralnostne postavke. Administracija želi, da se sedanja nevtralnostna postava spremeni tako, da Zedinjene države lahko prodajajo vojskujočim se državam vsakršno blago, od živeža do letal in municije, pod pogojem, da prizadete države plačajo za kupljeno blago na mestu in ga odpremi na svojih parnikih ali na parnikih drugih držav. Zdi se, da bo taka postava v doglednem času sprejeta. Iz uradnih virov se poroča, da imajo države inozemstva takih naročil v Zedinjenih državah za več kot 100 milijonov dolarjev.

ZVEZA Z MORJEM

Med Zedinjenimi državami in Canado so se bila že leta 1932 začela pogajanja za zvezo Atlantika z Velikimi jeziri potom reke St. Lawrence. Ta pogajanja, ki so bila za nekaj let obšla na mrtvi točki, se bodo spet obnovila, ker Canada potrebuje za svojo razširjeno vojno industrijo več električne sile, ki se more pridobiti potom jezov in prekopov, katere bo treba zgraditi v svrhu nameravane direktne zveze Velikih jezer z morjem.

PROSTOR ZA BEGUNCE

Vojne in predvojne razmere v Evropi so izkoreninile milijone ljudi, ki so danes brez doma. Mednarodni odbor, v katerem sodeluje nad 30 držav, skuša za te nesrečneže najti prostor za naselitev. Za enkrat so baje pripravljeni sprejeti del teh brezdomcev Filipini in Cuba. V zvezi s tem se poroča tudi, da bo administracija Zedinjenih držav predložila prihodnjemu zasedanju kongresa načrt za naselitev gotovega števila teh brezdomcev v Alaski.

TRGOVINA Z JUGOM

V svrhu pospeševanja mednarodne trgovine je vlada Zedinjenih držav sklenila tako zvane prednostne trgovinske pogodbe z 19 inozemskimi deželami. Med temi je 10 centralno-ameriških in južno-ameriških republik. V teku so pogajanja za sklenitev sličnih trgovinskih pogodb z republikami Urugvaj, Argentina, Chile in Venezueli. Čas za izboljšanje trgovinskih odnosov z južnimi republikami je prav zdaj zaradi evropske vojne zelo ugoden.

POTRES NA VZHODU

V jutro 19. oktobra so v naših severovzhodnih državah čutili precej močan potres, ki pa ni napravil posebnih škod. Potres so čutili v državah Massachusetts, New Hampshire, (Dalje na 2. strani)

PROGRAM STAROSTNEGA ZAVAROVANJA

Vprašanje: Star sem, ali še vedno delam, pa malo zaslužim. Koliko moram najmanj zaslužiti na mesec, predno smem zaprositi za pokojnino?

Odgovor: Ako ste delali od januarja 1939 do junija 1940 in ste v tem času zaslužili vsaj \$300 na mesec, boste upravičeni dobiati mesečno pokojnino, ako boste tedaj prenehali delati in boste že 65 let stari.

Vprašanje: Postal sem 65 let star v decembru 1937. Ako dobi delo, ali bom upravičen do mesečne pokojnine od federalne vlade?

Odgovor: Da, ako delate vsaj 18 mesecev po 1. januarja 1939 na takem delu, ki spada pod zavarovalni sistem.

Vprašanje: Postal bom 65 let star v januarju 1940. Moj zaslužek znaša \$75 na mesec in sem stalno zaposlen od 1. 1936 naprej. Moja žena je za eno leto starejša od mene in služi v neki družini. Ne morem dobiti državne pokojnine, ker stanujem v lastnem domu. Na koliko federalne pokojnine smem računati?

Odgovor: Ako prenehate delati, dobili boste \$23.77 na mesec začeti od 1. januarja 1940. Dodatno je vaša žena upravičena do \$11.58 na mesec, kar skupaj znaša \$34.75 na mesec.

Vprašanje: Meseca februarja lanskega leta sem dosegel starost 65 let in dobil enkratno odplačilo po prejšnjem socialno-varnostnem zakonu. Smem li zahtevati mesečno pokojnino po novem zakonu?

Odgovor: Da, ako delate in je iz zapisov razvidno, da ste zadosti zaslužili v svrhu mesečne pokojnine. V takem slučaju se bo denar, ki ste ga že dobili kot odplačilo, odbil od mesečnih pokojnin.

Vprašanje: Nekdo je stalno delal od 1. 1936 naprej in zaslužil povprečno \$100 na mesec. Ako umre, kaj bodo žena in otroci dobili?

Odgovor: Vdova bi dobivala \$19.31 na mesec. Vsak izmed otrok pa bi bil upravičen do mesečnega plačila \$13, dokler ne postane 18 let star.

Vprašanje: Ali je res, da so le ameriški državljani upravičeni do federalnih in državnih starostnih pokojnin?

Odgovor: To velja le glede pokojnin, ki jih večina držav plačuje potrebnim starcem. Federalni starostni - zavarovalni sistem ne napravlja nikake razlike med državljani in inozemci.

Vprašanje: Kaka je formula, na podlagi katere se izračuna, koliko naj zavarovani delavec dobiva na mesec, ko preneha delati po 65. letu starosti?

Odgovor: Mesečna pokojnina znaša 40 odstotkov prvih \$50 povprečne mesečne plače, dodatno 10 odstotkov ostale mesečne plače do največ \$250 na mesec, dodatno 1 odstotek za vsako leto, odkar je bil delavec zavarovan pod socialno-varnostnim zakonom.

Vprašanje: Ali se sedanji odbitek od plače poviša 1. 1940?

Odgovor: Ne. Edenodstotni davek na plačo, h kateremu mora delodajalec dodajati svoj 1%, ostane isti tekom 1940, 1941 in 1942.

Vprašanje: Star sem 62 let, sem samec, ali vzdržujem postarno mater. Ali bi moja mati kaj dobivala, ako jaz umrem?

Odgovor: Vaša mati bi dobivala polovico pokojnine, do katere bi bili vi sami upravičeni. —PLIS.

O SLABOKRVNOSTI

(Piše dr. F. J. Arch, vrh. zdravnik J. S. K. Jednote)

Slabokrvnost ali anemija prav za prav ni krvna bolezen, ampak stanje krvi, ki ga je najti pod zelo različnimi okoliščinami. Izraz anemija izhaja iz grščine in pomeni brezkrvnost. Beseda je bila najbrž skovana za izražanja dejstva, da je kri videti redka in vodena. Anemija znači zmanjšanje količine "hemoglobina," to je splošno, ki dela kri rdečo, ali zmanjšanje števila rdečih krvnih celic v gotovi količini krvi, ali pa oboje, kar je običajno.

V splošnem izhaja slabokrvnost od izgube krvi, od uničenja krvi ali pa od kakšne pomanjkljivosti v produciranju krvi. Ta tri dejstva morejo biti tudi pomešana na različne načine. Slabokrvnost se spozna po takih znakih kot bledost ali pa v pomanjkanju sapa; to zadnje znači, da skuša telo na drug način dobiti potrebni kisik, ki ga ne dovaja kri v zadostni količini.

Diagnoza slabokrvnosti, posebno takih vrst, ki ne izhajajo od izgube krvi, se navadno izvrši s preiskavo krvi, ki pokaže količino hemoglobina in število rdečih krvnih celic v kubičnem milimetru krvi. Preiskava značilnosti rdečih krvnih celic pod drobnogledom pokaže točno evenco stopnje anemije in pogosto pokaže tudi sled do vrste in vzroka iste.

Znaki pomanjkljivosti v krvi, bodisi zaradi hemoglobina ali rdečih krvnih celic, izhajajo iz delovanja krvi. Ena važnih dolžnosti krvnega obtoka je oskrbovanje telesa z vlagi ali tekočino. Izguba krvi pomeni torej, da je manj tekočine v krvnih žilah, čimer neizbežno sledijo mnoge posledice. Krvne žile skušajo manjkajočo tekočino dobiti iz tkiva, kar sistem suši in bolnik toži o žeji. Srce mora hitreje delovati v svrhu cirkulacije manjše količine tekočine po žilah in zato žila utripa hitreje. Iz drobnejših žilic je kri povlečena proti osrednjim večjim žilam in koža postane bleda in mrzla. Pomanjkanje sapa sledi delovanju rdečih krvnih celic pri dovajanju kisika v tkivo in odvajanju ogljika.

Vsi ti očitni in včasih izraziti znaki so vidni zdravniku pri veliki in primeroma nagli izgubi krvi. Če pa je krvavitev prikrita, mu pokažejo, da se je zgodila.

VELIK BISER

Biseri, kot znano, se pridobivajo iz školjk. Njih vrednost se ravna po velikosti, obliki, barvi in blesku. Največji znani biser, ki se rabi za okras, se ceni na 45 tisoč dolarjev. Toda v Zedinjenih državah je zdaj biser, ki tehta 70-krat toliko ali polnih 14 funtov. Po teži računano bi bil vreden, v primeri s prej omenjenim, tri milijone dolarjev. Ta biser pa ni okrogel, ampak nepravilne oblike, torej za okras ne pride v poštev, predstavlja pa veliko redkost in je vsled tega zanimiv za znanstvenike in druge.

Domovina tega bisera je v Južnem morju pri otoku Palawan. Divjaško pleme Djakov, ki tam živi, ga je našlo v nekem zalivu, in sicer na tragičen način. Divjaki so s potapljanjem prinašali na površje školjkaste ribe, ki se nekoč eden teh ribičev ni več dvignil na površje.

Preiskava je dokazala, da ga drži za nogo ogromna morska školjka. (Dalje na 2. strani)

PREGLED ZADNJEGA DESETLETJA

Dne 24. oktobra 1939 je preteklo deset let od začetka naše slavne depresije. Bilo je 24. oktobra 1929, ko je strahoviti polom na ameriški borzi zamajal celotno finančno gospodarstvo dežele. Takrat je splošno prevladovalo mnenje, da pojde dežela sicer skozi eno izmed kriz, ki se ponavljajo od časa do časa, da pa se bo polagoma spet vse lepo poravnalo, brez velikih nepravil in operacij. Toda depresija je postajala čim dalje hujša, tovarne so zapirale vrata, brezposelnost je naraščala in banke so pokale. Proti zaključku Hooverjeve administracije v prvih mesecih leta 1933 je depresija dosegla najnižjo točko.

Novi zvezni kongres, ki se je v prvi polovici marca sestal k zasedanju, je dal novi administraciji izredna pooblastila, da skuša deželo izvleči iz kaosa. Izvršene so bile mnoge resne in drzne operacije našega gospodarskega sistema. Nekatere so bile stoprocentno uspešne, nekatere le deloma, mnoge pa so se izjalovile. Delati je bilo treba hitro, ker pomoč je bila nujno potrebna, zato so se pač izvršile mnoge napake. Toda nujni ukrepi so rešili ljudstvo vsaj najhujšega pomanjkanja, vsaj deloma stabilizirali finančni sistem dežele in preprečili nadaljnje večje gospodarske polumere. Polagoma smo se izklopali vsaj iz najbolj črnih prepadov depresije in zasvetile so nam spet luči upanja na boljše čase.

Mnoge rane, ki jih je povzročila depresija, se ne bodo nikdar popolnoma zacelile. Vse posledice depresije še niso odpravljene, toda na splošno dežela danes ne kaže, da jo je depresijska bolezen oslabil. Za splošni ljudski blagor so se v teh kratkih par letih izvršile številne izboljšave, na kakršne bi bili morda morali v bolj normalnih razmerah še čakati dolga desetletja.

Delavstvu, na primer, so bile priznane in s postavami zajamčene pravice, kakršnih še ni bilo deležno nikdar v zgodovini te dežele. Vlada v Washingtonu je skoro prosila delavce naj se organizirajo v unije in jim je šla v tem oziru kar mogoče na roke. Danes je v unijah organiziranih okrog osem milijonov delavcev. Ako bo organizirano delavstvo dovolj pametno, da bo složno nastopalo za svoje pravice, ne pa se pripravilo med seboj, bo moral to skupino poslušati vsak kongres in jo bo moral upoštevati vsaka administracija. Že samo to je velika pridobitev, ki nam jo je prinesla depresija.

Dalje smo dobili v teh letih socialno zavarovanje, ki je sicer še nepopolno, toda že kot tako je neprecenljive vrednosti. Pomislimo samo na brezposelnostno zavarovanje, na starostno penzijo in na državno podporo ostarelih ljudi brez sredstev.

Dobili smo federalno zavarovanje bančnih vlog. Ako bi bila kaj takega izvedla na primer še Hooverjeva administracija, ne bi bilo tako ogromno število delavskih in varčnih ljudi izgubilo svojih prihrankov v bankah.

Ker je bilo milijonom brezposelnim delavcem treba dati vsaj nekaj skromnega zaslužka, so bila s federalnimi sredstvi izvršena velika javna dela, kot jezovi, ceste, mostovi, stanovanjska in javna poslopja itd. Izvedene so bile regulacije rek, (Dalje na 2. strani)

ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

SLOVENC NA JUGU

Po neki statistiki živi v južnih banovinah Jugoslavije nad 400.000 Slovencev. V hrvaški banovini biva slovenskih šumskih in drugih delavcev, mornarjev, obrtnikov, trgovcev in uradnikov 138,500; v dunavski banovini raznih delavcev, obrtnikov in uradnikov 82,000; v moravski banovini rudarjev, steklarjev in kovinarjev 54,800; v vardarski banovini poljedelcev, delavcev in uradnikov 49,300; v drinski banovini uradnikov, delavcev in drugih 35,900; v vrbški banovini rudarjev, lesnih delavcev, zasebnikov in uradnikov 17,000; v zetski banovini uradnikov in drugih 7,250. V Beogradu v Zemunom in Pančevom biva nad 30,000 Slovencev.

VOLILNE PRIPRAVE

Ministrski svet je poveril pravosodnemu ministru dr. Lazarju Markoviću nalog, da sestavi predlog volilnega zakona na podlagi splošnega, neposrednega in tajnega glasovanja po listah in proporcionalnem sistemu.

ZNAMENJE ČASA

Ruska Matica v Ljubljani priredi ruski tečaj za Slovence, ki bo razdeljen v tri skupine. Zadnje čase je zanimanje za jezik največjega slovenskega naroda zelo naraslo po vsej Evropi, posebno pa še v Jugoslaviji in Bolgariji. Od mnogih strani se podarja, da je prav ruski jezik največji instrument kulturnega slovanstva.

TRAGEDIJA RUDARJA

V Zgornjem Logu v Zasavju je nedavno v starosti 57 let umrl nekdanji vestfalski rudar Ivan Drnovšek, ki je bil rojen v Nemčiji in je skoro vse svoje življenje preživel tam. Ko je zbolel, je stopil v pokoj in mu je bila nakazana mala pokojnina. Ostal je v Nemčiji in se je za maloprosanski zaslužek začel baviti s prodajo časopisja. Kmalu pa so nemška oblastva ugotovila, da je bil eden izmed časopisov, ki jih je raznašal Drnovšek, komunističen. Moža so aretirali, mu ukinili skromno pokojnino in ga poslali v njegovo domovinsko občino v Jugoslaviji, dasi iste ni nikoli prej videl. Občinski svet očetove domovinske občine mu je naklonil majhno podporo, nekaj pa so pomagali dobri ljudje, da se je bolehi brezdominec skromno preživljal, dokler ga ni smrt rešila bede in pomanjkanja.

MNOGOKRATNA MATI

V Ljubljani je v starosti 74 let umrla Marija Banovčeva, trgovka s sadjem in zelenjavo, ki je v svojem življenju rodila 25 otrok. Izmed otrok živijo še štirje, in eden teh je znani operni pevec Svetozar Banovec, ki je bil pred leti na pevski turneji tudi v Ameriki.

UBIT OD STRELE

Na Ilovi gori nad Dobropoljem je nedavno zalotila nevihta 25-letnega mladeniča Toneta Miklavčiča, ko je peljal s parom konj z njive voz krompirja domov. Ko je bil že blizu doma, se je močno zablistalo in strela je udarila ubogega mladeniča naravnost v glavo, da se je nezavesten zgrudil na tla. Kljub prvi pomoči nekaterih prisotnih je kmalu izdihnil.

VSAK PO SVOJE

Mnogi dobro misleči ljudje jadikujejo, da bo evropska vojna uničila človeško civilizacijo in nas pognala nazaj v barbarstvo. Pri tem se pojavlja vprašanje: kakšno civilizacijo? Ali civilizacijo periodično se ponavljajočih vojn, priprav za vojne in plačevanja vojnih dolgov? Tako civilizacijo naj le uniči!

Statistike dokazujejo, da se na ameriških cestah na vsakih 27 sekund zgodi avtomobilska nesreča, v kateri je kaka oseba ubita ali poškodovana. Do zadnjega časa ni bilo tako nevarno niti na francoski fronti.

Sobrat Louis Ambrozich poroča iz Minnesote, da so tam dobili prvi sneg sezone dne 13. oktobra. Koledar kaže, da je bil omejen dan petek. Torej petek in 13. dan meseca. Ni čudno, da je ta kombinacija prinesla sneg in zimo.

Društvo št. 50 JSKJ v Brooklynu, N. Y., bo 26. novembra praznovalo svojo 35-letnico z veliko veselico, ki bo vsebovala tudi komično igr "Rdeči nosovi." Takrat se lahko zgodi, da bodo izralci tekmovali tudi gledalci z ozirom na rdeče nosove. Ne zaradi nove krščanske vina, bog-nedaj, kaj takega ne mislim, ampak zaradi hladnih poznojesenskih vetrov.

Tavžentroža je skromna travniška cvetlica, ki baje pomaga na tisoč načinov. Zato ima tako lepo ime. Pa je oni dan neka naša članica pohvalila lokalno društveno tajnico, da je tako dobra kot tavžentroža. Lepšega priznanja še nisem slišal ali čital. Pred takim odklovanjem naj se skrijejo vsi redovi svete Save in vse Karadžorževe zvezde.

Na sodišču v mestu Elizabeth, N. J., je dobila razporko od svojega moža neka Mrs. Anna J. Bednar zaradi bivšega angleškega kralja. Žena je namreč povedala sodniku, da ko je njen mož slišal po radiju, da se je angleški kralj Edvard odpovedal prestolu in kraljestvu zato, da se je mogel poročiti z neko divorsano Američanko, je ogorčeno izjavil, da nobena žena na svetu ni vredna take žrtve, nakar je razbil radio na drobne kose. Komentar naj si vsak sam napravi.

Starokrajski listi poročajo, da so se v letošnjem septembru pojavile v Jugoslaviji velike jate severnih ptic, ki jih je najbrž pregnala vojna na Poljskem. Srečne ptice, ki se lahko umaknejo vojnim grozotam brez ozira na državne meje! Pa pravimo, da je človek krona stvarstva!

James Roosevelt, ki je dosedaj nosil saržo podpolkovnika rezervnega mornariškega kora, je zaprosil za nižjo saržo kapitana, češ, da za podpolkovnika nima dovolj znanja in zmoglosti. Pravijo, da spoznati samega sebe je največja modrost. James zasluži priznanje za to modrost, še bolj pa za korajžjo, da jo javno izpove.

Mnogi ljudje imajo vsakovrstne, po večini nepotrebne skrbi, ki jim samo grenijo življenje in prav nič ne koristijo. Taki ljudje naj bi prečitali izvajanja nekega stoprocentnega optimizma. (Dalje na 2. strani)

"NOVA DOBA"

GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLISKE JEDNOTE

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VADIMO SE MISLITI

Ves napredek človeštva je bil spočet v mislih. Brez razmišljanja človeški rod ne bi bil mogel napredovati in bi bil že najbrž izginil z zemeljskega površja, ker se fizično ne bi bil mogel meriti z mnogimi živalmi, katere je narava v drugih ozirih mnogo bolj opremila za eksistenčni boj. Naravoslovci sicer sodijo, da tudi živali mislijo, vsaj višje razvite živali, toda njihove zmožnosti so v tem oziru zelo omejene.

Zmožnost povprečnega človeka za razmišljanje je skoro brezmejna. Iz misli nastajajo sklepi in temu sledijo dejanja.

V tej deželi smo srečni, da smemo svobodno misliti ter da smemo naše zaključke svobodno povedati drugim ali jih zapisati. V mnogih državah sveta dandanes tega ni. To se pravi, ljudje v diktatorskih deželah sicer smejo misliti, ker kaj takega je nemogoče preprečiti, toda svojih misli oziroma zaključkov istih ne smejo dati v javnost. V javnost smejo le miselnih zaključki posameznikov ali malih skupin, ki so se s silo ali zvijačo polastile oblasti.

Zal, da je v tej deželi svobode vedno preveliko število ljudi, ki so preleni za misliti. Vsak normalen človek ima na razpolago oči, da gleda, ušesa, da posluša, in pamet, da razmišlja. Dan za dnem vidimo in slišimo marsikaj, kar bi bilo vredno temeljitega razmišljanja, pa smo, zal, prekomodni za to. Mnogo lažje je osvojiti miselnih zaključke drugih. Tako je mogoče, da se posamezni prefriganci ali primeroma male skupine redijo na račun širokih ljudskih mas, ki so prelene, da bi same zase mislile.

Skoro vse politične in mnoge druge skupine poudarjajo, da je samo v njihovih programih rešitev vseh problemov. Čisto navadna pamet nam mora povedati, da to ni mogoče. Vsi različni programi ne morejo vsaki zase biti edino pravi in noben program ne more biti v vseh ozirih popoln. Vsak program pa lahko vsebuje nekaj dobrega in pametnega. Kljub temu lahko posameznik ali mala skupina pridobi za svoj zmesan, meglen in nalogičen program tisoče in milijone privrženecov iz vrst tistih, ki nečejo sami misliti.

Tako je mogoče, da se včasih velike množice ljudstva ogrevajo za, recimo, penzijske načrte, ki so na podlagi čisto navadnih računov neizvedljivi in nemogoči. Tako je mogoče, da velike ljudske množice verujejo, da bi samo ena radikalna izprememba v našem gospodarskem sistemu rešila vse gospodarske probleme. Kakor da bi izravnanje enega samega gnilega zoba moglo ozdraviti vse beteznosti telesnega sistema, od jetike, do srčne hibe, kile in naduhe. Naš gospodarski sistem ima mnogo hrib in vsako je treba zdraviti na poseben način.

Prebivalci te dežele izdajo vsako leto stotine milijonov dolarjev za razna patentirana zdravila, ki "zanesljivo" ozdravijo eno ali drugo bolezen ali pa kar vse bolezni. Milijoni ljudi so se že v svojo škodo prepricali, da temu ni tako, toda pri takih poskusnih nakupih sleparji bogatijo. Ako je eno ali drugo patentirano zdravilo res učinkovito, bo pač najbolje vedel naš zdravnik, ki se je posla izpoznavanja bolezni in zdravljenja istih učil v soli in praksi, in nam bo istega priporočil ali zapisal.

Vsak bi rad dobil kako vrednoto, za nič oziroma brezplačno, toda to je v našem gospodarskem sistemu nemogoče. Kar dobimo zastoj, navadno po zavutih okoliščinah zelo drago plačamo. Kdor v javnosti obljubljuje ogromne dobičke za male investicije, je morda bedak, ali še rajši slepar. Kjer delnice katkega podjetja res obetajo velike dobičke, niso iste na prodaj malim ljudem. Pokupijo jih bogataši, ki imajo na razpolago denar, poleg tega pa tudi eksperte, ki se morejo prejšnjim vrednosti ponujane blaga prepricati. To bi morala normalnemu človeku povedati čisto navadna pamet, če ne bi bil prelen za misliti.

Neznane tvrdke iz oddaljenih mest mnogokrat razpošiljajo po deželi vzorce blaga v nakup. Vse take ponudbe so sumljive. Naročniki dostikrat tako blago preplačajo in imajo težko dobiti denar nazaj, če z blagom niso zadovoljni. V takih zadevah je najbolj varno, da se držimo trgovcev v naših domačih mestih, posebno tistih, ki so naši člani ali naši rojaki. Pri tem je tudi vredno upoštevati, da kadar kolektamo za pomoč kakemu nesrečnemu rojaku ali za podporo našim kulturnim in drugim organizacijam, se obračamo na domače trgovce, ne na trgovce v daljnih mestih.

Za probleme naših podpornih organizacij se nam včasih priporoča to in ono kot zanesljiv in vse ozdravljajoči lek. Prav je, da pri takih priporočilih razmišljamo, če so izvedljiva in če so res zmožna odpraviti vse nepravilnosti, ne da nam bi prinesla novih. Dobro je tudi malo pogledati nazaj v zgodovino porabe takih ali sličnih

lekov. Marsikaka ideja je videti lepa, pa se v praksi slabo izkaže. Pri važnih problemih gospodarskega značaja je treba jemati potrebe in zahteve posameznih sistemov v celoti. Za zdravljenje, če je potrebno, pa naj bi se v prvi vrsti upoštevala tista zdravila, ki so se že v preteklosti izkazala za uspešna.

Seveda, s tem ni rečeno, da bi morali brezpogojno odklanjati vsako novo idejo. Še daleč ne, Marsikaka nova ideja je bila ob svojem rojstvu smatrana za nesmiselno ali celo škodljivo, pa se je pozneje v praksi izkazala za koristno. Ves napredek preteklosti je zgrajen na idejah, ki so bile nekoč nove in morda zasmehovane. Tako bo tudi napredek bodočnosti temeljil na novih idejah. Pomniti pa je treba, da vse nove ideje niso dobre. Temeljito razmišljanje pa nam jih more pokazati v pravi luči.

Nasa J. S. K. Jednota ne vsiljuje svojim članom nikakega določenega strankarskega ali drugega prepričanja. Pač pa jih potom svojega glasila večkrat poziva, da opazujejo vse, poslušajo vse in čitajo vse, potem pa naj razmišljajo o tem, kar so videli, slišali ali čitali. Misleči člani ne bodo nasedali sleparjem in demagogom, ampak bodo znali inteligentno ločiti dobro od slabega. Taki člani bodo v korist in ponos Jednoti, naši ožji slovenski skupini in naši republiki.

Tistim članom in članicam, katerih se tiče:

Ali so dediči ali dedične, katere ste imenovali v svojem certifikatu, še živi, ali so že umrli? Ako je oseba, katero ste postavili za dediča smrtnine, že umrla, potem je vaša dolžnost, da takoj imenujete novega dediča ali dediče. Sprememba oporoke v certifikatu je prej stala 25 centov, zdaj ne stane nič.

V preteklosti smo imeli že mnogo slučajev, kjer je dedič v certifikatu umrl prej kot član, in to nam je povzročilo veliko stitnosti in nepotrebnega dopisovanja. Vsega tega bi ne bilo treba, če bi bil član takoj po smrti dediča imenoval drugega dediča. Nedavno je pri nekem društvu umrl član, ki je imel oporoko narejeno na dve sestri, ki sta pa že pred 25. leti umrli. Ker sta sestri umrli prej kot član, oporoka ni bila veljavna in smrtnina se je morala razdeliti med najbližje sorodnike, kot določajo naša pravila. Vzelo je več mesecev, predno sem mogel ugotoviti, kdo je upravičen do smrtnine, in ko sem enkrat ugotovil stvar spravljen v red, sem pronašel, da je bilo deset dedičev upravičenih do iste, izmed katerih jih osem živi po raznih krajih v Jugoslaviji, dva pa v Canadi. Umrli član je brezdomno znal, da sta njegovi dve sestri že umrli, toda zanemarljivo je imenovali nove dediče, vsled česar je potem nastalo navedeno nepotrebno delo.

Točka v pravilih, ki pravi, ako dedič v certifikatu umre prej kot član, tedaj se ima smrtnina izplačati postavnim dedičem, je v korist člana in njegovih najbližjih sorodnikov. Jednoti pa naj večkrat povzroči stroške. Iskati po starem kraju uradne dokumente in poročila stane denarja, in to mora Jednota trpeti. Jednota bi se teh stroškov in tega nepotrebnega dela lahko izognila s tem, da osvoji novo točko v pravilih, ki ji bo dovolila, da v takih slučajih izplača smrtnino zapuščinskemu upravitelju ali administratorju, ki pa to delo ne vrši zastoj, in ako se bodo slični slučajji pogosto ponavljali še v bodoče, potem bom prisiljen staviti tozadevni predlog prihodnji konvenciji.

Če imate torej certifikat, v katerem so imenovani dediči, ki so že umrli, tedaj ne odlašajte z imenovanjem novih dedičev, ampak pojdite takoj k svojemu tajniku in izpolnite listino, ki je v to serho predpisana. S tem boste poskrbeli, da prejme smrtnino tisti, katerega ste sami izvolili ali postavili, glavnemu uradu boste pa prihranili mnogo nepotrebnih stroškov in dopisovanja.

Z bratskim pozdravom,

ANTON ZBASNIK, glavni tajnik.

VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

sta, ki so bila priobčena v mesečniku "The Fraternal Monitor" in ki jih bom skušal v naslednjem podatki v prostem prevodu:

"Zakaj skrbeti? Za skrb sta samo dva vzroka: si uspešen ali nisi uspešen. Ako si uspešen, nimaš vzroka za skrb. Ako pa si neuspešen, te moreta skrbeti le dve stvari: ali si zdrav ali si bolan. Ako si zdrav, nimaš vzroka za skrb. Ako pa si bolan, te moreta skrbeti le dve stvari: ali boš ozdravil ali boš umrl. Ako boš ozdravil, nimaš povoda za skrb. Ako pa umreš, te moreta skrbeti le dve stvari: ali pojdeš v paradiž ali pa ne pojdeš tja. Ako pojdeš v paradiž, nimaš vzroka za skrb. Ako pa pojdeš v oni kraj, ki je direktno nasprotstvo paradiža, boš našel tam toliko starih prijateljev, da pozdravljanja z njimi ne bo ne konec ne kraja in ne boš imel časa za druge skrbi. Torej, kaj bi skrbel?"

A. J. T.

DRUŠTVENE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

"The Woman From Croatia" je naslov zanimive ertice, ki jo je napisal naš rojak Louis Adamić in je priobčena v reviji "The Saturday Evening Post" z dne 21. novembra. Črtica se nanaša na hrvatsko priseljenko Mando in njeno potomstvo. Pričenja se v Smiljaku na Hrvatskem in se nadaljuje v Michiganu, v Calu-

metu in okrožju istega, v Detroitu in drugod. Zanimiva črtica, ki je vzeta iz resničnega življenja in ki bi se lahko nanašala tudi na kako zgodbo slovensko priseljenko, bo tvorila del bodoče Adamičeve knjige. Slovence in Hrvate opozarjamo na omenjeno storijo v The Saturday Evening Post. Čitali jo bodo z užitkom.

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

Maine, Vermont in New York. Središče potresa so aparati opazovalnic zabeležili nekeje v Atlantiku, kakih 150 milj severovzhodno od New Yorka.

VEČ SITNOSTI

Earl Browder, generalni tajnik komunistične stranke v Zedinjenih državah, je bil pred tedni pozvan pred Diesov kongresni odbor, ki preiskuje ne-ameriške aktivnosti. Tam so moža nadlegovali z različnimi sitnimi vprašanji. Že to je bilo nerodno, še večje sitnosti pa je povzročilo Browderjevo priznanje napram dotičnemu odbodu, da je Browder svoječasno potoval v inozemstvo s ponarejenim ameriškim potnim listom. Zvezni justični departament zdaj izjavlja, da namerava temeljito preiskati omenjeno afero s potnim listom.

HITLERJEVA POHVALA

Odelci slovaške vojske, ki so v sklepu nemške armade nastopali proti Poljakom, so se ne-

davno vrnili na Slovaško. V Spišu so jim prerediti svečan sprejem, ki so mu prisostvovali vojni minister general Čatoš, general Pulanič, komandant Hlinkove garde Sanjo Mach in spiški škof Jan Vojtašek. Nemški kancelar Hitler je ob tisti priliki poslal slovaškemu predsedniku dr. Tisu brzojavko, v kateri je pohvalil zadržanje slovaških čet. Slovaški generali so bili odlikovani z nemškimi železnimi križem. Tako so bili Slovani odlikovani in pohvaljeni od Hitlerja, ker so se borili proti bratom Slovanom!

TURSKA V ZVEZI Z ANGLIJO IN FRANCIJO

Med Turčijo na eni strani in med Anglijo in Francijo na drugi strani je bila pretekli teden podpisana pogodba medsebojne pomoči v zadevah Sredozemlja. Ta pogodba jamči Turčiji angleško in francosko pomoč, če bi bila od kakšne evropske države napadena Turčija ali če bi prišlo na Balkanu do vojne, v kateri bi bila prizadeta tudi Turčija. Obratno obljublja tudi Turčija svojo pomoč Angliji in Franciji, če bi bili prizadeti njuni interesi v Sredozemlju. Nemčija je baje vsled sklenitve te pogodbe zelo huda na Turčijo. Zanimiva je v pogodbi določba, da Turčija ni dolžna pomagati Angliji in Franciji, če bi se slednji zapletli v vojno z Rusijo. Z Rusijo želi Turčija slej ko prej ostati v prijateljskih odnosih.

Turško - angleško - francoska pogodba se od raznih strani različno komentira. Nekateri menijo, da pomeni jez nemškemu in ruskemu vplivu na Balkan, nekateri poudarjajo, da je s tem zajamčen mir na Balkanu, spet drugi pa mislijo, da so s tem balkanske države izpostavljene resni nevarnosti, da se zapletejo v vojno.

EVROPSKA SITUACIJA

V Stockholmu na švedskem so se bili pretekli teden zbrali h konferenci kralji Švedske, Norveške in Danske in predsednik Finske republike. Zedinili so se za strogo nevtralnost in za pospeševanja predlogov za sklenitev miru. Ameriški predsednik Roosevelt je poslal zborovalcem pozdravno brzojavko.

Ruske čete so okupirale strateške vojaške postojanke v Estoniji v smislu pogodbe, ki je bila nedavno sklenjena med Rusijo in Estonijo. Poroča se, da je bilo rusko vojaštvo prijateljsko sprejeto.

Iz neoficielnih angleških virov se poroča, da Anglija in Francija ne bosta zahtevali od Rusije, da vrne od nje zasedeni del Poljske novi poljski državi, če in kadar bo upostavljena. Dotični del dežele so Poljaki izrgali Rusom že po sklepu versajske mirovne pogodbe in poleg tega so bili tam Poljaki le v skromni manjšini. Iz tega bi se dalo sklepati, da Anglija in Francija nimata volje se zaplesti v vojno z Rusijo.

Nemški letalci so pretekli teden napadli angleško mornariško bazo, kjer so, po nemških trditvah močno poškodovali dve angleški vojni ladji in zbili na tla nekaj angleških letalcev. Po angleških poročilih je bilo pri tem napadu več angleških mornarjev ubitih, toda poškodbe na vojni ladjah so bile le neznatne in več nemških letal je bilo uničenih. Nemške podmornice še vedno povzročajo precej škode s potapljanjem angleških, francoskih in nevtralnih tovornih parnikov. Od druge strani pa poročajo Angleži in Francozi, da imajo precej dobre uspehe pri potapljanju nemških podmornic.

Na francoski fronti so Nemci na več krajih potisnili Francoze z zasedenega nemškega ozemlja. Večje vojaške operacije ovira deževno vreme.

Tekom enega tedna so se nemški letalci devetkrat pojavili nad angleškim ozemljem, toda

Jugoslovanska Katoliška Jednota v Ameriki

ELY, MINNESOTA

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Dopisi, društvena naznanila, oglasi, naročnina nečlanov in izposredovanje slovar naj se pošiljajo na naslov: Nova Doba, 6233 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Jugoslovanska Katoliška Jednota v Ameriki je najboljša jugoslovanska zavarovalnica v Zedinjenih državah in plačuje najliberalnejše pogoje zavarovanja. Jednota je zastopna skoro v vsaki večji slovenski naselbini v Ameriki in skor vsakega nosi njen član. Naj se zgleda na tečaj lokalnega društva ali pa naj piše na glavni urad. Novo društvo se lahko ustanovi z 8 člani. Jednota plemenita, neizplača se na njih vero, politično pripadnost ali narodnost. Jednota sprejema tudi otroke v starosti od dveh let do 16, leta in ustanovo lahko v mladinskem oddelku do 18. leta. Pristopnina za oboj oddelka je prosta.

Premorjenje znaša nad \$2,000,000.00. Solventnost Jednote znaša 115.9%.

NAGRADE V GOTOVINI

ZA NOVOPRIDOBLENE ČLANE ODRASLEGA IN MLADINSKEGA ODDELKA DAJE J.S.K. JEDNOTA NAGRADE V GOTOVINI.

Za novopridobljene člane odraslega oddelka so predlagani sledeči nagradi:

za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$ 250.00 smrtnine, \$1.25 nagrada;

za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$ 500.00 smrtnine, \$2.00 nagrada;

za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$1,000.00 smrtnine, \$4.00 nagrada;

za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$1,500.00 smrtnine, \$5.00 nagrada;

za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$2,000.00 smrtnine, \$6.00 nagrada;

za člana, ki se zavaruje za \$3,000.00 smrtnine, \$8.00 nagrada;

Za novopridobljene člane mladinskega oddelka pa so predlagani sledeči nagradi:

za člana starega načrta "JA" — \$0.50;

za člana načrta "JB" — \$2.00;

za člana novega načrta "JC" — \$500.00 zavarovalnice;

za člana novega načrta "JC" — \$1,000.00 zavarovalnice;

Vse te nagrade so izplačljive šele potem, ko so bili vsi člani plačani trije mesečni asesmenti.

le enkrat so napravili nekaj škod. Angleži so v tem času uničili 13 nemških letal.

mu je bil tako hvaležen, da je dal v plačilo največjo cenost, ki jo je imel, namreč ogromni biser. Prinesel je srečno v Zedinjene države ga znanstveniki še vedno dujejo. Po njihovem mnenju dotični biser začel rasti v ki najmanj pred 600 leti vsaj 200 let prej kot je lumb odkril Ameriko.

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New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF
Official Organ
of the
South Slavonic Catholic Union.

Nova Doba

AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS



Pa. Federation

Center, Pa. — On October 29 in Herminie there will be a meeting of the Federation of SSCU lodges in Western Pennsylvania. I have been wondering how many representatives of English-speaking lodges will be present.

When I attended my first federation meeting at Claridge in July, I found it to be an extremely interesting experience, and I am looking forward to attending some of these meetings in the future. This new experience, interesting as it was, would have been much more so, had I been able to understand that was being said, or to take part in the discussion. Many of the younger delegates, quite a few were present, expressed the same opinion. For this reason I have wondered if the Federation of English-conducting lodges in Western Pennsylvania might not be a success.

It is out of the question, I think, to try to organize such a group immediately. I do feel, however, that sometime in the future—within the next year perhaps—this will become a reality. At the present time, there are about six English-conducting lodges in Western Pennsylvania within a reasonable distance of each other. This part of the state has large memberships, and without a doubt, branch out. Some very good examples are Lodges 40 in Claridge, 38 in Export, and 116 in the Valley. Even if these lodges would not organize English-conducting units, it is my opinion that such a federation of English-conducting lodges now existing, could be established. As I mentioned, the six English-conducting lodges now existing, are not reasonable to think that the others would want to join.

I don't believe anything like this was ever attempted in Pennsylvania, and it may be a bit of a struggle to organize a group of energetic, SSCU youth in this section of the state. I think the situation is an impossible one. If this were accomplished, a large part of the younger element of the SSCU will be given the opportunity to realize what a very valuable part of our Union the youth is.

... you decided yet what a costume you are going to wear at the Rambler's Hal-... You have only a few more days in which to make your decision, so you had better believe you are all familiar with the facts concerning this matter, so I won't repeat them. I would like to say that the boys have promised to Stan Progar's original composition "All Alone With This" will be the first time a beautiful song will be played in public off the air. You want to miss this part of the other features, present at our annual Home Dance at the Slovene Home in Center on October 25. That is where your friends

Betsy Ross Dance

Cleveland, O. — Quite a crowd gathered at the dance last Saturday evening at the Slovene Workmen's Home on Waterloo Rd. There should (in my opinion) have been a better crowd there. We all missed Al Jelencic. What happened, Al?

Frank Yankovich and his orchestra to many people are tops. Yes, I believe the same. They played really wonderful. Thanking Yankie and his orchestra and hope to have them again with us in the near future SSCU events.

I had the pleasure of meeting Jo Rottar, who, when a little girl yet, was a good friend of my dancing partner last evening, Frances Poropat. Yes, Mr. Terbovec, the Slovene editor was also at the dance. Louis Kolar, the English editor and his wife Fannie were also there and I had a swell time talking with both of them. With Lou we were talking about the good old days in Ely, Minn.

Lou was really showing the steps the girls from Montana taught him. Yes, they did a fine job of teaching him. Miss Lillian Rudolf, a delegate in '37 was also there. Yes, boys she is looking better than ever at the present time. She had on a lovely dress and gold slippers. I wondered why I couldn't get a dance with her. The reason, why she had every dance taken. What about Lillian? We wonder about the bachelor idea, Phil Sirca. He certainly had a nice good-looking girl with him last Saturday. Am still wondering why Patsy Krall was not dancing? Mrs. Lunka was selling the tickets at the booth for admission to the dance. Mr. Lunka, secretary of the lodge, sold refreshment tickets downstairs. Andy Bohinc was also there dancing with all the pretty girls. The Poje sisters, of the well known Mr. Poje, the dry cleaner, were also at the dance and looking pretty as two pictures. There was Bill Golich, a regular Jitterbug having a good time with all the girls and yours truly also dancing with him.

Wishing to thank all the SSCU members and other people who came to the affair. They made it a fine one. We did miss a few of the members, but they will explain themselves—we hope.

Elsie M. Desmond

Lodge 198

Central City, Pa. — Members of lodge "Veseli Slovinci," 198, SSCU are urged to attend the next meeting, which will take place on Sunday, November 12. It was decided at the last meeting that our lodge hold a dance on Saturday, November 25, in the Polish hall. Therefore, at the November 12th meeting it will be necessary to elect a committee of entertainment to handle the various details in connection with the dance. It is very important that all members attend this meeting. Absentees will be punished according to the penalties provided in the by-laws; only sick members are excused.

All neighboring lodges are requested to join the crowd at our dance on November 25th. When other lodges shall hold lodge dances in the future we shall strive to repay them with our attendance.

Vincent Maljevac, Sec'y

Cash Customers

"Did you say a pound of soupmeat — nice soupmeat, with lots of nice bones? And a penny's worth of liver?"

"Yes," said the customer, "and don't give me only bones with the soupmeat. I want a nice piece of meat and nice bones extra."

My first customer in the meat business puzzled me. She wanted "lots of bones," and she didn't want only bones. A light struck the sea of darkness. Soup bones are given free with the meat, and the soupmeat, if cut from the shoulder necessarily has ribs in it, and ribs are bones; and my customer did not want a long bone or two embedded in the meat.

Timidly I ventured to say in somewhat incoherent Slovene: "Boneless beef is higher than the ordinary run of soupmeat. Do you want me to cut a piece from the leg, or perhaps you want a piece from the steak?"

"My, but you learn quickly," retorted my customer. "Who has been teaching you those bad habits." And with this remark she laughed out loud at my evident confusion. And my meat-cutter, who has taken care of many such shrewd customers for years, hastened to explain to the customer, for the nth time that all cattle must have a certain number of bones; that there is no such thing as a boneless cattle; that cattle is bought "as is," neck, shoulder, breast, hind and all.

My customer knew every piece of meat in the entire carcass. She knew from years of bickering the better cuts of meat, and also the prices. She had a devilish twinkle in her eye when the meatcutter came to my aid, as if to say, I know all about cattle; also, what you will say; your arguments, questions and answers.

And she certainly knew all the answers. If I suggested a piece of boneless meat from the neck, at a reasonable price, she retorted that that piece would make the soup bitter; from lower part of the leg, the meat would be too tough; from the shoulder, the meat had too many bones, and she didn't feel like paying good money for bones, etc.

She was lesson number one; and what a lesson! Honest as the day is long, she would call my attention to an oversight, where I had forgotten to include an article or two on the statement. Like many of our Slovenes who emigrated from across the Atlantic Ocean, she was "poštena," one who expected fair value in return for an honest dollar, and one who did not relish cheating anyone out of a single penny. However, she took every precaution to avoid possibilities of being cheated herself out of a single penny. Her motto was, like that of my mother and other Slovene mothers: We have to work hard for each dollar and we can't afford to spend it foolishly.

I was told, before embarking on the grocery and meat business, that meat cutting was an art, acquired only through many months of patient carving. But no one told me, and I was only half prepared for the situation... that explaining the different cuts of meats, how to prepare them, and their diversified uses, was an art in itself, and

BRIEFS

The Saturday Evening Post of October 21st contains a story by Louis Adamic. "The Woman From Croatia" is the title of the story, which deals with an immigrant Evanich family settling in the Michigan copper mines, in the early 80's. It is a true story that brings out the essential parts played by an immigrant, her children and grandchildren, in American life. Mrs. Evanich is the mother of 13 sons, 38 grandchildren and 7 great-grandchildren. Recommended to the readers.

First supreme trustee Janko N. Rogelj of Cleveland, O., will attend the Ohio Fraternal Congress convention in Akron, O., on Thursday and Friday, October 26 and 27. Bro. Rogelj will represent the SSCU at this important assembly of Ohio fraternalists.

In Barberton, O., lodge 44, SSCU will hold a Masquerade dance on Saturday, October 21, in lodge Domovina hall.

Center Ramblers, 221, SSCU of Center, Pa., will hold a Halloween dance on Saturday, October 28, at the Slovene Hall in Center.

In Davis, W. Va., lodge 106, SSCU will hold a dance on Saturday, October 28.

Western Pennsylvania Federation of SSCU lodges will hold their meeting on Sunday, October 29, at Herminie, Pa.

In Imperial, Pa., lodge 29, SSCU will hold a dance on Saturday, October 28, at the Slovene National Home. Dance will start at 8 p. m.

In Detroit, Mich., lodge 234, SSCU Brigadiers, will observe its first anniversary on Saturday, Nov. 4, at the home of Ann Babor, treasurer.

In Lorain, O., Ohio Federation of SSCU lodges will meet on Sunday, November 5, starting at 10:00 a. m.

To celebrate their twentieth anniversary, Lodge 203, SSCU of Cheswick, Pa., will observe its twentieth anniversary with a dance on November 11.

In St. Louis, Mo., lodge 87, SSCU will celebrate its thirtieth anniversary with a dance on Sunday, October 29, at the Slovene National Home on 3331 St. 7th St. Supreme president Paul Bartel will be the principal speaker.

Cleveland's Independent Singing Club Zarja will present the opera "Il Trovatore" on Sunday, November 5, at the Slovene National Home on St. Clair avenue.

From Rock Springs, Wyo. came a visitor to the Nova Doba office last week in the person of Mr. Arthur Taucher, son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Taucher. The visitor was on his way to New York City to attend the World's Fair. The Taucher family belongs to the SSCU, and the father, Louis Taucher, is secretary of lodge 18, SSCU of Rock Springs, Wyo.

one in which the man behind the counter never really mastered. — L. M. K.

Call For Additional Cleveland Bowlers

Cleveland, O. — I am wondering what has happened to all the bowlers in our SSCU lodges of Cleveland. Every Sunday, starting at 1:15 p. m., at Waterloo Recreation alleys, the Cleveland SSCU Bowling League holds its regular sessions. To date, only twenty bowlers have showed up, and certainly there are enough SSCU bowling enthusiasts to complete at least six teams. I would like to see more Cleveland SSCU bowlers come out for the teams. Plenty of fun awaits the keggers. It isn't necessary to be a topnotch kegger to join the league, for the circuit is conducted on a handicap basis. The fundamental purpose in organizing and maintaining this league is to accommodate the SSCU members interested in bowling.

And GIRLS! we also include you in the invitation to join the league. If you are at all interested, come to Pozelnik's alleys next Sunday. The address is: 15721 Waterloo Rd. Just ask for "Kelly," and I shall see to it personally that you will be given every consideration.

Louis "Kelly" Klemencic
No. 180, SSCU

Gathered Here And There

Butte, Mont. — Never hit a man when he is down—he might get up.

Like all explorers, the wife who persists in going through her husband's pockets often finds plenty of material for future lectures.

On being asked why he talked to himself, the not-so-stupid man replied that he enjoyed talking to a man of intelligence occasionally.

FAMOUS LAST WORDS: "I can't wait forever for that signal to turn green."

Some parents are rude, but others have learned to keep still when the kids are talking.

Today is the tomorrow I worried about yesterday and it never happened.

The eighth wonder of the world: "Wonder how the Joneses can buy so many things we can't afford?"

A woman's promise to be on time usually carries a lot of "wait."

FAMOUS LAST WORDS: "Look, it's not loaded."

That heroic soul who takes his misfortunes like a man, usually does so when he lays the blame on his wife.

Ridiculous people are those who merely mistake their lack of sense for a sense of humor.

News is gossip on a large scale.

Assembled by
Anne M. Gornick
Lodge 190, SSCU

Constituent — Mr. Blank, since your success in the primaries assures you of a political job for two more years, are you going to take a vacation?

Politician — Yes, I was nominated again, and if I am elected I'll take another two year's rest.

SSCU Delegates Urged to Remember Convention Pledge

By Little Stan



Little Stan

hear the ripple of excited voices as experiences are recounted.

Columns in Nova Doba written by top-notch SSCU writers cram every available space to bring you thrilling minute—almost photographic accounts of the impressive national affair of our organization. Every happy adventure not only of the delegates as a whole, but of individuals, is recounted. And you can bet your sweet young life that everyone who didn't make the grade to qualify had wished that they had worked only a little bit harder.

Fun is a wonderful thing. Without it nothing could be a success. And those swell times will never be forgotten. You can't beat it! Reading every line in the paper hungrily, most of us live over and over again the grand convention. Few if any think of tomorrow's big convention of similar nature. Will there be any convention? Will members of our vast society strive to reach another goal—that to attend another affair of this kind?

Those questions can only be answered after delegates to the 1940 Waukegan Quadrennial convention scan the records of past membership drives—drives which culminated in the grand conventions. Their critical eyes will not only gaze over the total new membership enrolled during the drive; but also they will look at the aftermath. By that, Little Stan means that records showing the gain or loss in membership in the months following the convention will be studied with even greater interest. It's something to think about.

For our South Slavonic Catholic Union does not merely promote membership drives and conventions to give their members and delegates a chance to play in wonderful vacationland; to have fun. Certainly that is a part of it, and everyone hopes that all have a wonderful time at these affairs.

But basically, our Union promotes convention enterprises of this sort to boost the membership, not only temporarily, BUT PERMANENTLY! Perhaps by this time, you can guess what Little Stan is driving at. Yes, it means that the load in the drive to maintain the increased membership falls on all our shoulders. How can we do it?—It isn't as difficult as it may sound.

If Little Stan sounds like an old Professor giving a lecture, don't laugh. Heh Heh... Because even though he can romp around in short pants, he can also be serious—when he wants to be. And this is a serious business because, if he and every other delegate to future juvenile and athletic conferences wants to "romp in short pants" so to speak, we'll all have to join hands by holding our membership gains to guarantee future conclaves of this sort. Sounds halfway logical doesn't it?

But getting serious again, Little Stan spent some time in the Home Office of our SSCU the other day, glancing over records of the 1935 and 1937 juvenile campaigns. It was found that about four or five months after the convention was over, a lot of the newly-enrolled membership dropped out of the Union. Not enough to cause any particular hullabaloo, but enough to make you kinda sit up and take notice and wonder. Wonder was: Do some of the members join only temporarily to help a member become a delegate?

Answer: It would seem very much like it in some places.—Result: The Quadrennial Convention which meets in Waukegan in 1940 might decide not to hold juvenile conventions or athletic conferences. That would be a calamity!

Recently a number of lodge secretaries in various parts of our SSCU states wrote Little Stan and asked him whether juvenile delegates had taken a sort of pledge to assist them in collecting dues from many of these new members. For since their active young members had enrolled so many new, the work on the local lodge secretary's shoulders increased tremendously. In many cases difficulty was encountered when the secretary went out to call on these people; difficulty in the sense that the member in question perhaps lived quite far from the secretary's home, making it impossible to make frequent trips.

Let's shift the scene back to convention hall in Washington school auditorium where our juvenile convention of 1939 gathered. You remember when we all arose, held up our right hand, and repeated the pledge which read in part, "to help and assist keeping our members enrolled in our SSCU by assisting our local lodge secretary in collecting dues?"

That moment was solemnly impressive. It filled us with a queer awe wherein we realized that a gathering such as we were enjoying could not have been made possible had we failed to enroll the members. It made us feel how big and wonderful our SSCU was, and it made a deep impression in our hearts when we firmly resolved to do our utmost to help keep the gigantic membership increase we were responsible for. AND WE MEANT EVERY WORD OF THAT PLEDGE!

Make believe we are again launching another campaign. Your prize has already been won. You have enjoyed every minute of it. Let's call this the aftermath. Let's round up everyone who helped us qualify as delegates and call on some of the new juvenile members we enrolled, collect dues, and more strongly impress on their minds what little it costs to belong to such a swell organization as we who are intimate machinelike parts of it—know it.

It would be very much appreciated, and our Home Office, our Supreme Board, and our members will certainly find moments to shoulder you with much commendation! It shows everyone how much you appreciated the opportunity given you by our SSCU. You wouldn't let a good pal down, now would you? The SSCU is your right hand pal. You can put Little

(Continued on page 4)

Sports Chatter

By Big Stan

Strabane, Pa. — The Panther has spoken. His mighty roar vibrated thru the Oakland stadium and sent the Blue Devils of Durham back home beaten, beaten by one point on the scoreboard but on the field, outsmarted, outtrazzled and outplayed to fully gain revenge for last year's defeat. The Panther has spoken but his roar is not the ferocious, blood curdling roar of yester years. It is somewhat subdued, a mixture of surprise, daring, uncertainty and a bit of the razzle-dazzle. It is a voice that does not tell the victim what to expect other than defeat at the end of play. It is a voice that is now being respected by all — a voice that definitely states that the Panther IS a power to behold.

The Pitt-Blue Devil Game proved this to the football world. As strong and powerful as were the lads of Durham, under the coaching of Wallace Wade, they could not match the brilliance, the alertness and the smartness of the new Panther and trained by Jock's number one man, Charlie Bowser. The great playing of that ace half-back from the South, George McAfee, was somewhat side-tracked by Cassiano, Kish, Narick in the Pitt backfield and the seven linesmen led by the two ends, Dickinson, and Rettinger. Time after time they broke thru the Duke defense to stop and smother plays before they crossed the line of scrimmage. Then too, one can not overlook Dickinson's brilliant play as he picked up a Duke threat but by his alertness, placed the Panther in scoring position from which the Panther threw the game in a 7-7 tie in the second period.

Cassiano in the Pitt backfield, the only hold over from the "dream team" of '38 that turned into a nightmare for the Pitt rooters, again stood out as bright as the glaring sun by his offensive and defensive work. Both Pitt touchdowns were registered by Cassiano on passes from his running mate, Narick and besides turning in the winning tallies, Cassiano thrice stopped the Duke ace, George McAfee from certain touchdowns after McAfee broke free and was headed for pay dirt. A potential All-American, that cannot be denied for Cassiano has been the difference between a very good Pitt year and a very bad Pitt year. Also, don't overlook the work of Narick and Kish. Narick is capable of some neat ball running and can heave passes that usually hit the bull's eye. In the quarter back spot, Pitt does not lack anything for Kish has manoeuvred Pitt to three wins this season solely by his alertness in calling the unexpected plays and picking the spots in which passes materialize into touchdowns after credited running attacks. It is the uncertainty of what's coming next that is bringing Pitt back into the limelight and the contending power division after the experts denied to consider Pitt as a threat. The Panther has spoken and his voice is being heard.

College football played at its best is played in Pittsburgh. That has been said of the Iron City a few years back and it still is. All three Pittsburgh Colleges are still unbeaten after three weeks of gridiron warfare with Carnegie Tech having a perfect record, three wins and an untouched goal line. The same must be said of the Duquesne Nite raiders, three wins and as yet, not scored upon. That in itself speaks with more influence than any writer pounding away football dope

for his readers. Two of the three schools have as yet to have their goal line marred by opponents cleats and all three have still to suffer their first defeat. But the Pittsburgh civil war is about to break. Duquesne meets Pitt in the first battle and a perfect record hangs in the balance. The Panther will have little trouble with his Hill-top neighbor but in the second stage of the civil war, the Tech Tartans, using the Panther system, will be a horse of another color. Pittsburgh's perfect records will be broken this year but one must remember that the most logical school to accomplish this feat will be a school from Pittsburgh. Which gives due reason for the old saying that "football is played at its best in Pittsburgh."

A Native's Return

Early last season, your reporter was told confidentially that the 1939 football season would see the great back, Boyd Brumbaugh, the Duke's former ace that tripped the Panther for the only Duke win in five games, wearing a Pirate uniform in the pro battles. It has now been confirmed and the next pro Pirate game will see the famous Springdale boy carrying the mail for the Pirates. He has been obtained from the Brooklyn Dodgers in exchange for Sam Francis and Johnny Tosi.

Boyd's many friends in the Pittsburgh district will receive this news with a very gladdened heart for now Boyd may be seen in action on more than just the invasion of the Dodgers as was true in the past. Many also believe that this is just what the Pirates need to get back into the win column and Quackie, as we called him in high school, is a tonic all by himself. He can put more fight into a football team than a war scare can put into a nation. So don't be surprised if the Pirates suddenly start to win games. Here is your reason.

Center Ramblers

Center, Pa. — Final reminder for SSCU members, their friends and acquaintances to attend the Center Rambler lodge, 221, Masquerade Dance on Saturday, October 28, at the Slovene Hall in Center. Music will be furnished by the Center Silver Stars. Cash prizes will be awarded for the best costumes. Dig out some of your old costumes, or any other old-fashioned togs, and take a chance on winning one of the prizes. So far we have always enjoyed the co-operation from all neighboring lodges, and we know that they won't fail us this time. A cordial invitation is extended to all to again spend a merry evening with us.

In behalf of the Center Ramblers, I wish to express my sincere sympathy to the bereaved husband Joseph Caro, whose wife Helen, passed away on Oct. 15, at 4:30 p. m. Burial took place at Plum Creek cemetery on October 19. The deceased was a good member of our lodge, and we shall miss her presence. Incidentally, she is the first death among the Center Ramblers. May she rest in peace.

Frances Blasco, Sec'y
No. 221, SSCU

Whifflebotham — Young man, have you the firmness of character that enables a person to go on and do his duty in the face of ingratitude, criticism and heartless ridicule?

Diocan — I ought to have, sir, I cooked for a camping party all summer.

Thanksgiving Day

Ely, Minn. — Thanksgiving Day. How many of us stop to think what the word Thanksgiving is connected with. We all know what thanks mean. We use that particular word innumerable times during the course of a day. We thank one another for this or that for something we have received. We like to associate the word giving with something someone presents us. Many of us, at one time or another, who have to fight our way through life—feel what is accomplished, we accomplish alone—that it's not necessary to give thanks to anyone. What a truly false conception that is. We have only to pause, to reflect to know that this is not a world of individuals. We have only to look about to realize that each one, in a measure, is dependent on the other. This is not a world of individuals—it is a world of brothers who work in unison for a common cause.

Again if we pause to reflect we cannot help but recognize the Great Architect of the Universe who has given us our natural resources. He, who provides the sunshine and rain, and lends us the land and the sea and all therein. It is He who conceals the germ of life in the seed and causes the seed to grow and bear fruit. It is we who benefit by his gifts of mercy. I like to let my thoughts drift back to the time, three hundred and eighteen years ago, when our Pilgrim forefathers set aside a day of Thanksgiving, to offer their thanks and gratitude for the mercies of Providence during the closing year. I think of the terrible hardships they endured, the crude living, lack of food and clothing, sickness, and all the other causes of dissatisfaction. Yet, even though many ills beset them, they were duly thankful for blessings received. It is a lesson of perseverance, devotion, and graciousness that the early colonists handed down to us.

As we look around us today, we see on every hand comforts that have been given us; making for us a more complete life. There is no possible way of comparing our conveniences with those of the Pilgrims—for they had none. Do we ever pause to consider our good fortune and give thanks for it? Are we to be less thankful than the pioneers who suffered every privation that we may now enjoy comfort? We can do no less than they—and in the doing—make the Thanksgiving sincere. Let us be thankful that our lives have been spared. Thankful for the loved ones and our friends. Grateful for the gifts of Providence. We have considered our personal benefits as a just cause for Thanksgiving. But there are other benefits of a far-reaching nature. We have very lately, passed through a period of uncertainty. We could almost hear the rumble of war machines. We could feel the tenseness in our land as the people waited in suspense, fearing that we would become embroiled in another war. At the same time our sympathy went out to those in immediate dangers.

We can be truly thankful that great men humbled their pride, rather than sacrifice the lives of men. We would surely, be ungrateful if we did not recognize this. We are in one great accord, and thankful; that those across the sea have not had to bargain their lives with the God of War. For what can we be more thankful than peace in the hearts of men?

Each day as the sun sets in the west, we will have received that for which we should be thankful. Let us be thankful. Let us prove to the world that we are a nation of peace—and home-loving in our unity; let us set the example. For what could

Life In a C. C. Camp

By Frank Mekina

In collaboration with Big Stan.
This is the third and last in a series of articles on Life in a C. C. Camp as based on actual experience and dedicated to Frank E. Vranichar and the many others that expressed a desire to know of the various activities of boys in the C. C. Camps.

Barberton, O. — While in camp, every boy again enjoyed the opportunity to "catch up" on studies he fell down on while in school or after he completed his high school career. The boys are encouraged to study any line that appeals to them and thru-out the entire camp stay, the officers emphasize the value of making use of idle time. The Berkeley High has night school for the boys that care to study the subjects there and those that wanted to could follow their pet studies thru correspondence courses supervised by the camp officers. The courses covered most every subject that the boys wanted and while the camp officers acted as interceders for the home study schools, they also acted in the capacity as instructors and gave the boys all the help they could. They encourage the boys on and as a result, most all the boys in camp followed one study or another. Especially those that attended the Berkeley High night school for it meant another night in the city. But as a result, the experiences in camp plus the studies the boys followed made them much brighter and more able to face life on the expiration of their camp term.

To keep the boys well occupied and give them some enjoyment, the camp officers presented stage shows and movies in the recreation hall every other Friday. Then in between the shows and movies, dances were sponsored in the camp recreation hall and girls from the nearby town were invited to attend. Most of the girls are glad to attend and one of the boys would take the CC truck out and bring in the women. The dances are the high spots of camp life and were looked forward to with keen delight by both the town girls and the boys. Every body conducts himself with respect for just one mis-step would mean the cancellation of all future dances. The good times always ended at twelve and the girls were taken back to town until another such affair.

To satisfy those that craved for sports, the camp sponsored basketball and baseball. In the winter months, basketball was played by most every boy in camp. The camp team is picked and games played at a Berkeley gym. The games are played with the neighboring camps and some are played with independent teams in Berkeley. Basketball takes on great interest for every camp fights hard to rule on the basketball court and the games are played with greater spirit than school games. Then, each barrack forms its own team and again the rivalry is great for here the boys try to outdo each barrack and be the camp champs. Often, different crews would form teams to prove the better in the camp. All in all, sports of all variations are played with great interest for the competitive spirit is great, especially if the contests are between the boys in one camp.

Baseball has its share of interest in the three C's for again the different camps try to win the coveted baseball crown of the three C's. During the summer, it holds the spotlight and those that don't play usually follow the team and lend moral support to help bring back the bacon to their camps. At times, the camps turn out ball teams that are really hard to beat. Even some of the best independent and semi-pro teams fall victims to the excellent teamwork developed on a camp ball team. For in all sports, the camp life bears out the importance of co-operation between one and another and the boys usually adhere to the teachings of their officers.

Football is seldom played in the three C's. Although some of the camps go for football, in Wildcat camp the winter sports start and end with basketball. But once during my stay in camp, an argument arose as to who had the best crew in work and football. To prove the points of the debaters, a football game was arranged between the two crews and after a hectic afternoon on the gridiron, the game ended in a nothing to nothing tie and left the question just as unsettled as before the game started.

Life in the C. C. camps is never with a dull moment. When the boys are not studying, playing games, reading or do not go to town, they try every conceivable prank they can pull on a "camp buddy." Maybe a fella forgot to place his shoes away before retiring and in the morning when reveille sounds, he cannot pick up his shoes, and therefore must stand at attention for the flag raising barefooted. No, no, it's not because he's tired but because some one nailed them to the floor the night before. And often times, the boys would take the sheets off the beds and fold them in the middle. When the occupant tries to crawl in, he gets stuck and must tear his bed apart and refix it all over again before he can rest. Then, too, sometimes one would crawl in his bunk only to find that the bed is covered with water or crushed corn flakes smuggled in from the kitchen. On more than one occasion the victims were too tired to get up and clear the mess and would sleep in it all thru the night and dream about returning the prank on the guilty person. Sometimes the joints of the beds were loosened to such a degree that when the occupant laid on the bed, zowie, he and the bed would crash to the floor. And when the boys were tired of the above pranks, they would hide the bed clothing from the beds. As the lights are turned out at nine thirty, the victim would have to hunt for his bed clothing in the dark or do without them. In most cases they did without them for it was impossible to find them.

All in all, the pranks played on each other were taken in the spirit of fun and never was a quarrel or bad feeling created between one and another. Somehow, the boys welcomed the pranks for they did much to break the monotony of camp life. The laughs received from being the victim or from being the accused compensated for the misery of the pranks. Then, too, the good natured fellows were received with open arms by his buddies if he could take it.

Oh yes, before it slips my memory and I forget to relate it, I meant to tell you awhile back on how the barracks are run. Each barrack is in charge of one of the leaders, picked by the Captain. One barrack accommodates about thirty-five to fifty boys and their conduct while in the barracks is in complete charge of the barrack

Armistice Day

Ely, Minn. — People of every nationality and creed remembered back 21 years when the Armistice was signed—the Armistice which brought to an end the Great World War. Many of the people look back with heartache and with tears on what the World War did to their families. It seems only yesterday that we stood on the streets and heard the chimes of the churches, the whistles, the cheering of the crowds, the long awaited words, "The Armistice is signed—the war is over." And then several months passed and the first transport returning American soldiers landed in New York. And up and down Broadway we heard the marching of feet. And again we heard the bugle, not of war, but of peace. The cheers of the American public echoed and re-echoed "Our boys are coming back home." What a gala holiday was celebrated. Emotions ran high—the strain was over—the war was over—the first American soldiers were again on their own soil. For the time being, the American public did not remember that in many homes in the city and in the country, shone brightly the gold stars—stars that told us of the men—the boys—who would not—who could not come back—men and boys, who had died on foreign soil.

Each year on November 11th at eleven o'clock in the morning, we are asked to turn to the East and remember the men who did not come back. There seems to be a word that has found its way into the consciousness of countries all over the world, a word which we know, just 21 years ago, brought horror, destruction, agony to mankind—war. Hardly has the destruction of the last war been remedied before we have the foreboding — the indication — that there is another war. Do we want another war? Can we

boss. He sees to it that the boys behave and keep their portion of the barrack in ship shape condition. During barrack inspection, the leader must answer to all complaints from the inspector. He usually finds out when the inspection takes place and hustles the boys to make extra sure everything is in place. The boys stand at attention at the foot of their beds as the inspector comes by with the barrack boss. Every thing must be in place. The beds fixed just so, clothes in their proper places and all shoes shined. If some complaint is found, the barrack boss must explain as to its occurrence. Of course, later on the guilty person must answer to the barrack boss.

To make the job of keeping the barracks in ship shape condition a more pleasant task, the camps sponsor contests between the barracks. The winners usually receive special favors and the barrack with too many demerits find their privileges taken away. As all barracks want the distinction of being the cleanest, you can easily see why the boys toe the mark and listen to their barrack boss.

And so goes life in the three C's. It is one experience that every boy should have as the value in both education and co-operation with strangers is too great to miss. I hope that Stan and I have fulfilled our mission of giving you all the color of camp life and gave you a general idea of life in the Civilian Conservation Corps. As most of the camps are run on the same order, our resume can be applied to all camps. They are all thrilling and adventurous.

Submitted by:
Frank Mekina
Stan Progar

LITTLE STAN'S ARTICLES

(Continued from Page 1)

Stan on your left. Let's go out and check up with our secretaries and see if she needs any help. It won't take much of your time, and it will make you feel so much better.

Bro. Anton Zbasnik, Father of the Juvenile Convention, told the Stan who within a moment will be an uncle, both hope every juvenile delegate took the pledge at the convention will remember that with all the other fine and things. We'll be looking for you! Can we count on you?

Dzudi — Why does Mr. stand at the head of the raising business in this try?

Bunchuck — Must be it's too dangerous to stand the other end.

Mrs. Kulper — Say, Mr. did Rastus give Liza an engagement ring for being engaged?

Miranda — No, Mr. he done bettah dan. At huh an engagement wright huh 'lectric wash-machine.

Dad — Well, Jimmie, you like the whistle I gave for your birthday?

Jimmie — It's the best ent I received, Dad. Mother gained to give me a nice day not to blow it.

afford another war? As newspapers show it and newsreels showing the destruction in Europe—we should that the men who control destiny of this great country will have the courage to say to Europe—if you insist making war on each other not expect an ounce of American grain—a dollar of American money—nor a man wearing American army or navy uniform to set foot on foreign soil. Do the men—will the men who carry the destiny of mothers and your fathers your homes and your families in their hands—will they to set up America as an example of what a real Armistice and should mean?

You young mothers, rocking your babies, sing them lullabies—do you what is being planned while dream of your son growing manhood? There are those are planning to make bigger better airplanes—a flight airplane—a flight of death life. You mothers and you who send your young boys to school each morning—what making plans for their future—do you realize that the mistice Day—there are boys who are making uniforms who are making uniforms for you mothers and fathers as you hear the prayers of boys—of your babies—there are those who are using chemicals to make deadly to destroy that which have brought into the world. Do you mothers and you realize that while you are ing to build sturdy young that somewhere there are who are waiting to again the bugle notes that call those who are fit to be killed.

You who would build did young men, strong, do you know that there are who are trying to produce powerful guns—guns that someday leave a golden ray your window and bitter in your souls? Are we continue to observe the 1918 or are we going to be whirlpool of war madness friends, it is for you to that question.

Submitted by:
Florence Dorothy
No. 124

RADIVOJ REHAR:

SEMISIRIS

ROMAN

"Raduj se moje milosti in mojih svaril in mojih naročil! Le tebi govorim: Ko si storil naročeno, pojdi in stori dalje po moji besedi! Ker nekdo je, ki je gad in steguje svojo glavo s svojimi zobmi, ki so strupeni in čaka. Nate čaka, ki si moj izbravec, da ti zasadi v telo svoje zobe in te zastrupi s svojim strupom. Odprti oči in glej: v prikupni podobi prihaja in sužnja tvojega se imenuje."

"O gadu mi govoriš, o silni?" je vzkliknil faraon. "Slišim Tvoje besede in umejem njihov smisel, a imena ne doumem. Kdo je, ki čaka in ki govoriš o njem?"

"Iz tvoje bližine je."

"Amonis?"

"Ne dvomi v mojega svečenika."

"Tutalis?"

"Proti večeru se nagiblje njegovo življenje."

"Neferamis?"

"Oskrbuje tvoj dvor in obrede."

"Sitis?"

"Varuje ti zaklade."

"Amarazis?"

"Zvestoba zvestobe je njegovo ime."

"Libis?"

"Po mojem ukazu sodi in ne po svoji besedi."

"Kdo je tedaj?"

Zlato božanstvo ni odgovorilo. Potresni sunek je v tistem hipu razmajal tla, stene so zastokale, strop se je zazibal. Semis Ofiris je prestrašen planil kvišku.

"S svojim srdom mi odgovarjaš?" je kričnil. "Ne razumem Tvojega odgovora."

Potresni sunek se je ponovil še močnejše.

"O veliki, silni, najsilnejši! Zakaj je Tvoja jeza udarila naša tla in zamajala naše stene? Milost!"

Faraonove besede so izzvenele v krik groze, a odgovor zlatega božanstva je zamrl v novem, tretjem in najmočnejšem sunku. Malik se je zamajal, nagnil in telebnil na tla pred faraona, ki je preplašen odskočil, izbulil oči in se zastrmel v skrivnostno prikazen. Tam, kjer je stal poprej porušeni zlati kip, je stala sedaj spačena starka. Za njo je zevala temna, v steni se izgubljajoča odprtina.

"Ti?" je kričnil Semis Ofiris. "Čarovnica Arikidinila... Ti si govorila... skrita v kipu. Ni govoril On. Kako si prišla sem?"

Faraon je planil proti starki, ki si je šele tedaj opomogla od presenečenja nad tem, kar se je zgodilo, se s skoraj mladostno naglico obrnila in skočila v temno odprtino. Toda potres je pokvaril dvigalo. Zaman je pritiskala na vzvod.

"Stoj!" je kričnil Semis Ofiris in udaril na gong.

V sobo je planila telesna straža.

"Zgrabite čarovnico!" je ukazal, toda stražniki se niso ganili. "Zgrabite jo!" je zarjul s pobesnelim glasom.

Starka se je okrenila proti njemu, se vzravnala in uprla vanj svoj srep pogled. Počasi, samogibno je dvignila desnico in dejala:

"Ne dotikaj se me, Semis Ofiris!"

"Zgrabite jo!" je ponovil tdo faraon.

"Gorje tebi in vsakomur, ki se me dotakne! Šakal Anubis in vladar temin Osiris sta moja čuvarja. Kadar ju pokličem, bo konec tvoje slave, Semisirisa in Atlantide."

"Zgrabite jo!" je zarjul faraon, da so se zdrznili stražarji in kakor stroji planili proti starki, ki je z dvignjeno desnico in ne da bi se skušala braniti pustila, da so jo prijeli in ji zvezali roke na hrbtu.

"Pokličite Neferamisa, Amarazisa in Ibiskisa!" je ukazal faraon.

"Kaj nameravaš?" je vprašala mirno Arikidinila.

"Videla boš."

"Svarim te še enkrat: izpusti me!"

"Ne! Izvedeti hočem, kako si prišla v kip, kako si mogla govoriti v imenu Najvišjega in zakaj si mi narekovala stvari, ki sem jih izvršil?"

"Ne uniči zadnje rešitve!"

"Molči!"

"Potem si izgubljen."

Upelani so planili v sobo Neferamisa, Amarazisa in Ibiskisa ter prestrašeni vztrepotali, ko so zagledali pred seboj čarovnico.

"Poklical sem vas," je dejal faraon, "da mi pomagate razrešiti uganko, ki kmalu ne bo več uganka. Amarazis, pomnoži straže in pazi, da čarovnica ne pobegne; a ti Ibiskis, preišči ozadje porušenega kipa. Od kod in kako je prišla čarovnica do moje sobe? Kam vodi ta odprtina?"

Ibiskis je stopil k steni in posvetil v tesno špranjo. Opazil je odprtino, komaj dovolj veliko, da more vanjo človek srednje debeline. Ko si jo je natanko ogledal, je spoznal, da je v njej dvigalo na vzvod, ki ne deluje.

"To je skriten dohod iz podzemlja, oskrbljen z dvigalom," je dejal po kratkem molku. Zakrival ga je zlati kip Najvišjega. Po njem je mogla čarovnica neopaženo priti do njega in obstati v votlini. Potres, ki je porušil kip, je pokvaril tudi dvigalo in spuščevalno napravo. Morali bi jo šele natanko preiskati in popraviti, da bi mogli dognati kam vodi. Sicer pa, naj govori čarovnica sama."

"Kam vodi dvigalo? Odkod si prišla," je vprašal faraon.

Arikidinila je ostala negibna kakor kip. Ni odgovorila, in na njenem obličju se ni ganila niti ena sama mišica.

"Govori!" je ukazal veliki.

Zastoj.

"Dobro, ugotovili bomo sami. Sedaj razumem vse. Če je bil votel ta kip in je skrival skrivni dohod iz podzemlja, potem je votel tudi oni, ki stoji v sobi pobegle princeze iz dežele večernih gora. Preiščimo ga!"

Faraon, Neferamis, Amarazis in Ibiskis so se napotili v palačo ljubimk. Za njimi so stražniki vlekli nemo Arikidinilo. Ibiskis je udaril po kipu božanstva, nastavlil uho na kovino in prisluhnil.

"Tudi ta je votel..." je dejal.

"Odstranite ga!" je ukazal faraon.

Ibiskis je poklical stražarje in evnuhe in jim dal navodila za delo. Skušali so kip najprej omajati, a ker se ni vdal, so prinesli dleta in pričeli razbijati kamenje, h kateremu je bil pritrjen s kovinskimi vezmi. Ko so jih odstranili, se je kip sam odluščil od stene in — za njim se je pokazala prav taka odprtina kakor za kipom v faraonovi sobi.

"To je pot, po kateri je pobegnila princeza," je dejal Amarazis.

"Da," je pritrdil faraon.

"A kako je mogla kip odstraniti in spet postaviti na prejšnje mesto?" je vzkliknil Neferamis.

"Tudi to skrivnost razrešimo," je dejal Ibiskis in pričel preiskovati kip sam. Kmalu je ugotovil, da je sestavljen iz dveh polovic, iz zadnje, ki je tvorila nekeake podboje, in iz prednje, podobne vratom. Posebna strojasta naprava je omogočala prednji pokrov odpreti, toda samo od notranje strani. Ko je bil zopet zaprt, se od zunaj ni dal premakniti.

"Zamotana naprava, velika mojstrovina," je vzkliknil graditelj. Sedaj je dvigalo spuščeno in počiva neke v neznani globini. Človek, ki pozna napravo, pride lahko do nje, se dvigne v njej do kipa, ga od znotraj odpre, opravi svoje delo v sobi, se vrne v kip, ga spet zapre ter odide po isti poti in na isti način v podzemlje."

"Tako je napravil tisti, ki je odpeljal princezo," je dejal Neferamis.

"Torej sama tega ni mogla storiti?" je vprašal faraon.

"Nikoli," je odgovoril Ibiskis.

"Skrivnost je razrešena," je dejal Semis Ofiris. "Ta skrivna pota je doslej poznala samo čarovnica."

"In ona je odpeljala Evalasto," je vzkliknil Amarazis.

"Da," je pritrdil faraon. "Samo ona, nihče drugi. Potem se je obrnil k zvezani Arikidinili in dejal ukazujoče:

"Priznaj!"

Starka ni odgovorila.

"Odgovori svojemu gospodu, faraonu faraonov!" je ukazal Neferamis.

Zaman.

"Govori!" je kričnil faraon.

Starka je molčala.

"Pošljem te v mučilnico, tam boš govorila!" je siknil veliki. Tedaj se je čarovnica vzravnala, mu zaničljivo pogledala v oči in dejala:

"Arikidinila ne odgovarja onim, ki jih je preklela. Če je v tebi moč, je v meni sovraštvo, ki je še močnejše. Svarila sem te, Semis Ofiris! Preživela sem vrsto tvojih prednikov, strla jih je moja kletev. Nad njimi je bilo moje maščevanje. Ne poznaš mi izvora in ne veš, kdo sem. Nihče izmed vas ne ve. Samo en človek je na svetu, ki pozna mojo skrivnost."

"Povej jo!" je dejal faraon.

"Izpusti me!"

(Dalje prihodnjé)

Fran Milčinski:

O kozici, slovnic in blagostanju

O našem dekletcu že dolgo ni sem nič povedal. Pravijo sicer, da so vobče one dame boljše, o katerih se manj govori. Toda je naše dekletce na poti proti damstvu prispelo šele do stopnje, ki jo označuje nežna prispejdba s kozo, pa mislim, da ne more upropasti ugleda in bodočnosti naše kozice, ako izpregovorim o njej dve, tri besede.

Dekletce raste in ji postaja jo krila od dne do dne modernejša, namreč prekratka.

Če se in spleta že sama. Kiti ji slikovito padata nizdol sredi koščenih pleč in je obžalovati zgolj brezsrčnost matere narave, ki je ustvarila pleča vzd in ne spred, vsled česar zrcalo ob vsej dobri volji ni kos in ni, razdreti lastnim zvedavim očem mlade gledalke divoto njenega lasovja. Ima namreč naša kozica že zmisla za pojave ženske lepote, seveda kolikor jih je moči doseči brez prenapornega prizadevanja z vodo in milom. Madežev od črnila, vernih prič njenega delovanja na polju šolske prosvete, niso ji na primer prstki prosti ne ob petkih ne ob svetkih. A na vrhuncu biva zemeljske slasti, kadar ji tičita nogi v belih šolnicah iz jele-nove kože.

Kot najstarejša izmed našega podrastka se zaveda svoje vodilne vloge in jo tudi udeležuje.

Poverjeničstvo za bogočastje je izročeno njenim rokam in ga upravlja večje in neustudno, ne-sebično in nepristransko. Molitev, molitvic in pobožnih zdi-hljajev pozna milijon, takih z odpuiski in takih brez. V jas-nem sopranu kipi njena pobož-nost proti nebu in ko pride do "Cast bodi Očetu," nobenkrat ne izpusti, zategniti "čast" in zraven pokloniti glavo. "Roro-rorororo" jo spremljajo nižji glasovni bratce — vsi trije po-grkujejo, prvi iz naravnega svojstva svojega grla, mlajša dva, ker sta se naučila od sta-rejšega — in bi jih bilo slišati

utrgal jaz, dasi mi včasih iska-jo-če oko še uhaja po zeleni grivi. Naša kozica pa jih prinaša kar v šopih domov in da bi res bila to, kakor jo kličemo, bi skoro lahko živela ob sami štiri- in petperesni deteljici; tako pa z njo zgolj kvari slovensko knji-ževnost: vsi Zvoni in Kresovi, oba Wolfa in Pleteršnika sta mi že polna tega stisnjenega bilja.

Iz opisanega njenega razmer-ja napram deteljici je dopusten sklep, da je vid naše deklice v zadovoljivem redu. Pa vendar sama zatrjuje, da vidi slabo, in trdi to vsakokrat, kadar jo po-dim h klavirju.

Potemtakem bi ji klavir neu-godno vplival na vid. Pa more-biti na vonj tudi, ker dosledno namrdne nos, kadar mu pride blizu. In še toži o njem, da na-gaja njenim prstom. Čudna ži-val tak klavir!

Skratka — klavirja naše de-kletce ne ljubi.

Ljubi pa knjige in — kar je poglavitno — ljubi šolo. Šola je poglavitna reč! Šola je ste-ber človeške družbe in sploh in tako dalje, kakor že rečeno. In sem bil zadovoljen in vesel, ko sem gledal, s kakim navduše-njem je pohajala tisti svoj čer-trti razred, se učila in izdelova-la svoje naloge.

Pa se je zgodilo, da me je iz-nenadila, iznenadila baš zastra-n šole in nikakor ne prijetno. Bil sem par tednov z doma in sem bil srečen, ko sem se zo-pet vrnil v vajeni red in našel vse zdravo.

Dekletce se me je kakor po navadi oklenilo okoli vratu pa sem jo kakor po navadi vprašal: "Kozica, ko me ni bilo do-ma, da bi te priganjal, ali si se tačas kaj učila klavirja?"

"Klavirja?" je dejala in so se ji zaiskrile oči. "O, klavir-ja, je samostalniček moškega spo-la, ednina, drugi sklon, klavir, klavirja, klavirju, klavir, pri klavirju, s klavirjem, pika." In me je pogledala zmagovito.

Odgovor mi ni ustrezal. Ne rečem, obsebi je bil nemara pravi-len. Ali imel je hibo, da se ni dotikal vprašanja. Pa sem de-jal: "Ti mi povej, ali je bila go-spodična pri klavirju s tabo za-dovoljna?"

Zopet so se ji zaiskrile oči in so ji zažarela lica: "Zado-voljna? 'Zadovoljna' je pridev-nik ženskega spola, ednina, prvi sklon. Zadovoljen, zadovoljna, zadovoljno—" in potem je ne-srečni ta pridevnik mikastila v vseh treh spolih in v vseh treh številah, oziroma kolikor jih je, in ji je šlo: drrrrrr — na kon-cu je rekla: pika. In še je do-stavila: "Ne boš me ujel!" — Kakor da je ne vprašujem za-radi klavirja, nego se z njo lo-vim kaj vem po kakšni gmajni.

Pa mi niti ni pustila časa, da preudarim, kako naj drugače zasučem vprašanja, da pridem do cilja, ampak je obrnila bojno kopje in mi ga nastavila na prsi: "Pa ti sedaj odgovori, atek, kateri so oziralni zaimki!"

Boj Bog, oziralni zaimki! Se-veda so! Mar jih tajim? In jih je kolikor toliko. Toda se ne sme takole butniti vame z vprašanjem. Človek ima vendar ži-vece — ne? Če kar treščiš vame z vprašanjem, potem seveda ne morem odgovoriti — še svoje lastno ime bi pozabil tisti hip.

Pa je že kar sama odgovarja-la mesto mene: "Oziralni zaim-ki so, dvopičje, prvič samostalni, dvopičje, kdor in kar, vejica, drugič pridevni, dvopičje, kate-ri, katera, katero — in tako da-lje in je kar mižala in ji je šlo drrrrrr, pika.

Kaj takega še nisem bil videl in slišal, jemalo mi je sapa, njej pa je zrastle samozavest in mi je ukazala: "Atek, vprašaj me še nedoločne zaimke!"

Pa je zopet zadržala nedo-ločne zaimke, dvopičje in na koncu pika, in ne vem več, ka-tere je našla nedoločne zaim-ke, vesel sem, da sem si za-pomnil od oziralnih tri.

Bogme, stvar se mi je zdela čudna.

Dejal sem: "Dekletce, ali te veseli to-le?"

Odgovorila je in je bila kar zamaknjena od rajskega blažen-stva: "Atek, ni lepšega na sve-tu, nego je slovica."

Zraven je sedela žena in so ji nosnice razodevale zadovoljstvo in ponos.

Meni pa je pritisnila v glavo skrb.

Ali je pravilno, ali je narav-no, da se mlado, zdravo deklet-ce v nežni starosti desetih let tako brezmejno navdušuje za sklene in zaimke in števila in kaj vem še za kaj in da nima ves pestr svet nič lepšega za-njo nego slovico.

Spal sem zelo slabo tisto noč, drugo jutro pa sem šel in se po-klonil gospe učiteljici.

"Dovolite," sem dejal, "da imam čast, jaz sem ta in ta..."

Prijazno mi je stisnila roko: "Veseli me," je rekla, "jako na-darjeno imate hčer."

"Prosim," sem rekel, "veste razumete — skrbim mi povzroča zastra-n slovnic..."

"O," me je prekinila, "pomi-rite se, v slovnic je doma ka-kor v lastni košulji. Lahko vam čestitam. Kajti baš slov-nica je podlaga vsem drugim ve-dam in strokam, tako rekoč tem-elj bodočnosti in blagostanja. Veseli me, resnično me veseli!"

Nisem vedel reči drugega, ne-ga da sem se vljudno zahvalil in poslovil, in mi ni bilo ljubo, da sem se ob pragu spodteknil. Pa sedaj premišljujem svet in slovnic in sebe.

Delal sem in se trudil vse ži-ve dni, že postajam siv, ali o bodočnosti in blagostanju pri-meni še ni sledu — mislim, da tri knjige in en bel telovnik še ne štejejo za bodočnost in bla-gostanje. Ugibal sem že večkrat kaj je temu krivo. Pa sedaj pre-udarjam, ali je morebiti krivo to, da nedostaje moji bodočno-sti in mojemu blagostanju ona-ga dovolj trdnega temelja, ki ga je omenila gospa učiteljica?

Ako je tako — ali je še čas in ali ni prekasno in ali je sploh mogoče, da si sedaj na stara le-

ta še izboljšam in nadomestim omenjeni moj nedostati in melj?

"Temelj" — če bi vedel kaj to... Oziralni zaimek nima ni pa še ne vem, ali se sklopi ali sprega...

Poizkusil bom s svojim de-letcem. Rada me ima, mogoče se nama posreči in me deklet-ce nauči, da vendar ne bom do-življal zastra-n bodočnosti in blagostanja.

Zveze s starim krajem

POSTA: Na mnoga vprašanja odgovarjamo, da poštna zveza z Jugoslavijo in Italijo redno funkcionira; poštnice sicer, toda stalno. Po poštovalnici se lahko od tujca tja in tja od tam tja, ako na vsak način hoče.

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STARO-KRAJSKI POSIL: Mi smo stalnem dopisovanju s starim krajem in tudi od tam razmeroma redno pri-mamo. V starokrajških poslih smo radi v pomoč. V slučaju potrebe se nam nite na:

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Vsaka gospodinja, ki se zaveda svoje odgovornosti za zdravo in pravilno prehrano družine, si mora to knjigo omisliti. Vsaka gospodinja se mora namreč priučiti umetnosti, kako bo svojim domačim nudila zdravo hrano v potrebi izbiri in menjavi. Vsaka gospodinja bo hotela tudi svoje goste iznenaditi s posebno izbranim jedili. Za vse to ji bo najboljša vodnica in učiteljica ta SLOVENSKA KUHARICA

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