

Naslov — Address  
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# NOVA DOBA

(NEW ERA)

Bratstvo, poštost in neseljna  
ljubezen članstva do J. S. K. Jed-  
note more isto obdržati na častni  
višini.

URADNO GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLIŠKE JEDNOTE — OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE SOUTH SLAVONIC CATHOLIC UNION

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VOL. IX. — LETNIK IX.

## RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

IZBOLJŠANJE gospodarskega stanja dežele se opaža v različnih panogah in na različne načine. Tu in tam so že bile nekaj zvišane plače. Tu in tam se plačujejo dividende. Trgovine na drobno vlagajo velika naročila. Industrijska proizvodnja gre počasi, pa stalno navzgor. Zeležna industrija obnavlja 56-procentno, medtem ko je pred dvema mesecema obravalo le 18-procentno. Cene platenin so se od meseca marca dvignile za 9 procentov, cene farmerskih pridelkov pa celo za 25 procentov.

Sprejetje "industrial recovery" postave, ki se pričakuje v tem tednu, bo nedvomno znatno dvignilo industrijsko aktivnost in s tem nakupovalno moč naroda. Izboljšanje gospodarskega stanja se vrši počasi, pa gotovo, in vsa znamenja kažejo, da se polagoma vračamo v boljše čase.

V ZVEZNEM KONGRESU je bila sprejeta važna postava, ki določa 17 in pol milijona dolarjev za petletno vzdrževanje prostih federalnih agencij za zaposlitve brezposelnih.

PREISKAVA poslovanja podpadle National City banke v New Yorku, katere predsednik Charles E. Mitchell se je na prefigran način izognil plačilu \$850,000 dohodninskega davka, je prinesla še druge lepe reči na dan. Plače direktorjev, ki so nosili razne uradniške naslove, so bile sijajne; kdo je zaslužil samo \$25,000 na leto je bil smatrana za večino med njimi. Ni čuda, da je pri takem poslovanju toliko bank zagazilo v blato, iz katerega se ne more izkopati. V prvi vrsti seveda pri tem trpijo vlagatelji.

IZ DRŽAVNE jetnišnice v Lansingu, Kansas, je dne 31. maja tekom baseball igre 11. junija, kateri je postal v progost, zvezali so wardena in ga kot poroka vzel s seboj. Na begu so se posluževali avtomobilov, katere so uporabili raznim osebam. Ved teh oseb so ugrabi, da bi jih rabili kot ščite, da bi zasedovalci ne mogli strehati nanje. Na raznih krajih svoje poti so potem te poroke izpuštili. Kolikor je dosedaj zaznano, so kaznjenci ušli v Osage gorovje v Oklahomi. Vojaštvo, stražniki in policisti jih zasledujejo. Dva ubežnika sta bila prijetja blizu mesta Chelsea, Oklahoma.

V DRŽAVI GEORGIA je sodnik okrožnega sodišča J. H. Hawkins odločil, da je v kongresu sprejeta postava o legaliziranju 3.2 procentnega piva neustavna. Sodnik je izjavil, da želi, da pride njegova odločitev čim prej pred najvišje sodišče Zedinjenih držav, ki bo to vprašanje končnovejavno odločilo.

PRODUKCIJA PIVA v Zedinjenih državah je v mesecu aprilu znašala 2,200,000 sodčkov. Prodalo se je v aprilu 1,500,000 sodčkov. Triinštirideset držav naše Unije s skupnim prebivalstvom 100 milijonov oseb je dosedaj legaliziralo pravljeno 3.2 procentnega piva.

OKRAJ CUYAHOGA, ki vključuje mesto Cleveland, Ohio, bo v kratkem izdal za osem in pol milijona dolarjev (Dalje na 4. strani)

## KAKO SE DOBI PERMIT

Vsek inozemec, ki je bil zakonito pripuščen v Zedinjene države za stalno bivanje, mora dobiti dovoljenje za povratek (Permit to Re-enter), ako hoče odpotovati v inozemstvo na kratek obisk. Ta permit mu daje pravico, da se povrne v Zedinjene države kot priseljenec izven kvote.

Glede prošnje za permit, se napravlja nekoliko razlike med temi, ki so prišli pred dnem 1. julija 1924, in onimi, ki so prišli kasneje. Oni, ki so prišli v Zedinjene države pred dnem 1. julija 1924, morajo osebno vložiti svojo prošnjo v kateremsibodi priseljeniškem uradu. Imamo 181 takih uradov širok Zedinjenih držav in na zadnji strani tiskovine za prošnjo je najti seznam teh priseljeniških postaj. Treba posebne prošnje za vsakega člena družine, ali zadostuje, da mož, oziroma oče sam pride na priseljeniški urad, da vloži prošnjo za se in druge člane družine. Ali prošnje morajo biti vnaprej podpisane pred javnim notarjem. Vsakdo mora imeti svoj permit, brez ozira na starost. Izvzet je edino novorojenček, ki se je rodil potem, ko je bil permit izdan materi.

Oni, ki so prišli po 1. juliju 1924 s konzularno priseljeniško vizo, nadalje oni, ki so legalizirali svoje bivanje potom predpisane prošnje za registracijo, in končno vsi oni, ki so že prej dobili permit po 1. januarju 1932, na dan. Plače direktorjev, ki so nosili razne uradniške naslove, so bile sijajne; kdo je zaslužil samo \$25,000 na leto je bil smatrana za večino med njimi. Ni čuda, da je pri takem poslovanju toliko bank zagazilo v blato, iz katerega se ne more izkopati. V prvi vrsti seveda pri tem trpijo vlagatelji.

Izvem mej Zedinjenih držav so bili zemljiski nakupi dražji. Rusiji je bilo leta 1854 plačano za Alasko \$7,200,000. Prevzetje narodnega dolga Havajskega otočja je bilo 4 milijone in španjolov je bilo plačano nad 20 milijonov dolarjev. Za vse navedene "parcele" je Stric Sam plačal v gotovini \$71,679,221.86.

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Draga je bila kupljena "Canalzone." Za deset milijonov pas ozemlja je vlad Zedinjenih držav plačala republiku Panamami 15 milijonov dolarjev, republiki Colombiji 25 milijonov, francoski družbi, ki je imela koncesijo za zgradbo Panamskega prekopa, pa 40 milijonov dolarjev. Poleti tega republika Panama še zdaj prejema četrtna milijona dolarjev letno.

Za Virginijiske otroke, ki jih je vlad Zedinjenih držav leta 1916 kupila od Danske, je plačala 25 milijonov dolarjev ali \$294 za akter.

Vsi zemljiski nakupi od leta 1854 naprej so stali Strica Sama skupno vsoto \$136,300,000. Ako prištejemo še prejšnje nakupe, vidimo, da je vlad Zedinjenih držav prikupila za več kot 200 milijonov dolarjev ozemlja in da je vse plačala v gotovini.

To so nedvomno največje zemljiske kupitve v zgodovini, tako z ozirom na razsežnost prikupljenega ozemlja, kot na velike vstopne, ki so bile plačane v pravih ameriških dolarjih. Ni čudno, da posude Stric Sam danes pravčeno posestvo!

## NAJVEČ ZLATA

Od svetovne zaloge zlata ga je največ v Zedinjenih državah, namreč 38 procentov; Francija ga ima 29 procentov. Obe deli skupno posedujeta dve tretjini svetovne zaloge zlata. (Dalje na 4. strani)

## ZEMLJISKE KUPČLJE

Največji zemljiski kupec na svetu je Stric Sam — vlad Zedinjenih držav Franklin D. Roosevelt poslal dne 16. maja svojo znamenito poslanico za ohranitev svetovnega miru, so slediči:

Zog I., kralj Albanije, Tiranija;

Augustin P. Justo, predsednik republike Argentine, Buenos Aires;

Wilhelm Miklas, predsednik republike Avstrije, Dunaj;

Albert, kralj Belgije, Bruselj;

Getulio Vargas, predsednik Zedinjenih držav Brazilije, Rio De Janeiro;

Enrique Olaya Herrera, predsednik republike Columbia, Bogota;

Daniel Salamanca, predsednik republike Bolivia, La Paz;

Boris III., kralj Bolgarije, Sofija;

Arturo Alessandri, predsednik republike Chile, Santiago;

Ricardo Jimenez, predsednik Costa Rica, San Jose.

Lin Sen, predsednik narodne vlade republike Kitajske, Nanjing;

Gerardo Machado, predsednik republike Cube, Havana.

Thomas G. Masaryk, predsednik republike Češkoslovaške, Praha;

Christian X., kralj Danske, Kopenhagen;

Rafael Leonidas Trujillo, predsednik republike Dominiko, Santo Domingo;

Juan De Dios Martinez Mira, predsednik republike Ecuador, Quito;

Fouad I., kralj Egipta, Cairo;

Konstantin Pats, načelnik države, Tallinn, Estonia;

Haile Selassie, cesar Etiopije, Addis Ababa;

Pehr Evind Svinhufvud, predsednik Finske, Helsingfors;

M. Albert Lebrun, predsednik republike Francije, Pariz;

Feldmaršal Paul von Beneckendorf und von Hindenburg, predsednik Nemčije, Berlin;

George V., kralj Velike Britanije, Irske in Britskih prekmorskih dominijev, cesar Indije itd. itd., London.

Alexander Zaimis, predsednik republike Grške, Atene;

Jorge Ubico, predsednik republike Guatemale, Guatemale;

Stenio Vincent, predsednik Haiti, Port Au Prince;

Admiral Nicholas De Hornby, regent kraljevine Madžarske, Budapest;

Carias A. Tiburcio, predsednik republike Honduras, Tegucigalpa;

Faisal I., kralj Iraka, Bagdad;

Victor Emanuel, kralj Italije, Rim;

Hirohito, cesar Japonske, Tokio;

Alberts Kviesis, predsednik republike Latvije, Riga;

Antanas Smetona, predsednik republike Litvinske, Kaunas;

Charlotte, velika vojvodinja Luksemburška, Luxembourg, G. D.;

Abelardo L. Rodriguez, predsednik Zedinjenih držav Mehike, Mexico City;

Wilhelmina, kraljica Nizozemske, Hague;

Juan B. Sacasa, predsednik republike Nicargue, Managua;

Haakon VII., kralj Norveške, Oslo;

Harmodio Arias, predsednik Paname, Panama;

Eusebio Ayala, predsednik republike Paraguay, Asuncion;

Reza Shah Pahlevi, šah Perzije, Teheran;

(Dalje na 4. strani)

## NAČELNIKI NARODOV

Vladarji in predsedniki, na katere je predsednik Zedinjenih držav Franklin D. Roosevelt poslal dne 16. maja svojo znamenito poslanico za ohranitev svetovnega miru, so slediči:

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Charlotte, velika vojvodinja Luksemburška, Luxembourg, G. D.;</p

## Razprave o iniciativah

**Pittsburgh, Pa.**  
IZ URADA ZVEZE JSKJ  
D RUŠTEV ZA ZAPADNO  
PENNNSYLVANIO.—Na redni seji Zveze JSKJ društev za zapadno Pennsylvanijo, ki se je vršila dne 28. maja v Claridgeu, Pa., se je med drugim razmotrivalo tudi o iniciativnih predlogih društev 104 in 132. Zastopniki društva so na tej seji poročali, da so njihova društva proti takim iniciativnim predlogom, katerim se na prvi pogled vidi, da niso v korist J. S. K. Jednote.

Po daljšem razmotrivanju in debati je bil soglasno sprejet zaključek, da se priobči v Novi Dobi, glasilu JSKJ, resolucijo, protest ali za kar se že hoče vzeti. **MNENJE ZVEZE JE:**

Po 14. redni konvenciji so se pojavili razni iniciativni predlogi v tako gostem številu, da jih bo število samo zadušilo.

Ako bo članstvo naše Jednote vse te nepotrebe predloge podpiralo, bo s tem pokazalo, da obsoja delo in zaključke 14. konvencije J.S.K.Jednote.

Ako pogledamo in se spomnjamo dela 14. redne konvencije, moramo priznati, da glede dobrega dela ni niti malo zastala za prejšnjimi konvencijami.

Vemo dobro, da nekaterim sebičenjem ni uspelo, da bi dosegli odgovorna mesta v glavnem uradu. Zdaj so jim deveta briga vsi stroški, kateri nastanejo zaradi teh iniciativ, samo da bi zadostili svoji maščevalnosti.

Ni dvoma, da članstvo JSKJ ve, kaj se prav za prav skriva za temi predlogi, in ako bi jih članstvo sprejelo, ne bi bila naša pravila nič boljša, ampak slabša.

Prišel je čas, da za korist JSKJ članstvo za vselej obravčuna s tistimi, ki rujejo proti napredku naše organizacije, in jim plača, pošteno plača za njihovo razdražljivo delo.

S takimi iniciativami je škoda izgubljati dragoceni čas, zato naj te, ki so danes pred nam, kakor tudi druge enake vrste in namenov, ki še morda pridejo, članstvo enostavno vrže v koš, ker drugam ne spada.

Končno se sklene apelirati na vse društva JSKJ, da nas v tem podpirajo.

Sklenjeno je bilo tudi, da dokler bo ena ali druga Zveza ali Federacija pod vplivom gotovih ljudi, Zveza JSKJ društva za zapadno Pennsylvanijo nima volje sodelovati z njo.

Za zvezo JSKJ društva v zapadni Pennsylvaniji:

**Anton Eržen, predsednik;**  
**John Zigman, tajnik;**  
**John Balkovec, blagajnik.**

**Ely, Minn.**

V Novi Dobi z dne 17. maja je bil priobčen iniciativni predlog društva Napredek, št. 132 JSKJ v Euclidu, O. Ta predlog priporoča v izprenembo celo vrsto točk sedanjih pravil.

Ni joj namen kritizirati društva z ozirom na stavljene predlog, ker ima vsako društvo pravico, da stavi kakršnekoli predlog. Opozoril bi pa članstvo na gotove točke v iniciativnem predlogu, ki po mojem mnenju niso koristne za Jednote in v raznih slučajih tudi ne izpeljive.

V točki 12. predloga društva, do društva volijo delegate v mesecu pred konvencijo, kar je skoro popolnoma neizvedljivo za društva, ki se bodo vsled premajhnega števila članov morala združiti v svrhu izvolitve skupnega delegata. Meseč dni časa nikakor ne zadostuje za taka društva, in tako bi nastala nevarnost, da bi mala društva ostala na konvenciji brez zastopnikov.

Predlagano je tudi, da morajo imena delegatov ostati tajna do konvencije, kar je vsaj pri združenih društih nemogoče.

Predlagana izprenemba določa tudi, da je duplikate poverilnic poslati naravnost na konvencijo in da te duplike izroči konvenčni predsednik predsedniku ali pa njihovi sorodniki, ki so že prej prejeli več kot njihov delez za razne druge bolezni.

Ta slučaj, ki gotovo ni osamljen, dokazuje, kako nevarno bi bilo, če bi se prepustilo vsakemu posameznemu društvu, da ravna pri obiskovanju in nadzorovanju bolnikov, kakor bi samo hotelo. Vsako društvo bi potem imelo svoj poseben sistem nadzorovanja in posledica tega bi bila, da bi imeli toliko sistemov bolniškega nadzorovanja, kolikor imamo društva.

Potem je točka 79. Po sedaj veljavnih pravilih obdržava izvrševalni odsek gl. odbora svoje seje po enkrat na mesec, in take seje so sklepne, če so na vzoči le trije člani izvrševalnega odseka.

Kot znano, se rešujejo na takih sejah le zadeve bolj malega pomena in take seje ne povzročajo Jednoti nikakih stroškov, ker trije člani izvrševalnega odbora bivajo v mestu Ely, kjer je sedež Jednote. Ti ne prejmejo za take seje nikakih dnevnic in seveda tudi nimajo nikakih voznih stroškov.

Predlagana izprenemba društva št. 132 pa določa, da se mora takih mesečnih sej udeleževati PET članov izvrševalnega odseka, sicer niso sklepne. To pomeni, da bi se takih sej moralu udeleževati še dva zunanjia člana glavnega izvrševalnega odseka. Za to bi prišla v poštev glavnem predsednik in glavni podpredsednik. Tema avdema bi bilo seveda treba plačati iz jednotine blagajne vozne stroške in dnevnice in to vsak mesec.

Kot sem že omenil, ni moje mnenje kritizirati društvo, ki je omenjeni iniciativni predlog stavilo, pokazal sem le na nekaterih nedostatkih predlaganih izprenemb. Članstvo pa naj sodi, če bi bile predlagane izprenembbe v korist ali v škodo Jednote.

**Louis Champa,**  
gl. blagajnik JSKJ.

**Pittsburgh, Pa.**

Moj namen je tem potom opozoriti članstvo JSKJ na neko točko, katere izprenembo določa iniciativni predlog društva št. 132. Ta točka se tiče obiskovanja bolnikov. Inicijativa društva št. 132 določa, da pride zadeva obiskovanja bolnikov popolnoma v področje društvenih uradnikov. Po sedanjih pravilih mora imeti bolnik gotovo število obiskov v določenem času.

Po društву 132 predlagana izprenemba daje vso stvar bolniškega obiskovanja in nadzorovanja v roke uradnikom posameznih društav.

Naš bolniški sklad se je znatno skrnil od 1. januarja 1933 naprej. Ako bi članstvo sprejelo gori omenjene predlagane izprenembe glede bolniškega nadzorovanja, ne vidim drugega izhoda kot skorajšne izredne asemente v bolniški sklad. Plačevali jih bomo vsi, ne samo člani tistih društav, ki bodo putila svojim članom simulirati.

Izkusnje naše v drugih sličnih organizacijah kažejo, da se tu in tam ustavnijo društva, ki so sestavljena skoraj iz samih sorodnikov. Nič čudnega ni potem, če se ti sorodniki potem vrstijo, da všeč podporo zdaj eden, zdaj drugi. Seveda gre to na račun in v škodo skupne organizacije.

Spominjam se nekega slučaja, ki se je zgodil pred zadnjim konvencijo, ko je padel na neko društvo sum, da dovoli svojim članom simulirati in tako izkorističati jednotino blagajno. Vsled tega suma je bil poslan poseben pregledovalec, da pronađe, kako se nadzorujejo bolniki v dotičnem društvu. Našel je med drugim sledče: eden bolnim javljenih članov je delal okoli hiš; drugi "bolnik" je bos hodil okoli, dasi je bil že mo potrebna, ampak zelo povolj dolgo na bolniški listi, trebna, ker ako iste ni oziroma da bi si bil lahko kupil par čev-

ljev; več drugih bolnikov je zalez diktatorstvo in ob enem imelo "lumbago" ali pa jih je "bolel križ." Vsi ti "bolniki" so bili društveni odborniki ali pa njihovi sorodniki, ki so že prej prejeli več kot njihov delez za razne druge bolezni.

Ta slučaj, ki gotovo ni osamljen, dokazuje, kako nevarno bi bilo, če bi se prepustilo vsakemu posameznemu društvu, da ravna pri obiskovanju in nadzorovanju bolnikov, kakor bi samo hotelo. Vsako društvo bi potem imelo svoj poseben sistem nadzorovanja in posledica tega bi bila, da bi imeli toliko sistemov bolniškega nadzorovanja, kolikor imamo društva.

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Kot znano, se rešujejo na takih sejah le zadeve bolj malega pomena in take seje ne povzročajo Jednoti nikakih stroškov, ker trije člani izvrševalnega odbora bivajo v mestu Ely, kjer je sedež Jednote.

Upam, da sem s tem dokazal, kako važna je določba naših sedanjih pravil, da sé sistem bolniškega obiskovanja in nadzorovanja vrši v določenih smerinah pri vseh društih.

Vsako društvo naj torej dobro premisli važnost tega vprašanja, predno se odloči, da podpira ali ne podpira iniciativnega predloga društva št. 132, ki bi hotel poveriti vso moč nadzorovanja bolnikov v posameznim krajevnim društvtom.

**Dr. F. J. Arch,**  
vrhovni zdravnik JSKJ.

**Barberton, O.**

Zelo nerad se vtikam v vprašanja tikajoča se inicijativ, ki so sedaj na dnevnem redu. Ker pa vidim, da nekateri nikakor nočajo razumeti nekaj ali pa predstavljajo članstvu stvar v drugi luci, kot pa je v resnici, naj tudi jaz malo dregnem vmes in se tako uvrstim med "zgagarje."

Pravila res ne bodo nikdar tako perfektna, da bi zadovoljila vse, ali še manj pa bodo perfektna, ako se odločno svetuje, da naj se članstvo ne poslužuje pravice zajamčene mu v pravilih. Vsi tisti, ki vidijo v inicijativah zlo, naj pridejo na dan z inicijativnim predlogom, da se naj črta iz naših pravil točka 65. pa bo mir, mir na površju.

Prvo kar potrebujemo pri naši Jednote je odprava vse prevelike kontrole gl. odbora nad glasilom in nad uradnikom glasila.

Članstvo bi moralo imeti več svobode izražati se v glasilu in ne biti podvrženo onemu, kar se smatra cenzura. Izgovor je, da je takozvana cenzura potrebna, ne velja, in tudi ne izgovori, da ako kaj takega ne bi bilo, da bi prislo naše glasilo lahko v navskrije s postavo. Urednik našega glasila že ve, kaj se sme in kaj se ne sme priobčiti, kar se smatra za pomanjkljivo in ne-soglasno, bo isto toliko lažje propadlo, ako se ne pusti izbirati članstvu. Jaz sem enemu gl. odborniku pisal, da jaz vidim v tem nekako zgagarijo in prišla je velika zamera. Jaz se zamene ne bojim.

Jaz sem vedno smatral gl. odbornike in gl. porotnike kot uslužence članstva, ki naj bi delali tako, da bi zadovoljili članstvo v kolikor se to more, seveda, ne da se bi prislo v konflikt, bodisi s pravili ali s postavo.

Ko se bi bal zamere, bi ne pisal tako kot pišem. Lahko bi bil tudi tisto. Pri nas, ždi se mi, je prislo tudi vse preveč v načrtu, da se smatra vsaka kritika proti gl. odboru, gl. porotnemu odboru ali proti posameznemu gl. odborniku pisal, da jaz vidim v tem nekako zgagarijo in prišla je velika zamera. Jaz se zamene ne bojim.

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Naš bolniški sklad se je znatno skrnil od 1. januarja 1933 naprej. Ako bi članstvo sprejelo gori omenjene predlagane izprenembe glede bolniškega nadzorovanja, ne vidim drugega izhoda kot skorajšne izredne asemente v bolniški sklad. Plačevali jih bomo vsi, ne samo člani tistih društav, ki bodo putila svojim članom simulirati.

Izkusnje naše v drugih sličnih organizacijah kažejo, da se tu in tam ustavnijo društva, ki so sestavljena skoraj iz samih sorodnikov. Nič čudnega ni potem, če se ti sorodniki potem vrstijo, da všeč podporo zdaj eden, zdaj drugi. Seveda gre to na račun in v škodo skupne organizacije.

Predlagana izprenemba določa tudi, da je duplikate poverilnic poslati naravnost na konvencijo in da te duplike izroči konvenčni predsednik predsedniku ali pa njihovi sorodniki, ki so že prej prejeli več kot njihov delez za razne druge bolezni.

Neki član mi piše v pismu od 18. maja 1933 med drugim: "Poslast sem tudi vprašanje na celokupno članstvo bratu Terbovcu za priobčitev v Novi Dobi (bratu uradniku sem poslal imena člana), katero pa do danes še ni bilo priobčeno. Iščem pravice, kakor jo je iskal Cankarjev hlapec Andrej, toda povsod naletim na gluhu ušesa in zaprti teure in "razprava" o inicijativi društva št. 6, ki je dosegla v uredništvo, ko so bile javne razprave upravno zaključene. O vročih nepriobčitv teh dopisov pa so bili dopisniki pismeno obvezani.

Brat uradnik pove, da ni bilo zadruženega nobenega dopisa.

Potom urednika menda res ne.

Zadržanah pa je bilo dopisov od gl. odbora potem, ko so čakali mogoče več mesecev seje. Glavni odbor je celo prepovedal priobčiti uradniku uradno naznalo, da bo prišla do prepričanja, da je bila ista storjena na letni seji v januarju. Ako nihče drugi ne bo te zadeve predložil seji glavnega odbora v juliju, bo storil to urednik.

**Cleveland, O.**

So pač resni časi, v katerih živimo, saj večina se nas zvija, kakor kača v precepnu, da si ohranimo svoj obstoj. Kadar se bodo in če se bodo še kedaj povrnili takci časi, da se bo dolarka pobiralo po hodnikih in

ko bodo izginili oni napisi pred

tovarnami "No help wanted" in ko bodo možne postave ustavljaljili ljudi na ulicah, da čemu ne delajo itd., potem se bomo imeli tudi pri bratskih organizacijah bolj po bratsko, ker ne bo takarica pobirala po hodnikih in

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# "Nova Doba"

GLASILLO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLISKE JEDNOTE

Lastnina Jugoslovanske Katoliške Jednote.

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Cene oglasov po dogovoru.

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## Besede in dejanja

Starši, ki ljubijo svoje otroke, malokdaj obešajo to dejstvo na veliki zvon; to se pravi, da ne pripovedujejo tega niti svojim otrokom niti drugim ljudem. Resnična ljubezen staršev do njihovih otrok se izraža v skrbi za kar najboljšo prehrano, izobrazbo in splošno vzgojo, kjer je v razmerah mogoča.

Najboljši ameriški patrioti niso tisti, ki pri vsaki mogoči in nemogoči priložnosti mahajo z zvezdnato zastavo, ampak tisti, ki si s poštenim delom omogačajo svojo lastno eksistenco in v slučajnih potrebe po možnosti pomagajo svojim manj srečnim sodržavljanom, ki se kot volilci zavedajo svojih državljanških dolžnosti in prispevajo po svojih zmožnostih, da imajo dežela, država in mesto, kjer živijo, kar najboljšo upravo, ki se pošteno udejstvujejo v smeri, da ta dežela postane in ostane obljubljena dežela sreče in primerne blagostanja za vse, ne samo za nekatere izvoljence.

Med najboljše ameriške Slovence ne spadajo tisti, ki hočejo vedno imeti svoje prostore v prvih vrstah in svoja imena na naslovnih straneh, ampak tisti, ki s svojimi zmožnostmi dejansko ali moralno podpirajo slovenske gospodarske in kulturne ustanove, o katerih sodijo, da so v resnično korist našega naroda; tisti, ki žive tako, da niso v izpoditku naši tu rojeni mladini in ne v nečast svojega naroda med drugorodi.

Največji poštenjaki niso tisti, ki vedno poudarjajo, kako pošteni so, ampak tisti, ki svojo poštenost izvajajo v praksi napram vsem in vsakemu in ki ne sumničijo druge nepoštenih dejanj in namenov, dokler nimajo za to dobrih vzrokov.

Najbolj odkritosrčni niso tisti, ki vedno izobesajo zastavo odkritosrčnosti in glasno opozarjajo nanjo vse mimo gredo. Mnogokrat je to samo krinka, s katero hočejo zakriti svojo hinavščino in svoje zahrbne sebične namene.

Zelo dyomljivo je tudi, da bi bili najboljši člani J. S. K. Jednote ali katere druge slične organizacije tisti, ki vedno in vedno poudarjajo, kako zelo jih je pri srcu organizacija, kako sè žrtvujejo zanj, s kako vnerojo hočejo obvarovati vsega hudega, kako žive, bude, spe in sanjajo samo za blagor organizacije. Za vedno poudarjanjem požrtvovalnosti in skrbi za organizacijo se kaj lahko skriva osebna sebičnost, častilepnost in maščevalnost.

V resnici dobri člani vrše svoje članske dolžnosti pošteno in brez hrupa in, ker res ljubijo svojo organizacijo, skušajo k njenemu ugledu in napredku pomagati po svojih zmožnostih in prilikah, ker smatrajo tako postopanje za nekaj samoumevnega. Ako zavzemajo kak urad, trudijo se, da ga upravljajo tako, da njih delo stoprocentno odgovarja plači in zaupanje članstva, ki jim je tak urad ali urade poverilo. Dobro opravljeno delo in poštena vršitev dolžnosti jim je v zadoščenje, zato ne vidijo potrebe, da bi vedno paradirali po taktu tako neusmijeno izrabljane himne o požrtvovalnosti.

Sreča za J. S. K. Jednote je, da ogromna večina njenega članstva spada v to vrsto. To je omogočilo ves njen do sedanji napredek, to ji je pomagalo, da je brez prevelikih izgub prestala najhujše čase depresije, to ji je pridobilo dober ugled v javnosti in to ji bo omogočilo, da bo brez škode izšla iz malih sporov, ki se pojavljajo od časa do časa, in bo zopet njenia zastava bratstva in človekoljubnosti vhrala vsa lepa in ponosna v čast razsežne ameriške Slovenije.

Oton Župančič:

## ODLOMEK IZ "DUME"

Sveta si, zemlja, in blagor mu, komur plodiš — z oljem mu lečiš razpokano dlan,  
shrambe mu polniš in vina mu vračaš za znoj,  
daješ sena in otave za vola, ki vlačil je brano,  
hodil pred plugom in družno potil se z oračem;  
točiš cvetlicam v čase medu, da pride bučela,  
gnana od tajne skrbi spomladni na delo za božič.  
Hodil po zemlji sem naši in pil nje prelesti.  
Ljubil sem jo. Kakor grudi deviške razgaljene  
duhete pod solnec so njene poljane razpaljene;  
potapljal sem se v valove njenih žit,  
sam, sam s seboj, le z mislimi svojimi skrit  
v molčični družbi mladega hrepenenja,  
mlad, mlad — to se pravi: v srcu vsega življenja.  
In vsa širina je z mojimi sanjami snivala,  
in nebo in gora sta mojim željam se odzivala;  
skrjanček — pojoča raketa — je pesni pršil:  
je čul moje srce, od njega se peti učil?  
Livada, si videla cvetje moje duše,  
pa si ga posnela, okitala z njim svoje ruše?

## IZ URADA GLAVNEGA PREDSEDNIKA

### POZIV KRAJEVNIM DRUŠTVOM J. S. K. J.

Meseca julija tega leta bo naša Jednota obhajala petidesetletnico njenega obstanka. V ta namen je glavni odbor na januarski seji določil, da izide v sredi julija naš glasilo "Nova Doba" v povečani obliki. Da pa dostoju obhajamo ta naš jubilej, pozivljam vsa naša krajevna društva, da v mesecu juliju v ta namen prirede razne izlete v prijazno prostro naravo, piknike ter različne druge društvene prireditve, kar vse bi koristilo naši organizaciji v večjo reklamo ter v večji ugled.

Mesec julij naj bo mesec Jugoslovanske Katoliške Jednote. Pri vsakem krajevnem društvu imamo društvenega odbornika, kateri ima zmožnosti, da lahko orije vse vrline in dobre, katere je naša Jednota vršila v polni meri tekom svojega obstanka. Take prireditve bodo velikega agitacijskega pomena za našo Jednoto, poleg tega bomo pa kot bratje in sestre vsi kot ena družina praznovali naš jubilej. Ne pozabimo pa ob tej ugodni priliki na dostopen dar, katerega pričakuje naša Jednota. Vsako posamezno društvo ima še vedno mnogo prilik, da pridobi novih moči, novega članstva. Agitirajmo za večji in močnejši mladinski oddelek pri naši Jednoti. To bo najlepši dar za organizacijo, ker sadove tega daru bodemo uživali le mi sami.

Vaš, za Jugoslovansko Katoliško Jednoto,

PAUL BARTEL, glavni predsednik.

### VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje iz 1. strani)

ceste je nenadoma dvignila rep na korajo in se z vso silo zaprišla v izložbeno omarico fotografa Perisiča.

Kar bi jaz pri tem rad vedel, je, kakšne slike neki dela in razstavlja tisti fotograf, da so tako silno skalile mir srca in užalile umetniški čut nepokvarjene gorenjske čade!

Zametno mehkega junijskega večera nas je sedela mala družba na stopnicah pred ongavo hišo. Z visoke akcije pred hišo se je vpisalo belo, medeno dišeč cveče, iz sosedovega vrta pa je od časa do časa priplavala oporna vonjava prvi žarnih vrtnic.

Pogovarjali smo se o zvezdah in hroščih, o ženskah in krokodilih, o diktatorjih in konzervatorjih, o demantih in cikorijski, o sladoledu in čebuli, o triprocentnih izplačilih bank in o 3.2 procentnem pivu, o živiljenju na Marsu in v Ribnici in o pritlikavih in velikih.

Pri tem zadnjem predmetu smo vzeli v "pretres in razpravo" tudi mladega velikana, ki se je pojavil v mestu Alton, Ill. Tamkajši 15-letni fantiček Robert Wadlow, ki je visok 7 čevljev ter osem in pol palca, tehta 340 funtov, nosi čevljev št. 34, ki so pol jarda dolgi, in se še vedno bujno razvija. Ako bo v sedanjem tempu rastel do 23. ali 24. leta, bo dosegel visokost skor desetih čevljev.

Pa je eden izmed družbe uglichal, kako sitno je za takega fanta kupovati obleke, drugi je menil, kako pripraven je za črešnje obirati, tretjemu pa nišlo v glavo, kako bo, kadar se veliki fant z aljubi v dekljico normalne velikosti: ali bo moral pokleniti, če jo bo hotel poljubiti, ali bo moralna punca skočiti na mizo!

Prijatelju Caheju pa so se gibale misli čisto v drugi smeri. Dejal je, da bi rad postal diktator vsaj za mesec dni. Kako hitro bi imel diktatorski dekret v rokah, zbral bi skupaj vse tiste, ki so krivi, da imajo rojaki toliko denarja zamrznega na raznih bankah, in vse tiste, ki prestanjo orgljajo, da jim je vedno in povsod pri srcu samo blagor milega naroda in ničesar drugega kot blagor naroda, medtem ko jih v resnici le sama hinavščina, sebičnost, maščevalnost in častilepnost skupaj drži. Vso to dično družbo bi gnal doli na jezersko obrežje, tja, kjer voda ni preveč globoka, in bi jo v lepo vrsto razpostavil, po zaslruženju seveda. Nato bi poklical tistega Roberta Wadlowa, ki ima pol jarda dolge čevlje, in bi mu ukazal, da vsakemu posameznemu v vrsti posodi pošteno broč. To naj bi se, kot devetdesetnica, skoraj dobiti.

Ako inozemec, ki ima prvi državljanški papir, odpotuje iz Zedinjenih držav s permitom in ostane v inozemstvu več kot šest mesecev, se mu ta odsotnost sploh ne stoji, kar se tiče naturalizacije, kajti odsotnost od ne več kot šest mesecev ne prekina nepretovanost petletne bivanja v Zedinjenih državah, kakor se ta zahteva, da se

dobi državljanstvo. Ako ostane v inozemstvu več kot šest mesecev, ali manj kot leto dni, se sicer domneva, da je bilo njegovo stalno bivanje v Zedinjenih državah pretrgano. Ali more ovreči to domnevo, ako more dokazati, da je ostal v inozemstvu več kot šest mesecev iz kakega tako tehnega razloga. Dejstvo, da inozemci, ki so ostali v inozemstvu več kot šest mesecev, morejo le tukat podati take tehnate razlage, ki bi zadovoljili naturalizacijsko oblast. Ako pa je inozemec izostal iz Zedinjenih držav le en dan več kot leto dni, ne pomaga nikak izgovor in se legalno bivanje v Zedinjenih državah smatra za pretrgano. On mora po svojem povratku čakati še pet let, predno more vložiti prošnjo za državljanstvo. Seveda si mora priskrbiti tudi nov prvi papir. PLIS.

### DRUŠTVENE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

(Nadaljevanje iz 1. strani)

v raznih uradih že prej. Službena doba novega glavnega odbora se začne s prihodnjim mesecem. Deseta redna konvencija se je vršila v Chicagu, prihodnja pa se bo že čez štiri leta vršila v Slovenskem Narodnem Domu v Clevelandu.

### NAČELNIKI NARODOV

(Nadaljevanje iz 1. strani)

Ignac Moscicki, predsednik republike Poljske, Varšava; Oscar Benavides, predsednik republike Peru, Lima;

Antonio Oscar De Fragoso Carmora, predsednik republike Portugalske, Lisboa; Carol II., kralj Rumunije, Bukarest;

Michail Kalinin, predsednik izvrševalnega odbora Sovjetske Ruse, Moskva;

Prajadhipok, kralj Siam, Bangkok;

Alcalá Zamora, predsednik republike Španije, Madrid;

Edmond Schulthess, predsednik republike Švica, Bern;

Gazi Mustafa Kemal, predsednik republike Turčije, Ankara;

Gustav V., kralj Švedske, Stockholm;

Gabriel Terra, predsednik republike Uruguay, Montevideo;

Juan V. Gomez, predsednik Zedinjenih držav Venezuela, Caracas;

Aleksander I., kralj Jugoslavije, Beograd.

### ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

(Nadaljevanje s prve strani)

kar sam iskal ruševca in je enkrat v megli pred seboj zagledal ruševčeve škarje. Počakal je na ugodno priliko in ustrelil. Teden pa je zaslišal krik in Zaplotnik je ves prestrašen planil na kraj, kamor je bil ustrelil v domnevni, da je pogodil ruševca. Našel je na tleh prijatelja Kuhanja Andreja s prestreljeno glavo v zadnjih izdihljajih, poleg njega pa Kuhanjevega prijatelja, ki je skušal obstreljencu pomagati. Bilo pa je vse zmanj.

Ves naboje je šel Kuhanju v desno senco in je smrt nastopila v nekaj trenutkih. Z velikim trudem sta spravila Zaplotnik in Kuhanjev prijatelj mrtvega Kuhanja v mrtvanslico v Križah. Zaplotnik se je sam prijavil tržiškim orožnikom in ves obupan opisal nesrečo. Pokojni Kuhan je bil oče dveh otročicev in nešrečna vdova pričakuje zdaj še tretjega. Strašno nesrečo je prispeti temu, da je nosil pokojni Kuhan na klobuku ruševčeve krivce, ki jih je videl Zaplotnik v megli za ruševca.

Stoletniki v Subotici. V Subotici sta umrli dve ženski, starci nad 100 let. Veronika Hamak je preminila v starosti 103 let, Manda Ambrožičeva pa v starosti 101 let. V Subotici je letos umrlo pet oseb, ki so dosegle sta-

## Jugoslovanska Katoliška Jednota v Ameriki

Ely, Minnesota

### GLAVNI ODBOR

a) Izvrševalni odbor:

Predsednik: PAUL BARTEL, 339 N. Lewis Ave., Waukegan, Ill.

Prvi podpredsednik: MATT ANZELC, Box 12, Aurora, Minn.

Drugi podpredsednik: LOUIS M. KOLAR, 6011 Bonne Ave., Cleveland, O.

Tajnik: ANTON ZBASLJ, Ely, Minn.

Pomočni tajnik: LOUIS J. KOMPARE, Ely, Minn.

Blagajnik: LOUIS CHAMPA, Ely, Minn.

Vrhovni zdravnik: DR. F. J. ARCH, 618 Chestnut St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Urednik-upravnik glasila: ANTON J. TERBOVEC, 6117 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, O.

b) Nadzorni odbor:

Predsednik: JOHN KUMŠE, 1735 E. 33rd St., Lorain, O.

1. nadzornik: JANKO N. ROGELJ, 6207 Schade Ave., Cleveland, O.

2. nadzornik: JOHN BALKOVEC, 5400 Butler St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

3. nadzornik: FRANK E. VRANICHAR, 1812 N. Center St., Joliet, Ill.

4. nadzornik: JOSEPH MANTEL, Ely, Minn.



# New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF  
Official Organ  
of the  
South Slavonic Catholic Union.

AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS

# Nova Doba



## CURRENT THOUGHT

### Read the By-Laws

Why do our members pay so little attention to the Union's By-Laws? A surprisingly small percentage could say, "Yes, I have read the Constitution and By-Laws from cover to cover"; and a still smaller percentage could truthfully say, "Yes, I have read all of the sections carefully and intelligently, so that I understand them."

Ask the average English-speaking member a few questions about the underlying principles embodied in the rules and regulations, and nine chances out of ten he or she is not sufficiently acquainted to give you an answer of any kind. It is almost safe to say that very few of the E. S. members actually know the number of sections contained in the By-Laws.

As a matter of information there are 527 sections. The English used in these 527 sections is simple and direct. Two hours of concentration will acquaint anyone with all the 527 sections. And this means reading our By-Laws word for word, with ample time left for interpretations and complete understanding.

Yet very few are interested enough in our Union to spare two hours of their time in pursuit of knowledge of vital importance to them. Each member is provided with a copy of our By-Laws, which are revised every four years. This means that only once every four years members are required to read all sections, so that they shall be posted on all changes and modifications made at the convention.

Unless the local lodge secretary takes it upon himself to distribute copies of our By-Laws to each member, it is questionable if the average member will even ask the secretary to furnish him a copy.

Too many members are merely satisfied to attend a few lodge meetings, pay their assessments every month, take a half-hearted interest in the local lodge activities, and let the Supreme Board shoulder the burden of responsibility without even knowing why certain steps and decisions are made at the annual and semi-annual meetings held at Ely, Minn. As long as the Union is able to meet its obligations in the form of sick, death, disability and indemnity benefits, most of our members are content to go along in a spiritless sort of way.

But let an unexpected emergency arise! And what is the result? The average member is caught "flat-footed," not knowing in which direction to turn first. He consults the local secretary, who, although possessing a general knowledge of the By-Laws, is not acquainted with every detail. And instead of taking time out to read the 527 sections, many of which would clear not only one doubt in the member's mind, but many others, the puzzled one is ready to blame his Union for his ignorance.

#### Ignorance No Excuse

Section 518 of the By-Laws reads: "Ignorance of the laws of the Union shall not be defense to any acts, and no member shall be allowed to defend himself on the ground that he was not cognizant with the by-laws."

Much trouble, heartaches, and hard feelings can be eliminated by our members in matters relating to the principles governing the administration of our Union, if they will only take the time and trouble to read carefully our By-Laws.

**Mt. Shavano Lodge Holds Sign Your Name to Submitted Articles Meeting June 11**

Salida, Colo.—The first meeting of Mt. Shavano Lodge, No. 224, SSCU, held May 14, was well attended. Dancing followed the meeting, with music furnished by Frank Givon and Victor Struna.

We certainly enjoyed our first gathering, which had the air of a celebration—and what a celebration. Members of our lodge are striving to make our group a most successful branch of the Union.

Members of Mt. Shavano Lodge are asked to attend all meetings regularly each month. All absentee members shall be imposed with a fine, unless they have a good reason to explain for non-attendance.

The next meeting will be held next Sunday, June 11, commencing at 11 a. m. Members, don't forget the date.

Emma Botz, Sec'y.

Prisoner: Yer Honor, you can fine me \$10, but you can't stop me from thinkin' what I am thinking.

Judge: Just for that remark I'll fine you an additional \$10. Prisoner: Judge, my mind is now a perfect blank!

Big Boss: Late again! I demand your resignation!

Blondey: What a relief! I thought you would fire me!

### Colorado Sunshine Starts With New Lodge Deal

Denver, Colo.—On May 5 of this year a special meeting for officers of Colorado Sunshine Lodge, No. 201, SSCU, was held at the home of the secretary. The purpose of the assembly was to see that our lodge gets down to business in the matter of activities and make 1933 the banner year of our unit.

Some of the important things discussed was a membership campaign, holding of picnics, dances and others affairs of interest to the members and the outsiders. It was further decided that Colorado Sunshine Lodge should contribute articles to the Official Organ at least three times a month, so that other SSCU lodges will know that we are still alive.

All of the matters discussed at the meeting of the administrative committee will be brought for further consideration of all members at the next regular monthly meeting of the lodge, which will take place June 21. For this reason I am asking all members kindly to attend this meeting.

I also want to take this opportunity to inform the people in and around Denver that Colorado Sunshine is going to liberate the energy that has been stored up for the last few months. A couple of months ago the signing of the beer bill stirred the people of this state. We believe that there is to be a new deal, and with this optimistic viewpoint we have planned, at our last regular meeting, a gala affair to be floated on a stream of beer.

This affair, in the form of a dance, was held June 3. The good old fluid again flowed freely. Ernest Bonvicini, a well-known radio accordion artist, played for us at this affair for the benefit of the lodge.

I will now leave the air and let our recording secretary, Mary Kennedy, tell your further of our great dance and other affairs sponsored by our lodge. Follow the New Era and read our new and interesting articles. Smile with Colorado Sunshine.

Frank J. Smole, Sec'y.

### Bright Morning

Cleveland, O.—"Fraternism" is a comprehensive word. The deeds wrought by fraternalists fill the world with glory, even as the sun, sinking behind the western hills, fills the heavens with the glow of its splendor. The philosophy of fraternism is told in the story of the Good Samaritan, "And they helped each one his brother." Unlike the transient splendor of the evening sky, the places illuminated by fraternism never loses its brilliancy.

Fraternism obliterates the furrows that sorrow has marked across the face of ages. It is a sympathetic drawing together of men and women everywhere that gives promise of a bright day when persecution will be abandoned, wars will be no more, homes will be safe, and be saved to all the children of men who through much tribulation have waited for this dawning with a faith that has been constant.

Frank "Lefty" Jaklich, No. 180, SSCU.

"My husband's always holding for something."

"Mercy!"

"That's it."

### BRIEFS

Dr. Stefanovich, president of the Belgrade P. E. N. Club of Jugoslavia, opened the 11th International P. E. N. Club Congress, which was held from May 25 to 28 at Dubrovnik, the beautiful Adriatic resort on the Dalmatian Riviera. Twenty-three countries were represented. Discussions were numerous about the status of members in countries such as Germany, Austria and Italy, where the non-political character of the P. E. N. clubs is called into question. The P. E. N. Club is non-political, non-racial and impartially open to all writers of standing. Mr. H. G. Wells, well-known writer and new president of the club, expressed doubt if the P. E. N. clubs in

Austria and Germany were respecting these conditions.—(South Slav Herald.)

**The Rangers Club of St. Cloud Teachers' College** of St. Cloud, Minn., by coincidence, has for its officers a group of Slovene students. Frank Champa of Chisholm, Minn., is the vice president, Miss Frances O'Korn of Eveleth, Minn., is secretary and Miss Mary Smoltz of Chisholm, Minn., is treasurer. The Rangers Club is composed of students from the iron ranges of Minnesota attending St. Cloud Teachers' College.

**A unique distinction** is being accorded to Frank J. Champa, son of Mrs. Mary Champa of Chisholm, Minn., who, upon graduation, will be the first Slovene to receive a B. E. degree from St. Cloud State Teachers' College of St. Cloud, Minn. Frank Champa is a graduate of the Chisholm High School and the Hibbing Junior College.

**Although only 10 years of age**, Bernardine Petkovsek of Pueblo, Colo., leads a five-piece orchestra called Bernardine's, which is very popular and much in demand in that community. Members of the orchestra are all juveniles in age, but matured well beyond their years in musical training.

**Tenth regular convention** of S. N. P. J. concluded its proceedings last Saturday, June 3, at Chicago, Ill., where it had been in session since May 22. The newly elected supreme board consists of Vincent Cainkar, president; Frank Somrak, first vice president; "Lindy" Lokar, second vice president; Fred A. Vider, secretary; Gradišek, secretary in charge of sick benefits; John Vogrich, treasurer, and John Molek, editor of Prosveshta, society's official organ.

**Minnesota State Supreme Court** named Mrs. Anna Brajovich, Chisholm, Minn., widow, as the rightful beneficiary of a life insurance policy for \$1,400, including interest, taken out by Eli Kovich, Chisholm miner, who died June 1, 1930. The decision reverses the action of St. Louis County District Court, which held Mike Kovich of Chisholm to be the beneficiary. When the insurance was first taken out in April, 1927, Mike Odovich, also of Chisholm, was named beneficiary. Eli Kovich later changed this to make it go to Mike Kovich. In April, 1930, he designated Mrs. Brajovich, at whose boarding house he stayed, as beneficiary.

### 278 Graduate From Lorain High School

Lorain, O.—The Slovenes of Lorain are proud of the largest group that graduated from Lorain High School on June 1. They are: William Eisenhardt, Agnes Jancar, Elsie Janzik, Louis Kompare, Katherine Kanoti, Jennie Kumse, Anna Rosa, Angela Simonic, Albert Skapin, John Skrantz, Olga Virant and Joe Zgone.

These twelve students have spent twelve wonderful years in school. Most of them started the first grade at SS. Cyril and Methodius' School, where some finished eight grades, the others went to Whittier Junior High School to be later met by their friends of SS. Cyril and Methodius' School. A few fell by the wayside, but the majority then continued on to Lorain High School, where they were afforded many pleasures. For some the pleasures were sports of all kinds, for others a variety of clubs, which aided in more knowledge of the subject interested and also more friends, while others sang in the glee club or chorus or played in the school band or orchestra. Two of their members made it their duty to attend school every day on time for four years. Another guarded the halls to see that no one loitered in the corridors. For all this they received recognition on Recognition Day by receiving certificates for the services rendered to the school.

Lorain High School did not only give pleasures to the graduates, but hard work and study and evenings spent at home in memorizing quotations from Shakespeare or writing term papers. Often one could hear them say, "Gee, if I don't get these quotations learned, Miss Swick will give me an 'F,'" or "My term paper in history is due, and I haven't half of it finished and only two periods before class," or "Today I got back four exercises in typing, I'll never get them in before grades come out. I made one mistake, and look—maybe my sister will help me." "I don't know my shorthand, maybe if I write the words on a slip of paper, and let it hang out of my book, I can pass the test," or even "Say, did you hear that the second period class had a test in history? Have you heard anything about it?" or "I can't get this experiment in chemistry, how does it go?" And then finally, "Say, am I glad that I am graduating. I doubt if I could stand another week of this, in fact, I know I couldn't." The final exams are taken and they are finished.

Some of the graduates then begin to think, "I'm finished with Lorain High School, but what will I do now? Stay home as the rest of them, I suppose. I can't afford to go to college, and there are no positions open."

Well, boys and girls, I know some of you won't continue, but you don't know everything yet; we learn more and more each day. Even at 70 and 90 we learn something we never knew before. Life goes on, and so does the world, making history as it goes, and we must keep up with these if we wish to become good citizens of our country. To keep up with these you must read good books and newspapers and make frequent visits to the libraries, besides watching what is going on around us, for soon you shall be 21 and have the great duty and privilege to vote and help select the

### G. W.'s Win Opener by Score of 6 to 3

Cleveland, O.—With "Iggy" Jeraj twirling masterful ball for the George Washington Lodge, No. 180, SSCU, baseball team, the Cherry Tree Choppers annexed a victory in their first game of the season, at the expense of S. Y. M. C. The final score was 6 to 3. Game was played May 31 at Gordon Park.

Jeraj yielded only five scattered hits to the opponents, who had "Twin" Yerse and Joe Jarc on the mound. Luminaries for the victors were Zalokar, Buzil, Betson and Kosteck, manager, who clouted the ball for tallies.

### Silver as Germ Killer

Although it was discovered in the eighties that water kept in a silver or copper vessel acquired certain germ-killing properties, it was only recently that a scientist in Paris found a commercial adaptation for the phenomenon.

Silver chloride mixed with pottery's clay and baked at a high temperature is employed as a filtering medium, says Popular Mechanics Magazine, and it has been found that water passing through such a filter has the property of killing typhoid and other germs, while itself containing no silver.

Previous researches had demonstrated that, if silver is to sterilize effectively, it must have enormous surface. It was therefore converted into minute bubbles, which make it possible to kill all germs in 10,000,000 liters of water.

candidate who will do the best he can for the good of all the citizens.

So remember, boys and girls, don't sit at home and wait for the position to come to you, because it won't—you must go after it, and I know all of you shall, and I wish you the best luck and happiness in anything you may undertake, because I know you will succeed.

By no means must we forget the twenty boys and girls graduating from SS. Cyril and Methodius' School on June 11, most of whom are Slovenes. They all have a wonderful background for the coming four years. I know I can say with certainty that they shall all continue. About four years ago and back even further one who graduated from the eighth grade had considered eight years sufficient education, and few continued to high school, but now there are few who do not continue and find that in four years, when their former classmates are graduating, they regret that they did not continue.

So education goes on, and history takes a turn, and I hope that four years from now I will be able to say these are graduating from high school and not one will be omitted: Paul Balog, James Greco, Frances Jere, Louis Konyar, Edward Lerchbaker, Victor Mauro, Genieve Muc, Joseph Pavlic, Frank Pavlovic, John Perusek, Amelia Skapin, Jennie Soklich, Amelia Sustersic, Elsie Tomazic, Joe Udrovic, Angela Yug, Edward Zehel, Cyril Zgonc, Anna Zore and Josephine Zore. Don't forget, graduates, I'm depending on you.

Good luck and best wishes to all the graduates.

Vida A. Kumse.

### Lodges Visit Historic Battle Field

Claridge, Pa.—The 30th anniversary dance held by St. Michael's Lodge, No. 40, SSCU, Saturday, May 27, was a success, although only a few members were on hand. On Sunday, May 28, a federation meeting was held at Claridge by the Western Pennsylvania Federation of SSCU, with a dinner served by Mrs. Mary Supancic, Mrs. Anna Yerina and Mrs. Katherine Yerina. Thanks, girls!

The annual parade was staged on Decoration Day with a small turnout, although eight different societies were represented with flags. The parade consisted of the following: Twenty-piece band, American Legion Post No. 260, our lodge No. 40 SSCU, No. 7 SNPJ, No. 2 SSPZ, all Slovene lodges; Croatian lodge No. 378 NHZ; Italian lodges No. 4 and No. 20 CBF, and one American lodge, No. 109 WS&DBF.

The parade formed at the Slovene National Home, then marched to the Claridge Cemetery and back to the American Legion headquarters, where Frank Bonazza, bus operator of Claridge, had three busses waiting to take the parades to Harrison City and Manor Valley cemeteries and then to the historic battle field of Bushy Run at Claridge, where Gen. Boquet and his handful of men were attacked Aug. 5, 1763, by an overwhelming number of Indians. Gen. Boquet and his troopers were on their way with provisions to Fort Pitt, now Pittsburgh.

Killed in that battle fought on Aug. 5 and 6, 1763, were 29 Royal Highlanders, 7 Royal Americans, 6 Montgomery Highlanders and 8 Volunteer Rangers, who now lie buried on or near the Bushy Run battle field—now a state park.

The writer, in behalf of all lodges, wishes to thank John Mochnik Jr., who spoke at the Claridge Cemetery, and the Rev. Baners of Harrison City, who spoke at the other two cemeteries and at the Bushy Run battle field.

We also wish to extend our sincere thanks to Frank Bonazza for the use of his three busses without charge. The busses were used most of the forenoon.

John Regina,

Pub. Com., No. 40, SSCU.

### Little Things

"The other day in Colorado a great stalwart tree fell down. It was four hundred years old. It was a sapling when Columbus landed at San Salvador. It had been struck by lightning fourteen times. It had braved, undaunted, the storm of four hundred years. It had defied earthquake and hurricane. It had laughed in scorn at the winter's blasts and blizzards that would have destroyed it. But in the end the tiny little beetles killed it. They bored under the bark, dug into its heart, ate away its mighty fiber—and one day down came the lordly king of the forest. It is the little things that make us, or break us."

Mrs. Howe: Does your husband appreciate home cooking?

Mrs. Farr: Oh, my, yes. You know we eat dinner every evening in a restaurant that specializes in home cooking.

## Springdale

Springdale, Pa.—Almost every city, town or hamlet has something of which it is proud to speak of, and so it is with Springdale. The early history and the derivation of its name will be of some interest to our readers, I'm sure.

The town is considered some 200 years old, as the first white man to settle here was in the early part of the 18th century. There is still some doubt as to who really was the first to settle, but the first white man to be born in Springdale was a Mr. Logan. His descendants have reached prominent heights as they are now in the banking business and many other activities. Their bank is a group of the Mellon interests. Forts and other strongholds were increasingly necessary, as there were many Indian fights. These Indians were numerous and crafty, thus giving the first settlers much opposition in settling. One of the first log cabins to be built still stands today, but has been reinforced to keep from demolishing. This rebuilding is on the outside only, the inside remains the same.

During the Revolutionary War, it is claimed, Washington on marching through these parts camped on the hill overlooking the town; a street leading up this hill has been named Washington Street. This street proudly claims a spring at which the army is supposed to have refreshed itself, and it is for this spring that the town has been given its name.

In the early part of the 19th century a canal was built in Springdale, called the Pennsylvania Canal. Through this waterway the town began developing. Many settlers were attracted and a local government was in the making. Since the town is on the banks of the Allegheny River, and only 16 miles from Pittsburgh, the steel center, industry became attracted to the town. At present there are two power plants, the West Penn Power Co. and the Duquesne Light Co. The latter is the largest of several affiliated with the Philadelphia Co., a powerful public utility company in Pennsylvania. Besides these two there is a glue factory of the American Glue Co., a cinder block works and a mirror works. All these give work to a majority of the people, while others find work in nearby towns. This is speaking of normal days; at present a fair number are on the unemployed list, which is to be expected.

The population at the last census, I believe, was near the figure of 6,000 and is continually increasing. The last ten years have proved the best. During these ten years considerable change has taken place in the town. The two parallel streets holding the distinction as the prettiest in the town were ten years ago a menace to the town and unreach following a storm. At present they are lined with pretty homes and a boost for Springdale. Recent distinction received by the town was as one of the prettiest towns in western Pennsylvania. This was made by an Associated Press newspaper.

The increase in population can be noted by the local school attendance. The graduating class of '28 was composed of 25 seniors, while five years later ('33) it is composed of 82 graduates. The present freshman class consists of 250 students, which surely is the greatest increase for some time. This year's graduating class is the first from the new Senior High building, erected last year at a cost of \$100,000. Speaking of the graduating class, I am proud to say that a Slovene,

Miss Helene Buxbaum, is graduating with the honors of valedictorian, an honor indeed since there were only three Slovenes in this graduating class. Springdale has few Slovenes, in fact, I believe there are less than ten families in all.

Perhaps some other locality may be of interest, something that appeals to the average person. If so, why not let us hear of it. Boost your town and you will boost your lodge. Others interested in the town or city will naturally be interested in the lodge if properly advertised. Especially among the English-speaking members. Talk it over with the non-members and explain the features of the lodge and especially the official organ. The New Era is a wonderful agent in itself. Explain its purpose and what they should and are expected to do upon becoming members; that they are urged to become a live-wire member and contribute to the paper. It is the members who can and will make it a good paper, and an interesting paper. The more interesting the paper, the more chance for getting members. A dull and uninteresting paper is no incentive for one to become a member. If the organ is not one that appeals to you it is the fault of each and every one of you, the members. Don't expect an editor to make the paper interesting himself, as it is the news that makes it so; the news gathered by the reporters. You, you are the reporters for this paper, which is yours. Since it is yours, why not make it come up to your expectations?

Frank J. Progar,  
No. 203, SSCU.

## Essentials of Lodge Life

Cleveland, O.—What are the "Essentials of Lodge Life"? Leadership that will instill confidence in officers and members of the lodge, a confidence that will make them realize that there is nothing too big to attempt and achieve successfully. Leadership with ideas and imaginations is not dulled by past failures; leadership that can band men and women together and place the lodge among the most respected in the community.

Sincerity of purpose is another vital quality in both leadership and the successful lodge. A real belief that the South Slavic Catholic Union is worth while; a sincere desire on the part of all members to do some of the things embodied in the principles of our Union.

Co-operation is likewise most essential. No one person, no matter how hard he works, nor what ideas he may suggest, can successfully carry the lodge. Every brother or sister who accepts office in a lodge should be prepared to carry their share of the load. The successful leader is one who welds his workers into a body of go-getters and who takes a personal pride in the achievements of the lodge.

Frank "Lefty" Jaklich,  
No. 180, SSCU.

## Heard Over the Ether

A Negro mammy down South named one of her offspring Morphine. "Why do you call him Morphine?" Jane asked one day. "Cause I done heard white folks say morphine am a product ob de wild poppy," explained the Negress. "an' ef evah a chile had a wild poppy, dis am him."

## Might Have Been Taps

"Say, Bill, I hear yez had a military weddin'."

"Yeah! Lizzie's old man was there with his shotgun."

## Industrial Recovery Bill Discriminates Against Aliens

### Preference Granted to Citizens on \$3,300,000,000 of Public Works

The national industrial recovery bill, now under consideration by Congress, will virtually exclude the non-citizen from its benefits, if the recommendations of the Ways and Means Committee are adopted. The House of Representatives passed the bill on May 26, 1933, the vote being 324 to 76. It now goes to the Senate.

The bill appropriates \$3,300,000,000 for public works. It provides that in the employment of labor on any project preference shall be given

1. To ex-service men with dependents.

2. To citizens of the United States who are bona fide residents of the political subdivision or county in which the work is to be performed, and

3. To citizens of the United States who are bona fide residents of the state, territory, or district in which the work is to be performed.

Under existing economic conditions, the preferences thus granted, although they apply only where such labor is available and qualified, virtually exclude non-citizens. This discrimination will affect adversely some six million persons who have not yet obtained citizenship. According to the 1930 census, there were 5,784,760 aliens in the United States and 499,853 foreign-born for whom data in regard to citizenship was not obtained—a total of 6,284,613. Of these some 5,654,672 were 21 years of age and over.

Those favoring these preferences urge that if there are two applicants and only one job, it is proper and fair to give preference to the citizen. This may be granted, if other things are equal. But in countless cases, other things are not equal. The citizen may be a single man. The alien may have a wife and children dependent on him. In such a case humanity and sound public policy require that the alien should be given the job. This would be impossible under the arbitrary provisions of the bill. In most cases, further, the children of the alien are native-born. In discriminating against their fathers, the bill would, in effect, discriminate against hundreds of thousands of American citizens, and those least able to protect themselves.

The unemployed alien is as much in need as the unemployed citizen. Having admitted him to permanent residence, the country cannot in decency or fairness discriminate against him. From every human standpoint the alien, in this vital matter of employment and livelihood, is on the same footing as the citizen. He is subject to the same taxes. In many cases he has already declared his intention of becoming a citizen. Often he has not yet acquired citizenship because of the high naturalization fees and other expenses involved. It will also be remembered that in the past this sort of work—construction and manual labor—has been regarded as the special province of the immigrant, the native-born not choosing to do it.

The bill, as it stands, gives preference not to all citizens, but to those who are bona fide residents of the locality in which the work is to be performed. If such local preference is retained, it should not, however, be limited to citizens but extended to all bona fide residents, whether citizen or alien.—F. L. I. S.

## Frozen Assets

East Palestine, O.—We have often heard people speaking about frozen assets with reference to banks, meaning investments which are not redeemable at every wish of the banks. But there can be frozen assets other than money. Every lodge has what might be called frozen assets, these being certain members of the lodge.

In every lodge there are members who have ability to speak and to carry into action the spoken word. Yet these same people utilize to a very little extent their known ability. The very fact that they belong to the lodge pronounces them as assets. But their inactivity must label them as "frozen" assets. Perhaps a little concerted action on the part of their respective lodges might drive them to the "melting" point.

Joe J. Golicic,  
No. 41, SSCU.

## Conservation Is Key

Cleveland, O.—The trend of fraternal insurance salesmanship today is toward a decreasing emphasis on the probable financial distress of the beneficiary and an increasing emphasis on the economic value of the life of the insured. Every man and woman has a potential financial value, usually based upon their earning capacity and their expectation of life.

Fraternal insurance is sold, not because someone will die, but because someone will live, and, without fraternal insurance, may suffer. The main requisite today for successful salesmanship is the ability to discover the need for protection, and then to vividly portray the excellent and positive manner in which fraternal insurance alone can guarantee the fulfillment of that need. The member soliciting must be able to see clearly and tell plainly just how fraternal insurance will cast its mantle of guaranteed protection around the home and family.

This new departure in fraternal insurance salesmanship promises the ultimate elimination of members who are interested primarily in the commissions and self-aggrandizement rather than in giving service based on the new member's needs. There should be a purpose back of every certificate. Every effort should be made by the soliciting member to secure the retention of the certificate until its maturity. Progress is measured in terms of actual increase in business in force and its persistence, by the number of new members secured. Production without conservation is meaningless, profitless and senseless.

S. S. C. U. members, increase the membership of your Union! Let "Conservation" be the key to our South Slavic Catholic Union's many successes. Start today! It's as good as any day, but no better time than now!

Frank "Lefty" Jaklich,  
No. 180, SSCU.

## All Set for Thrift Week

An insurance man walked into a lunch room and, taking his place on one of the vacant stools, ordered bread and milk. The fellow sitting on the next stool asked:

"On a diet?"

"No. Commission."

"It makes a bath that refreshes, relaxes and stimulates! You step out of your tub ready to meet all comers."—From a national soap advertisement. We fear the advertiser has greatly overestimated the number of nudists in this country.

## "TENTH BROTHER"

By Josip Jurčič

Translated from the Slovene Text by Joseph L. Mihelic

(Continuation)

The following morning was a beautiful, sunny day. The trees in the orchard were covered with snow-white bloom through which the bees were buzzing and sucking the sweet nectar of apple blossoms. A gentle breeze swayed the branches and loosened, here and there, the spotless white flower petals, and strewed the verdant grass with them.

Lovre Kvas was strolling among the blooming trees in the orchard. After a while he noticed Manica by the beehive, where just a short time before he was reading. It was a lonely spot, but for him it was a place reminiscent of pleasant memories, for there he first opened his heart to her. He at once directed his steps in that direction, because he hoped for an opportunity to talk to her again. On reaching the beehive he did not find the girl there. She had gone to the castle by another direction. His book which he had left there was still on the bench, but it seemed to him that it was moved; knowing at once that she had it in her hands, he picked it up with a pleasant sensation.

As he was opening the book, a small piece of folded paper fell from it. Quickly he picked it up and opened it. It was her writing, written in a hurry with a pencil. "Beloved! Be careful. Father and mother suspect something. They watch both of us. Do not look for me, nor speak much with me. Be careful of your behavior. But do not worry, all will come out all right with time. Only a few more years."

Lovre laughed. "You, you better be careful, or you will offend me. I experienced a great deal already. But you are a young rebel who would like to do everything at once, just like a hungry dog when he gets to a pile of bones!"

"Tell me, Martin, honestly and truthfully, what are you, and what were you before you took up this kind of life? I do not believe you that you are a Tenth Brother. But I see that you are an extraordinary person," said Lovre.

"So you do not believe that I am a Tenth Brother, eh? Well, then do as you please. A belief is such an animal that not even the Almighty God can force it upon anyone, but everyone may have it if he only cares to have it."

"You see, you said this in such a way that I must believe that you have studied at one time," said Lovre.

"Whether I studied or not, is none of your business, and you better not tempt me with your questions. If you are going to live, and if I do not bite into grass, you will find out a great deal yet. But that you will have a little more faith in me, I will tell you one more thing. You are not obeying the orders that were given to you, and you are wise in doing that."

"What do you mean?"

"Well, your girl told you not to have anything to do with me."

"How do you know that?" asked Lovre very much surprised.

"Well, I am the Tenth Brother, you stubborn devil, you. And the Holy Scriptures say, too, that women are not to be bosses. Listen to a woman

only when you are sure that she is right, and under no condition permit her to wear your pants. I do not feel offended by what she said about me, because she does not know what she is talking about the Tenth Brother. But I will feel hurt if you should avoid me, and if you do, then it will be the end of your luck. I liked you from the very beginning, and that is why I told you that you shall remember me the rest of your life."

So saying, Martinek turned, and quickly walked away over the path.

"Wait a while, we will go together," called Lovre after him. "You better walk along and cheer up and be happy," said Sed Obršak's tavern for a swallow of gin. He had to listen to again about those happy hours that Uncle Dolef had experienced while he was in Latin schools, merrily drinking and carousing with his school companions.

(To Be Continued)

After two weeks at a summer cottage in the woods the average man learns how to appreciate plumbing.

**IZ URADA GLAVNEJ TAJNIKA**

PREJEMKI IN IZDATKI MESEC APRIL 1933

INCOME AND DISBURSEMENT FOR APRIL 1933

Odrasli Oddelek—Adult Dept.

Dr. st. Lodge No. Income

Dohodki Dispenza

1 761.55 \$ 150.87

2 566.23 149.55

3 161.57 149.55

4 163.54 149.55

5 226.03 149.55

6 462.24 149.55

11 174.68 149.55

12 241.98 149.55

13 92.90 149.55

14 48.15 149.55

15 322.48 149.55

16 188.13 149.55

18 386.33 149.55

20 325.79 149.55

21 395.12 149.55

22 193.28 149.55

25 462.36 149.55

26 510.26 149.55

27 99.92 149.55

28 40.65 149.55

30 664.97 149.55

31 221.33 149.55

32 69.20 149.55

33 150.87 149.55

36 714.55 149.55

37 1,282.77 149.55

39 309.75 149.55

40 296.93 149.55

41 67.67 149.55

42 296.42 149.55

43 125.74 149.55

44 419.09 149.55

45 416.07 149.55



## IZ URADA GL. TAJNIKA

## PODPORE IZPLAČANE

(Nadaljevanje s 7. strani)

150 Mary Podiggar	29.00
160 Frank Ponikvar	13.00
160 Amalia Ukmar	28.00
172 Peter Venovich	11.00
173 Anna Prosen	15.00
175 Anton Tratar	28.00
179 Salvatore Velthri	23.00
183 John Rozanc	19.00
183 Joe Koracinc Jr.	29.00
197 John Jerin	65.00
197 John Jerin	27.00
199 Mariano Marcelli	8.00

April 25

1 Frank Sever	14.00
1 Frank Sasek	32.00
1 Matt Pogorelc	17.00
1 Joseph Zobec	17.00
1 Anton Boic	21.00
1 Jacob Presherin	14.50
1 Frank Krmicar	30.00
1 Valentine Rozman	13.00
1 George Butarae	14.00
1 Louis Glatch	14.00
1 Alex Atanasoff	12.00
1 Joe Tomisch	28.00
1 Rudolph Majerle	21.00
2 Karl Gorska	29.00
2 Martin Jakopic	32.00
2 Johana Maticich	9.00
2 John Gruden	14.00
2 Anton Murgel	28.00
2 Joe Kvas	14.00
4 Jernej Pavlich	39.50
4 Valentim More	28.00
9 John Kestnar	14.00
9 Joseph Zupanich	25.00
9 Joseph Stukel	35.00
9 John Panjan	65.00
9 John Panjan	34.00
9 John Lukezich	65.00
9 John Lukezich	46.00
15 Frank Mehle	12.00
15 Frank Tekavec	15.50
20 Angela Juhant	21.00
20 Jakob Debevec	30.00
20 Mario Maurin	35.00
25 Anton Rahne	28.00
29 Andrew Opeka	21.00
35 Joseph Brénc	16.00
40 Louis Pogajen	13.00
51 Matt Sobat	165.00
53 Anton Treck	24.00
55 Joseph Ostanek	114.00
55 Agnes Lah	33.00
55 John Sintich	36.00
55 Frank Hudomal	14.00
55 Katie Kalich	15.00
57 Frank Ljubanovich	40.50
57 Mary Ljubanovich	82.50
64 Paul Lukanic	31.00
64 Matt Ozanic	14.00
66 Frank E. Vranichar, Con-	\$1,166.45

PREMEMBE V ČLANSTVU  
ZA MESEC APRIL 1933CHANGES IN MEMBERSHIP FOR  
APRIL 1933

## Odrasli Oddelek—Adult Dept.

## Novi člani — New Members

Društvo št. 1: Anton Jakich B-34674,

Joseph Mishmash B-34675, Rose Jakich

B-34676, John Miklak AA-34677,

Društvo št. 2: Amalij Benko

AA-34678.

Društvo št. 6: Edward Evanish

AA-34679.

Društvo št. 20: Mary Pershing

AA-34080.

Društvo št. 54: Rose Yeshe AA-34681,

Anne Yeshe AA-34682.

Društvo št. 61: Joseph Spehar

AA-34683.

Društvo št. 184: Frank Jenko

C-34685.

Društvo št. 222: Anna Strout

AA-34684.

Premenili zavarovalnino iz načrta "A"

v načrt "AA"

Converted Insurance From Plan "A"

to Plan "AA"

Društvo št. 1: John Horvat 34447,

Društvo št. 2: Anna Urbas 34448,

Frank Urbas 34449.

Društvo št. 3: John Perše 34450,

John Spusta 34451.

Društvo št. 6: Joseph Zgomec 34452,

Louis Kosten 34453, John Klemen

34454, Joseph Perusek 34455, Stefan

Barohic 34458, Anna Urbas 34457,

Petar Rohotina 34458, Andrej Tomazin

34459, Matija Ostanek 34460, Agnes

Kosten 34461, Joseph Pavlich 34462,

Joseph Urbas 34463, Anna Kosten

34464, Michael F. Tomazin 34465, Louis

Zaletel 34466.

Društvo št. 9: John Banovich 34467,

Mary Maynarich 34468, John Turk

34469, Joe Gešel 34470, John Cim-

marchic 34471.

Društvo št. 11: Tony Radanovich

34472.

Društvo št. 15: Mary Lubich 34473,

Bozo Lubich 34474, Frances Pirnat

34475.

Društvo št. 16: Michael Thomas

34476, Mary Bećaj 34477, Joseph Bećaj

34478, John Zalar 34479, Andrew

Tomec 34480.

Društvo št. 21: John Nenadič 34481,

Društvo št. 26: Pavlina Gudvat

34482, Mary Mivsek 34483, Joseph F.

Kobe 34484, Michael Turk 34485, Dra-

gotin Marecic 34486, Joseph Uječ-

34487.

Društvo št. 29: Joe Zupanc 34488,

Mary Spik 34489, Sam Hrezzuck 34490,

Louis Augustin 34491, Ernest Spik

34492, Anna M. Spik 34493, Maks Zidar

34494.

Društvo št. 30: Anton Jerom 34495,

Joseph Sterle 34496, Tom Anzelc 34497,

Frank Pucelj 34498, John Lipovetz

34499, Joseph Lovšin 34500, Frank

Tekaut 34501, Marko Podovan 34445,

Društvo št. 33: Jacob Klinar 34502,

Frank Auredenc 34503.

Društvo št. 36: Matt Krebelj 34504,

Frank Prosen 34505, Jozef Pucelj

34506, Alojzija Kobal 34507, Mary

Skufca 34508, Frank Kobal 34509,

Mathias Klugec 34510, John Ceglar

34511, John Vidmar 34512, Joseph

Petrović 34516, Marija Rovšek

34517, Martin Jagar 34518, Frank

Skufca 34519, Frances Jager 34520,

Jacob Krelbel 34521,

Filipina Brozovich 34522,

Sophie Briske 34523,

April 7

\$ 20.00

9.00

10.00

11.00

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