

Naslov — Address
NOVA DOBA
6117 St. Clair Ave.
Cleveland, Ohio
(Tel. HEnderson 3889)

NOVA DOBA

(NEW ERA)

Napredok J. S. K. Jednote ni
odvisen samo od splošnih razmer,
ampak v mnogo večji meri od naše
zgodnosti.

URADNO GLASILO JUGOSLOVANSKE KATOLIŠKE JEDNOTE — OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE SOUTH SLAVONIC CATHOLIC UNION

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CLEVELAND, O., WEDNESDAY, JULY 20TH 1932 — SREDA, 20. JULIJA 1932

VOL. VIII. — LETNIK VIII.

IZ URADA GLAVNEGA PREDSEDNIKA

OTVORITEV XIV. REDNE KONVENCIJE JSKJ
Kot je bilo že poročano iz glavnega urada, se prične XIV. redna konvencija Jugoslovanske Katoliške Jednote na 25. julija 1932 v šolskem auditoriju na 902 N. Holmes Avenue v mestu Indianapolis, Indiana. Začasni poslovni red konvencije je sleden:

1. Otvoritev konvencije točno ob 8. uri zjutraj dne 25. julija.
2. Čitanje imen glavnih odbornikov, delegatov in delegatinj.
3. Volitev ali imenovanje članov poverilnega odbora.
4. Čitanje poročila poverilnega odbora.
5. Volitev konvenčnega predsednika in podpredsednikov.
6. Volitev zapisnikarjev.
7. Volitev raznih konvenčnih odborov.
8. Poročila glavnih odbornikov.
9. Poročila delegatov in delegatinj.
10. Poročilo odbora za pravila, oziroma čitanje pravil.
11. Poročila drugih posebnih odborov.
12. Nerešeni posli.
13. Razno.
14. Določitev mesta za prihodnjo konvencijo.
15. Volitev glavnih odbornikov odnosno njih namestnikov.
16. Instalacija ali vmeščenje novoizvoljenih glavnih odbornikov.
17. Čitanje zapisnika zadnje seje.
18. Zaključek konvencije.

DNEVNI RED

1. Otvoritev seje.
2. Čitanje imen glavnih odbornikov, delegatov in delegatinj.
3. Čitanje zapisnika prejšnje seje.
4. Predlogi in poročila.
5. Nadaljevanje s poslovnim redom.
6. Posebna naznanila.
7. Čitanje dopisov in brzojavk.
8. Zaključek seje.

Gornji poslovni in dnevni red je samo provizoričen in torej podvržen odobritvi konvencije.

Glavni odborniki, delegati in delegatinj so vladljeno, da so na svojih mestih točno ob določenem času.

Z bratskim pozdravom,

Paul Bartel, glavni predsednik.

DRUŠTVE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

Naslov za pisma in brzojavke redne konvencije, ki se prične 25. julija, je sleden: "Convention of J. S. K. J., 902 N. Holmes Ave., Indianapolis, Ind."

Predkonvenčne razprave o svilah v Novi Dobi so z določilno številko zaključene.

Tajnik Zveze JSKJ društev v jugozahodni Pennsylvaniji priporoča, da se delegati iz Pennsylvanije in vzhodnih držav zberekajo v Pittsburghu v soboto 23. julija zvezčer ali v nedeljo 24. julija do polu sedme ure zjutraj, to v svrhu aranžiranja potovanja v Indianijo.

Zensko društvo Zvezda, št. 10 J. S. K. Jednote v Chicagu, ki bodo potovali na konvencijo v Indianapolis skozi Indianijo, da posjetijo domača zavetnika, ki bo v soboto 23. julija pripravljena zanje na 54 Blue Island Ave., ako bo tudi kaj časa na razpolago, dan ob desetih dopoldne na istem prostoru zanje prijavljen zajutrk.

Piknik Slovenske šole S. N. na v. Clevelandu, ki se je bil v nedeljo 17. julija, je bil aranžiran in zelo dobro uspešen. Tudi vreme je bilo kot bilo razpoloženje posetnikov in najboljše. Na pikniku smo vseh slojev in prejeli rojake vseh slojev in predstavili, kar je najboljši dokaz, da visoko narod ceni slovenščino, kar je za našo mladino.

ZASTAVKALI so delavci pa-pirnic Union Bag and Paper Co. v Hudson Fallsu, N. Y. (Dalej na 4. strani).

PRAVI AMERIČANI

Amerika je dežela priseljencev in njihovih potomev. Dandanes imamo v Združenih državah 14 milijonov tujerodcev in ti skupaj s svojimi otroki tvorijo tretino prebivalstva. Ali tudi "pravi Američani" so le par generacij oddaljeni od priseljeništva. Venarde imamo skupino v Ameriki, ki nima nič opraviti s priseljanjem, kateri nihče ne more reči, da so tuji, — in ti so seveda američki Indijanci.

Naši Indijanci so zopet postali predmet večjega zanimanja v zadnjih letih. Ameriška politika napram njim je bilo izpostavljena ostrim kritikam, in mnogo sprememb na boljše se je vresnile.

Koliko Indijancev je bilo v sedanjem ozemlju Združenih držav za časa odkritja Amerike je težko reči. Imamo razne cenitve in nekateri sodijo, da jih je bilo okolo 800,000. Leta 1789 pa smo imeli le 80,850 Indijancev. Kruštost bele civilizacije so grozile popolno uničenje tega urojenega plemena. Leta 1824 pa je začelo novo naziranje in drugo stališče napram Indijancem. Mesto sovražnikov so postali varovanci naroda. Onega leta je bil ustavljhen indijanski urad zvezne vlade.

Nova politika je stremela za "civiliziranjem" Indijancev, dokim so bili odstranjeni v razne oddeljene pokrajine, zvane rezervacije, ki so jim bile nakazane v bivanju. Razne pametne in nesmetne mere so bile poskušene, ali vsi poskusili, da se Indijanci prilagodijo našemu načinu življenja, so se v splošnem izjavili.

Sirom Združenih držav imamo sedaj kakih 300,000 Indijancev, ki so večinoma nastanjeni v 200 rezervacijah, nahajajočih se v 25 državah. Skupna površina teh rezervacij odgovarja velikosti države New York in newenglandskih držav. Imamo 193 indijanskih plemen, ki govorijo 58 jezikov. Splošno mnenje, da Indijanci izumirajo, ne odgovarja resnici. Narobe, indijansko prebivalstvo narašča v razmerju do 2,000 na leto.

Kakor pri začetnih poskusih "amerikanizacije" priseljencev do prilagodijo nekaki ameriški civilizaciji, ne da bi se jemale v poštev njegove naravne sposobnosti in njegove tradicije. Ker je Indijanec narave sin, mislijo se, da poljedelstvo je zanj najbolj primeren poklic. Dali so mu zemljo in mislijo se, da postaja farmer kot beločoč. Se le kesneje smo se zavedli, da tisočletno plemensko življenje ni v Indijancih ustvarilo ideje privatenega posestva Evropejca. Indijanec je komunist po naravi, kajti oni dajejo onim članom plemena, ki so v potrebi, in odjemajo onim, ki imajo zadost. Tudi indijanske šole so v marsičem zgrešile svojo nalogo.

Dandanes se pojavlja bolj realistično naziranje glede Indijancev. Našlo se je, da Indijanec, bolj kot naprom poljedelstvu ima naravni nagon napram mehaničnim stvarem. Njegov umetniški nagon se splošno pripoznavata. Chicago, ki je danes drugo največje mesto v Združenih državah in šteje 3,375,235 prebivalcev, je imelo leta 1837 samo 298 stanovanjskih hiš, 4 skladišča, 29 manufakturnih trgovin, tri lekarne, 19 grocery, 10 gostiln, 17 odvetniških uradov in 5 cerkva.

BILJON

Biljon ali tisoč milijonov dolarjev je ogromna vsota. Človek, ki bi zapravil en dolar vsako minuto, bi moral živeti 1900 let, da bi ga pognal do zadnjega dolarja.

UBEŽNI KOZEL

V Rocky Mountain narodnem parku v Coloradu se že več let izprehaja s čredo srn domačih kozel, ki je svoječasno ušel z nekega rečna. Na vratu se vedno nosi privezan zvonček, a se očvidno tako dobro počuti med adoptirano srnjo družino, da se ne mara vrniti v civilizacijo.

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PROVIZORIČNA PRAVILA

BENEFIT CERTIFICATE
TWENTY PAYMENT LIFE
(American Experience 4%)
PLAN "B"

The South Slavonic Catholic Union
Organized in 1898
Incorporated in 1901

A FRATERNAL BENEFICIARY UNION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, HEREINAFTER CALLED THE UNION,

DOES HEREBY EVIDENCE, that.....
of....., State of....., hereinafter called the member, is, while in good standing, entitled to all the rights and privileges of membership and subject to the obligations and responsibilities of the Union pursuant to its Constitution and Laws. The said member shall pay the Union at such times and in such manner as required by its Constitution and Laws, a monthly assessment of..... Dollars and..... Cents for a period of twenty full years from date hereof and the Union, in consideration of the premises and the payment of said assessments, hereby agrees as follows:

DEATH BENEFIT

Upon the death of said member while in good standing and the filing of satisfactory proof thereof in its principal office at....., Minnesota, in such form and manner as it shall require, and the surrender of this Certificate, the Union will pay..... Dollars, in the proportion hereinafter stated, to the following beneficiary or beneficiaries bearing the relationship indicated:

Name in Full of Each Beneficiary	Relationship	Amount
.....
.....
.....

It is agreed that this Certificate of membership, together with the Charter, Constitution and Laws of the Union, the application for membership, and medical examination signed by the applicant, shall constitute the contract between the Union and the member, and copies of the same certified by the Secretary of the Union shall be received in evidence of the terms and conditions thereof, and any changes, additions or amendments to said Charter, Articles of Association, Constitution and Laws duly made or enacted subsequent to the issuance of this Certificate, shall bind the member and his (her) beneficiaries, and shall govern and control the contract in all respects the same as though such changes, additions or amendments had been made prior to and were in force at the time of the application for membership.

It is understood and agreed by said member that this Certificate is issued, signed and accepted subject to all of the conditions set forth in subsequent pages hereof and the same are a part of this contract and are as binding as if set out over the seal and signatures hereto attached.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, THE SOUTH SLAVONIC CATHOLIC UNION has caused these presents to be signed by its President and Secretary and the seal of the Union to be hereunto affixed this..... day of..... 19.....

President.....
Secretary.....

CONDITIONS

I. CONTRIBUTIONS CEASE AT END OF TWENTY YEARS

The regular benefit assessments on this Certificate shall be discontinued at the end of twenty full years from date hereof.

II. PERMANENT TOTAL DISABILITY BENEFIT

After three full years' membership and while this Certificate is in force and effect and not in default in the payment of assessments or dues, should the said member become permanently and totally disabled so that said member is and will be permanently, continuously and wholly prevented thereby from performing his (her) usual duties or any work for compensation or profit, or from engaging in his (her) calling, or pursuing any occupation or employment of a gainful nature, upon receipt of due and satisfactory proof of such permanent total disability, and the surrender of this Certificate for cancellation, the Union will pay to said member a sum equal to one-half the face amount of this Certificate, or the full reserve value of this Certificate, whichever is the greater. Without prejudice to any other cause of disability, the entire irrecoverable loss of the sight of both eyes, or the severance of both hands, or of both feet, or of one entire hand and one entire foot, will be considered as permanent total disability within the meaning of this Certificate. This benefit shall not be granted to persons who, previous to admission, have lost one eye, one hand or one foot, nor to persons classified as prohibited by the Medical Director.

III. AUTOMATIC INSURANCE

After the said member has maintained himself (herself) in good standing by payment of assessments and dues and otherwise has complied with the Laws of the Union for three completed years or longer, the Union agrees to continue the promised protection during such period as the reserve value of this Certificate will pay all required assessments and dues chargeable to said member at and after the date of his (her) non-payment of same; provided, any time prior to the exhaustion of the reserve accumulation, and prior to its fact annulment of this Certificate, said member may renew payment of his (her) assessments and dues by first returning to the Union the amounts advanced with six per cent interest compounded annually, or by having the amounts so advanced charged as a lien against this Certificate with interest thereafter due on said accumulated sum to be paid in cash in addition to the regular assessment rate.

IV. PAID-UP INSURANCE—After the said member has maintained himself (herself) in good standing by payment of assessments and dues and otherwise has complied with the Laws of the Union for three completed years or longer, the Union agrees to waive periodical benefit assessments and to continue whole life protection for death benefit only in the sum which can be purchased by the Reserve Value (less a surrender charge not exceeding one per cent of the face amount hereof) of this Certificate, taken as a "single premium"; provided, this Certificate must be returned to the Union with the application for paid-up insurance. Should any impairment in the reserve arise during the period of paid-up insurance the member may make the same good by a cash payment, or in lieu thereof, have an equivalent reduction made in the amount of paid-up insurance. However, no paid-up Certificate shall be granted in any case if the amount of reserve value of the original Certificate is less than Fifty Dollars, and in such case the amount of reserve value of the original Certificate shall be extended as provided in Section III of this Certificate.

V. CASH LOAN VALUE—After

20 PAYMENT LIFE—AM. 4%			
Entry Age 35			
End of Year	Cash Loan or Reserve Value	Paid Up Insurance	
3	\$ 38.37	\$ 81.00	
4	58.75	136.00	
5	79.99	190.00	
6	102.11	245.00	
7	125.14	299.00	
8	149.13	353.00	
9	174.12	406.00	
10	200.13	460.00	
11	227.22	513.00	
12	255.41	565.00	
13	284.75	618.00	
14	315.28	670.00	
15	347.04	722.00	
16	380.09	773.00	
17	414.48	825.00	
18	450.31	877.00	
19	487.67	929.00	
20	526.65	1000.00	

Benefits at Age 70
Cash Paid Up Annual Payments
Surrender Insurance Until Death
\$719.00 \$1000.00 \$98.00

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Iz urada odbora za provizorična pravila

Razprave o pravilih

Claridge, Pa.

Naj mi bo dovoljeno se nekotliko dotakniti konvencije JSKJ, ki se bo v kratkem vršila v Indianopolisu, Ind. Veliko pišejo naši člani v Novi Dobi o raznih izboljšavah, in če bo hotela naša Jednota še obstojati, bo res potrebovala precejsnih izprememb. Jaz ne bom na dolgo in široko pisal, kaj in kako se naj to in ono izpremeni. Znano mi je, da mnogi člani takih razprav ali ne čitajo ali pa ne vpoštovajo. Glavno je, po mojem mnenju, da se postavi Jednoto na dobro gospodarsko podlago, kajti le na dobrni gospodarski podlagi bo moglo obstojati in koristiti svojim članom na način, kot je bilo pravno namenjeno. Tako zavarovanje, kot ga imamo zdaj pri naši in nekaterih drugih organizacijah, ne odgovarja današnjem časom. Ako član ne more plačati asesmenta dva meseca, je suspendiran, tretji mesec pa črtan, in nikamor se ne more obrniti za pomoč. Upam, da bo letosnja konvencija nekaj ukrenila v korist vsega članstva, posebno pa še za tiste, ki so že po 20 ali več let v Jednoti. Na vsak način pa je treba, da vzamejo našo letošnjo vplačil in izplačil v roke eksperti, ker le z natančnim preračunanjem mogli bomo postaviti Jednoto na dobro finančno stališče in jo predložiti za obdržati. Dobro finančno stanje je pa za vsako gospodarsko ustanovo živiljenjske važnosti.

Torej ako hočemo iti v temu s tujezdno podprtino organizacijami in zavarovalninskim družbami, h katerim naša mladina kaj rada pristopa, moramo imeti vse ugodnosti v 20-letnem zavarovanju, kot jih imajo druge organizacije. Če tega nimamo, je naša mladina za našo organizacijo za vedno izgubljena.

Nekaj važnih razlik med našo sedanjo formo certifikata načrta "B" in predloženo novo formo, zavarovanja načrta "B," je kot sledi:

1. V točki 2 nove forme certifikata je določeno, da ako se član ponesreči ali zbole po pretek treh let nemoglost, jednota izplača takemu članu kot odpravnino polovico svote zavarovalnine označene v njegovem certifikatu, ali pa celo rezervno vrednost njegovega certifikata, ako je rezervna vrednost večja kot pa polovica svote zavarovalnine, označene v njegovem certifikatu. Takih določb ni v sedanjem certifikatu načrta "B."

2. Na podlagi pogojev, označenih v novi formi omjenjene certifikata, član je dolžen, da ako se član ponesreči ali zbole po pretek treh let nemoglost, jednota pod načrtem "B," je sam posmrtni rezervni vrednosti, večja kot pa polovica svote zavarovalnine, označene v njegovem certifikatu.

3. Na podlagi pogojev, označenih v novi formi omjenjene certifikata, član je dolžen, da ako se član ponesreči ali zbole po pretek treh let nemoglost, jednota pod načrtem "B," je sam posmrtni rezervni vrednosti, večja kot pa polovica svote zavarovalnine, označene v njegovem certifikatu.

4. Nekaj bo treba ukreniti za one člane, ki so pri Jednoti že minogo let, ki so še zelo malo ali nič podpre vzeli iz blagajne, zdaj pa so vsled svetovne depresije izgubili svoje delo in zaslужek, ter ne morejo plačevati asesmentov. Vsled tega jim prečrtejmo, da se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. Ako bi 20-letno zavarovanje ne imelo te ugodnosti, bi sploh nihče ne hotel se zavarovati pod načrtem "B," je sam posmrtni rezervni vrednosti, večja kot pa polovica svote zavarovalnine, označene v njegovem certifikatu.

5. Nekaj bo treba ukreniti za one člane, ki so pri Jednoti že minogo let, ki so še zelo malo ali nič podpre vzeli iz blagajne, zdaj pa so vsled svetovne depresije izgubili svoje delo in zaslужek, ter ne morejo plačevati asesmentov. Vsled tega jim prečrtejmo, da se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. To ni moderno. Član se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. Seveda tozadne določbe bi se morale urediti tako, da bi jih ne moreli izrabljati prefriganci, ampak da bodo v pomoč le res potrebnim članom, ki si ne morejo drugače pomagati.

6. Nekaj bo treba ukreniti za one člane, ki so pri Jednoti že minogo let, ki so še zelo malo ali nič podpre vzeli iz blagajne, zdaj pa so vsled svetovne depresije izgubili svoje delo in zaslужek, ter ne morejo plačevati asesmentov. Vsled tega jim prečrtejmo, da se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. To ni moderno. Član se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. Seveda tozadne določbe bi se morale urediti tako, da bi jih ne moreli izrabljati prefriganci, ampak da bodo v pomoč le res potrebnim članom, ki si ne morejo drugače pomagati.

7. Nekaj bo treba ukreniti za one člane, ki so pri Jednoti že minogo let, ki so še zelo malo ali nič podpre vzeli iz blagajne, zdaj pa so vsled svetovne depresije izgubili svoje delo in zaslужek, ter ne morejo plačevati asesmentov. Vsled tega jim prečrtejmo, da se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. To ni moderno. Član se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. Seveda tozadne določbe bi se morale urediti tako, da bi jih ne moreli izrabljati prefriganci, ampak da bodo v pomoč le res potrebnim članom, ki si ne morejo drugače pomagati.

8. Nekaj bo treba ukreniti za one člane, ki so pri Jednoti že minogo let, ki so še zelo malo ali nič podpre vzeli iz blagajne, zdaj pa so vsled svetovne depresije izgubili svoje delo in zaslужek, ter ne morejo plačevati asesmentov. Vsled tega jim prečrtejmo, da se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. To ni moderno. Član se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. Seveda tozadne določbe bi se morale urediti tako, da bi jih ne moreli izrabljati prefriganci, ampak da bodo v pomoč le res potrebnim članom, ki si ne morejo drugače pomagati.

9. Nekaj bo treba ukreniti za one člane, ki so pri Jednoti že minogo let, ki so še zelo malo ali nič podpre vzeli iz blagajne, zdaj pa so vsled svetovne depresije izgubili svoje delo in zaslужek, ter ne morejo plačevati asesmentov. Vsled tega jim prečrtejmo, da se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. To ni moderno. Član se zato zavaruje za dvajsetno zavarovanje, da mu ne potrebuje pretek 20 let več plačevati jednoti nikakih asesmentov. Seveda tozadne določbe bi se morale urediti tako, da bi jih ne moreli izrabljati prefriganci, ampak da bodo v pomoč le res potrebnim članom, ki si ne morejo drugače pomagati.

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"Nova Doba"

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NO. 29

PREDKONVENČNA RAZMOTRIVANJA

Z današnjo izdajo Nove Dobe so zaključene razprave o pravilih, ki so trajale prilično pol leta. Člani so se v velikem številu poslužili svojega glasila, da izrazijo svoja mnenja z ozirom na prikrojitev bodočih pravil J. S. K. Jedenote. To je dokaz, da se članstvo zanima za svojo organizacijo in da se zaveda, v kako resnih časih se nahajamo. Tako zanimanje za bodočnost organizacije je gotovo hvalevredno. Hvalevredno in razveseljivo je tudi dejstvo, da so se dopisniki, ki so razpravljalni o pravilih oziroma o problemih bodoče konvencije, vseskozi dostojevo izražali. Pokazali so s tem, da je mogoče z lepimi in dostojni besedami povedati vse, kar je treba, da se je mogoče izogniti osebnosti, žaljenju, sumnjenju in zafrkanjanju. Pokazali so, da so kljub različnim nazorom vendar bratje in sestre med seboj. Urednik smatra za svojo prijetno dolžnost, da to na tem mestu poudari z vsem priznanjem.

Čez teden dni bo že konvencija končnoveljavno reševala probleme, o katerih so na različne načine razmotrivali člani v svojem glasilu. Razume se, da konvencija ne bo mogoča vpoštovati vseh priporočil, ki so bila navedena v razpravah o pravilih. Nekatera teh priporočila so si direktno nasprotovala, zato bo v takih slučajih popolnoma nemogoče ugoditi obema strankama. Nekatera priporočila ne bodo mogli biti vpoštovana z ozirom na finance, druga z ozirom na državne postave. Ponekod bodo potrebeni kompromisi, da se deloma ugodijo tej, deloma drugi zahtevi.

Vsekakor pa se lahko zanesemo, da bo konvencija skušala ustreči večini članstva, kolikor bodo pač pripuščale splošne razmere in razne omejitve, preko katerih ni mogoče iti. Jedenote je sicer nekaka mala država v državi in njena pravila so legalna, toda le toliko časa, dokler niso v konfliktu z državnimi postavami. Razne državne omejitve pravice so nam včasi sicer neprijetne, toda z ozirom na poslovanje bratskih podpornih organizacij so v splošnem koristne. Marsikatera podpora organizacija je propadla, ker je bila preveč radodarna in je premalo računala s prihodnostjo. To se je zgodilo v časih, ko se države še niso dosti brigale za poslovanje bratskih podpornih organizacij in so jim puščale svobodne roke. Slovenske podporne organizacije so še primejoma mlade in so se razvile v času, ko so bile že v veljavi gotove državne postave, katere so zahtevale primerno varnost in rezerv za gotovo izplačilo obligacij. Iz tega vzroka nam je bilo prihranjeno marsikako razočaranje.

Razprave o pravilih v našem glasilu so bile nekake debate. V teku debat se vsako zadevo osvetli od različnih strani, kar je potrebno za pravilno končno sodbo. Mnogokrat se zgodi, da je kakšna debata navidezno čisto iz reda, pa je kritista vsled tega, ker spravi poslušalce ali čitatelje na nove misli in ideje. Kakšno neizvedljivo priporočilo da včasi povod odgovoru ali pojasmilu, ki pomaga mnogim članom k boljšemu razumevanju splošnega položaja organizacije.

Dopisniki, ki so se udeleževali razprav o pravilih, naj imajo torej zavest, da so po svoji koristili organizaciji, če tudi njih priporočila ne bodo mogla biti na konvenciji vpoštovana ali pa bodo vpoštovana samo deloma. Storili so svojo dolžnost in zdaj je ležeče na delegatih in delegatinah 14. redne konvencije, da storijo svojo. Upati smemo, da bodo ti ukrenili vse najboljše, kar bo v danih razmerah mogoče, ker pač računamo, da so krajevna društva izbrala svoje najboljše in najzmožnejše člane, da jih zastopajo na konvenciji.

IZ URADA GLAVNEGA POROTNEGA ODBORA

V zadevi, tikajoči se društva sv. Mihaela, št. 40 JSKJ, in sobrata Antonia Menarta, je prišel glavni porotni odbor do zaključka, da potrdi oziroma amendira sklep društva v toliko, da je bil Anton Menart pravilno suspendiran, ne pa črtan. Razprava o zadevi se nadaljuje in zaključi na konvenciji pred odborcem za pritožbe; do takrat se zborejo nekateri nadaljnji potrebeni podatki, tikajoči se te zadeve.

Za glavni porotni odbor JSKJ:

Joseph Plautz, predsednik; Joseph Mantel, 1. porotnik; Anton Okolish, 2. porotnik.

Oton Zupančič:

MLADO JUTRO

Sveč dih od gora, od rožnih poljan, ves v rosah opran se dan lesketa.

Vsaka misel kristal, vsaka želja je ptič — čez plan, čez gric v sinjine od tal.

VSAK PO SVOJE

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

ali bi vsaj morala biti za vsako številko nova, mora najprej v mislih sestaviti načrt obdelave, pa tudi načrt za zaključek. To je važno. Kakor za uspešen zaključek romana ni vseeno, če se zaljubljence zastrupita, v vodo skočita ali pa poročita in potem pestujeta svoje vnukne in pravnuke do devetega kolena, tako ni vseeno, kakšen okus pusti čitatelju v ustih konec uredniškega članka.

Sedeš in začneš pisati. S kratkimi presledki čara pisalni stroj v stavke in odstavke oblikovan je idejo na papir. Kar vesel si in sam s seboj zadovoljen, da gre tako gladko.

Pa se odpro vrata in v urad stopi prijatelj ali znanec. Mogoče je prišel po kakšnem opravku, mogoče kar tako. Morda gimaš rad, toda v tistem hipu bi bil najljubše, če bi bil prišel vsaj sto milj daleč od uredniške gajbine. Zamudi se četrtri ure, pol ure ali celo več. Ko začneš tožiti kako silno si zaposlen, obiskovalec, ki hitro misli, brž razume migljaj in se poslovski; kak drugi pa se samo malo popravijo na stolu, si prizipe novo cigareto in zapoje ponovno žalostinko depreziju in kugi na parkljih in gobcih.

Ko končno odide, poteče morda nadaljnje pol ure, predno najdeš izgubljeno nit za nadaljnjo pletenje članka. Komaj prideš nekolič v zamah, zavzoni telefon in dragi rojak na drugem koncu telefona želi imeti te ali one informacije, za katere moraš stikati po knjigah in raznih listinah.

Pa je zopet šlo četrtri ure po gobe in zopet je izgubljeno nit za nadaljnjo pletenje članka. Komaj prideš iz zorješ nekaj črnih brazd na papirju, pridivja v urad trgovski potnik, ki te zamudi pol ure s poskušeno prodajo na najrazličnejših pisanirniških strojev. Vse ima, samo ne strojata, ki bi misli in članke pisal brez urednikove pomoči.

Zopet zavzoni telefon in ne kdo ti z veliko ihti pripoveduje, kako so se pocenile kokoši in jajca, makaroni in banane, ko renje in buče itd. Šele ko izmoli vse agrikulturne litani, ti da toliko časa, da mu poveš, da se ni obrnil na pravi naslov, da ima napačno zvezko in številko. Sledi par stavkov, nakar te zmoti sel z brzojekvo ali "special delivery" pismom. Tako reč je seveda treba takoj odprieti in včasi tudi brez odlašanja odgovoriti. Pa se zopet srečno pri dela nekaj minut zamude.

Postajaš nervozen in misli in stavki se vlečejo in trgajo kot jesenske megle. Nato navadno zopet pride kak znanec s prese netljivo novico, da je vroče ko sama strela. To te spomni, da je res vroče, in mu pritrdi. Pogledaš na živo srebro, ki se v topometru balancira nekje med 90 in 100, pa ti postane še bolj vroče.

Ko obiskovalec odide, prečkaš kar si napisal, in postaniš še hujje vroče. Nedogovljeno članek je tak kot "turška fana" ali kot tista odeja, ki je sestavljena iz skupaj sešitih koščkov najrazličnejšega blaga. Takega umotvora ne moreš izpostaviti kritiki tisočerih članov in nečlanov širom Amerike. Ne preostaja ti družega, kot da v hladnem podzemju "uredništva št. 2" v poznih nočnih urah sestaviš nekaj popolnoma novega. Ali pa pobegneš v grmovje ob jezeru, kjer z eno roko višči ogrizeni svinčnik, z drugo pa se otepaš komarjev ... A.J.T.

VELIKA ŽEPNA URA

Na razstavi v Philadelphiji je bila nedavno razstavljena "žepna" ura, ki tehta 500 funтов in je 43 palcev visoka. Seveda takata ura ni za v žep, same izdelana je v taki obliki. Poleg te velike ure je bila razstavljena malta urica, ki tehta samo osminko unce in je osminko palca visoka.

DRUŠTVE IN DRUGE SLOVENSKE VESTI

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

sko pevsko društvo iz Sharona, Pa., v nedeljo 31. julija. Vsi ljubitelji proste narave in slovenske pesmi so vabljeni in bodo dobrodošli.

V uredništvu Nove Dobe se je pred par dnevi oglasil sobrat Joseph Kramar, predsednik društva Sloga, št. 174 JSKJ v Sharonu, Pa. Mudil se je v Clevelandu po opravkih.

DEVET TOŽBZ za odškodnine po \$5,000 je naperila American Civil Liberties unija proti mestu Melrose Park v državi Illinois. Dne 6. maja se je nameri v imenovanem mestecu vršilo zborovanje brezposelnih, katero je policija razgnala. Pri tem je bilo pet oseb ranjenih in Ameriška unija civilnih svobodišč zanj za odškodnino. Po državni postavi je vsko mesto odgovorno za škodo, povzročeno od neodgovorne družbe ali pa vsled nepočasnega postopanja policije v mestnih mejah.

GOVERNER države Ohio je poslal nadaljnje oddelke državne milice v južni in vzhodni del države, kjer je že dalje časa v teku štrajk premogarjev. Nemiri v stavkovnem okrožju so pretekli teden zahtevali dve smrtni žrtvi in blizu mesteca Chauncey je bil z dinamitem razstreljen most New York Central železnice.

Preminil je dne 9. julija sobrat Frank Erchull, blagajnik društva št. 200 JSKJ v Ely, Minn., star 53 let. Pokojnik je bil doma iz Zagorice pri Dobrempolju. V Ameriki je bil 38 let. Započa enega sina in pet hčera.

V Pittsburghu je pretekli teden nadaljnoma preminila Mrs. Mary Matieč, hčerka dobroznanje Golobove družine. Vsem srodomnikom naj bo na tem mestu izraženo iskreno sožalje.

ODMEVI IZ RODNIH KRAJEV

(Nadaljevanje s 1. strani)

kustosa muzeja v Beogradu. Ameriški arheologi so posetili državni muzej, kjer so si ogledali zlasti zgodovinske spomenike in etnografski oddelki. Ti arheologi so prišli iz Južne Srbije, kjer so vršili izkopavanje starin. Iz Sarajeva odidejo v Glasinac, kjer bodo pregledali znana arheološka najdišča in še neke druge kraje, kjer se nahajajo predistorične izkopine.

UPRAVA mesta Alexandria Bay, N. Y., se je obrnila naravnost na vlado v Washington, da ustavi divjanje prohibicijskih agentov, ki so v svojih pogonih na kršilce prohibicije nastopili brutalno in protipostavno. Dva agenta je policija odprenila iz mesta, da ju reši linčanja, tretjega pa, ki je povozil dve ženski, je zaprla. Nekaj prohibicijskih agentov je bilo do nezavesti pretepenih.

Francoska vlada kupuje Meštrovičev skulpturo. Francoski poslaniku v Beogradu, ki se je par dni mudil v Zagrebu, je bil v Zagrebu prirejen banket, na katerem je poslanik Nagyárkipariju Meštroviču sporočil, da mu bo francoska vlada odkupil neko skulpturo z njegove razstave v Zagrebu.

V WISCONSINU je prijavil svojo kandidaturo za ponovno izvolitev gubernator Philip F. La Follette, sin odličnega, pred leti umrela senatorja La Folletteja, ki je bil enkrat tudi predsedniški kandidat progresivne stranke in je kot tak dobil 11.6 procentov, kar je rekord, ki ga ne more pokazati nobena druga država v Uniji. Vplival je na legislaturo, da so bili olajšani davki povprečnih davkoplačevalcev za upravo države za osem in pol milijonov. Mladi Philip La Follette je govoril države Wisconsin še dve leti, in dasi nima večine v državni legislaturi, se je izkazal vrednega sina svojega naprednega očeta. Prihranil je okoli tri milijone državnega denarja in znižal splošne posestniške davke za 11.6 procentov, kar je rekord, ki ga ne more pokazati nobena druga država v Uniji. Vplival je na legislaturo, da so bili olajšani davki povprečnih davkoplačevalcev za upravo države za osem in pol milijonov.

Z madžarskih krogov so se zadnje dni razširile vesti, da je znani voditelj raznih zločinskih akcij proti Jugoslaviji, frankovski emigrant Gustav Perčec, zapustil Budimpešto in se preselil neznano kam. Kmalu pa se je pokazalo, da je Perčec še vedno v madžarskih prestolnici in da je podzemju "uredništva št. 2" v poznih nočnih urah sestavil nekaj popolnoma novega. Ali pa pobegneš v grmovje ob jezeru, kjer z eno roko višči ogrizeni svinčnik, z drugo pa se otepaš komarjev ... A.J.T.

PRIVATNE DRUŽBE, ki se namenavajo organizirati v raznih mestih za dostavljanje pisem po nižji ceni, kot to vrši poštna uprava, bi morale plačati \$50 dolarjev kazni od vsakega

RAZNO IZ AMERIKE IN INOZEMSTVA

(Nadaljevanje iz 1. strani)

Omenjena družba je pred tedni iznajla plače za 25 odstotkov, nato pa je še prišla z zahtevo, da delavec na dnevnem šituje delajo 11 ur na nočnem šituje pa 13 ur, in to v času, ko v dotičnem distriktu na tisoče brezposelnih delavcev brez uspeha isče zaposlitve. To brezobjektirno šikaniranje in izkorisčanje od strani družbe je izvalo stavko.

DEVET TOŽBZ za odškodnine po \$5,000 je naperila American Civil Liberties unija proti mestu Melrose Park v državi Illinois. Dne 6. maja se je nameri v imenovanem mestecu vršilo zborovanje brezposelnih, katero je policija razgnala. Pri tem je bilo pet oseb ranjenih in Ameriška unija civilnih svobodišč zanj za odškodnino. Po državni postavi je vsko mesto odgovorno za škodo, povzročeno od neodgovorne družbe ali pa vsled nepočasnega postopanja policije v mestnih mejah.

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GOVERNER države Ohio je poslal nadaljnje oddelke državne milice v južni in vzhodni del države, kjer je že dalje časa v teku štrajk premogarjev. Nemiri v stavkovnem okrožju so pretekli teden zahtevali dve smrtni žrtvi in blizu mesteca Chauncey je bil z dinamitem razstreljen most New York Central železnice.

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New Era

ENGLISH SECTION OF
Official Organ
of the
South Slavonic Catholic Union.

Nova Doba



AMPLIFYING THE VOICE OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING MEMBERS

Current Thought.

COMMON SENSE

Leaders are indispensable to good management of any enterprise, be it private or public. A thriving organization is dominated by select individuals who lay out plans for subordinates, conforming to the old axiom, "Some are born to lead, and others are born to follow."

In this world of ours gifted individuals have keener powers of observation than others, who see but do not observe. It is to such persons endowed with uncommon intellectual powers that we look for leadership. To them experiences of the past mark an indelible impression on their minds who profit from the trial and error method.

Our Union has its quota of leaders who make fraternal organizations their special study, and thus become intimately acquainted with its working parts. True executives they are, for their minds do not work during a certain period of the month in fraternal insurance, and then fall into relapse, but at all times. Always striving to improve on present methods employed by our SSCU, these outstanding personages are constantly on the alert, and what can be termed their best weapon is the faculty of an open mind and willing to learn something new at all times.

When our delegates assemble next week at Indianapolis for the 14th regular convention there shall be present leaders and followers. We can assume that among 137 delegates present a certain percentage will dominate the proceedings, although judging by past conventions, the man with the strongest pair of wings is not necessarily the most impressive. Profuse oratory lacking in constructive thinking is boresome and only wastes away precious time that could be used for discussion of important measures.

This editorial is written for delegates to be assembled next week with the sincere hope that they will employ common sense throughout the convention. Rational discussions should be encouraged and new ideas for the betterment of our SSCU. However, illogical proposals and unsound reasoning should not be tolerated. The elected chairman will have an important task to perform in weeding out foolish argumentation and tapping proposals to see which are worthy of consideration. In the name of common sense, let us not be swayed by emotion and personal feelings, for sentiments and friendships have place in our sphere of fraternal work. We must remember that over 20,000 members will be effected by the decisions made. The welfare of 20,000 people insofar as our SSCU is concerned is most important and cannot be sacrificed for the whims of some individual.

The English-speaking delegates, although in the minority, will represent the modern trend of our Union, which is looking to them for future leadership. Whatever youth desires of our SSCU can best be expressed through these spokesmen for the consideration of all delegates.

Boys and girls, young men and women, NOW IS THE TIME to instruct your delegate of what you think should be done to further promote the interest of youth in our Union. Express your ideas and opinions to the representative. Do not hide your plan under a bushel basket and expect results, for if you do, you shall be disappointed. And do not wait to express your complaints until after the convention. Chronic "kickers" are those who find faults with plans once a measure has been put into effect, but do not lift a single finger beforehand in offering suggestions for improvement.

Cleveland Children Have Nationality Day

Wednesday afternoon, July 13, was "Nationality Day" for Cleveland, O., children participating in the City Playground over WGAR. American songs, French and Spanish ditties, Negro spirituals, Jewish melodies, and Italian and Polish folk songs were some of the nationality features of this second weekly broadcast.

Miss Hazel Kirkpatrick, general supervisor of the municipal playgrounds, spoke briefly to the parents and friends of the playground children to visit and inspect the various localities throughout the city. Morris Scop, radio supervisor on the playgrounds, spoke on "The Persian Carpet and the Melting Pot," in reference to the various nationalities represented on the playgrounds. Programs are being broadcast each Wednesday afternoon over the same friendly station.

Recreation Commissioner Duffy has announced that for the week of July 16 his department has scheduled the following special events for the municipal playgrounds: Tuesdays, Tug Can Derby; Thursday, Hand Ball Show; Friday, Original Amateur Play Night. Hand-

V. Gottlieb Dies From Injuries Sustained in Baseball Game

An unfortunate accident cost the life of Victor Gottlieb, 24, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Gottlieb of Chicago, when during a baseball game his intestine was punctured by an opposing player. An operation failed to save him. The bereaved father is president of Lodge Zvon, No. 70, SSCU, of Chicago. The deceased resided in Lima, O., being employed as a foreman in the cutting room at one of the garment factories. Below is a reprint of the report made by the Lima Sunday News in its issue of July 10, which gave considerable space in accounting the tragedy.

Injury Fatal To Lima Athlete Collision on Field Costs Life of Victor Gottlieb; First Victim of Playground Sport

Lima, O.—Victor Gottlieb, 24, of Elmview Ct., was dead Saturday night, July 9, Lima's first victim of injuries received in a diamond ball game.

Alto Gottlieb was hurt Friday evening in a contest with Cridersville at the fair grounds diamond, he did not consider the injuries serious and it was not until Saturday morning that a physician was called. He was rushed to St. Rita's Hospital at 9:30 a.m. Saturday and taken immediately to the surgery, where it was found his intestine had been punctured. He died at 4:10 p.m. Saturday afternoon, less than 24 hours after the mishap that cost his life.

Injury Thought Slight

At the time of the injury neither his teammates nor the large crowd present suspected his condition was serious. Playing the position of catcher on the Lima Marvel Maid Garment team, Gottlieb was attempting to put a runner out at home plate. The Cridersville player had taken a long lead from second base and on a hit to the outfield tried to score.

Two outs had been made, it was the ninth inning and Gottlieb was trying to clinch victory for his team when the opposing player crashed into the plate, his knee accidentally catching Gottlieb in the abdomen.

The catcher rolled over in pain and left the game immediately. He refused assistance, however, and lay on the grass watching the contest until it ended.

It was not until after he had dined Friday night that the pain became acute. Early Saturday a physician was called and an operation followed.

Employed as Foreman

Gottlieb was employed as a foreman in the cutting room at the garment factory. He came to this city from Chicago last September.

Gottlieb leaves his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Gottlieb, three sisters, Mary, Emma and Julia, and a brother, Frank, all of 1845 W. 22d St., Chicago, Ill.

Short services were held at the Cantwell Funeral Home Sunday afternoon at 12:30, which were attended by his teammates. The body was then removed to Chicago for funeral and burial services.

TOO LITERAL

"Is this a free translation?" asked a customer in a bookshop.

"No, sir," replied the clerk. "It will cost you two dollars."

ATHLETIC BOARD OF S. S. C. U.

Chairman: F. J. Kress, 204 — 57th St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Vice chairman: J. L. Zortz, 1657 E. 31st St., Lorain, O.
Joseph Kopler, R. D. 2, Johnstown, Pa.
J. L. Jevitz Jr., 1316 Elizabeth St., Joliet, Ill.
Anton Vessel, 819 W. Birch, Chisholm, Minn.

Louis M. Kolar, Athletic Commissioner and Editor of English Section, 6117 St. Clair Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

BRIEFS

Fourteenth regular SSCU convention takes place next week, commencing with Monday, July 25. All correspondence to be sent to this gathering should be addressed: Convention of SSCU, 902 N. Holmes Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

Delegates to the SSCU convention from the state of Pennsylvania and Eastern states are requested by the secretary of United SSCU Lodges of Western Pennsylvania to gather in Pittsburgh either on Saturday, July 23, or Sunday morning, July 24, until 6:30 a.m., so that arrangements can be made to travel in a group to Indianapolis.

Anne Govednik, 15-year-old swimming marvel, will compete in the Olympics at Los Angeles and will represent the U. S. team. During the eliminations held at New York City last week Anne qualified. Chisholm, Minn., is her home town. Miss Govednik is a member of our SSCU, having contributed numerous articles in the juvenile department in the past.

Miss Stella Walsh, famous track runner who has broken many world's records for women in various events, will compete in the Olympics under the Polish banner, and not the United States. Strange as it may seem, the famous runner with an international reputation could not find employment in any New York Central Railroad office, after the one she worked in was abolished, because of the iron-clad seniority rule. However, the Polish consulate in New York City employed her with the understanding that she compete for Polish honors. Miss Walsh was to have been naturalized recently, but decided to postpone such arrangements for the future. Mayor Miller of Cleveland offered her a position as track supervisor of the local playgrounds, but evidently the offer fell short of the one given her by the Polish consulate.

An unfortunate collision during a baseball game played Sunday, July 10, caused the death of Victor Gottlieb, 24, son of John Gottlieb, president of Lodge No. 70, SSCU, Chicago, Ill. The tragic incident occurred at Lima, O., where the deceased was employed by the Lima Marvel Maid Garment Co., and also playing on the Marvel Maid team. Condolences are given the bereaved family.

Many attended the annual picnic given by the Cleveland Slovane School of Slovane National Home, held Sunday, July

Washingtons to Celebrate on Aug. 14

Invite All SSCU Lodges; Out-of-Town Visitors Especially Welcomed

Cleveland, O.—It seems a very short time since the Inter-Lodge League of Cleveland Slovene English-conducted lodges has been organized, and as the years roll by, the Inter-Lodge League is growing and is more active than ever. As the seasons change, so does the league change in its activities through sports, and each season offers stronger competition. The competition that one finds in the Inter-Lodge League can easily be put up for challenge with other leagues.

Predictions were voiced and pages written regarding the outlook for the year 1932 of the Inter-Lodge League, and now that the first half of the year is ended we find the league still pushing forward and marching onward to another year of success in sports and in sponsoring another "Inter-Lodge Day" that will outdo the "Inter-Lodge Day" of 1931.

From time to time the league has sponsored dances and banquets to show to the older Slovenes that the generation of young Slovenes are just as successful as they were. The lid for a midsummer "Inter-Lodge Day" is off and the date set is Sunday, Aug. 14, at Mervar's farm. The program that is being planned will be such that will insure a good time for all those who attend.

"Washington Day" is going to be held in conjunction with "Inter-Lodge Day." This has been decided at the regular meeting July 14, that Washingtons celebrate this day, as no summer activities have been planned; there is also an economic reason for holding it on that day, inasmuch as transportation will be based on such a low scale that the George Washingtons will save a considerable amount of money. The plan is most excellent, both from the economical as well as the practical viewpoint.

Washington members, take your pencil and make a big ring around the date—Sunday, Aug. 14—that's the day for "Washington Day," "All SSCU Day," and the day that the Inter-Lodge League is sponsoring its "Second Annual Inter-Lodge Day," one that will surpass that of 1931.

Watch your official organ, the New Era, for further particulars on "Inter-Lodge Day," "Washington Day" and "All SSCU Day."

"Lefty" Jaklich, No. 180, SSCU.

Short working hours get you nowhere—and keep you there.

17. A varied program skillfully arranged plus excellent weather contributed largely toward a day of real entertainment. The increased interest in the Slovane school was exemplified by the many enthusiastic guests of the picnic.

What can be termed "a strong step toward recovery" from economic depression will be made when the \$2,132,000 jobless relief bill passed by both houses of U. S. Congress takes effect. According to expert opinion voiced by the backers of the relief bill, credit structure of this country will be strengthened considerably and thus restore confidence in our industries.

Inter-Lodge Day to Feature All SSCU Parade Sunday, Aug. 14

Cleveland, O.—Frank Jaklich has been appointed chairman of transportation committee of all SSCU lodges—Collinwood Boosters, Betsy Ross and George Washington. Out-of-town lodges are also welcomed to join in this "All SSCU" Parade."

It should be the purpose of each of these units to be on hand in full numbers to show their SSCU spirit. As it is known, this is to be a parade in which nearly all Slovene fraternal organizations will be represented.

Those wishing to get further particulars on transportation get in touch with Frank Jaklich, 6514 Edna Ave.

"Heinie" Martin Antoncic, President of Inter-Lodge League.

"THOSE GOOD OLD DAYS"

By Dr. A. L. Garbas

So many individuals have a dejected outlook upon present-day life and heave sighs of desire for the return of "those good old days." I often wonder after having read and heard so much about those other days whether remonstrations against modern modes of living are really warranted. In order to more fully appreciate what the old-timers find so much praise about for "those good old days," it will do well to compare some phase of their life with ours. It becomes necessary for most of us some time or other to have our teeth attended to by a dentist, and since the old-timers had teeth that were also susceptible to the ravages of decay we can compare the methods of practice of the days of yesterday with those of today.

In those times a dentist's practice was almost entirely limited to treating toothache and extracting teeth. He had an itinerant practice, going from house to house, his complete equipment consisting of a foot engine and a kit of rusty, old instruments, that perhaps had been passed on to him by his father. There was little thought given to sterilization, comfort and safety for the patient. If you were the unfortunate patient, his first efforts upon entering your home would be spent in search of a rocker which would conveniently fit in a tub and so serve as an operating chair. In extracting teeth if one or more root tips were broken off, it didn't make much difference to him, just so that the greater portion of the offending tooth was removed.

In "those good old days" one could acquire a complete education in one or two years, if one decided to go to a dental college. The easier course to take would have been to serve as apprentice to a dentist. No one had to worry about a license, having the privilege to wander about and do as he pleased. The only prerequisites being a pair of forceps and the strength to wield them. Barbers frequently added "tooth-drawing" to the other services they rendered the public.

Dental service in the good old days was very cheap, however the value of the service regulated that. His complete equipment was simple and was procured for a few dollars. It was not necessary for him to spend thousands of dollars in time and money to qualify as a dentist.

T. Kubilus and Skufca led the G. W.'s by getting two hits apiece.

R H E	
Pioneers	0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 - 3 4 3
G. W.'s	0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 - 2 7 3
"Lefty" Jaklich,	
No. 180, SSCU.	

Lodges Busy Making Plans For All SSCU Day

Cleveland, O.—Wednesday, July 13, the Joseph Zele & Sons-George Washingtons dropped to second place by losing to the Pioneers, 3 to 2. Although the G. W.'s outdid the Pioneers, they were unable to score more than two runs from the total of seven bingles. "Pugs" Opalek allowed the Pioneers but four scattered hits and certainly was a tough game to lose. The game was actually lost due to errors and two walks in the sixth.

Betsy Ross is also working on the quiet. Rumor has it that one of their pretty girls is to wear a patriotic costume of some kind which should lend more color to the parade and make the Betsy Ross name stand out in this colorful parade.

MANAGERS NOTE

Cleveland, O.—Meeting of Inter-Lodge League managers and well-wishers of the league will be called July 22 promptly at 8:15 p.m. at the St. Clair Bathhouse. Everyone is urgently requested to be on hand and on time, so that all matters will be discussed as soon as possible and disposed of.

If such were conditions in years gone by, can we rightly acclaim "those good old days" as though we are missing something?

I. L. "A" League Official Averages

(FIRST ROUND)

Zele Undertakers Are First in Team Standing, Club Fielding, Club Batting and in Pitching

Cleveland, O.—In the team standing after the first round, we find the Zele & Sons Undertakers (George Washingtons) sole possessors of first place, with three wins and one defeat. Betsy Ross are resting in third place with a .500 percentage for four games played.

The Zeles are also on top of the heap in the club batting and club fielding standings with 25 runs, 28 singles, 10 doubles, 1 triple and 3 home runs, a .266 per cent for the former record, while in the latter they have accumulated 117 putouts, 38 assists, 2 errors, 1 double play in four games for a percentage of .987.

It looks as the Betsy Ross crew haven't hit their batting stride as yet, accounting for only 7 runs, 16 singles, 5 doubles, 1 triple, 1 home run, giving them a .159 percentage in four games. With a .940 fielding average, the B. R.'s rank third, totaling 121 putouts, 29 assists, 9 errors and 2 double plays in four games.

Individual Batting

Jarkowitz (G. W.) leads the SSCU boys in the batting average with .500 on one hit, a double, in two times at bat. Trailing him is "Wieners" Kubilus (G. W.) with eight hits in 18 times at bat, one a homer, for a .444 percentage. Hoffer (B. R.) also has .444 on four singles in nine attempts.

Bizil (G. W.) is next in line, claiming a .375 average on six safeties, including a double, a triple and a homer in 16 trips to the plate. Brezovar's (G. W.) three singles, two doubles in 15 tries; Kuhel's (B. R.) two singles, two doubles, one homer in 15 times up, and Brauer's (B. R.) three singles and a double in 12 times at bat are going neck and neck, each claiming a .333 percentage.

"Fred" Radel (G. W.) has an even .300 on two doubles and a single in 10 trips to the plate. Others who are hitting under the .300 mark are as follows:

Player	Club	AB	1B	2B	3B	HR	Pct.
Korosec, B. R.....	7	2	0	0	0	.286	
Skufca, G. W.....	11	3	0	0	0	.273	
Zalokar, G. W.....	16	3	1	0	0	.250	
Fabian, G. W.....	16	3	1	0	0	.250	
Betsen, G. W.....	17	3	0	0	1	.235	
B. Kubilus, G. W.	16	2	1	0	0	.187	
Novinc, B. R.....	13	0	1	1	0	.154	
Jazbec, B. R.....	14	2	0	0	0	.143	
Mestek, B. R.....	16	2	0	0	0	.125	
Mocilnikar, B. R.	8	0	1	0	0	.125	
Kosteck, G. W.....	15	0	1	0	0	.067	
Baraga, B. R.....	17	1	0	0	0	.059	
Karda, B. R.....	13	0	0	0	0	.000	
Wagner, B. R.....	8	0	0	0	0	.000	
Opalek, G. W.....	7	0	0	0	0	.000	
Christy, B. R.....	5	0	0	0	0	.000	
Godec, B. R.....	4	0	0	0	0	.000	
Skufca, B. R.....	3	0	0	0	0	.000	

Pitching Record

Opalek (G. W.) leads the hurlers with one win and no defeats, allowing five hits, striking out nine and walking three in seven innings.

Brauer (B. R.) and "Freck" Radel (G. W.) each have two victories and one setback. The former allowed 17 hits in 29 innings, whiffing 34 and issuing 4 free passes, while the latter gave 16 hits in 25 1/3 innings, breezing the third strike past 12 batters and having "Ball Four" called on 11 opponents.

Hoffer (B. R.), in his only start, dropped the decision to the George Washingtons in a 12-inning tussle, granting six hits, striking out two and passed none.

Pitching partly in two games, Jarkowitz (G. W.) was neither charged with a defeat nor was credited with a victory. In 6 2/3 innings he was touched for seven hits, walking three and putting the third strike past one batter.

Frank "Samson" Drobnić,

Official Inter-Lodge Scorer.

Consider the Juveniles

Cleveland, O.—Time has passed swiftly since the last convention of the South Slavonic Catholic Union, and each day bringing new ideas and responsibilities. The years have turned into days, and on July 25 the 14th regular convention will be called to order at Indianapolis, Ind. The Supreme Board will be called upon to give a record of duties fulfilled and of results accomplished. As the years have gone by and the convention now so near at hand, we feel that time and space have not been a separation, for the hearts of the members have kept pace and their minds and hands have wrought steadfastly in the same great cause even though miles stretch between us. Thousands of miles mean nothing when hearts and minds are united in a common and loved purpose such as "Fraternal Work." If we have made mistakes in the past, reparation lies not in regrets, but in thankfulness that we know better.

At the 14th regular convention of the SSCU many new ideas and plans will be put forth for discussions that will be for the benefit of the individual member, lodge and Union; however, the lengthy discussions that will confront the delegates may not include the juveniles very much, and they are just as important as the next item. In our every-day life dealings, we very often use the following expression: "The boys and girls of today make the men and women of tomorrow"; and it was and never will be more applicable than it is at the present time.

As parents attend school programs and listen to the reports of their boys and girls of today, the changes that are made seem like a rushing tide and these changes carry the juveniles so swiftly past the age of childhood to manhood and womanhood that the sun of yesterday hardly sinks into the west before the dawn of a new era arrives.

Today the SSCU boasts a wonderful Juvenile Department. Tomorrow the boys and girls making up this department will advance toward the borderland that leads into the Adult Department.

The event in the life of a boy or girl that is most fascinating and that brings many thrills to the young heart is that of graduation, whether it be from the elementary school, high school or college. Graduation with its honors, its presentation of gifts, and the rose hues that it throws on the future, is an event to which every boy and girl looks forward to. There is a glowing pride in the heart of the father and happiness for the mother in the graduation of their boy and girl. Why can't we, who are the adults of the South Slavonic Catholic Union, have the same pride and happiness in seeing our juveniles graduating into the Adult Department?

The South Slavonic Catholic Union should adopt a juvenile graduation program, and this would mean more to our juveniles. It would and should be the thought of those in charge of such a program to make it impressive and beautiful as possible.

In the future, special effort should be put forth in devising ways and means of keeping our juveniles interested in the work of our local lodges and the SSCU. At our previous SSCU conventions, the juveniles were given very little consideration, but the time has now come when juveniles must be given a greater deal of consideration than ever before. We must remember that the juvenile of to-

day is the adult of tomorrow.

ADVERTISING

East Palestine, O.—The best way to advertise your lodge is by exemplary action. Prove by acts of fraternalism that your lodge is a fraternity worthy to be called such. Tell the people what the organization can do for them and show that that is actually accomplished. Talk is often impressive, but action is more convincing.

Some outsiders have the impression that a lodge meeting is a place where you go and then come back minus anywhere from a dollar to three. They think that nothing else matters as far as the lodge is concerned. They say, "Just so they get your money and everything's all right." Every lodge should make certain that its good work stands out in bold relief. Let the people see and know what the lodge can do and is doing. Prove to them that this fraternalism is something more than talk. Make them feel the fraternal spirit before they are a part of the fraternity. Show them that the SSCU stands by its slogan: "All for One, One for All."

J. J. Golicic,
No. 41, SSCU.

Leaning Tower of Pisa

A leaning structure whose parts are firmly bound together will continue to stand so long as a vertical line drawn through its center of gravity passes within the base. A commission appointed by the Italian government found that the inclination of the tower at Pisa was about 16 feet and that the inclination was increasing at the rate of about one-third of an inch in 10 years. At that rate in about 300 years the inclination of the tower would increase to the point where the line of gravity would fall outside the supporting foundation and the walls would begin to fall. Steps are being taken to reinforce the soil around the foundation by the gradual injection of hardening material such as cement.

RAILS ON STONE TIES

Near Jamesburg, N. Y., is a stretch of 800 feet of railroad track laid on stone ties 60 years ago. It is not used, but is in good condition.

We must remember that our juveniles will some day be at the helm of the South Slavonic Catholic Union, and to reach that helm, the juveniles must be educated. Now is the time to educate them in the fraternal field of the SSCU.

It is my suggestion that at the 14th regular convention of the SSCU a supervisor be appointed to look after the juveniles, the duty of such supervisor would be to educate the juveniles in fraternal work and in the general being of the South Slavonic Catholic Union. It would be the supervisor's duty to outline programs that would be of interest to the juveniles and at the same a boost for the Union.

It is also my suggestion that the delegates who will be present at the 14th regular convention include the juveniles among their many discussions and to push them forward just as strongly as they will anything else. Give the future adult a greater deal of consideration, more so now than ever.

At the convention try to remember "that the juvenile of today is the adult of tomorrow," and that this juvenile will some day be chosen as the supreme leader of the South Slavonic Catholic Union.

"Lefty" Jaklich,
No. 180, SSCU.

Twenty-Year Endowment

Springdale, Pa.—In July 6th edition of the Nova Doba we read of the so-called Twenty-Year Endowment Plan prepared by the committee on by-laws. Those that have read it, understand its contents, and for those that have not, I beg them to refer to Page 2 of that issue, where it is printed in the English language. It does not differ much from any similar plan in the insurance companies, and therefore ought to meet with instant success.

Many of our Slovenes leave the SSCU to take out the Twenty-Year Endowment policy with some insurance company, and many others that might have been prospective members follow their footsteps. Why, you may ask? For the simple reason that they have something to look forward to. They see that at the end of the 20-year period there is a lump sum of \$1,000, or whatever amount they are insured for, waiting for them. This they use to purchase the home they planned on, or pay off the mortgage on the one they have, or whatever else they have in mind. This may look to you the same as a banking account, but there is a great difference. The interest at the end of the 20-year period differs greatly. The Endowment Plan brings a much greater return.

The success of the 20-year endowment with the insurance companies give us a fair idea of its acceptance with the general public.

If it is successful with them, why not with us? It will mean a great increase in membership if the delegates at this coming convention adopt this plan and place it in the by-laws. The beginning of the convention is only a matter of days now, and we are hoping that the delegates will approve of this plan and "put it across." You can rest assured that many new members will seek admission to the Union by taking out the endowment plan. If you are one of those who is endeavoring to enlarge the membership of our organization now is your chance to help. Impress upon your delegates the real importance of this plan. Make him see how much it will mean to the Union if this plan is accepted. Remember, nothing ventured, nothing gained.

Frank J. Progar,
No. 203, SSCU.

Hooditch Beauty Parlor

By F. S. Tauchar

AUNT IS VISITING

Aunt again visits Hooditches. She stays at home, watching the kids, while Mr. and Mrs. Hooditch take a trip, and will be back the next day. Aunt reads a big book and tells bear stories to the children, until bedtime. When kids are asleep she goes to the library room and looks at the family album for a long time. Being in the mood of ecstasy, she engaged in a mental review of her not so glorious history, contemplating of what might have been done differently. Then she thought for a while about her solitary life—and a few bitter tears rolled down her cheeks.

She doesn't realize yet that looking at a family of nice, healthy kids is much more appreciative, pleasantly wholesome and desirable than to raise them. At last, all blue to the core, she retired to her room. She was thinking and meditating of bygone days and opportunities that had been indifferently passed by, missed or purposely ignored, whichever the sad case may be. It was bad enough to keep her awake. It seemed that she was in a state of utter inability to go to sleep. Never before in her long life she had such a desire for masculine companionship... After long hours of critical meditation mixed with pleasant contemplation she finally got the first wink of semi-sleep.

But, alah! What's that? A faint noise downstairs. She trembled for a while, but soon gained her composure. She took her automatic from under the pillow, and was watchfully waiting. The tip-toe steps were nearing her room—the door slowly opened and a flashlight enlightened the interior of a maiden's sacred privacy...

"AHYO!" came from aunt's wide-open mouth. "Raise them up!" Burglar saw that menacing gun in the sternly looking lady's hand, and up went his hooks.

"Don't shoot, lady; I surrender," he pleaded. "Hell—woman—shoot!"

National Air Races

Cleveland, O.—The heavens over the municipal airport of this city will open the afternoon of Saturday, Aug. 27, and pour airplanes on to the landing field to mark the opening of the 10-day program of the 1932 national air races.

It is expected that a world's record for airport arrivals in one day will be established.

Ships arriving on that day, for the most part, will be flown by pilots competing in three derby events which are to end at the Cleveland field that day. Passenger and mail planes will continue their schedules uninterrupted and many visiting pilots also are expected to land.

The largest number of arriving ships will be those flown by men and women competitors in the Cord Cup race. This is the national transcontinental handicap sweepstakes which is to be started Sunday, Aug. 21.

One group will start from Los Angeles on that date and the eastern division will take off from Washington, D. C. The divisions will merge at Bartlesville, Okla., Wednesday, Aug. 24, and continue as one huge massed competitive flight to Cleveland. These pilots will spend Friday night, Aug. 26, at Akron, leaving that city at about 2 p. m. Aug. 27 for the finish line at Cleveland. Race officials estimate that nearly 100 pilots will be in this competition.

Landing the same afternoon will be the races in the W. B. Leeds trophy race, an "on to Cleveland" handicap race that is to start from Roosevelt Field, New York, the morning of Aug. 27. These races will stop at Middletown, Pa., to refuel; at Wheeling, W. Va., for lunch, and thence on to Cleveland, arriving in the afternoon.

Still another race to end at Cleveland that day will be the race for amateur air pilots from Washington, D. C., to Cleveland, via Columbus, O.

All these pilots will land before an assemblage of America's aviation leaders, including world-famous pilots, high government officials and those foremost in the industry. In the great stands will be tens of thousands of spectators. Also welcoming the incoming pilots will be a group of noted European pilots who are coming to form the international team during the races and to demonstrate to America the skill of aviators of the Old World.

The world's greatest aviation event of the year will then be officially under way to continue through Labor Day, Sept. 5, when it culminates with the aviation classic, the Thompson trophy 100-mile free-for-all race in which a new land plane speed record is confidently expected.

Each day a new and different program will be presented, with races for every type of airplane, autogiro demonstrations, spectacular night flying, aerobatics, parachute jumps, comedy stunts, exhibits of lighter-than-air craft and other attractions in an endless parade of events for 10 hours each day.

Here will be a complete panorama of aviation, delineating the year's progress in aeronautics as well as entertaining and thrilling the assembled thousands.

Inactivity has been injurious to more than one lodge.

Ely, Minnesota, Headquarters of the SSCU

By Rangers, Subordinate Club of SS. Cyril and Methodius Lodge, No. 1, SSCU — Joseph Mantel Jr., President

Editor's note: This article is the first of a series of three which will appear consecutively in New Era.

After over forty years of existence and growth, Ely is still a child. Situated as it is among beautiful wooded lakes, not far removed from the great ports of Lake Superior, and having in its limits rich deposits of iron ore that will not be exhausted for some time to come, it is indeed still a child with a great future.

The history of Ely is one of steady progress—not one of sudden booms and the failures that follow such booms. Each year since its beginning has brought more and more people to this district to work, to build homes, and to settle permanently.

The early history of Ely is woven into the history of the Vermilion Range as a whole. Ely and Tower, the Vermilion Range, have always been the home of many Slovenes. As early as 1884, when the first shipment of iron ore left Tower, there were many of our nationality settled there. As yet

Rado Murnik:

NAVIHANCI

PEKLENSKI NAPREDEK

(Nadaljevanje)

"Kje si bil?" sem zarohnel ves trd nad njim. "Pijanec grdi!" On pa se ni zmenil dosti za mojo jezo, temveč je nerodno z rokama mahal in tulil:

"La donda je nobel zver:
zna na trobento,
kuha polento
in pa krompir!"

Misli sem, da mi je poginiti od srda nad tako nesramnostjo. "Molči, mrcina!" sem zarjul nad njim. "Čakaj, doma ne boš tako vesel, čakaj! Vkratkom bo druga. Ala, le spati!"

Naposlедje vendar odnehal in jo zakolobaril v svojo sobo. Pa še odtod sem ga slišet peti: "Jest pa pojdem na Gorenško!"

Druži dan je bil ves skesan. Priznal je vse svoje hudobine. Pred par dnevi, mi je pravil, je prišel oni gospod z nacelami, ko je bil Hudir slučajno sam doma; ponudil je slugi petdesetak za tiste zanikanke papirje.

Vendar listi so bili zaklenjeni! Ali petdesetek! Hui! (Nemir.)

Budalašti Hudir jih je res oddal vse. Zajubil se je bil namreč v Poldi, kuharico v hotelu. Dolgo jo je oblegal, pa dekle ni hotel verjeti njegovo ljubezni, ker ni imel niti denarja, da bi jo pokazal dejansko. Zahtevala je, da jo spremi vsaj enkrat v veselju Prater, prej da ni nič z njim! In zdaj naj bi odklonil deset petakov!

Siloma je odprl ključalnico, Krokar je veselo odrnil s krvavimi pogodbami, Hudir pa s Poldi v Prater. Tam sta se dobro imela po mojih stroških, se vozila po vrtljikah in obiskovala panorame in druge imenitnosti, dokler se ni Hudir v "drugi kavarni" stepel in izgubil svoji ljubici.

Na ta žalostni način mi je zapravil vse. Gospoda moja, lahko rečem, tačas svet ni nosil žalostnejšega bitja. Pobit, duševno in telesno poražen, brez nad, brez miru, poln strahu in bojazni, sem si želel smrti ...

Tako sem čepel nekega dne ves poparjen v lepi biblioteki in prebiral časnike. Prav zanimati me ni moglo nič. Tedaj je prišel mlad gospod; ker so bili zasedeni skoro vsi prostori, je sedel k moji mizici. Predstavil se mi je: filozof Modras.

Zveploust: Kaj pa je vse to nam mar?

Antikrist: Gospod Modras je govoril o imenitnih iznajdbah. Najprvo naj omenim, da je izumil neki inženir način, kako se da izpreminjati snov.

Zveploust: Modras ga je imel pošteno za norca.

Satan (vzdigne rep in pozvoni): Tiho!

Antikrist: Vsaka tvarina sestoji iz premikajočih se delov etra.

Krepkost njih premikanja je različna in se da ohraniti in premeniti. To pravilo je podlaga vsemu, kar zna in more človek na pridroščenjem in tehničnem polju. Omenjeni inženir je poizkušal izpreminjati razne snovi na ta način, da jih je ohlajal do absolutne ničle, to je do — 272°C, jim vzel stem vso lastno energijo in jih zlagal s kosi druge, vroče tvarine, v katero je hotel izpremeniti prvo. Vroča, aktivna tvarina oddaja svojo značilno krepkost gibanja mrzli, mrtvi tvarini in jo izpremeni v tako, ki je aktivni enaka.

Zveploust: Potentakem bi mogel človek delati iz blata zlato.

Frakofakin: Kdo bi si bil misil, da je naš Antikrist tako potrežljiva "Wurzn!"

Zveploust: Tak Antikrist ali pa nič!

KONEC SVETA

Antikrist: Gospod Modras mi je pravil potem o stvari, ki se mi zdi jako važna za nas.

Zveploust: Antikristu se zdi vsaka malenkost važna.

Antikrist: Američanski zemljeslovec Leon Lewis trdi, da preti od južnega tečaja zemlji velika nevarnost.

Zveploust: Kaj pa briga to nas, velečastiti gospod!

Antikrist: Bomo precej videli. Na južniku je strašno mraz ...

Frakofakin: Tjakaj bi se preseil rad vsaj za par stoletij! (Zivahn veselost.)

Antikrist: Sreži malone neprenehoma.

Mefisto: Ta bimo nam pripoveduje romane. Na sodnji dan bo latal mačkino kri!

Frakofakin (Mefist): Vi tudi.

Mefisto: Gospod predsednik, zamašite Frakofakinu gobec s kakšnim redom.

Antikrist: Dež pa tam ne gre nikdar...

Frakofakin: Vsaj ni treba ne dežnika ne galos. (Grohot.)

Antikrist: ... in nikdar se ne taja sneg, ampak oledeneva vsled svoje teže v trd led, ki narašča, akotudi se ulamljajo tupatam velikanski ledeniki. Zdaj je vsa ta kepa tako velika kakor severna Amerika; ob robu je debela nekaj nad tri kilometre, na južnem polu samem pa devetinston do dvainštredeset kilometrov.

Saten odda zvonce Zveploustu in odide z ministri Belialom, Luciferjem in Abadonom pit.

Antikrist: Vsega skupaj je na južniku petdeset milijonov angleških kubičnih milj led.

Mefisto: To je pa res strašno zanimivo. Pojdite rajši izgubljeno dušam menažo kuhat!

Antikrist: Dočim se je kopila ta ledena odeja, se je pa nagnilo težišče zemlji skoro za eno miljo proti jugu. Vso orjaško grubo drži le moč zveznosti. Ako bi se kepa utrgala, bi težišče zemlji takoj skočilo proti severu, in njeni ulomki, napojeni z vodo, bi zadržali skozi Atlantsko morje do severnika, kakor so že prej večkrat. V praznino na južniku bi pribučalo od izhoda Indijsko, od zahoda pa Tihio morje. Vihra bi se zadrevila torek po Atlantskem morju. To dokazujejo na dnu ujedene brazde, ki so jih merili z olovnicico. Izmed feh razorov je eden osem milj globok. Ledene vodovje bi hrumpelo potem čez severozahodno Afriko, zahodno Evropo, čez Veliko Britanijo in severozahodno Rusijo v Ledeno morje. Led bi pokril vso severno zemljo. Angleško in severno Evropo bi preplavil neudržni tok dvakrat.

Mefisto: To so mi tibetske vasi. Predolgočasno! Zdajdaj zaspim. To je govoranca!

Antikrist: berez listka: To je tudi vzrok, da je Velika Britanija le še reven ostanek tega, kar je bila poprej, ko se je že držala s pankškega, Francije, Norveškega in Zelene dežele. . .

OCVIRKI

Predsednikov namestnik Žveploust opozarja govornika, da naj govor, nikar pa ne bere. (Ugovorjanje in medklieci.)

Astarot: Ekscelenc! Ali želite devetdeset nujnih predlogov? (Hrup.)

Žveploust: Prosim gospoda govornika, naj govor in nikar nič ne bere.

Astarot (kriči): Premislite si dobro, preden se začnete zaletavati v druge!

Žveploust: Prosim, da gospod govornik nadaljuje svoj govor, in da mirujejo druga gospode. (Velik šunder.)

Antikrist: Stvar ni tako malenkostna, kakor mislijo nekateri. (Pogled zopet v papir.)

Žveploust: Ako bo gospod Antikrist še kaj bral, mu moram ustaviti besedo!

Astarot Žveploustu: Neolikana zverina! Gagar! Griža! Smrdokavra!

Žveploust: Bodite pametni in dosteni!

Astarot: Žveploust je cepidlaka, tapica, magarac, mevža, jalovec, kila, merkovac...

Frakofakin: To so ocvirki!

Astarot (plane proti Žveploustu in mu zažene spis na mizo): To je prvi nujni predlog! Ako ne odnehate, vam jih prinesem še devetinosemdeset!

Žveploust: Nagari devetsto!

Astarot: Živila obstrukcija! Mi si ne damo zapovedovati od tega, češljivega moža!

Žveploust (osorno): Gospod Astarot, pojrite na svoj prostor! Kaker vidim, ste malo dobre volje.

Astarot: Pa vas hudo zebe! Kako morete zapovedati vi meni, kam naj grem! Mačko! Neverjetno je, kako se vedete, grdi roga! Vi veste o pravilniku toliko, kakor kopun o ljubezni.

Žveploust: Prosim gospoda govornika, naj nadaljuje!

Astarot: Berite prej Kniggejevo "Občevanje s hudičem," preden se predznameste sesti na Satanov prestol, neolikanec!

(Dalje prihodnjic)

Človek z dušo

(Nadaljevanje iz sedme strani)

upati, da bi našel tovariša, ki bi mu nadomestil Novaka. Prišel je v solnčno Kalifornijo in v Los Angelesu je slišal o velikem pomolu, ki ga zvezna vlada zida v sanpedroškem pristanišču. Sel je v pristanišče in našel delo pri stavbi, odvajač je kamenje in ga stresal v Pacific.

San Pedra ni bilo tedaj niti za šestino sedanjega, ali bil je že živahno mesto, v katerem je bila Fronstreet solidna vrsta krčem in Happy Hollow kraj, posvečen javnemu grehu. Da si Podgornik ni bil asket, ni posebno ljubil takih zabav. Potrešal je Johna Novaka in njegovih norih, visokoletnih bedsed. Med ljudmi, s katerimi je prihajal v stik, ni našel nikogar, ki bi zavzel pesnikovo mesto. Poznal je nekaj dalmaških Hrvatov, ali nobeden nu ni postal res prijatelj. Itajani pa, "širokoglavci" in rojeni Američani niso prihajali v poštev.

Podgornik se je čutil osamljenega. Znova je naročil "Glas Naroda," slovenski časnik, ki izhaja v New Yorku in ki ga je že imel v Pensilvaniji. Nege dne je zapazil ženitveni oglas nekega slovenskega dečka iz Kolorada in spomnil se je, da je nemara tudi zanj našli, da misli na ženitev: kmalu bo star trideset let in v teh letih naj bi se človek ustalil. Torej je sestavil in odpšal majhen oglas, v katerem je izrazil svojo željo, da bi si dopisoval z "dobrim, pridnim slovenskim lekletom ali mlado vdovo brez otrok," namignil, da misli na ženitev, in poprosil aplikante, ki jo poznal le po sliki, ter ji končno poslal denar za pot v Kalifornijo.

Neža se je odločila, da poskusí, in Lenard je vzel en dan dopusta in ji šel do Los Angelesa naproti. Teden pozneje sta bila kraljufija, s katero je še osem ali deset drugih dečevcev na ladji

naj pride v Kalifornijo, kakor hitro bi se ji zdele prav, in jo povabil, da postane njegova zakonska žena, če ji bo všeč. Zagotavljal ji je, da se ji ni treba ničesar batiti: res da ni angel, ali če hoče biti sam pri sebi pravičen, lahko reče, da je precej reden človek, da ima stalni zasušek na pomolu, ki bo gotov šele čez dve leti, da je San Pedro čedno mesto tik morja, kjer sije sonce skoraj vsak dan, in da ji bo dobro pri njem, če mu bo dobra žena, o čemer on prav nič ne dyomi.

Po najboljših pričevanjih je ženitev hazardna igra: in Lenard je misil, da je ta način ženitve prav tako dober, kakor vsak drugi.

II.

Izmenjala sta se nekaj pism. Neža je bila pametna, previdno dekle. Njegova pisma so bila dosti prepričevalna, ali odškodnik naj bi vedela, da mož ni podlež, ki ji misli storiti zlo?

Štirje meseci so prešli, in Podgornik je začel v svojem samotrem samstvu silno hrepeneći, da bi videl svojo bodočo ženo, ki jo je poznal le po sliki, ter jih je poslal denar za pot v Kalifornijo.

Neža se je odločila, da poskusí, in Lenard v krepkih izrazih, kaj misli o njem, in on ji je na tistem pritrjeval. To goljufivo podjetje ni imelo nikakega okna, kamor bi mogel zagnati opeko, in zato je mogel le mrko razglabljati svojo norost. Doma je komaj da jedel in govoril. V ladjičnici je komaj vedel, kaj dela. Včasi je hodil kakor v sanjah.

To je bil začetek cele vrste nesreč. Teden dni pred Zahvalnim praznikom, kmalu potem, ko sta izgubila onih 2,500 dolarjev, je Neža dobila živega purana prikokanja, ki ga je za reklamo priredil neki trgovec v mestu; in na večer pred praznikom je poslala Lenarda po ptico. Odšel je takoj, z namenom, da vnesto izpolni nalogo; toda na povratak je srečal mož, ki mu je ponudil požirek iz svoje steklenice. Prohibicija in tihotapljenje alkohola sta bila še v povojih, in kmaj je Lenard použil ponujeno žlobodro, je začel dvomiti ali hoditi po glavi ali po nogah. Imel je še toliko sile, da je sploh hodil, ali pri tem je držal puran znoteko, da se je njegova vrešča glava vlekla po pločniku.

Lenard je delal na pomolu, dokler ni bil zgrajen. Uspelo je, da sta nekaj prihramila, takoj sta kupile na obroke zemljische in zidala hišo. Od pomola je šel Lenard za pristaniškega delavca in čeprav je bilo del v dokih neroden, je vendor mogel plačevati obrok za zemljische in Judničevi iz Clevelandu, Ohio, dajati Neži dobro zdravniško

oskrbo ob njenih vsakoletnih potrodih.

Tuk pred vojno si je pridobil državljanstvo in med vojno je, čeprav po rodu Avstrije ali Bohunk, delal v ladjičnicih v zahodnem San Pedru in zasluzil ogromno denarja, medtem ko je Neža vzgajala otroke. Vstopil je v društvo "Elkov" in odplačal zemljische, ko pa je družina narasa, je povečal hišo in prizidal lopo za fordov avto. Brez kritike je poslušal štiriminutne govore in kupoval vojno posojilo, kolikor je mogel.

Po vojni je ostal v ladjičnicih z znižano mezzo, ki mu je pa vendar dovoljevala, da je skrbel za družino po ameriškem standardu, in včasi kaj prihranil. San Pedro se je razvijal, in Lenard in Neža sta se ponoco v postelji marsiketeru uro razgovarjala o tem, kako bi najbolje izbrala ugodni položaj. Imela sta tri tisoč dolarjev v banki in štisoč vojnih posojilih. Neža je hoteli, da kupita vogelno stavbišče na Pacific Avenue-i, slišala je, da jih je neki židovski trgovec doli v mestu pred kratkim nekaj kupil, in to je bilo gotovo znak, da se bo kmalu kaj zgodilo. Lenard pa se je na drugi strani nagnil, da bi sprejel predlog nekega Joe Millerja, katerega je pred kratkim spoznal v ladjičnicih. Nekaj mornar, Joe, in še dva druga so se združili, da bi kupili dva šunerja za prevažanje lesa, ki sta ležala v zunajem pristanišču in sta bila na prodaji za smeno nizko ceno. Hoteli so prevažati les s Puget Sounda. Kupčija bi bila gotovo dobra: ko bi enkrat dobro začeli, bi jim denar kar sam lezel v žep. Kajti gotovo se bo kmalu začel velik pravč vse južne Kalifornije in treba bo mnogo ladij stavbnega lesa.

Podgornik je imel tri dni časa, da premisli predlog. Tretji dan je Joe Miller slučajno prišel mino. No, ali se je že odločil, da scdeluje, ali ne? Lenard se je obotavjal. Joe je skomognil z rameni: njemu je bilo itak vseeno; lahko se odloči, kakor mu drago; saj bi oni dobili denar tu

dvi. Podgornik je imel tri dni časa, da premisli predlog. Tretji dan je Joe Miller slučajno prišel mino. No, ali se je že odločil, da scdel